

Experiment-7

Magnetic Field and Biot - Savart Law

- * AIM: i) Calculation of magnetic field along the axis of a circular current carrying coil using the tangent law of magnetism and
ii) Determination of radius of the current carrying coil from Biot - Savart law.

- * APPARATUS REQUIRED: Circular coil, Compass, Ammeter, Rheostat, Commutator, Cell, Key, Connection wires etc.
The purpose of the commutator is to allow the current to be reversed only in the coil while flowing in the same direction in the rest of the circuit.

* FORMULAS USED:

$$B_x = \frac{\mu_0 n I r^2}{2(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}}$$

Here, r = radius of the coil (m)

n = number of turns in the coil

I = current passing through the coil (A)

x = distance of the point (magnetometer) from the centre of the coil along its axis (m)

$$B_x = B_0 \tan \theta$$



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* OBSERVATIONS# Table 1 $r = 5 \text{ cm}, \quad I = 0.500 \text{ A} \quad B_0 = 3.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$ $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$

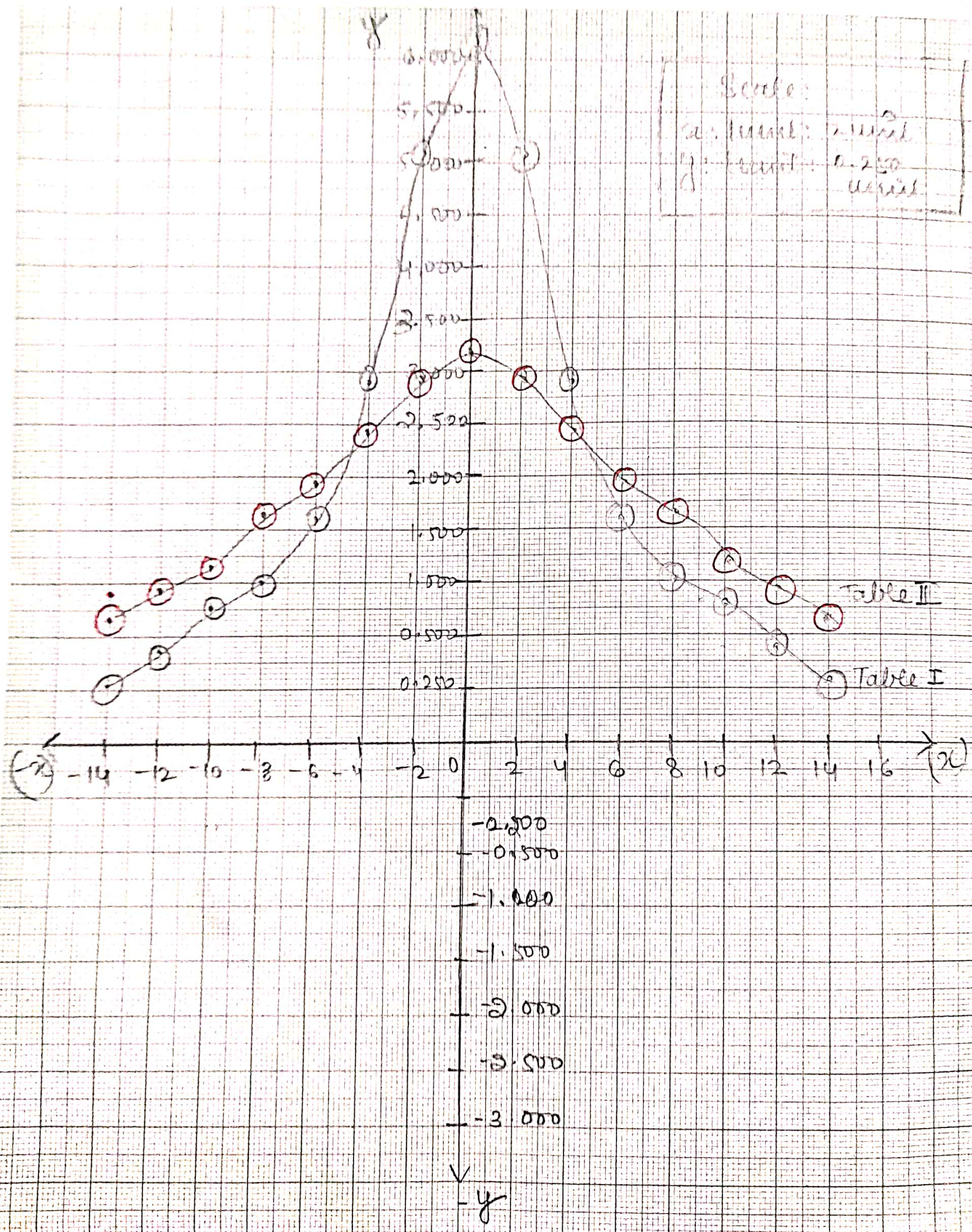
Point of		Direct Current		Reversed Current		Mean	$\tan \theta$	$B_x =$
Compass (cm)		θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4	(θ)		$B_0 \times \tan \theta$
								($\times 10^5 \text{ T}$)
Left Side	-14	4	5	3	5	4.25	0.074	0.259
	-12	5	6	5	6	5.5	0.096	0.336
	-10	9	10	10	11	9.75	0.171	0.571
	-8	15	16	15	16	15.5	0.277	0.969
	-6	25	26	25	25	25.25	0.471	1.648
	-4	40	41	39	40	40	0.839	2.936
Center	-2	55	56	55	56	55.5	1.455	5.092
	0	61	62	62	61	61	1.804	6.314
	2	55	56	55	55	55.25	1.441	5.043
	4	40	41	39	40	40	0.839	2.936
Right Side	6	25	26	25	25	25.25	0.471	1.648
	8	15	16	15	16	15.5	0.277	0.969
	10	9	10	10	11	9.75	0.171	0.571
	12	5	6	5	6	5.5	0.096	0.336
	14	4	5	3	5	4.25	0.074	0.259



Table 2

$$r = 10 \text{ cm} \quad I = 0.500 \text{ A} \quad B_0 = 3.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T} \quad \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ H/m}$$

Point of Compass (cm)	Direct Current		Reversed Current		Mean (θ)	$\tan \theta$	$B_x =$ $B_0 \times \tan \theta$ ($\times 10^{-5} \text{T}$)	
	θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4				
Left side	-14	9	10	10	11	9.75	0.171	0.598
	-12	13	14	13	14	13.5	0.240	0.840
	-10	17	18	17	18	17.5	0.315	1.102
	-8	23	24	23	24	23.5	0.434	1.519
	-6	29	30	29	30	29.5	0.565	1.808
	-4	35	36	35	36	35.5	0.713	2.495
Center	-2	40	41	40	40	40.25	0.846	2.961
	0	41	43	42	43	42.25	0.908	3.178
	2	40	41	40	40	40.25	0.846	2.961
	4	35	36	35	36	35.5	0.713	2.495
	6	29	30	29	30	29.5	0.565	1.808
	8	23	24	23	24	23.5	0.434	1.519
Right side	10	17	18	17	18	17.5	0.315	1.102
	12	13	14	13	14	13.5	0.240	0.840
	14	9	10	10	11	9.75	0.171	0.598





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$$\star \star \quad B_x = r = \frac{\mu_0 n I r^2}{2(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$B_x = 0 = \frac{\mu_0 n I r^2}{2(0 - r^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{B_x = 1}{B_x = 0} = \frac{\mu_0 n I r^2}{2(x^2 + r^2)^{3/2}} = \left(\frac{x^2}{2x^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 n I r^2}{2(r^2)^{3/2}} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{3/2} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}}$$