

**CS 3305A: Operating Systems**  
**Department of Computer Science**  
**Western University**  
**Assignment 3**  
**Fall 2023**  
**Due Date: October 24, 2023**

**Purpose**

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The goals of this assignment are the following:

- Get experience with *pthread* system functions.
- Learn how to create multiple threads for different tasks.
- Learn how different threads can access shared data.
- Gain more experience with the C programming language from an OS perspective.

**Inter-Thread Communications (100 points)**

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Write a C program that will accept two integers from the user as **command-line arguments** (for example, X and Y where X, Y are positive integers). The parent process will read X and Y from the command line. The parent process will create three threads (i.e., thread\_1, thread\_2, and thread\_3). The parent process will write X and Y to input\_array[0] and input\_array[1], respectively. The first thread (i.e., thread\_1) will read X and Y from the input\_array[] and perform the summation,  $S = X + Y$ , and then the result S will be written to the input\_array[2]. Next, the second thread (i.e., thread\_2) will read S from the input\_array[2] and identify whether S is an even or odd number. Also, thread\_2 will read X and Y from input\_array[] and then perform multiplication  $M = X * Y$  and then write M to input\_array[3]. Finally, the third thread (i.e., thread\_3) will read M from the read\_input\_array[3] and reverse the number M. The expected output from your program should look like the following (for this example below, X and Y represent 21 and 3, respectively):

1. parent (PID 280448) receives X = 21 and Y = 3 from the user
2. parent (PID 280448) writes X = 21 and Y = 3 to input\_array[]
3. thread\_1 (TID 140451159217984) reads X = 21 and Y = 3 from input\_array[]
4. thread\_1 (TID 140451159217984) writes  $X + Y = 24$  to the input\_array[2]
5. thread\_2 (TID 140451159217985) reads 24 from the input\_array[2]
6. thread\_2 (TID 140451159217985) identifies that 24 is an even number
7. thread\_2 (TID 140451159217985) reads X and Y from input\_array[], writes  $X * Y = 63$  to input\_array[3]
8. thread\_3 (TID 140451159217986) reads 63 from input\_array[3]
9. thread\_3 (TID 140451159217986) reverses the number 63  $\rightarrow$  36

In the above example, in line number 6, if S is NOT an even number, then the phrase “**identifies that S is an even number**” above should read as “**identifies that S is an odd number**”. You **must**

**control the execution of the threads** to follow the sequence order shown in the sample output above. Your implementation must have the following functions:

1. `void *sum(void *thread_id)`: This function is executed by thread\_1. This function reads X and Y from `input_array[]`, performs summation i.e.,  $S = X+Y$ , and writes S to `input_array[2]`.
2. `void *even_odd(void *thread_id)`: This function is executed by thread\_2. This function reads S from the `input_array[2]` and identifies whether S is an even or odd number.
3. `void *multiplication(void *thread_id)`: This function is executed by thread\_2. This function reads X and Y from `input_array[]`, performs multiplication i.e.,  $M = X*Y$ , and writes M to `input_array[3]`.
4. `void *reverse_num(void *thread_id)`: This function is executed by thread 3. This function reads M from `input_array[3]` and reverses the number M.

### Mark Distribution

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Inter-Thread Communications (100 points):

- a) Parent reads X and Y from user: 10 points
- b) The first thread reads X and Y from `input_array[]`: 10 points
- c) The first thread adds X and Y and writes results S to `input_array[]`: 10 points
- d) The second thread reads S from the `input_array[]`: 5 points
- e) The second thread identifies whether S is an odd / even number: 15 points
- f) The second thread reads X and Y, multiplies X and Y, and writes results M to `input_array[]`: 15 points
- g) The third thread reads M from the pipe: 5 points
- h) The third thread reverses number M: 15 points
- i) Control the thread execution flow: 15 points

You must pass the input to the program using the command line argument. **The hardcoded input will not be accepted** and marks will be deducted accordingly.

### Computing Platform for Assignments

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You are responsible for ensuring that your program compiles and runs without error on the computing platform mentioned below. **Marks will be deducted** if your program fails to compile or runs into errors on the specified computing platform (see below).

- Students have virtual access to the MC 244 lab, which contains 30 Fedora 28 systems. Linux machines available to you are **linux01.gaul.csd.uwo.ca** through **linux30.gaul.csd.uwo.ca**.
- It is your responsibility to ensure that your code compiles and runs on the above systems. You can SSH into MC 244 machines.

- If you are Off-Campus, you have to SSH to **compute.gaul.csd.uwo.ca** first (this server is also known as **sylvia.gaul.csd.uwo.ca**, in honor of Dr. Sylvia Osborn), and then to one of the MC 244 systems (**linux01.gaul.csd.uwo.ca** through **linux30.gaul.csd.uwo.ca**).
- <https://wiki.sci.uwo.ca/sts/computer-science/gaul>

### **Assignment Submission**

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You need to submit only one C file. The name of your submitted C file must be "assignment3.c". Marks will be deducted if your submitted C file name is different. You must submit your assignment through OWL. Be sure to test your code on one of MC 244 systems (see "Computing Platform for Assignments" section above). **Marks will be deducted** if your program fails to compile or runs into errors on the computing platform mentioned above.

Assignment 3 FAQ will be made available on OWL as needed. Also, consult TAs and the Instructor for any questions you may have regarding this assignment.

Good Luck!!