

300ms tap delay, gone away



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For many years, mobile browsers applied a 300-350ms delay between `touchend` and `click` while they waited to see if this was going to be a double-tap or not, since double-tap was a gesture to zoom into text.

Ever since the first release of Chrome for Android, this delay was removed if pinch-zoom was also disabled. However, pinch zoom is an important accessibility feature. As of Chrome 32 (back in 2014) this **delay is gone** for **mobile-optimised** sites, **without removing pinch-zooming!** Firefox and IE/Edge did the same shortly afterwards, and in March 2016 a similar fix landed in iOS 9.3.

The performance difference is huge!

Having a UI that responds instantly means the user can quickly press each button with confidence, rather than pausing and waiting for a response. Find out more about the impact of human reaction times and web performance in our [introduction to RAIL](#).

To remove the 300-350ms tap delay, all you need is the following in the `<head>` of your page:

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
```



This sets the viewport width to the same as the device, and is generally a best-practice for mobile-optimised sites. With this tag, browsers assume you've made text readable on mobile, and the double-tap-to-zoom feature is dropped in favour of faster clicks.

If for some reason you cannot make this change, you can use `touch-action: manipulation` to achieve the same effect either across the page or on particular elements:



```
html {  
  touch-action: manipulation;  
}
```

This technique isn't supported in Firefox, so the viewport tag is much preferred.

Is losing double-tap-to-zoom an accessibility concern?

No. Pinch zoom continues to work, and OS features cater for users who find this gesture difficult. On Android, [magnification gestures](#) takes care of it. Tools like this even work outside the browser.

What about older browsers?

[FastClick by FT Labs](#) uses touch events to trigger clicks faster & removes the double-tap gesture. It looks at the amount your finger moved between `touchstart` and `touchend` to differentiate scrolls and taps.

Adding a `touchstart` listener to everything has a performance impact, because lower-level interactions such as scrolling are delayed by calling the listener to see if it `event.preventDefault()`s. Thankfully, FastClick will avoid setting listeners in cases where the browser already removes the 300ms delay, so you get the best of both!

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