

EPHY105L: Electromagnetics (Summer Term 2022-23) Mid-term

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Question 1

Not yet answered

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Two positive charges Q_1 and Q_2 are placed at Cartesian coordinates $(-2,0,0)$ and $(+3,0,0)$ respectively. For the electrostatic field to be zero at the origin, the ratio $\frac{Q_2}{Q_1}$ must be

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{9}{4}$
- ☐ b. $\frac{4}{9}$
- ☐ c. $\frac{3}{2}$
- ☐ d. $\frac{2}{3}$

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Question 2

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Two points A and B are maintained at a potential of 7 V and -4 V respectively. The work done in moving 50 electrons from A to B is

Select one:

- ☐ a. $-8.80 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$
- ☐ b. $8.80 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$
- ☐ c. $4.40 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$
- ☐ d. $5.80 \times 10^{-17} \text{ J}$

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Question 3

Not yet answered

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100 joule of work is performed in carrying a charge of -5 coulomb from infinity to a particular point in an uniform electrostatic field. The potential of this point is

Select one:

- ☐ a. 5 V
- ☐ b. 100 V
- ☐ c. +20 V
- ☐ d. -20 V

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Question 4

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For the field $\vec{F} = (Cxy + z)\hat{x} + 3x^2y\hat{y} + xz\hat{z}$ to represent an electrostatic field the constant C equals

Select one:

- ☐ a. 0
- ☐ b. 1
- ☐ c. 6
- ☐ d. 3

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Question 5

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A ring of radius 'R' has a total charge +Q uniformly distributed on it. What are the electrostatic field (\vec{E}) and potential (V) at the center of the ring?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $|\vec{E}| = 0, V = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R}$
- ☐ b. $|\vec{E}| = 0, V = 0$
- ☐ c. $|\vec{E}| = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}, V = 0$
- ☐ d. $|\vec{E}| = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2}, V = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R}$

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Question 6

Not yet answered

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Two point charges $+Q$ and $-Q$ are placed at points with Cartesian coordinates $(1,0,0)$ and $(-1,0,0)$ respectively. The force on a charge $+Q$ kept at a point with coordinates $(0,1,0)$ will be

Select one:

- ☐ a. Along the $-y$ direction
- ☐ b. Along the $-x$ direction
- ☐ c. Along the $+y$ direction
- ☐ d. Along the $+x$ direction

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Question 7

Not yet answered

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A point charge of $-5\epsilon_0$ is located at the origin and a second point charge $+3\epsilon_0$ is placed at a point with coordinates $(2,2,0)$. The electrostatic flux passing through a sphere centred at the origin and of radius 2.5 (all distances are in meters) is

Select one:

- ☐ a. -2
- ☐ b. +2
- ☐ c. -5
- ☐ d. +5

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Question 8

Not yet answered

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A sphere of radius R carries a charge density given by $\rho(r) = \rho_0(1 - \frac{r^2}{R^2})$. What is the value of $\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E}$ at a point at a distance $\frac{R}{2}$ from the center?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{\rho_0}{2\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ b. Zero
- ☐ c. $\frac{\rho_0}{\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ d. $\frac{3\rho_0}{4\epsilon_0}$

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Question 9

Not yet answered

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Two positive point charges of $12\mu\text{C}$ and $8\mu\text{C}$ respectively are placed 10 cm apart in air. Find the work done to bring them 4 cm closer that, they are 6 cm apart. Given the value of Coulomb's constant $= 9 \times 10^9 \text{Nm}^2/(\text{Coulomb})^2$

Select one:

- ☐ a. 5.8 J
- ☐ b. 4.8 J
- ☐ c. zero
- ☐ d. 3.8 J

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Question 10

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What is the magnitude of the electrostatic field outside two oppositely charged plane sheets of charge density σ ?

Select one:

- ☐ a. $\frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ b. $\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ c. $-\frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0}$
- ☐ d. 0

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Question 11

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In a certain region of space the electrostatic potential is given by $V(x, y) = 2xy + 4y + 5y^2$. The electrostatic field will be zero at

Select one:

- ☐ a. $x=0, y=1/3$
- ☐ b. $x=-2, y=0$
- ☐ c. $x=+2, y=0$
- ☐ d. $x=0, y=0$

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Question 12

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Consider a uniformly charged sphere of radius R carrying a charge $+Q$. In such a case divergence of the electrostatic field produced by the sphere is

Select one:

- ☐ a. non zero everywhere
- ☐ b. zero everywhere
- ☐ c. zero inside the sphere and non zero outside the sphere
- ☐ d. zero outside the sphere and non zero inside the sphere