

Physical sources of sound in laminar and turbulent jets

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Introduction

Aim

To understand the physical sources of jet noise.

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Motivation

- By-pass ratio is limited
- Find alternative strategies

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- Non-radiating base flow sources
- DNS

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Previous work

Single frequency algorithm

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Previous work

Single frequency algorithm

Objectives of the presentation

- Multiple frequency algorithm
- Sources in a laminar jet
- Sources in a turbulent jet

Part I

Non-Radiating Base Flow (NRBF) Sources

NRBF sources definition

$$f_i = -\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\bar{\rho} \tilde{v}_i \tilde{v}_j \right)'$$

$$\tilde{v}_i = \overline{\rho v_i} / \bar{\rho}$$

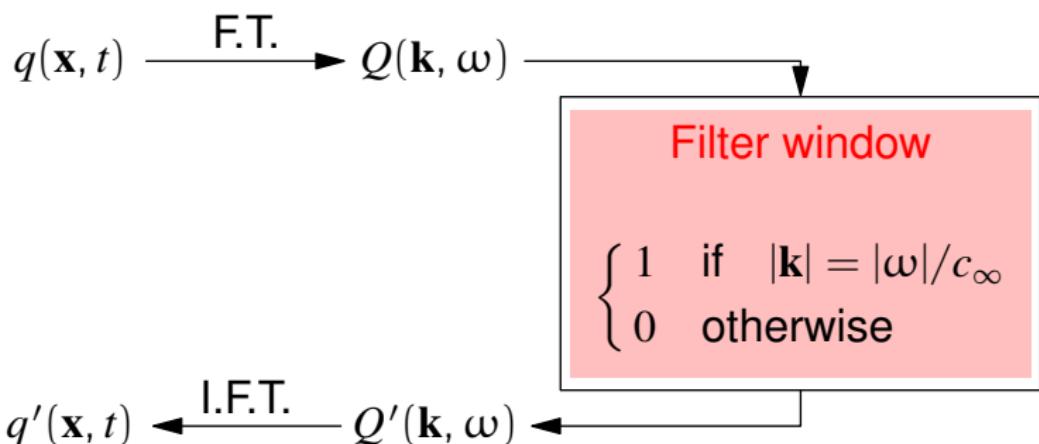
Flow decomposition

Space-time domain

$$q' = \textcolor{red}{w} * q$$

Wavenumber-frequency domain

$$Q' = \textcolor{red}{W} \times Q$$

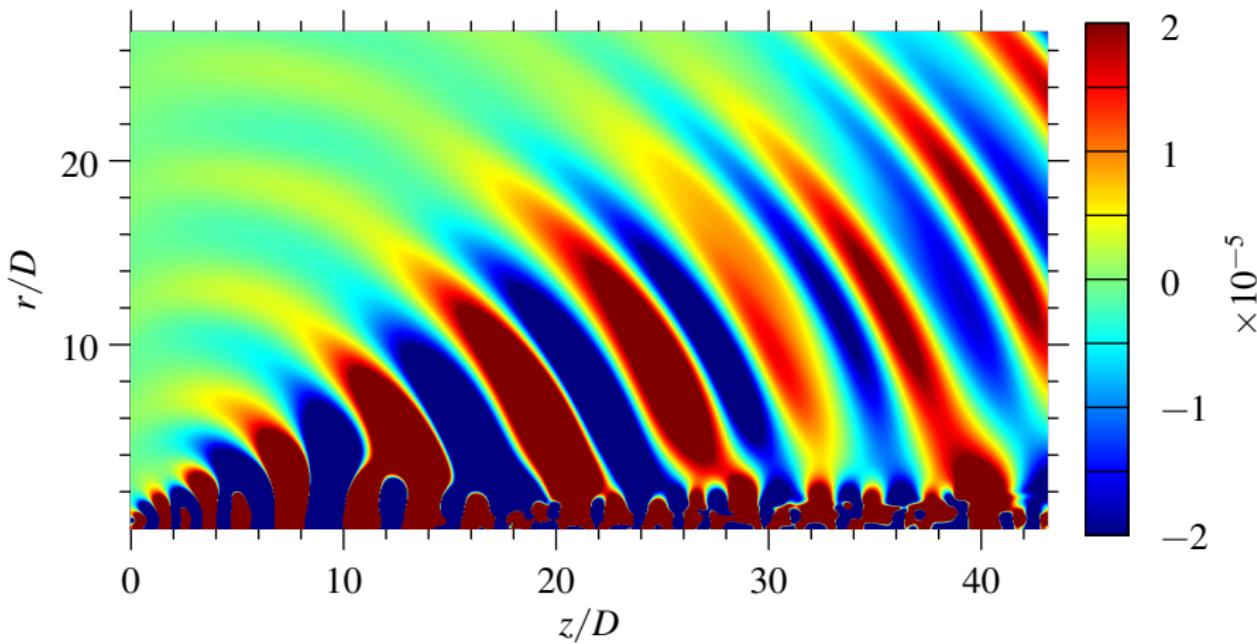


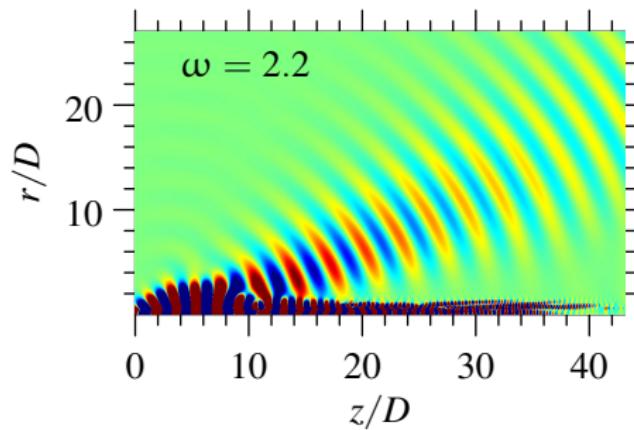
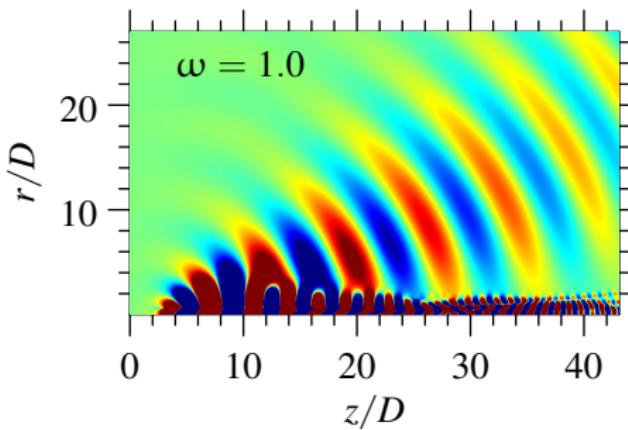
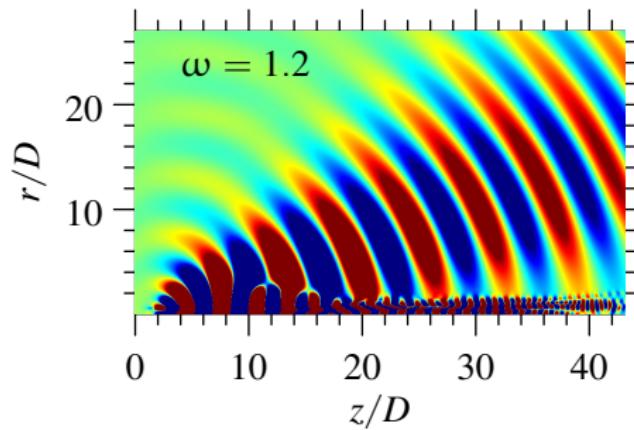
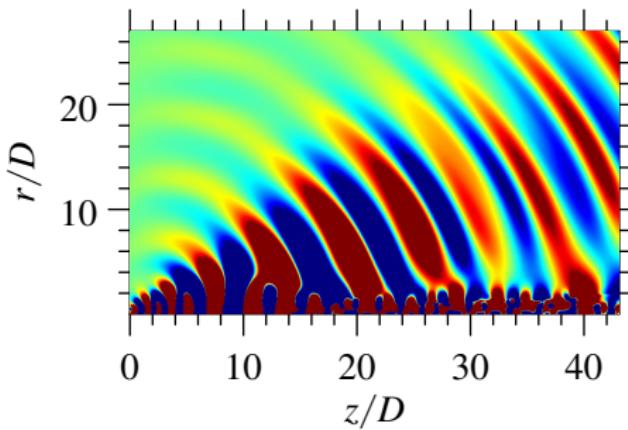
Part II

Sound sources in a laminar jet

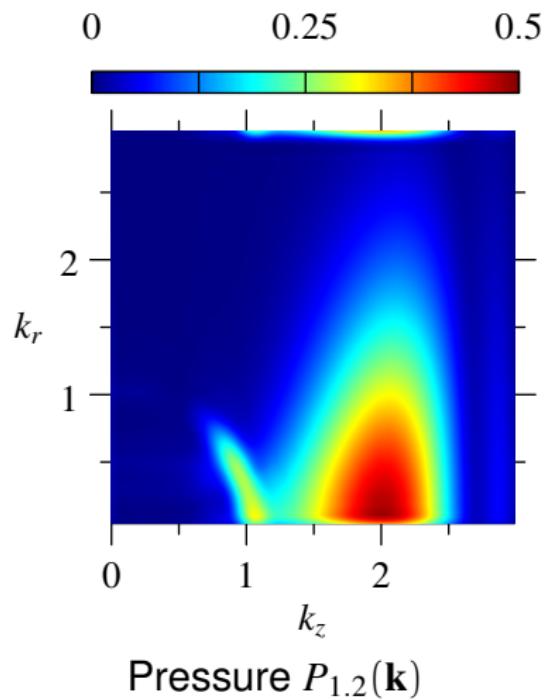
Flow description

Pressure field

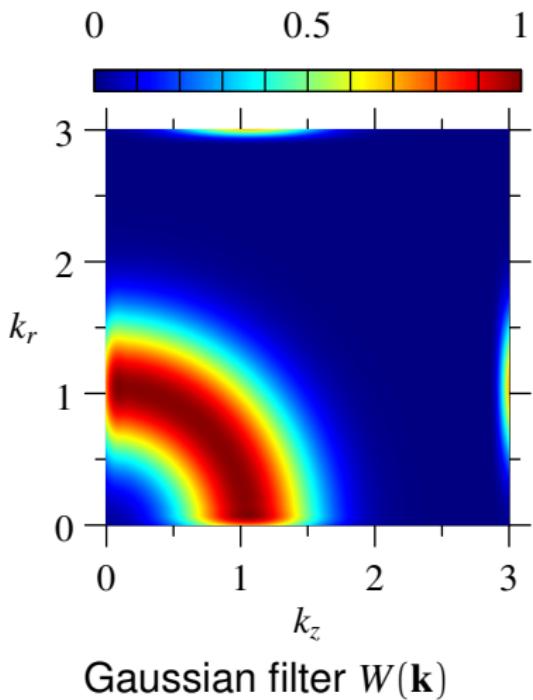
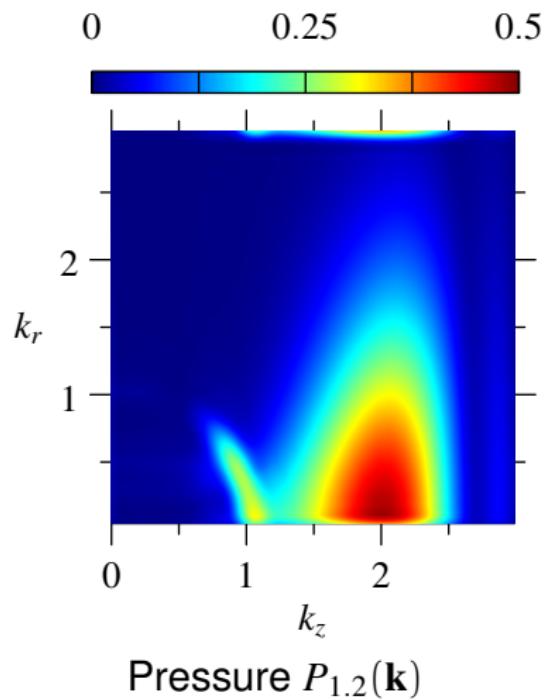




Pressure in Fourier domain ($\omega = 1.2$)

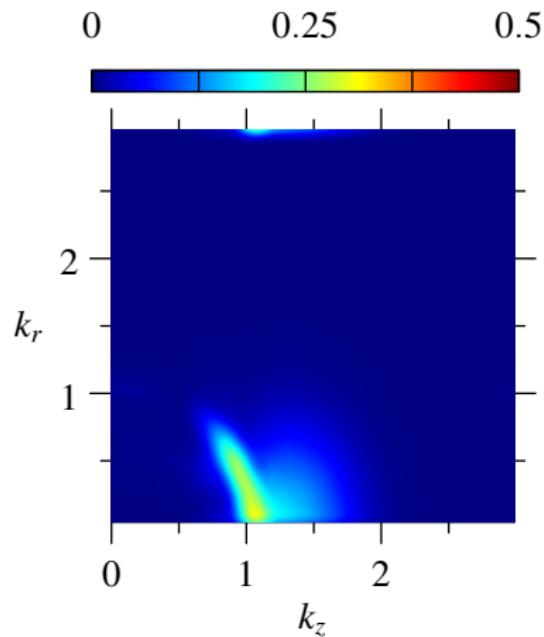


Pressure in Fourier domain ($\omega = 1.2$)



Pressure in Fourier domain ($\omega = 1.2$)

Decomposition

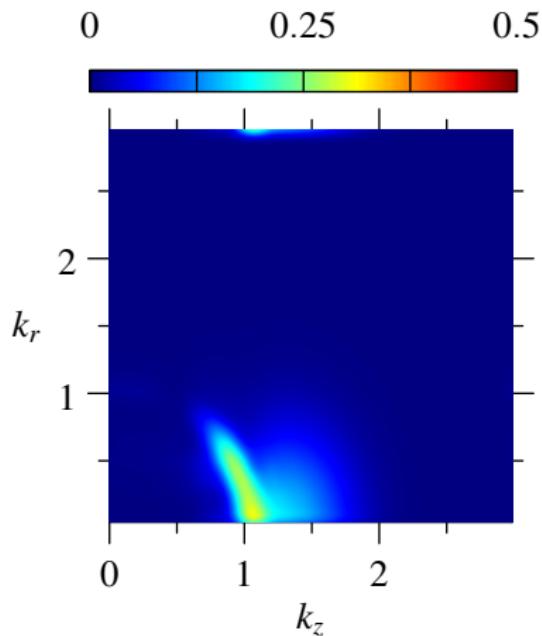


Radiating pressure

$$P'_{1.2} = WP$$

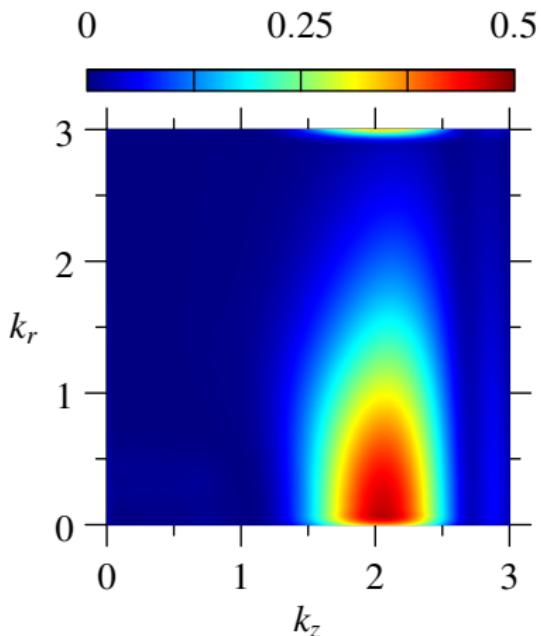
Pressure in Fourier domain ($\omega = 1.2$)

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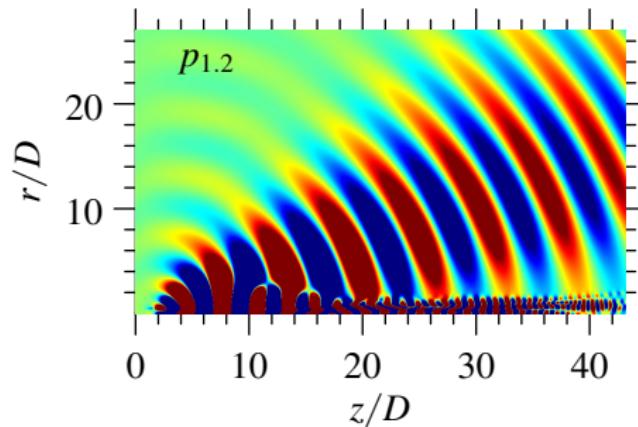
Radiating pressure

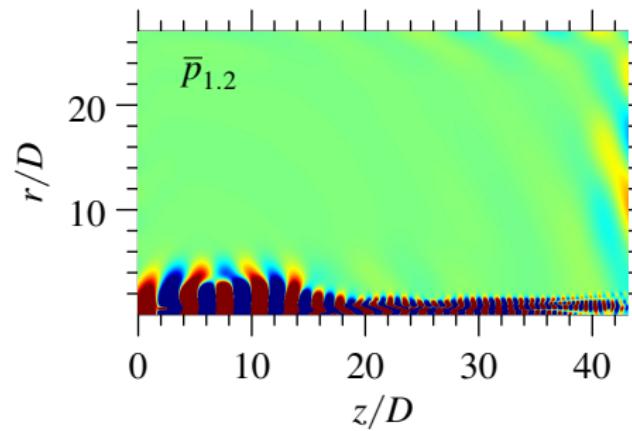
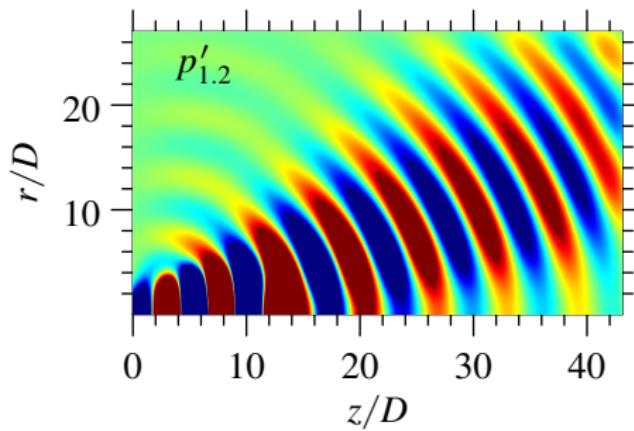
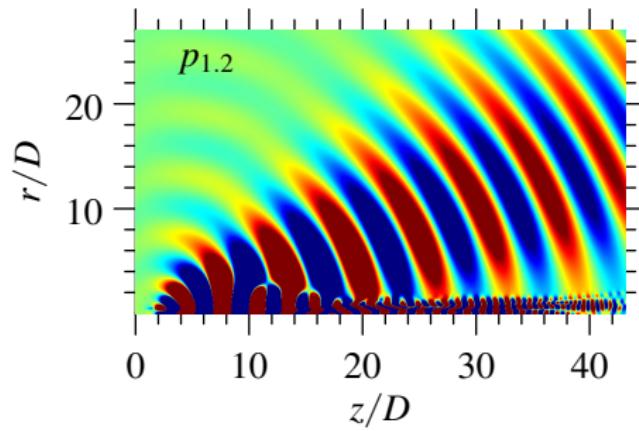
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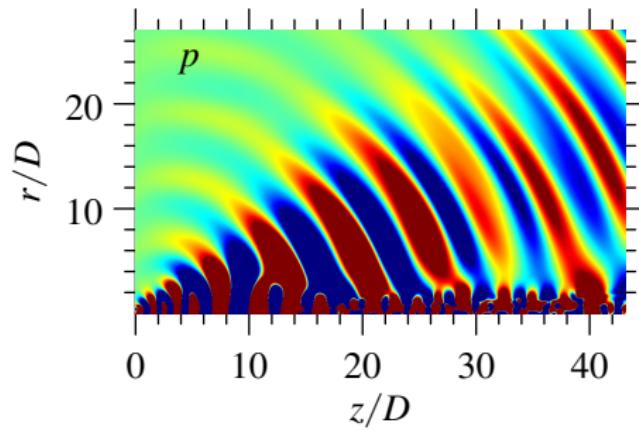


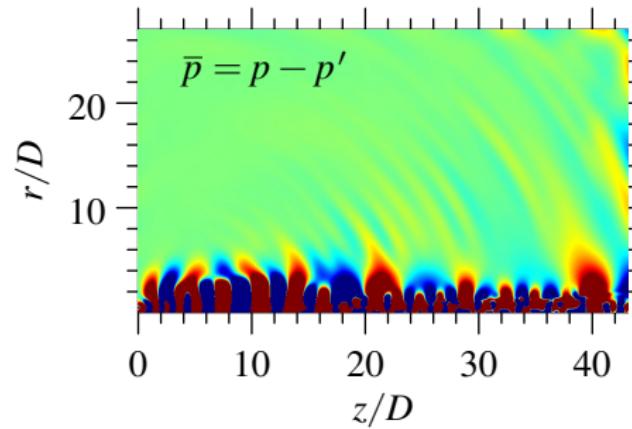
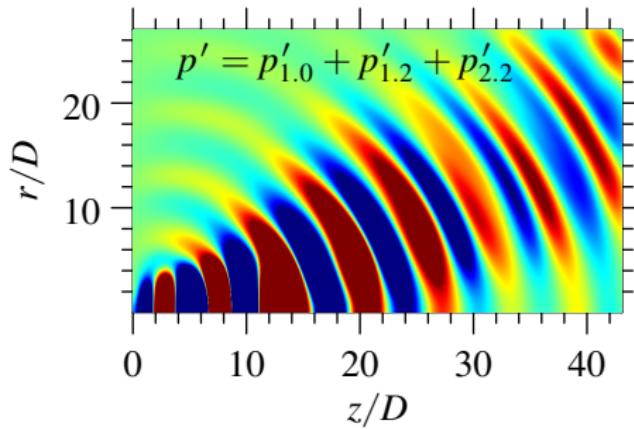
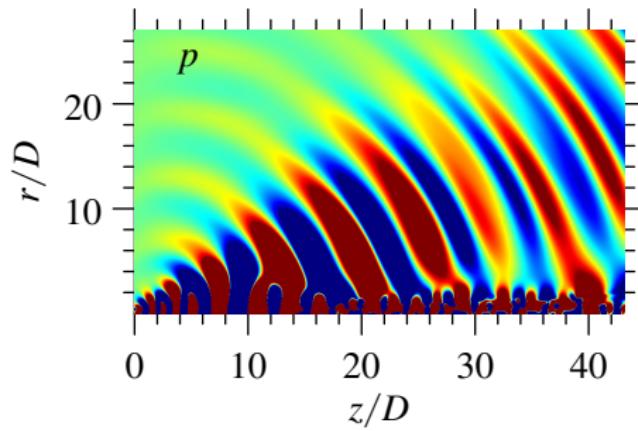
Non-radiating pressure

$$\bar{P}_{1.2} = (1 - W)P_{1.2}$$



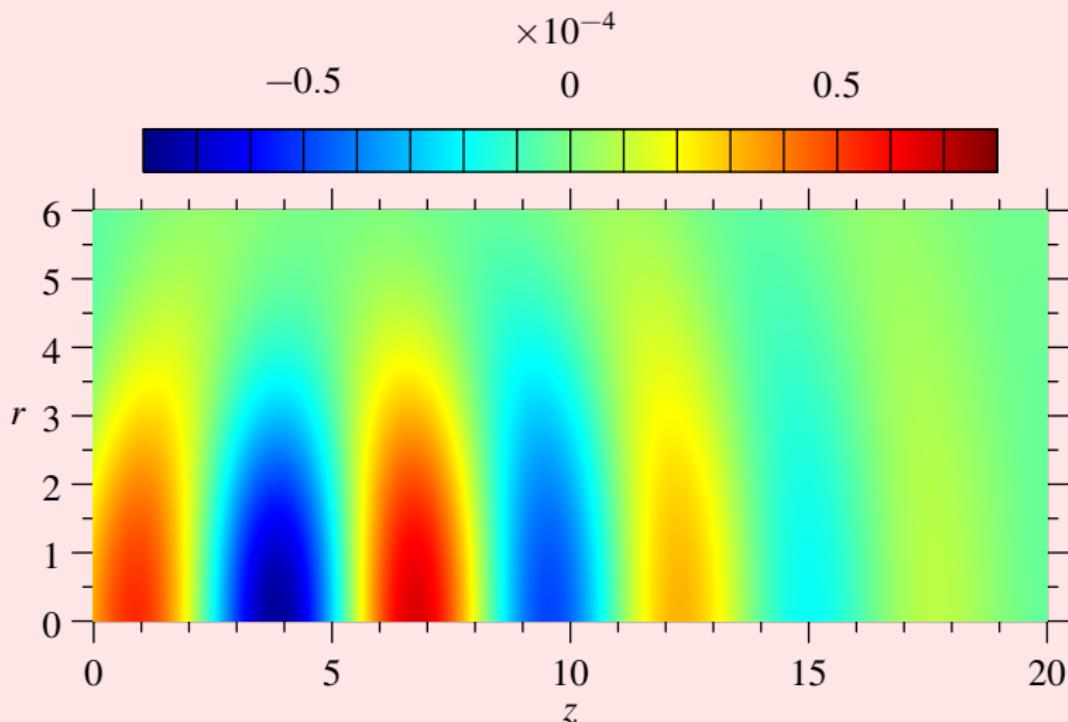






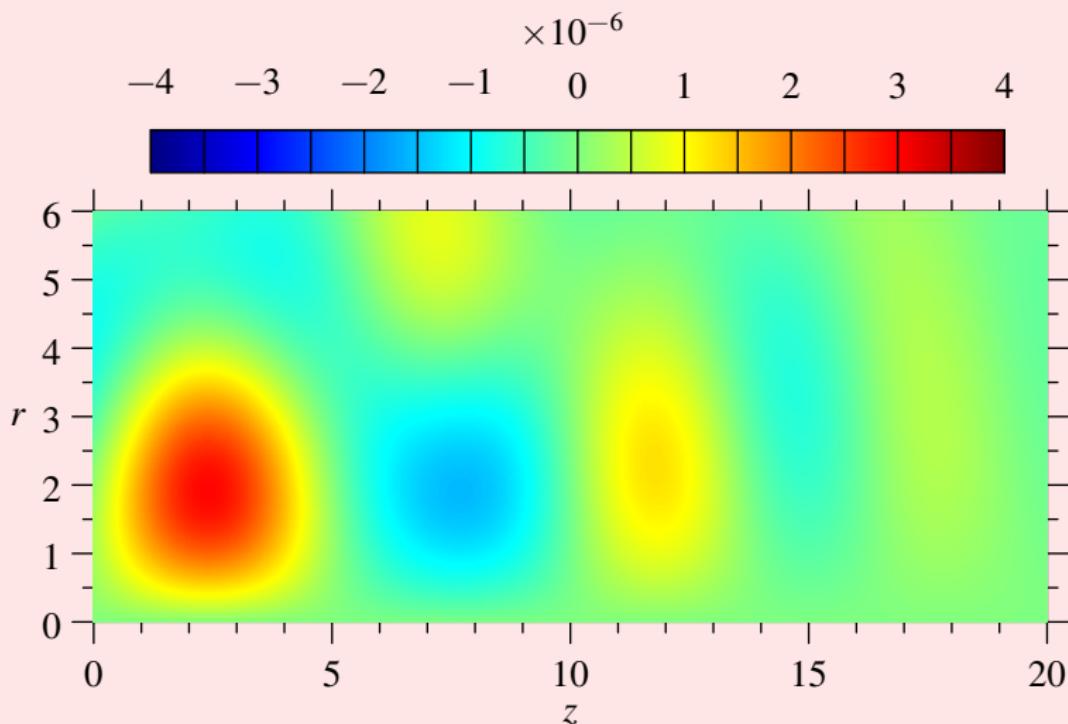
NRBF sources

Axial NRBF source f_z at $\omega = 1.2$

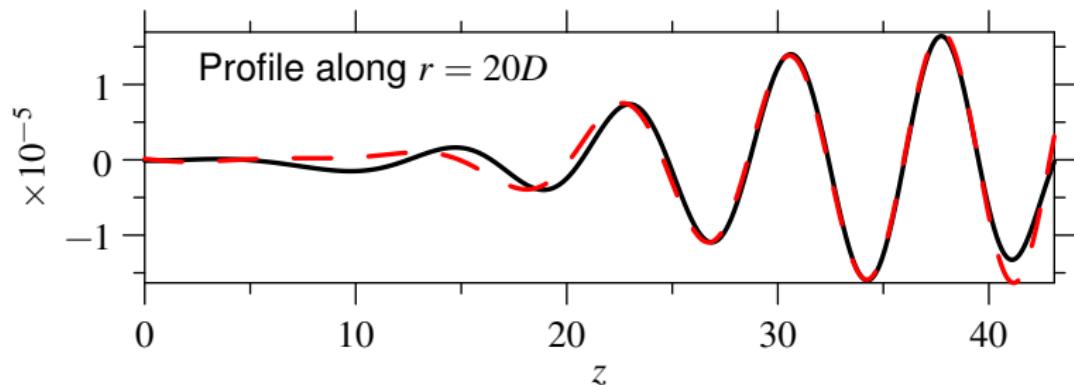
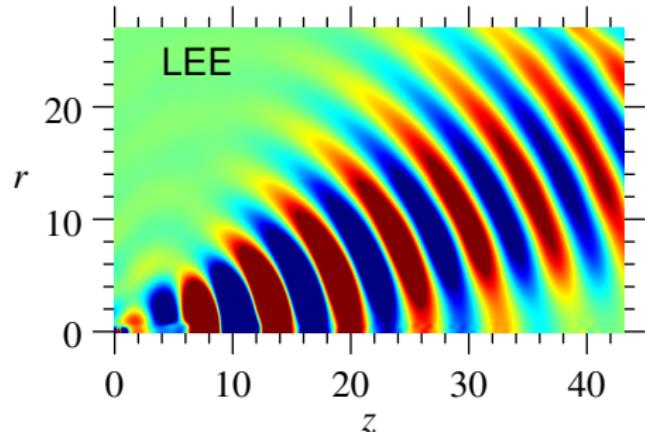
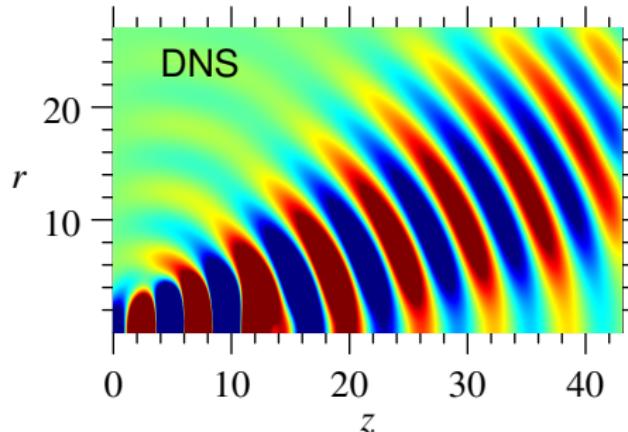


NRBF sources

Radial NRBF source f_r at $\omega = 1.2$

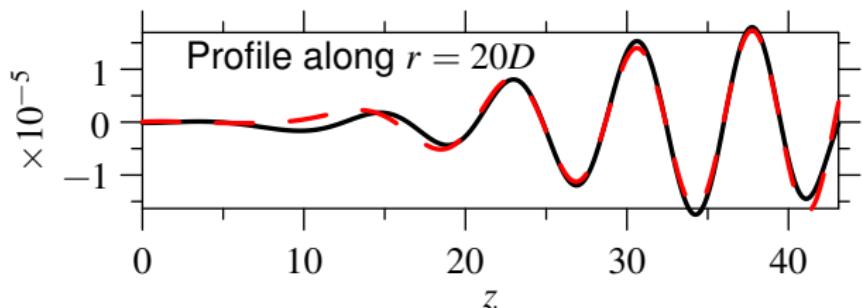
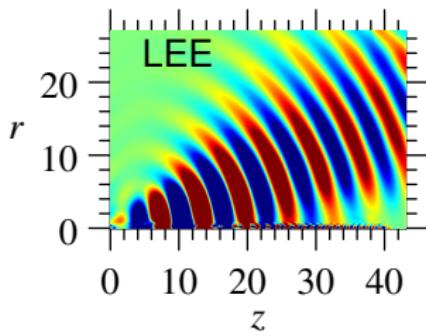
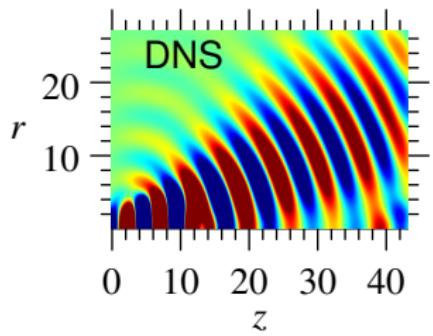


Source validation



Source identification: shear-noise

$$f_{zz} = -\frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\bar{\rho} \tilde{v}_z \tilde{v}_z)' \approx -2 \frac{\partial}{\partial z} (\rho_\infty \tilde{v}_{z0} \tilde{v}_z'')'$$

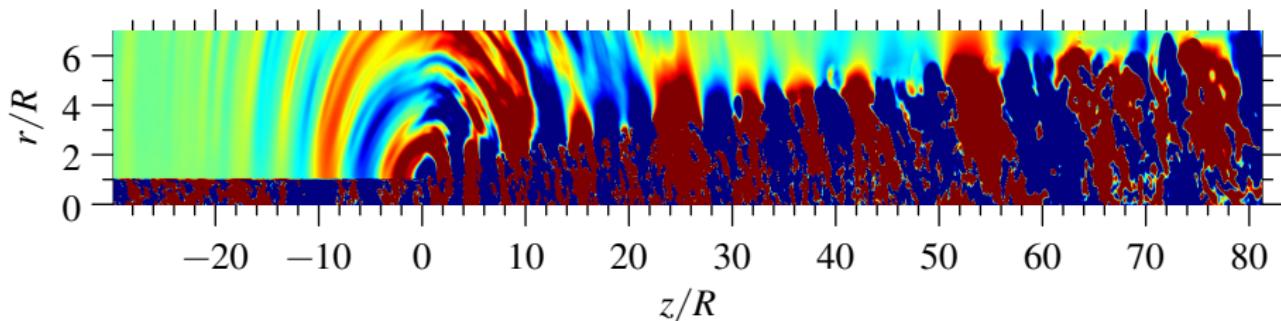


Part III

Sound sources in a turbulent jet

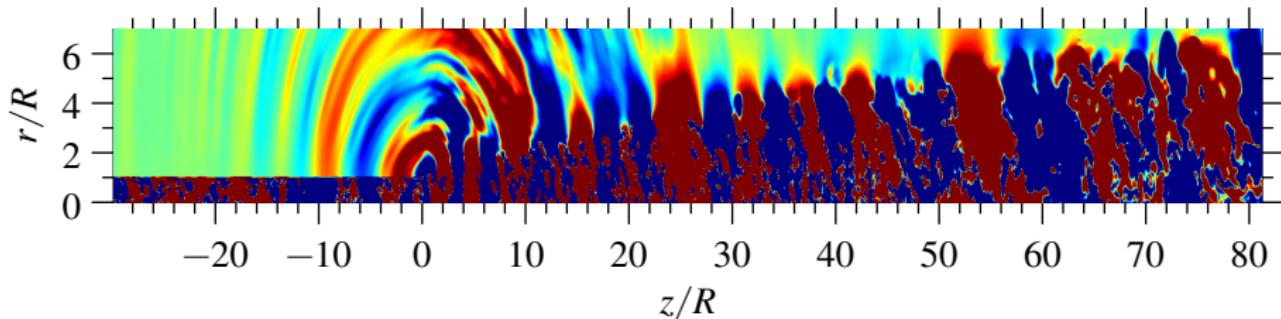
Flow analysis

Full density field

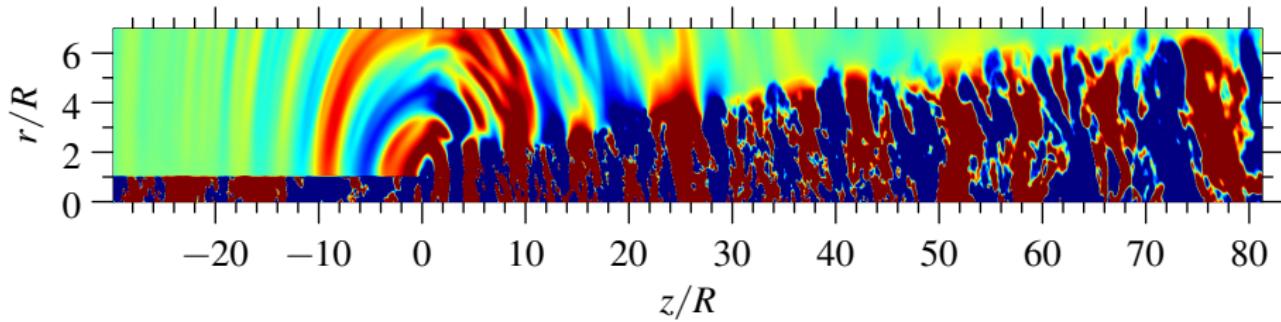


Flow analysis

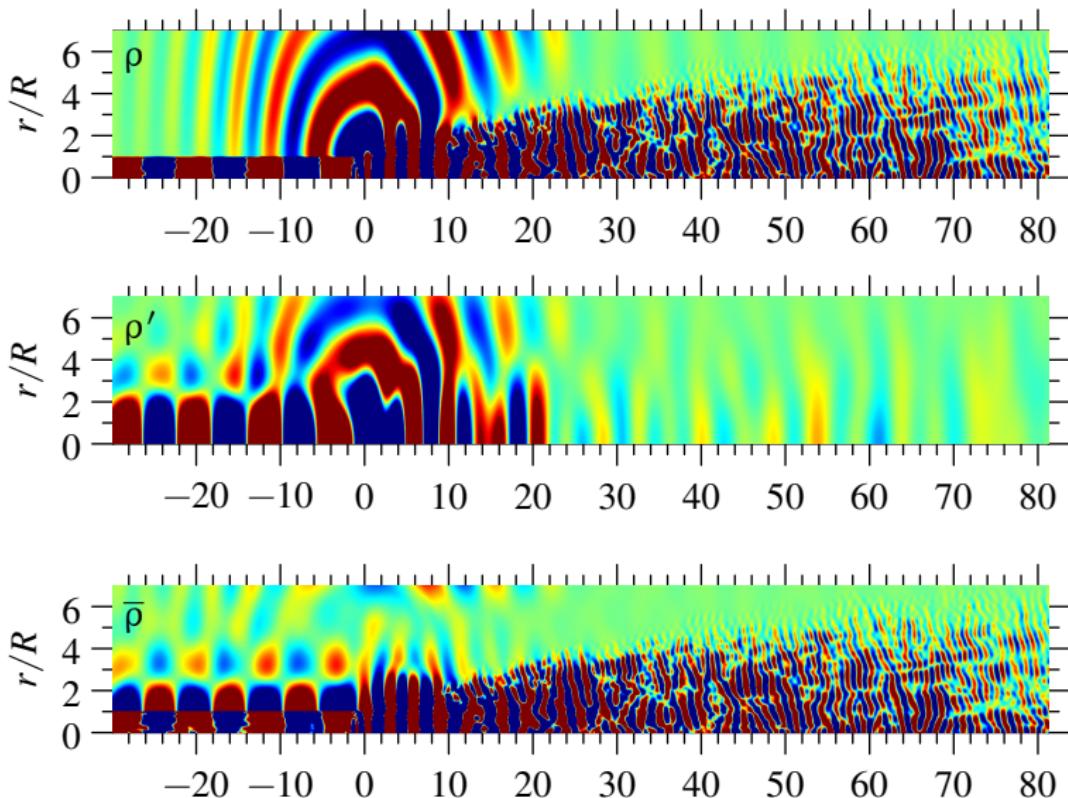
Full density field



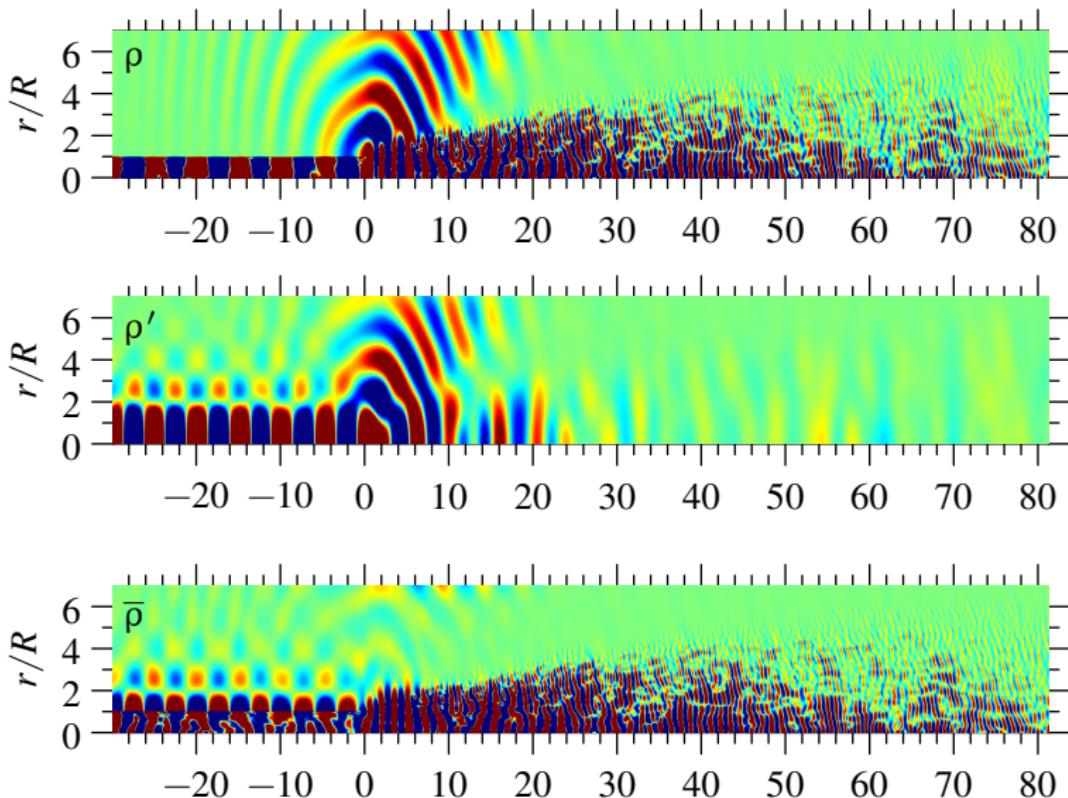
Density field, modes 0 and 1, $|St_D| < 4$



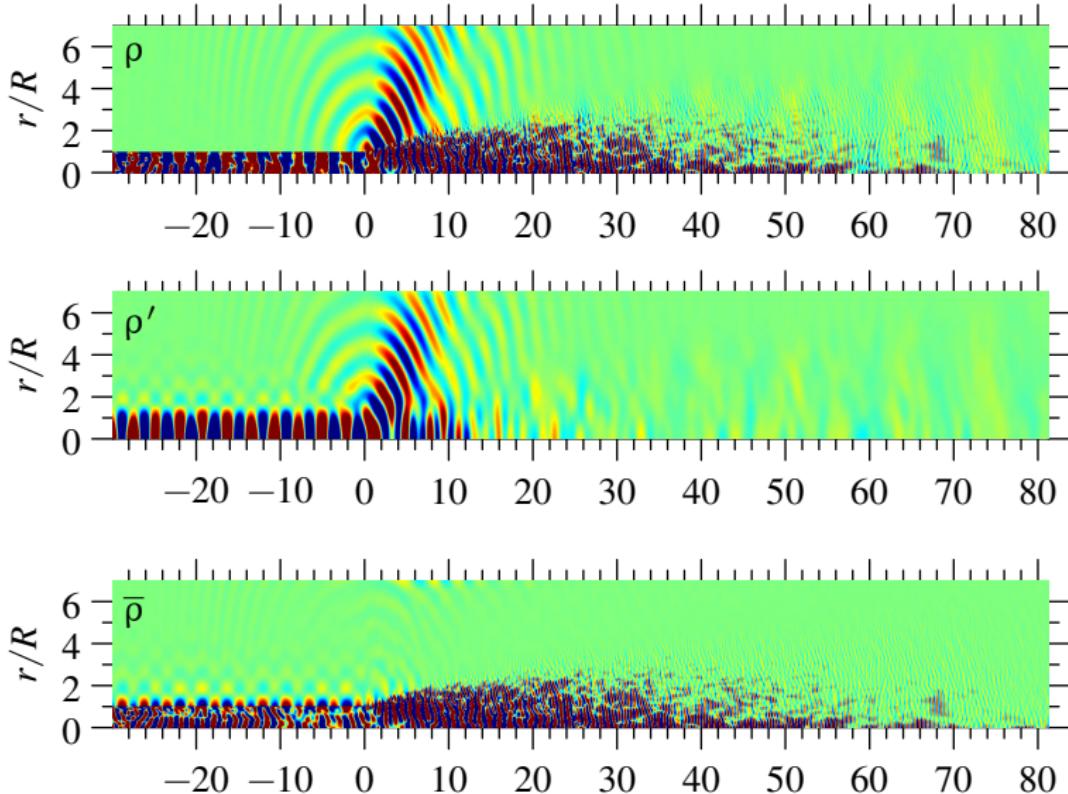
Flow decomposition: $n = 0$, $St_D = 0.5$



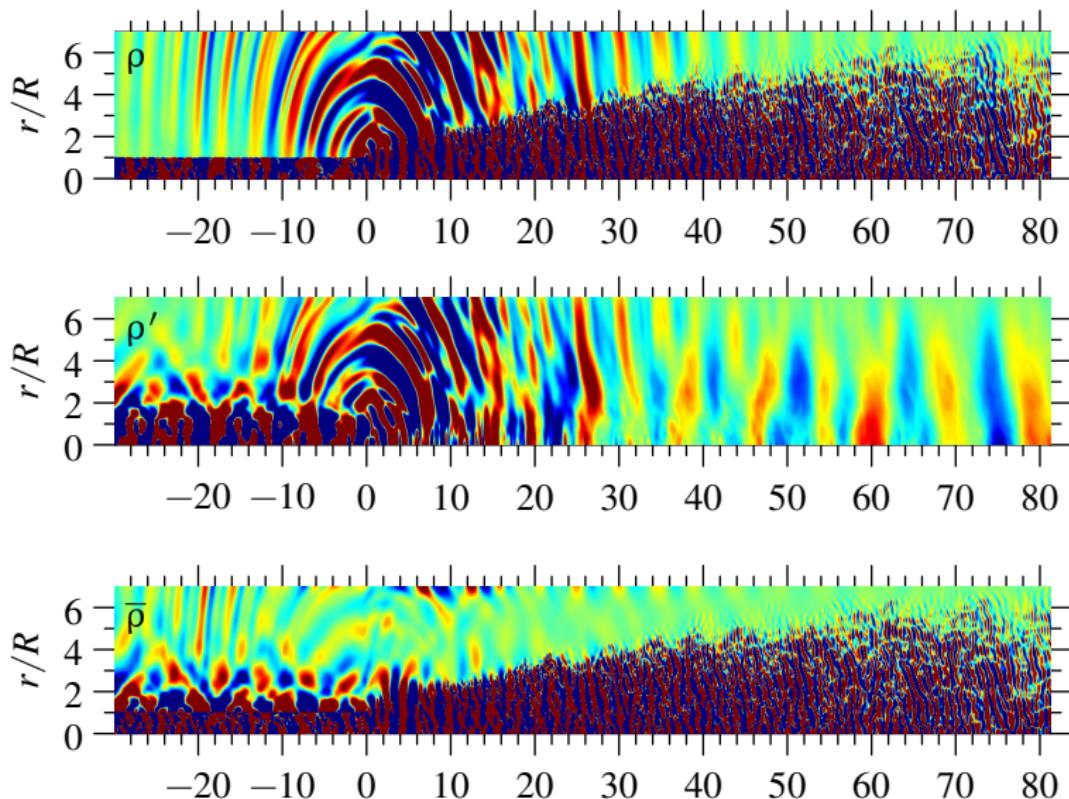
Flow decomposition: $n = 0$, $St_D = 0.8$



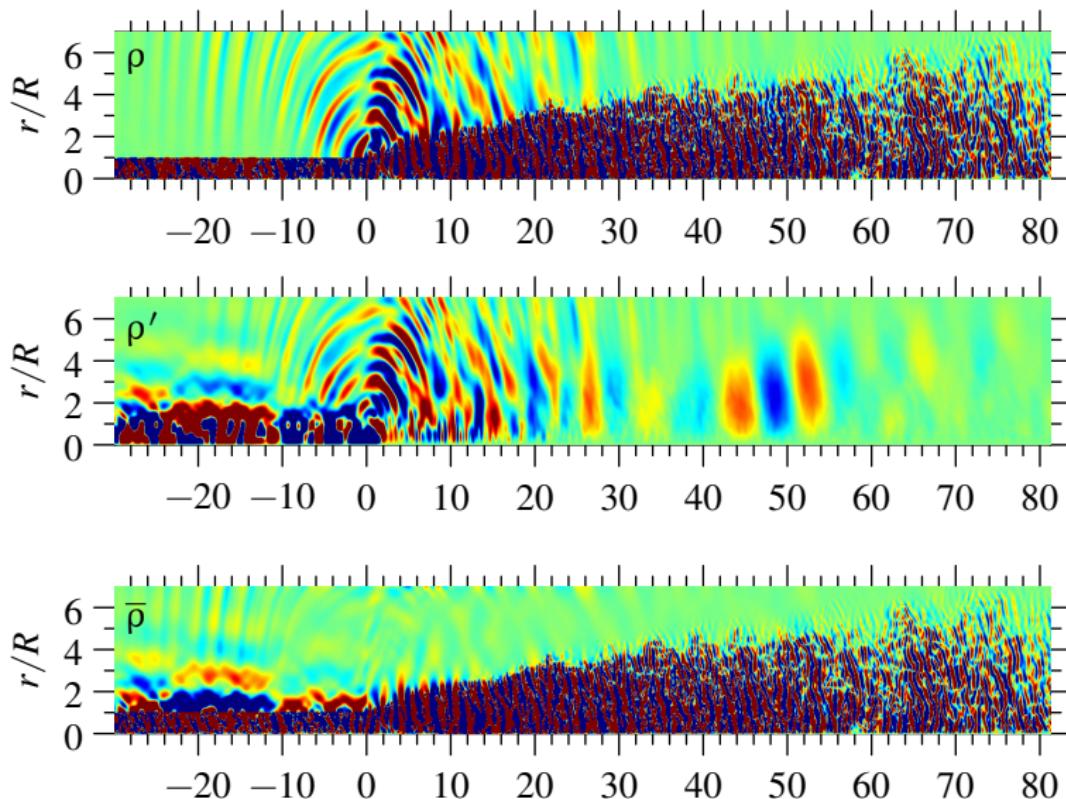
Flow decomposition: $n = 0$, $St_D = 1.45$



Flow decomposition: $n = 0, 0.5 \leq |St_D| < 4.0$



Flow decomposition: $n = 1$, $0.5 \leq |St_D| < 4.0$



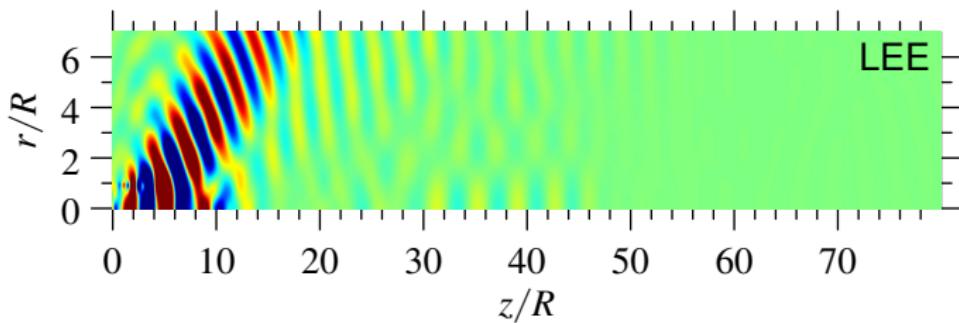
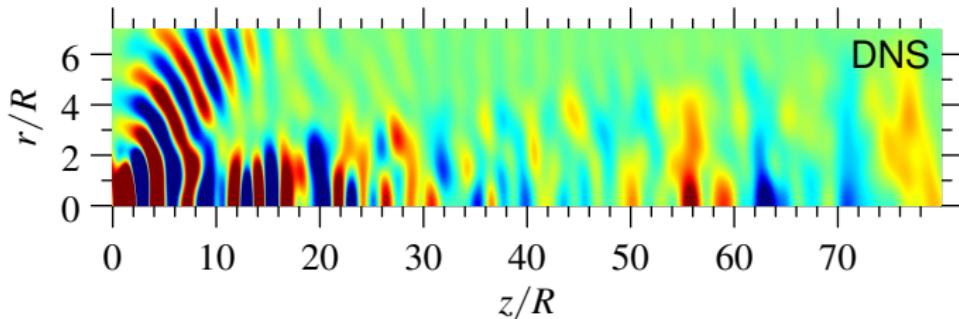
NRBF sources: $St_D = 0.5$

NRBF sources: $St_D = 1.1$

NRBF sources: $St_D = 1.45$

NRBF sources: $St_D = 2.55$

Qualitative validation: $n = 0$, $St_D = 1.1$



Conclusion

- ① Algorithm to compute the NRBF sources at multiple frequencies
- ② In laminar jet: linear shear noise term is major source
- ③ NRBF decomposition and sources for a fully turbulent jet
 - wavepackets
 - monopole
 - vortex pairing

Acknowledgements



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Thank you!