



1. A problem in elementary algebra is to decide if an expression containing several kinds of brackets, such as {}, [], is correctly bracketed. This is the case if -

- a) there are the same number of left and right brackets of each kind, and
- b) when a right bracket appears, the most recent preceding left bracket should be of the same type. For example:

[a + b - {c + d} x e] : correctly bracketed

[a + b - {c + d] x e] : not correct

Write a program that-

- a) Shows a message, "Enter an algebraic expression: " and lets the user type in an algebraic expression, ending with a carriage return, that contains each kind of brackets as stated above.
- b) As the expression is being typed in, the program evaluates each character. If the expression is typed correctly, the program displays "**Expression is correct**" and the program is terminated. If at any point the expression is incorrectly bracketed (mismatch between left and right bracket), the program terminates and shows a message "**Incorrect expression**".

Example 1	Example 2
<i>Enter an algebraic expression:</i> <i>[a + b - {c + a]</i> <i>Incorrect expression.</i>	<i>Enter an algebraic expression:</i> <i>[a + {b - c} x f] - h</i> <i>Expression is correct.</i>