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Started on Wednesday, 3 March 2021, 9:01 AM

State Finished

Completed on Wednesday, 3 March 2021, 10:50 AM

Time taken 1 hour 48 mins

Grade 18.20 out of 35.00 (52%)

Question 1

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A straight cylindrical rod with circular cross section and radius R is magnetized parallel to its axis with a magnetization given by $\vec{M}=M_0\hat{z}$. The bound surface current on the cylindrical surface of the rod will be

Select one:

- a. Along the z-direction parallel to the magnetization X
- b. Along the -z direction opposite to the direction of magnetization
- c. Zero
- d. Along the azimuthal direction

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: Along the azimuthal direction

Question $\bf 2$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

A dielectric sphere of radius R and dielectric constant K carries a uniform polarization given by $\vec{P}=-P_0\hat{k}$. In this case the bound surface charge density on the surface of the sphere is

Select one:

- a. Non zero and uniform on the surface of the sphere
- lacksquare b. Non zero and negative for z>0 and positive for z<0



- c. Zero on the surface of the sphere
- igcup d. Non zero and positive for z>0 and positive for z<0

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Non zero and negative for z>0 and positive for z<0

${\tt Question}\, {\tt 3}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

The $ec{E}$ and $ec{B}$ fields in electromagnetic waves are oriented

Select one:

- a. perpendicular to the wave's direction of travel, and also to each other 🗸
- b. parallel to the wave's direction of travel, and perpendicular to each other
- c. parallel to the wave's direction of travel, as well as to each other
- d. perpendicular to the wave's direction of travel, and parallel to each other

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: perpendicular to the wave's direction of travel, and also to each other

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

. A metallic shell with inner and outer radius R_1 and R_2 respectively, has a point charge q kept inside the cavity. The resultant electric field in the region $R_1 < r < R_2$ (where, r is the distance from the center of the sphere) is

Select one:

- a. Constant and non-zero
- b. None of the options
- 🌒 c. Zero 🧹
- igcup d. Dependent on $\it r$

Your answer is correct.

${\tt Question}\, {\bm 5}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

Consider a straight cylindrical region of thickness (b-a) and having a circular cross section between inner radius a and outer radius b. A current I flows with a uniform current density through the cross section of the cylinder. The value of $\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}$ will be

Select one:

lacksquare a. Non-zero in the region a < r < b and zero everywhere else

- igcup b. Zero in the region 0 < r < a and non zero everywhere else
- ullet c. Zero in the region $b < r < \infty$ and non zero everywhere else
- d. Zero everywhere

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: Non-zero in the region a < r < b and zero everywhere else

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A point charge q is placed at geometrical centre of one of the face of a cube. The total flux through the cube due to this charge is

Select one:

- \bigcirc a. $rac{2q}{\epsilon_0}$
- o b. 0
- \sim c. $\frac{q}{2\epsilon_0}$
- \bigcirc d. $\frac{q}{\epsilon_0}$



Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: $\frac{q}{2\epsilon_0}$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A point charge Q is placed at the center of a dielectric spherical shell of inner radius R and outer radius 2R. The dielectric constant of the spherical shell is K. The region r>2R is free space. The bound surface charge densities on the inner and outer surfaces are

Select one:

- a. Larger at the inner surface and smaller at the outer surface
- b. Both zero
- c. Equal X
- d. Larger at the outer surface and smaller at the inner surface

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: Larger at the inner surface and smaller at the outer surface

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A sphere of radius R carries uniform polarization $\vec{P}=k\vec{r}$, where, k is a constant. The electric field outside the sphere due to the polarized sphere will be given by

Select one:

- \bigcirc a. $\frac{kR^3}{r^2}\acute{r}$
- $igcup b. rac{kR^3}{\epsilon r^2} \hat{r}$
- O C. 0
- o d. $\frac{kR^3}{\epsilon_0 r^2}$



Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: 0

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A point charge Q is placed at the center of a dielectric sphere of radius R and dielectric constant K. The value of $\vec{\nabla}$. \vec{D} at a distance r>R/2 will be equal to

Select one:

 $igcap a. rac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0(rac{R}{2})^2}$



- ob. Zero
- \circ c. $\frac{\zeta}{\epsilon_0}$
- O d. $\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon}$

Your answer is incorrect.

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

We have two diploles $\overset{
ightarrow}{P_1}=p_1\hat{z}$ at the origin and $\overset{
ightarrow}{P_2}=p_2\hat{y}$ at point (0,r,0). Find the electric field of $\overset{
ightarrow}{P_1}$ on $\overset{
ightarrow}{P_2}$.

Select one:

 $igcolon a. -rac{p_1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}\hat{ heta}$



- ob. $rac{p_1}{2\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}\hat{r}$ c. $-rac{p_1}{2\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}\hat{r}$ d. $rac{p_1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}\hat{ heta}$

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: $rac{p_1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^3}\hat{ heta}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

Two metal plates form a parallel plate capacitor. The distance between the plates is d. A metal sheet of thickness d/2 and of the same area is introduced between the plates. What is the ratio of the capacitance in the two cases?

Select one:

- a. 5:1
- b. 4:1
- c. 3:1
- d. 2:1 🗸

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 2:1

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A thick spherical shell with inner and outer radius a and b respectively, is made up of a dielectric material with polarization $\vec{P}=rac{k}{r}\hat{r}$. Here, k is a constant and r is the distance from the center. The bound surface charges at r=a and r=b will respectively be given by

Select one:

- o a. $-\frac{k}{a}$, $-\frac{k}{b}$
- \bigcirc b. $0,rac{k}{b}$
- \bigcirc c. $-\frac{k}{a}, \frac{k}{b}$
- \bigcirc d. $\frac{k}{a}$,



Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: $-\frac{k}{a}, \frac{k}{b}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

In a certain region of space the electrostatic potential is given by $V(x,y)=2xy+4y+5y^2$. The electric field will be zero at

Select one:

- igcap a. x=+2,y=0
- $igcup b. \ x=0, y=0$
- \bigcirc c. $x=0,y=-rac{1}{3}$
- lacksquare d. x=-2,y=0



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: x=-2, y=0

Question 14 Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

The electric potential V at any point O (x, y, z all in metres) in space is given by $V=4x^2$ volt. The electric field at the point (1 m, 0 m, 2 m) in volt/metre is

Select one:

- a. 16 along negative x-axis
- b. 8 along negative x-axis
- c. 8 along positive x-axis
- d. 16 along positive z-axis

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: 8 along negative x-axis

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

In the region $R_1 < r < R_2$ expressed in spherical polar coordinate system, the displacement vector is given by $\vec{D} = \frac{c}{r^2} \hat{r}$. In this region

Select one:

- a. There are uniformly distributed negative free charges
- b. There are uniformly distributed positive free charges
- c. There are no free charges
- d. There is positive free charge density depending on distance from the origin X

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: There are no free charges

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

An infinite solenoid has in turns per unit length and carries current I. It is filled with linear material of susceptibility χ_m . The magnetic field \vec{B} inside the solenoid will be

Select one:

- \bigcirc a. $\mu_0(1+\chi_m)I\hat{k}$
- \bigcirc b. $\mu_0 \chi_m n I \hat{k}$
- \bigcirc c. $\mu_0 \chi_m I \hat{k}$
- $_{\odot}$ d. $\mu_{0}(1+\chi_{m})nI\hat{k}$



Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\mu_0(1+\chi_m)n\hat{Ik}$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A long cylindrical rod of radius R has uniform magnetization $M_0\hat{k}$ parallel to its axis. There are no free currents. The magnetic field inside and outside the rod are respectively

Select one:

- a. $0, \mu_0 M_0 \hat{\phi}$
- b. $\mu_0 M_0 \hat{\phi}, 0$



- c. $\mu_0 M_0 \hat{k}, 0$ d. $0, \mu_0 M_0 \hat{k}$

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: $\mu_0 M_0 \hat{k}, 0$

Question 18A square loop of wire having a length of 10 cm is kept in a time varying magnetic field B = 2t. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the loop. The magnitude of the induced emf will beMark 0.00 out of 1.40Select one: a. 2.5 mV

Your answer is incorrect.

b. 1.25 mV

c. 20 mV 💢

d. 12.5 V

The correct answer is: 1.25 mV

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

A current of 1 Ampere passes through a straight wire of length 2 metres. The magnetic field at a point along the axis of the wire at a distance of 3 metres from either end of the wire is given by

Select one:

- a. $\frac{\mu_0}{12\pi}$
- \bigcirc b. $\frac{\mu_0}{6\pi}$
- o c. Zero ✓
- O d. $\frac{\mu_0}{47}$

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

An infinitely long thin straight wire carries a current I along the z-direction. The magnetic flux passing through a circular path of radius R and having the wire as the center and lying in the plane (x-y plane) perpendicular to the wire will be

Select one:

- a. Zero
- \bigcirc b. $\mu_0 I \pi R^2$
- \bigcirc c. $rac{1}{2}\mu_0IR$
- $igcup d.\, \mu_0 I$

Your answer is correct.

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

An infinitely long cylindrical wire of radius R lying parallel to the z-axis carries a uniform current I distributed uniformly across its cross section. The magnetic field inside the cylinder at a distance r from the axis will be

Select one:

a. $\frac{\mu_0 Ir}{2\pi R^2} \dot{q}$



- $igcup b. rac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}$
- \sim c. $\frac{\mu_0 IR}{2\pi r^2} \dot{q}$
- O d. $\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \dot{q}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $rac{\mu_0 Ir}{2\pi R^2}\hat{\phi}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

Consider a straight cylindrical region of thickness (b-a) and having a circular cross section between inner radius a and outer radius b. . A current I flows uniformly through the cross section of the cylinder. The value of $\vec{
abla} imes \vec{B}$ at a distance $rac{a+b}{2}$ from the axis of the cylinder would be

Select one:

a. $\mu_0 rac{I}{\pi(b^2-a^2)}$



- o b. $\mu_0 I$ c. $\mu_0 \frac{I}{\pi (b-a)^2}$ d. $\mu_0 \frac{I}{\pi b^2}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\mu_0 \frac{I}{\pi(b^2-a^2)}$

Correct

Mark 1.40 out of

1.40

A cylindrical conductor of inner and outer radius a and b respectively carries a current I, distributed uniformly across its cross section.

The current density J will be

Select one:

- \bigcirc a. $\frac{I}{\pi(b^2+a^2)}$
- b. $\frac{I}{\pi(b^2-a^2)}$

~

- \bigcirc c. $\frac{I}{\pi a^2}$
- O d. $\frac{I}{\pi b}$

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is: $\frac{I}{\pi(b^2-a^2)}$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

An infinitely long straight wire made of copper (having magnetic susceptibility of χ_m) and of radius R carries a current I which is uniformly distributed across its cross section. The value of $\oint \vec{H} \cdot d\vec{l}$ over a circular path of radius 2R and perpendicular to the wire and with its center coinciding with the axis of the wire is equal to

Select one:

- a. $\mu_0 I$



- igodots b. $\mu_0(1+\chi_m)I$
- c. Zero
- igcup d. I

Your answer is incorrect.

The correct answer is: ${\it I}$

Incorrect

Mark 0.00 out of

1.40

A circular conducting loop of radius R carries a current I. The magnetic flux through a sphere of radius 2R with its center coinciding with the center of the current loop will be

Select one:

- igcup a. $4\pi R^2 I$
- lacksquare b. $\mu_0 I$



- c. Zero
- \bigcirc d. $16\pi R^2 I$

Your answer is incorrect.