

## REPORT 6054D3D3846CDD00182B6D40

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## **REPORT SUMMARY**

Analyses ID Main source file Detected vulnerabilities

abe34b65-e803-46b5-a218-5428f807542e

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

52

Started Fri Mar 19 2021 16:39:50 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Finished Fri Mar 19 2021 17:25:13 GMT+0000 (Coordinated Universal Time)

Mode Deep

Client Tool Remythx

Main Source File Browser/Contracts/MasterSamurai.Sol

## **DETECTED VULNERABILITIES**

(HIGH	(MEDIUM	(LOW
0	26	26

## **ISSUES**

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "renounceOwnership" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to SWC-000 mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
621 | * thereby removing any functionality that is only available to the owner.
622
      function renounceOwnership() public onlyOwner
emit OwnershipTransferred(_owner_address(0));
623
624
625
627
628
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "transferOwnership" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to SWC-000 mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
630 | * Can only be called by the current owner.
631
      function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public onlyOwner [
_transferOwnership(newOwner);
632
633
634
635
636
```

The function definition of "decimals" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
722 | * @dev Returns the token decimals
723
     function decimals() public override view returns (uint8) {
724
     return _decimals;
725
726
727
728
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "symbol" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
729 | * @dev Returns the token symbol.
     function symbol() public override view returns (string memory) {
731
     return _symbol;
733
734
     /**
735
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "totalSupply" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
736 * @dev See {BEP20-totalSupply}.
737
     function totalSupply() public override view returns (uint256) {
738
     return _totalSupply;
739
740
741
     /**
742
```

The function definition of "burnSupply" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
743 * @dev See {BEP20-totalSupply}.
744
     function burnSupply() public view returns (uint256) {
     return _burnSupply;
746
747
748
749
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "transfer" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
762 | * - the caller must have a balance of at least 'amount'.
      function transfer(address recipient, uint256 amount) public override returns (bool) {
    transfer(_msgSender(), recipient amount)
764
      return true;
766
767
768
769
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "allowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as

SWC-000

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
770 | * @dev See {BEP20-allowance}.
771
     function allowance(address owner, address spender) public override view returns (uint256) {
772
     return _allowances[owner][spender];
773
774
775
     /**
```

The function definition of "approve" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
781 | * - 'spender' cannot be the zero address.
782
      function approve(address spender uint256 amount public override returns (bool) _
approve(_msgSender(), spender, amount )
783
784
786
      }
787
788
```

# SWC-000

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "transferFrom" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
798 | * 'amount'.
799
801
      address recipient,
802
      uint256 <mark>amount</mark>
803
      ) public override returns (bool) {
804
      _transfer(sender, recipient, amount);
_approve(
805
806
808
      {\tt \_allowances[sender][\_msgSender()].sub(amount, 'BEP20: transfer amount exceeds allowance')}
810
      return true;
811
812
813
814
```

The function definition of "increaseAllowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
824 | * - 'spender' cannot be the zero address.
825
        function increaseAllowamce(address spender uint256 addedValue public returns (bool) [
_approve(_msgSender(), spender _allowances(_msgSender())] spender].add(addedValue)).
827
829
        }
830
831
```

# SWC-000

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "decreaseAllowance" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
843 * 'subtractedValue'
844
                             nce(address spender, uint256 subtractedValue) public returns (bool) {
846
847
848
      _allowances[_msgSender()][spender].sub(subtractedValue, 'BEP20: decreased allowance below zero')
849
850
     return true;
851
852
853
     /**
854
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "mint" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
860 | \star - 'msg.sender' must be the token owner
   862
863
   return true;
864
865
866
867
```

The function definition of "mint" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as

SWC-000

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

Source file

```
981
     /// @notice Creates `_amount` token to `_to`. Must only be called by the owner (MasterSamurai).
982
      function mint(address _to, uint256 _amount) public onlyOwner {
983
     _mint(_to__amount._
moveDelegates(address(0), _delegates(_to), _amount.__
984
986
987
     /// @dev overrides transfer function to meet tokenomics of SMR
988
```

## SWC-000

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "updateMultiplierAtDate" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1368
         function updateMultiplierAtDate(uint256 multiplierNumber uint256 date public onlyOwner require(date * 1 seconds > now. *Cannot update multiplier for passed date"),

// nb block before multiplier update (delayBlock) = (updateStartDate - now) / 3 seconds
// multiplier update start at block = delayBlock + actual block number
1369
1370
1371
1372
          uint256 startUpdateAtBlock = (date * 1 seconds - now) / (3 * 1 seconds) + block number;
          multiplierBlockUpdate.push(Multiplier(multiplierNumber, startUpdateAtBlock));
1374
1375
         // Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.
1377
```

MEDIUM

Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "add" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

SWC-000 Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
// Add a new lp to the pool. Can only be called by the owner.
1439
      \ensuremath{//}\xspace XXX DO NOT add the same LP token more than once. Rewards will be messed up if you do.
1440
      function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IBEP20 _lpToken, uint16 _depositFeeBP, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner
      require(_depositFeeBP <= 10000, "add: invalid deposit fee basis points");</pre>
1442
      if (_withUpdate) {
1444
1445
      checkPoolDuplicate(_lpToken);
1446
         nt256 lastRewardBlock = block number > startBlock ? block number : startBlock:
1447
      totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
1448
      poolInfo.push(P
1449
      lpToken: _lpToken,
1450
      allocPoint: _allocPoint,
1451
      lastRewardBlock: lastRewardBlock,
1453
1454
      depositFeeBP : _depositFeeBP
1455
1456
      // Update the given pool's SMR allocation point. Can only be called by the owner.
1458
```

## MEDIUM

Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "set" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1457
      \ensuremath{//} Update the given pool's SMR allocation point. Can only be called by the owner.
1458
      function_set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, uint16 _depositFeeBP, bool _withUpdate) public onlyOwner {
1459
      if (_withUpdate) {
1460
1461
1462
      uint256 prevAllocPoint = poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint;
      poolInfo[_pid] allocPoint = _allocPoint
1464
      poolInfo[_pid].depositFeeBP = _depositFeeBP:
1465
      if (prevAllocPoint != _allocPoint)
1466
      totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(prevAllocPoint).add(_allocPoint);
1467
1468
1469
      // View function to see pending SMRs on frontend.
1471
```

The function definition of "deposit" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1515
      // Deposit LP tokens to MasterSamurai for SMR allocation.
1516
       function deposit(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public validatePool(_pid) {
1517
      PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
1518
       UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
      updatePool(_pid);
1520
      if (user.amount > 0) {
1521
      uint256 pending = user.amount.mul(pool.accSmrPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
1522
      if(pending > 0) {
1523
       safeSmrTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
1524
1525
1526
      if (_amount > 0) {
       \textbf{pool.lpToken}. safe Transfer From (address (\textbf{msg}, \textbf{sender}), \ address (\textbf{this}), \ \_\textbf{amount}),
      if (address(pool lpToken) == address(smr)) |
uint256 transferTax = _amount mul(2).div(100).
1529
1530
      _amount = _amount.sub(transferTax);
1531
1532
1533
      if (pool.depositFeeBP > 0) {
      uint256 depositFee = _amount muli pool depositFeeBP. div 10000.;
pool lpToken safeTransfer feeAddress depositFee
1534
1535
       user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount).sub(depositFee);
1536
1537
      user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
1538
1539
1540
      user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accSmrPerShare).div(1e12);
1541
      emit Deposit(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
1542
1543
      // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterSamurai.
1545
```

The function definition of "withdraw" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1544
      // Withdraw LP tokens from MasterSamurai.
1545
      function withdraw(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public validatePool(_pid) {
1546
      PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo pid;
1547
      UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg sender];
      require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
1549
1550
1551
      uint256 pending = user amount.mul(pool accSmrPerShare).div(1e12).sub(user.rewardDebt);
1552
      if(pending > 0) -
1553
          eSmrTransfer(msg.sender, pending);
1554
1555
      if(_amount > 0) {
1556
      user.amount = user.amount.sub(_amount);
      pool.lpToken.safeTransfer(address(msg.sender), _amount);
1558
1559
      user.rewardDebt = user.amount.mul(pool.accSmrPerShare).div(1e12);
1560
      emit Withdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
1561
1562
1563
      // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "emergencyWithdraw" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1563
      // Withdraw without caring about rewards. EMERGENCY ONLY.
1564
      function emergencyWithdraw(uint256 _pid) public {
1565
      PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid]
1566
      UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid|[msg_sender];
1567
      pool lpToken safeTransfer(address(msg sender), user amount);
emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg sender, _pid, user amount);
1569
      user.amount = 0;
1570
      user.rewardDebt = 0;
1571
1572
1573
1574
      function getPoolInfo(uint256 _pid) public view
```

MEDIUM

Function could be marked as external.

The function definition of "getPoolInfo" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it

SWC-000

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1572
1573
       function getPoolInfo(uint256 _pid) public view
1574
      returns(address lpToken, uint256 allocPoint, uint256 lastRewardBlock, uint256 accSmrPerShare, uint16 depositFeeBP) return (address(poolInfo[_pid] lpToken),
1575
      poolInfo[_pid].allocPoint,
1578
      {\sf poolInfo[\_pid].lastRewardBlock},
      poolInfo[_pid] accSmrPerShare,
1579
      poolInfo[_pid].depositFeeBP);
1580
1581
1582
      // Safe smr transfer function, just in case if rounding error causes pool to not have enough SMRs.
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "dev" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1594
      // Update dev address by the previous dev.
1595
      function dev(address _devaddr) public {
1596
      require(msg.sender == devaddr, "dev: wut?");
1597
      devaddr = _devaddr;
1598
1599
1600
      function \ \ setFeeAddress(address \ \_feeAddress) \ \ public \ \{
```

MEDIUM Function could be marked as external.

SWC-000

The function definition of "setFeeAddress" is marked "public". However, it is never directly called by another function in the same contract or in any of its descendants. Consider to mark it as "external" instead.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1599
      function setFeeAddress(address _feeAddress) public {
1601
      require(msg.sender == feeAddress, "setFeeAddress: FOR
1602
      feeAddress = _feeAddress;
1603
1604
1605
      function \ \ setStartRewardsDate(uint256 \ \_startRewardsDate) \ \ public \ \ onlyOwner\{
1606
```

MEDIUM

Loop over unbounded data structure.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "updateEmissionRate" in contract "MasterSamurai" depends on the size of data structures or values that may grow unboundedly. If the data structure grows too large, the gas required to execute the code will exceed the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this condition on purpose

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1410
1411
      uint256 newEmissionRate = smrPerBlock
      for (uint256 index = lastReductionPeriodIndex; index < currentIndex; ++index) {</pre>
      newEmissionRate = newEmissionRate.mul(1e4 - EMISSION_REDUCTION_RATE_PER_PERIOD).div(1e4);
1413
```

MEDIUM

Loop over unbounded data structure.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "checkPoolDuplicate" in contract "MasterSamurai" depends on the size of data structures or values that may grow unboundedly. If the data structure grows too large, the gas required to execute the code will exceed the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1432 | function checkPoolDuplicate(IBEP20 _lpToken) public view {
      uint256 length = poolInfo.length;
1434
      for (uint256 _pid = 0; _pid < length; _pid++) {</pre>
      require(poolInfo[_pid].lpToken != _lpToken, "add: existing pool");
1435
1436
```

MEDIUM Loop over unbounded data structure.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "massUpdatePools" in contract "MasterSamurai" depends on the size of data structures or values that may grow unboundedly. If the data structure grows too large, the gas required to execute the code will exceed the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this condition on purpose

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1486 | function massUpdatePools() public {
      uint256 length = poolInfo.length;
1487
      for (uint256 pid = 0; pid < length; ++pid) {</pre>
      updatePool(pid);
1489
```

## LOW

A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.4.0\*". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
pragma solidity >=0.4.0;
3
```

LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.4.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
187 | }
188 |
189 | pragma solidity >= 9.4.0 |
190 |
191 | interface IBEP20 {
```

## LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.6.2"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
284 }
285 |
286 | pragma solidity ^8.6.2|
287 |
288 | /**
```

## LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is ""^0.6.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
444 }
445
446 pragma solidity ^8.6.0,
447
```

LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.4.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
543 }
544
545 pragma solidity >= 0.4.0
546
547 /*
```

## LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.4.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
570 }

571

572 pragma solidity >= 0.4.0
```

## LOW A floating pragma is set.

SWC-103

The current pragma Solidity directive is "">=0.4.0"". It is recommended to specify a fixed compiler version to ensure that the bytecode produced does not vary between builds. This is especially important if you rely on bytecode-level verification of the code.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
644 }
645
646 pragma solidity >= 9.4.0
647
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1138  | returns (uint256)
1139  {
1140     require(blockNumber < block number, "SMR::getPriorVotes: not yet determined");
1141
1142     uint32 nCheckpoints = numCheckpoints[account];</pre>
```

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
internal

{

uint32 blockNumber = safe32(block number, "SMR::_writeCheckpoint: block number exceeds 32 bits");

if (nCheckpoints > 0 &6 checkpoints[delegatee][nCheckpoints - 1].fromBlock == blockNumber) {
```

LOW Po

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
// nb block before multiplier update (delayBlock) = (updateStartDate - now) / 3 seconds

// multiplier update start at block = delayBlock + actual block number

uint256 startUpdateAtBlock = (date * 1 seconds - now) / (3 * 1 seconds) + block number;

multiplierBlockUpdate.push(Multiplier(multiplierNumber, startUpdateAtBlock));

}
```

LOW

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
function checkForMultiplierUpdate() internal{
if (multiplierBlockUpdate.length > lastMultiplierUpdateIndex + 1){
if (block number >= multiplierBlockUpdate[lastMultiplierUpdateIndex + 1].startBlock){
lastMultiplierUpdateIndex = lastMultiplierUpdateIndex +1;
actualMultiplier = multiplierBlockUpdate[lastMultiplierUpdateIndex];
```

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
// Reduce emission rate by 3% every 9,600 blocks ~ 8hours

function updateEmissionRate() internal {

if(startBlock > 0 56 block.number <= startBlock){

return;

}
```

LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1484 | }

1485 |

1486 | uint256 currentIndex = block number.sub(startBlock).div(EMISSION_REDUCTION_PERIOD_BLOCKS);

1487 | if (currentIndex <= lastReductionPeriodIndex) {

return;
```

LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

SWC-120

The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
1445 | }

1446 | checkPoolDuplicate(_lpToken);

1447 | uint256 lastRewardBlock = block number > startBlock ? block.number : startBlock;

1448 | totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);

1449 | poolInfo.push(PoolInfo({
```

LOW Pote

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
uint256 accSmrPerShare = pool.accSmrPerShare;
uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
if (block number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);
uint256 smrReward = multiplier.mul(smrPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
```

LOW

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browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
if (block.number > pool.lastRewardBlock && lpSupply != 0) {
uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block number);
uint256 smrReward = multiplier.mul(smrPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
accSmrPerShare = accSmrPerShare.add(smrReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
```

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1498 |
1499 | PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
1500 | if (block number <= pool.lastRewardBlock) {
1501 | return;
1502 | }
```

LOW

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
uint256 lpSupply = pool.lpToken.balanceOf(address(this));
if (lpSupply == 0) {
    pool.lastRewardBlock = block number;
    return;
}
```

LOW

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
return;

1507

}

1508

uint256 multiplier = getMultiplier(pool.lastRewardBlock, block.number);

uint256 smrReward = multiplier.mul(smrPerBlock).mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);

smr.mint(devaddr, smrReward.div(10));
```

Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
smr.mint(address(this), smrReward);
pool.accSmrPerShare = pool.accSmrPerShare.add(smrReward.mul(1e12).div(lpSupply));
pool.lastRewardBlock = block number;
}
```

### LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

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The environment variable "block.number" looks like it might be used as a source of randomness. Note that the values of variables like coinbase, gaslimit, block number and timestamp are predictable and can be manipulated by a malicious miner. Also keep in mind that attackers know hashes of earlier blocks. Don't use any of those environment variables as sources of randomness and be aware that use of these variables introduces a certain level of trust into miners.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
function setStartRewardsDate(uint256 _startRewardsDate) public onlyOwner{

require(startBlock == 0 || startBlock < block number, "rewardsStartDate passed !");

require(_startRewardsDate * 1 seconds >= now, "");

startBlock = block.number.add((_startRewardsDate * 1 seconds - now).div(3 * 1 seconds));
```

## LOW Potential use of "block.number" as source of randonmness.

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Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
require(startBlock == 0 || startBlock < block.number, "rewardsStartDate passed !");
require(_startRewardsDate * 1 seconds >= now, "");
startBlock = block number.add((_startRewardsDate * 1 seconds - now).div(3 * 1 seconds));
}

1610
}
```

LOW L

Loop over unbounded data structure.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "sqrt" in contract "SafeMath" depends on the size of data structures or values that may grow unboundedly. If the data structure grows too large, the gas required to execute the code will exceed the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this condition on purpose.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
177 | z = y;

178 | uint256 x = y / 2 + 1;

179 | while (x < z) {

180 | z = x;

181 | x = (y / x + x) / 2;
```

LOW

Potentially unbounded data structure passed to builtin.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "delegateBySig" in contract "SmrToken" depends on the size of data structures that may grow unboundedly. Specifically the "1-st" argument to builtin "keccak256" may be able to grow unboundedly causing the builtin to consume more gas than the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this condition on purpose.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

Locations

```
1082    abi.encode(
1083    DOMAIN_TYPEHASH,
1084    keccak/256 bytes(name())),
1085    getChainId(),
1086    address(this)
```

LOW

Loop over unbounded data structure.

SWC-128

Gas consumption in function "getPriorVotes" in contract "SmrToken" depends on the size of data structures or values that may grow unboundedly. If the data structure grows too large, the gas required to execute the code will exceed the block gas limit, effectively causing a denial-of-service condition. Consider that an attacker might attempt to cause this condition on purpose.

Source file

browser/contracts/MasterSamurai.sol

```
uint32 lower = 0;

uint32 upper = nCheckpoints - 1;

while (upper > lower) {

uint32 center = upper - (upper - lower) / 2; // ceil, avoiding overflow

Checkpoint memory cp = checkpoints[account][center];
```