

# Loop Statements (for, while)

Statements	Syntax	Example	Meaning
while	while (Condition): statement(s)	count = 0 while (count < 3):     count = count+1     print("Hello Bennettians")	while loop is used for iterators
		Output:	
		Hello Bennettians	
		Hello Bennettians	
		Hello Bennettians	
for	for iterator_var in sequence:  statements(s)	<pre>I = ["bennett", "for", "bennettians"] for i in I:    print(i)  Output: bennett for bennettians</pre>	for can be used to iterate over iterators and a range.
range	for iterator_var in range(n):	for x in range(4): print(x)  output: 0	It returns a sequence of numbers, starting from 0 by default, and increments by 1

ECSE105L: Computational Thinking and Programming





		L	1, , , , , , ,
		1	(by default), and ends
		2	at a specified number.
nested-for	for iterator_var in	for i in range(1, 5):	Python programming
	sequence:	for j in range(i):	language allows to use for loop inside
	for iterator_var in sequence:	print(i, end=' ')	another for loop.
	statements(s)	print()	
	statements(s)	Output:	
		1	
		2 2	
		3 3 3	
		4 4 4 4	
nested-while	while expression:	i = 1	Python programming language allows to
	while expression:	j = 5	use while loop inside
	statement(s)	while i < 4:	another while loop.
	statement(s)	while j < 8:	
		print(i, ",", j)	
		j = j + 1	
		i = i + 1	
		O t t.	
		Output:	

ECSE105L: Computational Thinking and Programming



	I		I
		2,6	
		2 7	
		3,7	
Else in for loop	for iterator_var in	for x in range(6):	The else keyword in a
	sequence:	print(x)	for loop specifies a
	statements(s)	else:	block of code to be
	else	print("Finally finished!")	executed when the
	statements	Output:	loop is finished:
		0	
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	
		5	
		Finally finished!	
Else in while	While condition:	x=0	The else keyword in a
loop	statements(s)	y=6	while loop specifies a
·	else	while y>x:	block of code to be
	statements	print(x)	executed when the
		x=x+1	loop is finished:
		else:	'
		print("Finally	
		finished!")Output:	
		0	
		1	
		2	
		3	
		4	
		5	
		Finally finished!	
		i many minanca:	

# Control Statements (Continue, Break, Pass)

Statements	Example	Meaning
continue	for char in 'Pythn':	When the program encounters
	if (char == 'y'):	continue statement, it will skip the



	continue print("Current character: ", char)  Output: Current character: P Current character: t Current character: h Current character: n	statements which are present after the continue statement inside the loop and proceed with the next iterations.
break	for char in 'Python':     if (char == 'h'):         break     print("Current character: ",     char)  Output: Current character: P Current character: y Current character: t	The break statement is used to terminate the loop containing it, the control of the program will come out of that loop.
pass	for char in 'Python':  if (char == 'h'):  pass  print("Current character: ", char)  Output:  Current character: P  Current character: y  Current character: t  Current character: h  Current character: o  Current character: n	Pass statement is python is a null operation, which is used when the statement is required syntactically.



# 1. Predict the output:

```
j=1
while j<=10:
    print(j)
    j=j+1

2. Predict the output:
num = 10
while num > 6:
    print(num)
    num = num-1
else:
```

# 3. Predict the output

```
fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"]
for x in fruits:
print(x)
```

print("loop is finished")

#### 4. Predict the output:

```
for x in "apple":
    print(x)
```

# 5. Predict the output:

```
batch = ["eb10", "eb12", "eb14"]
for x in batch:
    print(x)
    if x == "eb12":
        break
```

# 6. Predict the output:

```
batch = ["eb20", "eb21", "eb22"]
for x in batch:
    if x == "eb21":
        continue
    print(x)
```

# 7. Predict the output:

```
for x in range(2, 6, 2):
  print(x)
```

# Tutorials on Loop, and Control Structure



- 8. A series has been provided (1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + ...), calculate the sum of first 5 numbers of the series using While loop.
- 9. Print the following pattern using for loop

10. Calculate the summation of first 10 numbers using while loop, where x is a user input and value is 2.

$$\frac{x-1}{x} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right)^3 + \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{x-1}{x}\right)^4 + \cdots$$

- 11. Create a list of 10 elements and check whether a number is available in the list using for loop.
- 12. Create a list of 10 elements and find out the minimum element using while loop.
- 13. Enter the string of your name and print the ASCII value of it.