

Encyclopædia Britannica Eleventh Edition

The *Encyclopædia Britannica* Eleventh Edition (1910–1911) is a 29-volume reference work, an edition of the *Encyclopædia Britannica*. It was developed during the encyclopædia's transition from a British to an American publication. Some of its articles were written by the best-known scholars of the time. This edition of the encyclopædia, containing 40,000 entries, has entered the <u>public domain</u> and is readily available on the Internet. Its use in modern scholarship and as a reliable source has been deemed problematic due to the outdated nature of some of its content. Nevertheless, the 11th edition has retained considerable value as a time capsule of scientific and historical information, as well as scholarly attitudes of the era immediately preceding World War I.

Background



Encyclopædia Britannica Eleventh Edition

The 1911 eleventh edition was assembled with the management of American publisher <u>Horace Everett</u> <u>Hooper</u>. <u>Hugh Chisholm</u>, who had edited the previous

Encyclopædia Britannica Eleventh Edition

THE

ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA

DICTIONARY

)F

ARTS, SCIENCES, LITERATURE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

ELEVENTH EDITION

First page of the Encyclopædia Britannica,

Eleventh Edition

Language British English

Release number

11

Subject General

Publisher Horace Everett Hooper

Publication 1910–1911

date

Publication United States

place

Media type Print and digital

Preceded by Encyclopædia Britannica Tenth

Edition

Followed by Encyclopædia Britannica Twelfth

Edition (supplementary update),

Encyclopædia Britannica

Fourteenth Edition (full revision)

Text Encyclopædia Britannica

Eleventh Edition at Wikisource

edition, was appointed editor-in-chief, with Walter Alison Phillips as his principal assistant editor. [2]

Originally, Hooper bought the rights to the 25-volume <u>9th edition</u> and persuaded the British newspaper <u>The Times</u> to issue its reprint, with eleven additional volumes (35 volumes total) as the tenth edition, which was published in 1902. Hooper's association with *The Times* ceased in 1909, and he negotiated

with the <u>Cambridge University Press</u> to publish the 29-volume eleventh edition. Though it is generally perceived as a quintessentially British work, the eleventh edition had substantial American influences, in not only the increased amount of American and Canadian content, but also the efforts made to make it more popular. American marketing methods also assisted sales. Some 14% of the contributors (214 of 1507) were from North America, and a New York office was established to coordinate their work.

The initials of the encyclopaedia's contributors appear at the end of selected articles or at the end of a section in the case of longer articles, such as that on China, and a key is given in each volume to these initials. Some articles were written by the best-known scholars of the time, such as Edmund Gosse, J. B. Bury, Algernon Charles Swinburne, John Muir, Peter Kropotkin, T. H. Huxley, James Hopwood Jeans and William Michael Rossetti. Among the then lesser-known contributors were some who would later become distinguished, such as Ernest Rutherford and Bertrand Russell. Many articles were carried over from the 9th edition, some with minimal updating. Some of the book-length articles were divided into smaller parts for easier reference, yet others were much abridged. The best-known authors generally contributed only a single article or part of an article. Most of the work was done by journalists, British Museum scholars and other scholars. The 1911 edition was the first edition of the encyclopaedia to include more than just a handful of female contributors, with 34 women contributing articles to the edition. These included Adelaide Anderson, Gertrude Bell, Margaret Bryant, Constance Jocelyn Ffoulkes, Harriette Lombard Hennessy, and Eleanor Mildred Sidgwick.

The eleventh edition introduced a number of changes of the format of the *Britannica*. It was the first to be published complete, instead of the previous method of volumes being released as they were ready. The print type was kept in galley proofs and subject to continual updating until publication. It was the first edition of *Britannica* to be issued with a comprehensive index volume in which was added a categorical index, where like topics were listed. It was the first not to include long treatise-length articles. Even though the overall length of the work was about the same as that of its predecessor, the number of articles had increased from 17,000 to 40,000. It was also the first edition of *Britannica* to include biographies of living people. Sixteen maps of the famous 9th edition of *Stielers Handatlas* were exclusively translated to English, converted to imperial units, printed in Gotha, Germany, by Justus Perthes and the maps became a part of this edition. Later editions only included Perthes' maps as low-quality reproductions. [6]

According to Coleman and Simmons, [7] the content of the encyclopaedia was distributed as follows:

Subject	Content
Geography	29%
Pure and applied science	17%
History	17%
Literature	11%
Fine art	9%
Social science	7%
Psychology	1.7%
Philosophy	0.8%

Hooper sold the rights to <u>Sears</u>, <u>Roebuck and Company</u> of Chicago in 1920, completing the *Britannica*'s transition to becoming a substantially American publication. [8] In 1922, an additional three volumes (also edited by Hugh Chisholm) where published, covering the events of the intervening years, including

<u>World War I.</u> These, together with a reprint of the eleventh edition, formed the twelfth edition of the work. A similar thirteenth edition, consisting of three volumes plus a reprint of the twelfth edition, was published in 1926. The London editor was <u>J.L. Garvin</u>, as Chisholm had died. The twelfth and thirteenth editions were closely related to the eleventh edition and shared much of the same content. However, it became increasingly apparent that a more thorough update of the work was required.

The fourteenth edition, published in 1929, was considerably revised, with much text eliminated or abridged to make room for new topics. Nevertheless, the eleventh edition was the basis of every later version of the *Encyclopædia Britannica* until the completely new fifteenth edition was published in 1974, using modern information presentation.

The eleventh edition's articles are still of value and interest to modern readers and scholars, especially as a <u>cultural artifact</u>: the <u>British Empire</u> was at its maximum, <u>imperialism</u> was largely unchallenged, much of the world was still ruled by monarchs, and the tumultuous <u>world wars</u> were still in the future. They are a resource for topics omitted from modern encyclopaedias, particularly for biography and the history of science and technology. As a literary text, the encyclopaedia has value as an example of early 20th-century prose. For example, it employs <u>literary devices</u>, such as <u>pathetic fallacy</u> (attribution of human-like traits to impersonal forces or inanimate objects), which are not as common in modern reference texts. [7]

Reviews

In 1917, using the pseudonym of S. S. Van Dine, the US art critic and author <u>Willard Huntington Wright</u> published <u>Misinforming a Nation</u>, a 200+ page criticism of inaccuracies and biases of the *Encyclopædia Britannica* eleventh edition. Wright claimed that *Britannica* was "characterized by misstatements, inexcusable omissions, rabid and patriotic prejudices, personal animosities, blatant errors of fact, scholastic ignorance, gross neglect of non-British culture, an astounding egotism, and an undisguised contempt for American progress".[9]



1913 advertisement for the eleventh edition

Amos Urban Shirk, known for having read the eleventh and fourteenth editions in their entirety, said he found the fourteenth edition to be a "big improvement" over the eleventh, stating that "most of the material had been completely rewritten".

Robert Collison, in *Encyclopaedias: Their History Throughout The Ages* (1966), wrote of the eleventh edition that it "was probably the finest edition of the *Britannica* ever issued, and it ranks with the *Enciclopedia Italiana* and the *Espasa* as one of the three greatest encyclopaedias. It was the last edition to be produced almost in its entirety in Britain, and its position in time as a summary of the world's knowledge just before the outbreak of World War I is particularly valuable".

Sir <u>Kenneth Clark</u>, in *Another Part of the Wood* (1974), wrote of the eleventh edition, "One leaps from one subject to another, fascinated as much by the play of mind and the <u>idiosyncrasies</u> of their authors as by the facts and dates. It must be the last encyclopaedia in the tradition of <u>Diderot</u> which assumes that information can be made memorable only when it is slightly coloured by prejudice. When T. S. Eliot

wrote 'Soul curled up on the window seat reading the *Encyclopædia Britannica*,' he was certainly thinking of the eleventh edition." (Clark refers to Eliot's 1929 poem "<u>Animula</u>".) It was one of <u>Jorge Luis</u> Borges's favourite works, and was a source of information and enjoyment for his entire working life. [10]

In 1912, mathematician <u>L. C. Karpinski</u> criticised the eleventh edition for inaccuracies in articles on the history of mathematics, none of which had been written by specialists. [11]

English writer and former priest <u>Joseph McCabe</u> claimed in *Lies and Fallacies of the Encyclopædia Britannica* (1947) that *Britannica* was censored under pressure from the <u>Roman Catholic Church</u> after the 11th edition. [12] Initially, the eleventh edition received criticism from members of the Roman Catholic Church, who accused it of misrepresenting and being <u>biased against Catholics</u>. [13] The most "vociferous" American Catholic critics of the eleventh edition were editors of the Christian magazine *America*. [13]

Authorities ranging from <u>Virginia Woolf</u> to professors criticised the 11th edition for having <u>bourgeois</u> and old-fashioned opinions on art, literature, and social sciences. A contemporary <u>Cornell</u> professor, <u>Edward B. Titchener</u>, wrote in 1912, "the new *Britannica* does not reproduce the psychological atmosphere of its day and generation... Despite the halo of authority, and despite the scrutiny of the staff, the great bulk of the secondary articles in general psychology ... are not adapted to the requirements of the intelligent reader". [14]

In an April 2012 article, Nate Pederson of $\underline{\textit{The Guardian}}$ said that the eleventh edition represented "a peak of colonial optimism before the slaughter of war" and that the edition "has acquired an almost mythic reputation among collectors". [15]

Critics have charged several editions with racism, [16][17] sexism, [5] and antisemitism. [15] The eleventh edition characterises the Ku Klux Klan as protecting the white race and restoring order to the American South after the American Civil War, citing the need to "control the negro", and "the frequent occurrence of the crime of rape by negro men upon white women". [18][19] Similarly, the "Civilization" article argues for eugenics, stating that it is irrational to "propagate low orders of intelligence, to feed the ranks of paupers, defectives and criminals ... which to-day constitute so threatening an obstacle to racial progress". [20] The eleventh edition has no biography of Marie Curie, despite her winning the Nobel Prize in Physics in 1903 and the Nobel Prize in Chemistry in 1911, although she is mentioned briefly under the biography of her husband Pierre Curie. [21] The Britannica employed a large female editorial staff that wrote hundreds of articles for which they were not given credit. [5]

Public domain

The 1911 edition is no longer restricted by <u>copyright</u>, and it is therefore freely available in several more modern forms. While it may once have been a reliable description of the academic consensus of its time, many modern readers find fault with the *Encyclopedia* for several major errors, <u>ethnocentric</u> and <u>racist</u> remarks, and other issues:

■ Contemporary opinions of <u>race</u> and <u>ethnicity</u> are included in the <u>Encyclopædia</u>'s articles. For example, the entry for "<u>Negro</u>" states, "Mentally the negro is inferior to the white... the arrest or even deterioration of mental development [after adolescence] is no doubt very largely due to the fact that after puberty sexual matters take the first place in the negro's life

- and thoughts." The article about the <u>American Revolutionary War</u> attributes the success of the United States in part to "a population mainly of good English blood and instincts". [23]
- Many articles are now outdated factually, in particular those concerning science, technology, international and municipal law, and medicine. For example, the article on the vitamin deficiency disease <u>beriberi</u> speculates that it is caused by a fungus, <u>vitamins</u> not having been discovered at the time.
- Even where the facts might still be accurate, new information, theories and perspectives developed since 1911 have substantially changed the way the same facts might be interpreted. For example, the modern interpretation of the history of the <u>Visigoths</u> is now very different from that of 1911; readers of the eleventh edition who want to know about the social customs and political life of the tribe and its warriors are told to look up the entry for their king, Alaric I.

The eleventh edition of *Encyclopædia Britannica* has become a commonly quoted source, both because of the reputation of the *Britannica* and because it is now in the <u>public domain</u> and has been made available on the Internet. It has been used as a source by many modern projects, including Wikipedia and the *Project Gutenberg Encyclopedia*.

Project Gutenberg Encyclopedia

The *Project Gutenberg Encyclopedia* is the eleventh edition of the *Encyclopædia Britannica*, renamed to address Britannica's trademark concerns. <u>Project Gutenberg</u>'s offerings are summarized below in the <u>External links</u> section and include text and graphics. As of 2018, <u>Distributed Proofreaders</u> are working on producing a complete electronic edition of the 1911 *Encyclopædia Britannica*.

See also

- Catholic Encyclopedia
- New American Cyclopedia

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Further reading

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External links

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- s:1911 Encyclopædia Britannica/Prefatory Note to the *Encyclopædia Britannica* 11th ed. dated Cambridge November 1, 1910: with separate volumes below in several formats on the Internet Archive:

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