Comsats University Islamabad, Vehari Campus



Academic Year 2022 -23

Department: Computer Science

Full Name: Sana Ahmad

Roll No.: SP22-BCS-129

Section: "B"

Subject: Data Structure and Algorithm

Date: 11/09/2023

Submitted to: Mam Yasmeen

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
  int num = 42; // Declare an integer variable 'num' and assign a value to it
  int* ptr = # // Declare a pointer to an integer and assign the address of 'num' to it
  // Print the value of 'num' and the value pointed to by 'ptr'
  std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;
  std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr: " << *ptr << std::endl;
  // Modify the value of 'num' through the pointer 'ptr'
  *ptr = 55;
  // Print the updated value of 'num'
  std::cout << "Updated value of num: " << num << std::endl;
  return 0;
}
```

```
Value of num: 42
Value pointed to by ptr: 42
Updated value of num: 55

Process exited after 8.845 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . _
```

Problem: 2

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
  int arr[] = {10, 20, 30, 40};
  int* ptr = arr;
  std::cout << "First element: " << *ptr << std::endl;
  ptr++; // Move to the next element
  std::cout << "Second element: " << *ptr << std::endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
□ C\Users\SANA\OneDrive\Desktop\Pointer\q2.exe — □ ×

First element: 10
Second element: 20

Process exited after 8.65 seconds with return value 0

Press any key to continue . . .
```

Problem: 3

#include <iostream>

```
void greet() {
   std::cout << "Hello, World!" << std::endl;
}
int main() {
   void (*functionPtr)() = greet;
   functionPtr(); // Call the function through the pointer
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

Problem: 4

```
int main() {
```

```
int* dynamicInt = new int(42);
std::cout << "Value of dynamicInt: " << *dynamicInt << std::endl;
delete dynamicInt; // Free the allocated memory
return 0;</pre>
```

```
Tell C\Users\SANA\OneDrive\Desktop\Pointer\Untitled5.exe

Value of dynamicInt: 42

Process exited after 10.37 seconds with return value 0

Press any key to continue . . . ■

Value of dynamicInt: 42

And the dynamicInt: 42
```

Problem:5

```
int \; main() \; \{ \\ int \; numbers[] = \{1, \, 2, \, 3, \, 4, \, 5\}; \\ int* \; ptr = numbers; \\ \\ for \; (int \; i = 0; \; i < 5; \; i++) \; \{ \\ \\ std::cout << "Element" << i << ": " << *(ptr + i) << std::endl; \\ \} \\
```

```
return 0;
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
int main() {
  int* nullPtr = nullptr;

if (nullPtr == nullptr) {
    std::cout << "nullPtr is a null pointer." << std::endl;
  } else {
    std::cout << "nullPtr is not a null pointer." << std::endl;
}</pre>
```

```
return 0;
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

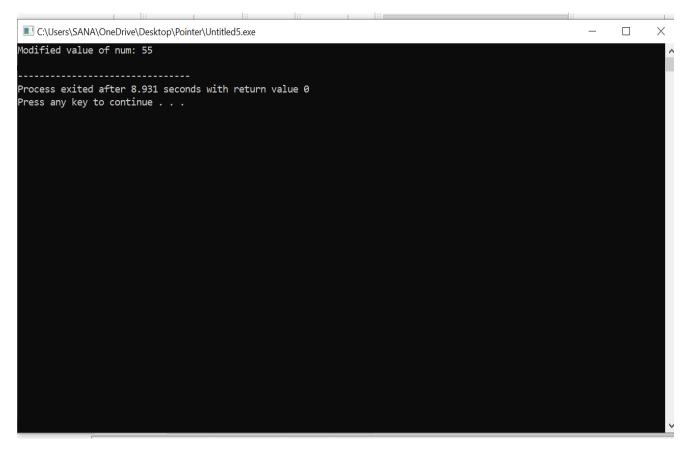
```
int main() {
  int num = 42;
  int* ptr1 = #
  int** ptr2 = &ptr1;

std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;</pre>
```

```
std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr1: " << *ptr1 << std::endl;
std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr2 (through two pointers): " <<
**ptr2 << std::endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
#include <iostream>
void modifyValue(int* ptr) {
  *ptr = 55;
```

```
int main() {
  int num = 42;
  modifyValue(&num);
  std::cout << "Modified value of num: " << num << std::endl;
  return 0;
}</pre>
```



```
#include <iostream>

int main() {

int num1 = 10, num2 = 20, num3 = 30;

int* arr[3] = {&num1, &num2, &num3};
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) { std::cout << "Element" << i << ": " << *arr[i] << std::endl;} return 0;}
```

```
Element 0: 10
Element 1: 20
Element 2: 30

Process exited after 13.31 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
  const int num = 42;
  const int* ptr = &num; // Pointer to a constant integer
```

```
std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;
std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr: " << *ptr << std::endl;

// Uncommenting the line below would result in a compilation error.

// *ptr = 55; // Error: Cannot modify a constant through a pointer

return 0;
```

}

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
int main() {
  int num = 42;
```

```
int* const ptr = # // Constant pointer to an integer

std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;

std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr: " << *ptr << std::endl;

// Uncommenting the line below would result in a compilation error.

// ptr = nullptr; // Error: Cannot change the value of a constant pointer

return 0;</pre>
```

Problem: 12

```
int main() {
   const int num = 42;
   const int* const ptr = # // Constant pointer to a constant integer

std::cout << "Value of num: " << num << std::endl;

std::cout << "Value pointed to by ptr: " << *ptr << std::endl;

// Uncommenting either of the lines below would result in a compilation error.

// *ptr = 55; // Error: Cannot modify a constant through a pointer

// ptr = nullptr; // Error: Cannot change the value of a constant pointer

return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Problem:13
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
class Person {
public:
  Person(const std::string& name) : name_(name) {}
  void introduce() {
    std::cout << "Hello, my name is " << name_ << std::endl;
private:
  std::string name_;
};
int main() {
  Person person("Alice");
  Person* ptr = &person;
  ptr->introduce();
  return 0;
Output:
```

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
class MyClass {
public:
    int data = 42;
    void printData() {
        std::cout << "Data: " << data << std::endl;
    }
};
int main() {
        MyClass obj;
        MyClass* ptr = &obj;
</pre>
```

```
ptr->data = 55;
ptr->printData();
return 0;
}
```

Problem: 15

```
class Base {
public:
    virtual void show() {
       std::cout << "This is the Base class." << std::endl;
    }</pre>
```

```
};
class Derived : public Base {
public:
    void show() override {
        std::cout << "This is the Derived class." << std::endl;
    }
};
int main() {
    Base baseObj;
    Derived derivedObj;</pre>
```

```
© C\Users\SANA\OneDrive\Desktop\Pointer\UntitledS.exe

□ X

□ Data: 55

□ Process exited after 12.74 seconds with return value θ
Press any key to continue . . . •

□ Press any key to continue . . . •

□ X
```