

POSSESSION OF MOBILES IN EXAM IS UFM PRACTICE

Name of Student: .....  
Department: .....

Enrollment No. ....

BENNETT UNIVERSITY, GREATER NOIDA  
Supplementary Examination, July 2019

COURSE CODE : EMAT101L

MAX. DURATION: 2 Hours

COURSE NAME: Engineering Calculus

COURSE CREDIT: 3-1-0

MAX. MARKS: 100

Instructions:

- All questions are mandatory.

1. Show that

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x^2}\right)$  does not exist. [6]

(b)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$ . [6]

2. Show that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\cos n}{n} = 0$ . [8]

3. Check the convergence of the infinite series  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$ . [8]

4. Find all  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  for which the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n (x-1)^n}{2^n n^2}$  converges. [8]

5. Show that there is a root of the equation  $x^3 - x - 1 = 0$  between 1 and 2. [8]

6. Let  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy^2}{x^2+y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0), \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$$

Examine

(a) Continuity of  $f$  at  $(0, 0)$  [4]

(b) Existence of partial derivatives  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  at  $(0, 0)$  [4]

(c) Existence of the directional derivatives  $D_u f$  at  $(0, 0)$  along each unit vector  $u$ . [4]

(d) Differentiability of  $f$  at  $(0, 0)$  [4]

7. Check whether  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y)$  exists or not where [6]

$$f(x, y) = \left( 1 + \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, x \sin \frac{1}{y}, \frac{e^x \sin y}{y} \right).$$

8. Evaluate the following integral [6]

$$\int_0^{\ln 2} \int_1^{\ln 5} e^{2x} e^{2y} dy dx.$$

9. Find the critical points and their nature of the function [8]  
 $f(x, y) = 4(x - y)^2$ .

10. Use the transformation  $x + 2y = u$  and  $x - y = v$  to evaluate the integral [10]

$$\int_0^{2/3} \int_y^{2-2y} e^{(y-x)}(x + 2y) dx dy.$$

11. Let  $R = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ and } x^2 \leq y \leq x\}$ . Find the area of the region  $R$ . [10]