

**POSSESSION OF MOBILE IN EXAMINATION IN UFM PRACTICE**

Name of Student ----- Enrolment No. -----

Department -----

**BENNETT UNIVERSITY, GREATER NOIDA**

**Mid Term Examination, FALL SEMESTER 2018-19**

COURSE CODE: **EPHY203L**

MAX. DURATION: **ONE HOURS**

COURSE NAME: **Electrodynamics**

COURSE CREDIT: **3-1-0**

MAX. MARKS: **30**

**Note:**

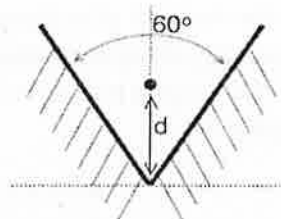
- This question paper contains **FOUR** questions.
- All the questions are compulsory.
- Marks of each question are indicated next to it.
- Rough work must be carried out at the back of the answer script.
- Do not **derive** an expression **unless explicitly asked** in the question. When the question is "Write an expression for ....", the derivation of the same is **NOT** required.
- Please write precisely and neatly. Please make clear diagram wherever required.
- Use of calculator is allowed.

1. a) Describe specifically the Maxwell's contribution in the Maxwell equations. 3 Marks

b) Which statement is incorrect expression for  $\vec{E}$  and  $\vec{B}$  field at the boundary 2 Marks

- i.  $E_{above}^{\perp} - E_{below}^{\perp} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$
- ii.  $E_{above}^{\parallel} - E_{below}^{\parallel} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$
- iii.  $B_{above}^{\perp} - B_{below}^{\perp} = 0$
- iv.  $B_{above}^{\parallel} - B_{below}^{\parallel} = \mu_0 K$

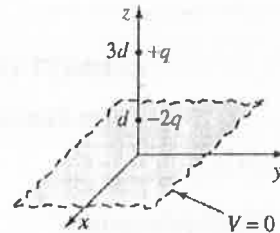
2. a) Two grounded semi-infinite conducting planes meet at angle of  $60^\circ$  between them as shown below. A charge  $q$  is placed at a point midway between these planes at a distance  $d$  from their line of intersection.





Obtain the image charges (other than the real charge  $q$ ) and their locations to satisfy the boundary conditions (Just draw this arrangement). 4 Marks

- b) Find the force on charge  $+q$  in the following arrangement. Shaded area (in the  $x$ - $y$  plane) shown in the figure is grounded 2-d infinite conducting plane. 4 Marks



- c) A one-dimensional wire of 5.0 meter is maintained at  $V = 4.0$  volt and one end and  $V = 0$  volt at another end. Obtain the expression for the potential variation within the wire. 2 Marks

3. The general solution of Laplace equation for potential  $V$  in spherical polar coordinate system with azimuthal symmetry is given as

$$V(r, \theta) = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \left( A_l r^l + \frac{B_l}{r^{l+1}} \right) P_l(\cos \theta),$$

where  $P_l(x)$  are Legendre polynomials, which can be obtained using Rodrigues formula:

$$P_l(x) = \frac{1}{2^l l!} \frac{d^l}{dx^l} (x^2 - 1)^l.$$

These Legendre polynomials also satisfy following orthonormality condition:

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_l(x) P_{l'}(x) dx = 0 \quad \text{if } l' \neq l$$

$$= \frac{2}{2l+1} \quad \text{if } l' = l$$

- a) Specify the conditions on coefficients  $A_l$  and  $B_l$  for potential *inside* and *outside* the hollow sphere. 2 Marks

- b) Now consider a hollow sphere of radius  $R$  with the potential on the surface is specified as 6 Marks

$$V_0(\theta) = \frac{k}{2} (1 - \cos \theta).$$

Obtain the potential inside the hollow sphere.

4. a) In the method of images, induced surface charge density on a 2-d grounded infinite conducting plane (lying in the  $x$ - $y$  plane) due to point charge  $q$  placed at a distance  $d$  from the plane (in  $z$ -direction) is given as 4 Marks

$$\sigma(x, y) = - \frac{qd}{2\pi(x^2 + y^2 + d^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

Obtain the total induced charge on the plane.

- b) A thick spherical shell (inner and outer radius  $a$  and  $b$ , respectively) carries charge density as 3 Marks

$$\rho(r) = \frac{k}{r} \quad (a \leq r \leq b).$$

Find the electric field within the shell. Also find the total charge enclosed within the shell.

.....Paper Ends.....

