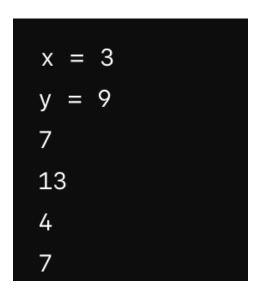
#### 15B17Cl371 – Data Structures Lab

#### ODD 2024 Week 2-LAB A Practice Lab

1.



#### **Dry Run**

#### 1. Initial State

- stack is empty.
- $\bullet$  x = 4
- y = 0

#### 2. Operations

```
    stack.push(7);

            Stack: [7]

    stack.push(x); (x is 4)

            Stack: [7, 4]

    stack.push(x + 5); (x + 5 is 4 + 5 = 9)

            Stack: [7, 4, 9]

    y = stack.top();
```

```
o y is assigned the top value of the stack, which is 9.
      o Stack: [7, 4, 9]
      \circ y = 9
5. stack.pop();
      • Removes the top value (9).
      o Stack: [7, 4]
6. stack.push(x + y); (x + y is 4 + 9 = 13)
      o Stack: [7, 4, 13]
7. stack.push(y - 2); (y - 2 is 9 - 2 = 7)
      o Stack: [7, 4, 13, 7]
8. stack.push(3);
      o Stack: [7, 4, 13, 7, 3]
9. x = stack.top();
      o x is assigned the top value of the stack, which is 3.
      o Stack: [7, 4, 13, 7, 3]
      \circ x = 3
10. stack.pop();
      o Removes the top value (3).
      o Stack: [7, 4, 13, 7]
```

#### 2.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAX_SIZE = 100;
struct Stack {
  int data[MAX_SIZE];
  int top:
  Stack(): top(-1) {}
  void push(int value) {
     if (top < MAX SIZE - 1) {
       data[++top] = value;
    } else {
       cout << "Stack overflow" << endl;
     }
  }
  void pop() {
     if (top >= 0) {
       --top;
    } else {
```

```
cout << "Stack underflow" << endl;
     }
  }
  int peek() const {
     if (top >= 0) {
        return data[top];
     }
     return -1; // Sentinel value indicating empty stack
  bool isEmpty() const {
     return top == -1;
  }
};
void printPrimeFactors(int n) {
  Stack stack;
  while (n \% 2 == 0) \{
     stack.push(2);
     n = 2;
  for (int i = 3; i * i <= n; i += 2) {
     while (n \% i == 0) {
       stack.push(i);
        n = i;
     }
  if (n > 2) {
     stack.push(n);
  while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
     cout << stack.peek() << " ";
     stack.pop();
  }
  cout << endl;
}
int main() {
  int number;
  cout << "Enter a positive integer: ";
  cin >> number;
  if (number \leq 0) {
     cout << "Please enter a positive integer." << endl;
     return 1;
  }
  cout << "Prime factors in descending order: ";
  printPrimeFactors(number);
  return 0;
}
```

## Enter a positive integer: 100 Prime factors in descending order: 5 5 2 2

```
3.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAX_SIZE = 100;
struct Stack {
  int data[MAX_SIZE];
  int top;
  Stack(): top(-1) {}
  void push(int value) {
     if (top < MAX_SIZE - 1) {
       data[++top] = value;
     } else {
       cout << "Stack overflow" << endl;
  }
  void pop() {
     if (top >= 0) {
       --top;
     } else {
       cout << "Stack underflow" << endl;
  }
  int peek() const {
     if (top >= 0) {
       return data[top];
     }
     return -1;
  }
  bool isEmpty() const {
     return top == -1;
  }
```

```
int size() const {
     return top + 1;
  }
};
void splitStack(const Stack& original, Stack& bottomHalf, Stack& topHalf) {
  int totalSize = original.size();
  int halfSize = totalSize / 2;
  int count = 0;
  Stack tempStack;
  Stack reversedStack = original;
  while (!reversedStack.isEmpty()) {
     tempStack.push(reversedStack.peek());
     reversedStack.pop();
  }
  while (!tempStack.isEmpty()) {
     if (count < halfSize) {</pre>
       bottomHalf.push(tempStack.peek());
     } else {
       topHalf.push(tempStack.peek());
     tempStack.pop();
     count++;
  }
}
void combineStacks(Stack& stack1, Stack& stack2) {
  Stack tempStack;
  while (!stack1.isEmpty()) {
     tempStack.push(stack1.peek());
     stack1.pop();
  }
  while (!stack2.isEmpty()) {
     stack1.push(stack2.peek());
     stack2.pop();
  }
  while (!tempStack.isEmpty()) {
```

```
stack1.push(tempStack.peek());
     tempStack.pop();
  }
}
void printStack(const Stack& stack) {
  Stack tempStack = stack;
  while (!tempStack.isEmpty()) {
     cout << tempStack.peek() << " ";</pre>
     tempStack.pop();
  }
  cout << endl;
}
int main() {
  Stack originalStack;
  for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i \le 10; i \le 10) {
     originalStack.push(i);
  }
  Stack bottomHalf, topHalf;
  splitStack(originalStack, bottomHalf, topHalf);
  cout << "Bottom half: ";
  printStack(bottomHalf);
  cout << "Top half: ";
  printStack(topHalf);
  Stack stack1, stack2;
  for (int i = 11; i \le 15; ++i) {
     stack1.push(i);
  for (int i = 16; i \le 20; ++i) {
     stack2.push(i);
  }
  cout << "Stack 1 before combine: ";
  printStack(stack1);
  cout << "Stack 2 before combine: ";
  printStack(stack2);
  combineStacks(stack1, stack2);
```

```
cout << "Stack 1 after combine: ";
printStack(stack1);

return 0;
}

Bottom half: 5 4 3 2 1
Top half: 10 9 8 7 6
Stack 1 before combine: 15 14 13 12 11
Stack 2 before combine: 20 19 18 17 16
Stack 1 after combine: 15 14 13 12 11 16 17 18 19 20

4.
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
const int MAX_SIZE = 100;
```

struct Stack {

int top;

int data[MAX\_SIZE];

Stack(): top(-1) {}

} else {

void pop() {

if (top >= 0) {
 --top;
} else {

}

}

void push(int value) {

if (top < MAX\_SIZE - 1) {
 data[++top] = value;</pre>

cout << "Stack overflow" << endl;</pre>

cout << "Stack underflow" << endl;</pre>

```
int peek() const {
     if (top >= 0) {
       return data[top];
     return -1; // Sentinel value indicating empty stack
  }
  bool isEmpty() const {
     return top == -1;
  }
};
void convertToBase(int number, int base) {
  if (base < 2 || base > 9) {
     cout << "Base must be between 2 and 9." << endl;
     return;
  }
  Stack stack;
  // Special case for zero
  if (number == 0) {
     cout << "0" << endl;
     return;
  }
  // Convert number to the specified base
  while (number > 0) {
     stack.push(number % base);
     number /= base;
  }
  // Print the result
  while (!stack.isEmpty()) {
     cout << stack.peek();</pre>
     stack.pop();
  }
  cout << endl;
}
int main() {
  int number, base;
  cout << "Enter a positive integer: ";
```

```
cin >> number;

cout << "Enter the base (2 to 9): ";
cin >> base;

if (number < 0) {
   cout << "Please enter a positive integer." << endl;
   return 1;
}

convertToBase(number, base);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

# Enter a positive integer: 4 Enter the base (2 to 9): 2 100

5.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
#include <cctype>

using namespace std;

const int MAX_SIZE = 100;

struct Stack {
   char data[MAX_SIZE];
   int top;
```

```
Stack(): top(-1) {}
   void push(char value) {
     if (top < MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        data[++top] = value;
     } else {
        cout << "Stack overflow" << endl;
     }
  }
   char pop() {
     if (top >= 0) {
        return data[top--];
     cout << "Stack underflow" << endl;
     return '\0'; // Return null character to indicate error
  }
   char peek() const {
     if (top >= 0) {
        return data[top];
     return '\0'; // Return null character if stack is empty
  }
   bool isEmpty() const {
     return top == -1;
  }
};
int precedence(char op) {
   switch (op) {
     case '+':
     case '-':
        return 1;
     case '*':
     case '/':
        return 2;
     case '^':
        return 3;
     default:
        return 0;
  }
}
```

```
bool isOperator(char c) {
  return (c == '+' || c == '-' || c == '*' || c == '\' || c == '\');
}
void infixToPostfix(const char* infix, char* postfix) {
  Stack operators;
  int index = 0;
  for (int i = 0; infix[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
     char c = infix[i];
     if (isdigit(c)) {
        postfix[index++] = c;
     } else if (c == '(') {
        operators.push(c);
     } else if (c == ')') {
        while (!operators.isEmpty() && operators.peek() != '(') {
           postfix[index++] = operators.pop();
        }
        operators.pop(); // Remove '(' from the stack
     } else if (isOperator(c)) {
        while (!operators.isEmpty() && precedence(operators.peek()) >= precedence(c)) {
           postfix[index++] = operators.pop();
        }
        operators.push(c);
  }
  while (!operators.isEmpty()) {
     postfix[index++] = operators.pop();
  }
  postfix[index] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the postfix expression
}
void reverseString(char* str) {
  int length = strlen(str);
  for (int i = 0; i < length / 2; ++i) {
     char temp = str[i];
     str[i] = str[length - i - 1];
     str[length - i - 1] = temp;
  }
}
```

```
void postfixToPrefix(const char* postfix, char* prefix) {
  Stack st;
  int length = strlen(postfix);
  for (int i = 0; i < length; ++i) {
     char c = postfix[i];
     if (isdigit(c)) {
        st.push(c);
     } else if (isOperator(c)) {
        char op1 = st.pop();
        char op2 = st.pop();
        prefix[0] = c;
        prefix[1] = op2;
        prefix[2] = op1;
        prefix[3] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the prefix expression
        for (int j = 0; prefix[j] != '\0'; ++j) {
           st.push(prefix[j]);
        }
     }
  }
  int prefixIndex = 0;
  while (!st.isEmpty()) {
     prefix[prefixIndex++] = st.pop();
  }
  prefix[prefixIndex] = '\0';
  reverseString(prefix); // Reverse the prefix to get correct order
}
void prefixToPostfix(const char* prefix, char* postfix) {
  Stack st:
  int length = strlen(prefix);
  for (int i = length - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
     char c = prefix[i];
     if (isdigit(c)) {
        st.push(c);
     } else if (isOperator(c)) {
        char op1 = st.pop();
        char op2 = st.pop();
        postfix[0] = op1;
        postfix[1] = op2;
        postfix[2] = c;
        postfix[3] = '\0'; // Null-terminate the postfix expression
```

```
for (int j = 0; postfix[j] != '\0'; ++j) {
           st.push(postfix[j]);
        }
     }
  }
  int postfixIndex = 0;
  while (!st.isEmpty()) {
     postfix[postfixIndex++] = st.pop();
  }
  postfix[postfixIndex] = '\0';
}
int evaluatePostfix(const char* postfix) {
  Stack st:
  int length = strlen(postfix);
  for (int i = 0; i < length; ++i) {
     char c = postfix[i];
     if (isdigit(c)) {
        st.push(c - '0');
     } else if (isOperator(c)) {
        int val2 = st.pop();
        int val1 = st.pop();
        switch (c) {
           case '+': st.push(val1 + val2); break;
           case '-': st.push(val1 - val2); break;
           case '*': st.push(val1 * val2); break;
           case '/': st.push(val1 / val2); break;
        }
     }
  }
  return st.pop();
}
int main() {
  char infix[] = (4+9*6)-((8-6)/2*4)*9/3";
  char postfix[MAX_SIZE];
  char prefix[MAX_SIZE];
  infixToPostfix(infix, postfix);
  cout << "Postfix: " << postfix << endl;
```

```
postfixToPrefix(postfix, prefix);
cout << "Prefix: " << prefix << endl;

char postfixFromPrefix[MAX_SIZE];
prefixToPostfix(prefix, postfixFromPrefix);
cout << "Postfix from Prefix: " << postfixFromPrefix << endl;

int result = evaluatePostfix(postfix);
cout << "Evaluation of Postfix: " << result << endl;

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Postfix: 496*+86-2/4*9*3/-

<u>Prefix</u>: 4*+96-8/6*2*4/-93

Postfix from Prefix: 4*6+9-/8*6*2/43-9

Evaluation of Postfix: 46
```

6.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;

const int MAX_SIZE = 100;

struct Stack {
   char data[MAX_SIZE];
   int top;

   Stack() : top(-1) {}

   void push(char value) {
     if (top < MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        data[++top] = value;
     } else {
        cout << "Stack overflow" << endl;
     }
}</pre>
```

```
}
  char pop() {
     if (top >= 0) {
        return data[top--];
     cout << "Stack underflow" << endl;
     return '\0'; // Return null character to indicate error
  }
  char peek() const {
     if (top >= 0) {
        return data[top];
     return '\0'; // Return null character if stack is empty
  }
  bool isEmpty() const {
     return top == -1;
  }
};
bool isOpeningSymbol(char c) {
  return (c == '(' || c == '[' || c == '{'});
}
bool isClosingSymbol(char c) {
  return (c == ')' || c == ']' || c == '}');
}
bool isMatchingPair(char opening, char closing) {
  return (opening == '(' && closing == ')') ||
       (opening == '[' && closing == ']') ||
       (opening == '{' && closing == '}');
}
bool areSymbolsBalanced(const char* expression) {
  Stack stack;
  for (int i = 0; expression[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
     char c = expression[i];
     if (isOpeningSymbol(c)) {
        stack.push(c);
     } else if (isClosingSymbol(c)) {
```

```
if (stack.isEmpty() || !isMatchingPair(stack.pop(), c)) {
          return false; // Mismatch or unbalanced closing symbol
       }
    }
  }
  return stack.isEmpty(); // If stack is empty, symbols are balanced
}
int main() {
  const int MAX LENGTH = 100;
  char expression[MAX_LENGTH];
  cout << "Enter an expression with symbols (parentheses, brackets, braces): ";
  cin.getline(expression, MAX LENGTH);
  if (areSymbolsBalanced(expression)) {
     cout << "The symbols are balanced." << endl;
  } else {
     cout << "The symbols are not balanced." << endl;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Enter an expression with symbols (parentheses, brackets, braces):  $(4+5)*8/1+((3/1)-1)+\{\}$ The symbols are balanced.

```
7.
#include <iostream>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
const int MAX_SIZE = 100;
struct Queue {
    char data[MAX_SIZE];
    int front, rear, size;
    Queue() : front(0), rear(0), size(0) {}
    void enqueue(char value) {
        if (size < MAX_SIZE) {
            data[rear] = value;
```

```
rear = (rear + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
       size++;
     } else {
       cout << "Queue overflow" << endl;
     }
  }
  char dequeue() {
     if (size > 0) {
       char value = data[front];
       front = (front + 1) % MAX_SIZE;
       size--;
       return value;
     cout << "Queue underflow" << endl;
     return '\0';
  bool isEmpty() const {
     return size == 0;
  char peek() const {
     if (size > 0) {
       return data[front];
     }
     return '\0';
  }
};
void compressText(const char* input, char* output) {
  Queue queue;
  int index = 0;
  for (int i = 0; input[i] != '\0'; ++i) {
     if (input[i] != ' ') {
       queue.enqueue(input[i]);
    }
  }
  while (!queue.isEmpty()) {
     char currentChar = queue.dequeue();
     int count = 1;
     while (!queue.isEmpty() && queue.peek() == currentChar) {
       queue.dequeue();
       count++;
     }
     output[index++] = currentChar;
     if (count > 1) {
       output[index++] = count + '0';
     }
  output[index] = '\0';
```

```
}
int main() {
    const int MAX_LENGTH = 100;
    char input[MAX_LENGTH];
    char output[MAX_LENGTH];
    cout << "Enter the text to compress: ";
    cin.getline(input, MAX_LENGTH);
    compressText(input, output);
    cout << "Compressed text: " << output << endl;
    return 0;
}
</pre>
```

### Enter the text to compress: daddddfff gggfgstWte Compressed text: dad4f3g3fgstWte

```
8.
#include <iostream>
#include <queue>
using namespace std;
void moveNthFront(queue<int>& q, int n) {
  if (q.size() < n || n <= 0) {
     cout << "Invalid value of n." << endl;
     return;
  }
  queue<int> tempQueue;
  for (int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
     tempQueue.push(q.front());
     q.pop();
  }
  int nthElement = q.front();
  q.pop();
  while (!q.empty()) {
     tempQueue.push(q.front());
     q.pop();
  }
  q.push(nthElement);
```

```
while (!tempQueue.empty()) {
     q.push(tempQueue.front());
     tempQueue.pop();
  }
}
int main() {
  queue<int> q;
  q.push(5);
  q.push(11);
  q.push(34);
  q.push(67);
  q.push(43);
  q.push(55);
  int n = 3;
  cout << "Original queue: ";
  queue<int> temp = q;
  while (!temp.empty()) {
     cout << temp.front() << " ";
     temp.pop();
  }
  cout << endl;
  moveNthFront(q, n);
  cout << "Queue after moving the " << n << "th element to the front: ";
  while (!q.empty()) {
     cout << q.front() << " ";
     q.pop();
  }
  cout << endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
Original queue: 5 11 34 67 43 55
Queue after moving the 3th element to the front: 34 5 11 67 43 55
```

9.

#include <iostream>

```
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <cctype>
using namespace std;
bool isPalindrome(queue<char>& q, stack<char>& s) {
  while (!q.empty() && !s.empty()) {
     if (q.front() != s.top()) {
       return false;
     }
     q.pop();
     s.pop();
  return q.empty() && s.empty();
}
int main() {
  queue<char> q;
  stack<char> s;
  cout << "Enter a line of text (end with a period '.'): " << endl;</pre>
  char c;
  while (cin.get(c)) {
     if (c == '.') {
       break; // End input when a period is encountered
     if (isalpha(c)) {
       char lowerChar = tolower(c);
       q.push(lowerChar);
       s.push(lowerChar);
     }
  }
  if (isPalindrome(q, s)) {
     cout << "The text is a palindrome." << endl;</pre>
  } else {
     cout << "The text is not a palindrome." << endl;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

```
Enter a line of text (end with a period '.'):
AsdSa
.
The text is a palindrome.
```

```
10.
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <algorithm>
std::string reverse_between_substrings(const std::string& s) {
  size_t start_S1 = s.find('x');
  if (start_S1 == std::string::npos) return "Invalid Input";
  size_t end_S1 = s.find('y', start_S1);
  if (end_S1 == std::string::npos) return "Invalid Input";
  size_t start_S2 = s.find('y', end_S1 + 1);
  if (start_S2 == std::string::npos) return "Invalid Input";
  size_t = s.find('x', start_S2 + 1);
  if (end_S2 == std::string::npos) return "Invalid Input";
  if (end S1 >= start S2) return "Invalid Input";
  std::string content_between = s.substr(end_S1 + 1, start_S2 - end_S1 - 1);
  std::reverse(content_between.begin(), content_between.end());
  std::string result = s.substr(0, end_S1 + 1) + content_between + s.substr(start_S2);
  return result;
int main() {
  std::string input_string;
  std::cout << "Enter the string: ";
  std::getline(std::cin, input_string);
  std::string output string = reverse between substrings(input string);
  std::cout << "Output: " << output string << std::endl;
  return 0;
}
```

Enter the string: fjlkxkfjyorepydelfkjxf Output: fjlkxkfjyperoydelfkjxf