## **ETH** zürich

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Quot schemes of surfaces
(University of Cambridge, Algebraic geometry seminar, 9/3/2022)
S projective scheme, E cakerent sheaf on S
anot scheme Quoto(E) is the moduli space of gradients of E:
 ge Quets(E) (> E > Rg on S
Qnots(E) = Quets(E) given by dim Qq = 0, h(Qq) = e
 Notation: Sg = Ker (E -> Qg)
 §1. Greneral properties (Grothendieck)
 (I) E->E" induces Qnot (E") C = Qnot (E)
 (I) ZePidS) - QuotE(E) - QuotE(E&Z)
 (III) Aut(E) acts on Qnot(E)
  Deformation-obstruction theory: To = Extit(Sq, Qq)
  Tautological sheaves: locally free Fon S induces
  Fles on Quote(E) with Fles(q) = HO(FQQq), compatible with (I)-(III)
 52. Surface cose
  Ssmooth surface, & locally free of rank r
  S irreducible - Quet (E) irreducible (Rego, Giresuker-Li)
   Dimension: e(r+1), in fact (2not f(E) <--> 19(E)(E)
   Tangent dim: dim Tg Qnots(E) - Er + ho(End Qg)
   Virtual dim: dim Tg - dim Tg = lr, since Ext2(Sq, Qg) = 0.
   Get virtual class [Quots(E)] vir & Apr (Quots(E)) (Obstruct an thery 2-term)
   Examples. (i) Sted = Quets (0) smooth, Sted -> 5(e) nesolution
   of singularities, well-studied (Fogorty, Beautile, Ellingsund-
   Stromme, Grottsche, Nakajinas Grojnovski, Lehn, ...)
    det (0 [e]) 2 = 0(-25 [e]) , [S[e]] ir = (-1) e(ws) [5 [e])
    (ii) 1P(E) = Queta(E), 0 = 0(1), [P(E)] = - e(p*us) ~ [P(E)]
    (1ii) Quoto (S) Singular for r32: Qg = 0, (ZES[2]), Qg = 0, (SES)
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$3.
    Results
(I) gives relations in intersections theory
(*) 0 > E' -> E -> E" -> 0 , E" loully free
 E' → & induces B ∈ HO(EINCES) such that o(q) = E' → E → Qq
Hence Z(6) = anot (8") & anot (8)
Theorem. & reguler.
(1) 1 = [ Quet ( [ E")] = e(E' vee ) n [ Quet E(E)];
(ii) - [ - - Jrir = -
(iii) - [ - jned = - [ - jned (if S K3).
Proof idea: if (*) split, write &= ($ 19 90") : E=E'EE" -> Qg.
Let U = & q 1 pg" surjective }. Then U -> Quots(5") grapg" is
the vector bundle ossociatel to EIVEED, Blze its universal section
(i) Get it with 14 it = e(81 ver) ~ (-), it [Quot f(8)] = [Quot f(8)] (Filter)
(ii) Obtain no [anets (E)] = [anots (E")) in from
[Quots (E)] " = { c (Tourse) ) 1 CF (Quots (E))} (Siehat)
                           and 2 Co (Quot (E)) = c(EIVCE) > CF (Quot (E"))
 Tout(E) > LE Tout(E)
(iii) Trad = Trin+0
Example \left( \begin{array}{c} e(0^{\text{Ce}})^{r-1}(-) = \int (-) \end{array} \right) e(0^{\text{Ce}})^{r} = 0
                       (use 0+0+0+0000000+0)
Theorem of CCS smooth inclose consider curve, then (E = 000 = Opres-
 14 [ Quot ] ( E ( ) ] = (-1) ( [ Quot & (E) ] ur
                                                        Pondharpunde)
Application. Any rithul integul of then closes of Files ... First
 over (Xnot (E) is given by a universal polynomel in G(F, & E)co(S), co(E)co(S), co(D)
 [Quets(E)] "
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