Course Title: ICT in Education

Course No.: Ed. 431 Nature of course: Theoretical + Practical

Level: B.Ed. Credit Hour: 3 hours (2T+1P)
Semester: Third Teaching Hour: 80hours (32+48)

1. Course Introduction

ICTs integrated education system is pervasive in school education and higher education in 21st century. Professional teachers need to know about how ICTs are integrated in education system from educational administration to the classroom level and build necessary competencies to use ICT tools in their teaching, learning management and evaluation purposes. This course thus is designed for the students in Bachelor Degree in education aimed to impart both the knowledge of the use of ICTs in education and professional competencies envisaged to be necessary for a 21st century school teachers. This course furthermore has addressed the ICT professional standards set by different organizations and Nepal's own standards as promulgated by the Ministry of Education Nepal. This course is mainly a practical course that the students have to learn things being in action - project works, laboratory works and assignments. Besides there are some theoretical discussion on the use of ICTs theory, philosophy and historical development of ICTs in education.

2. General Objectives

- a. Introduces the meaning of ICTs in education and practices in school education
- b. Provides competence in using ICT tools in classroom teaching and learning
- c. Acquaint to the different learning management system and able to use them in teaching and learning management
- d. Impart brief ideas on the historical development and innovation of ICTs use in the field of education

3. Course Outlines

Specific Objectives	Contents
• Explain the difference of	Unit I: ICT and ICT Education(6)
ICT and ICT education in	 Meaning of ICT and ICT education
terms of aims, contents	 The beginning of ICTs in education
and practices.	• ICT use in education in different countries a review
• Sketch the historical	(some developed and developing countries)
development of ICT and	• ICT in education in Nepal: ICT policy and
ICT in education in the	programs in Nepal (one-laptop per child, virtual
world.	schools, ICT integration in courses, Computer
 Describe the policy and 	courses etc)
practices of ICT in	
education among	
different countries.	
 Compare the ICT policy 	
and practice in Nepalese	
education.	
• Explain a relation	Unit 2: Learning theories and educational software/ICT
between theories of	tools (6)
learning and use of ICT	Behaviourism, cognitivism and constructivism in
in teaching different	students' learning and in developing educational

- subjects in schools
- Describe the implication of learning theories in making different educational software and tools that are used in education.
- Illustrate and explain how ICTs use can enhance actionable, engaged and interactive learning environment.
- Examine the position of traditional learning theories in relation to theories of networking of learning.
- Unit 3: ICTs in Curriculum and Professional Standards (4)

software

learning

learning

 Review of the curriculum framework and professional standards of teachers in relation to ICT use for different subjects

ICT use for actionable, engaged and interactive

Learning through networking - alternative view of

- ICT competencies in different professional standards (eg UNESCO, OECD, EU) and NCED Nepal.
- State the inclusion of ICTs in school curriculum in different subjects.
- Explain the needs of ICT competencies for a teachers based on different professional standards
- To enhanced the skill to operate the operating system
- To handle ICT devices and use them in learning facilitation
- To handle the mobile computing devices and applications.
- Design power points for different purpose of presentation for different subjects and issues
- Design spreadsheet as per needs of the tasks
- Use spreadsheet to enter students' progress scores and compute for analysis and interpretation of the results.
- Use appropriate software

- Unit 4: Operation of Computer System and Hardware for Professional work(8)
 - Working with operating system (Desktop, file and folder management, user account and password protection).
 - Computer hardware and their installation for use (printer, digital camera, scanner, projector, flash drive etc)
 - Use of Mobile computing and Applications
- Unit 5: Application competency for Teaching learning (26)
 - Working with word processor software for teaching learning (Text formatting, page setting, table and object insert, review and citation on documentation)
 - Designing and use of spread sheet for teaching and recording of the students' performance (worksheet and workbook, cell referencing, functions and formula, Inserting charts, Case: Analyze the students' achievement score)
 - Power point designing and use for teaching

 in designing learning materials, lessons and project work/assignment for the students Create emails and use it for communication using full features in email. Identify simple connectivity problem of internet and solve or refer to the technical person. List out the useful eresources and database for school education and more. Use ICT gadgets for creating contents for learning (audio, video, text etc) 	 (Creating presentation, inserting pictures, charts, audio, video, formatting presentation, layout, animation, slide transition) Use of software relevant to particular subject (math, language, science, social study) in preparing presentation and dynamic learning materials Unit 6: Communication tools, multi-media and their use in teaching and learning (20) Use of Internet and email Search engine and social media Use of cloud computing tools to share documents (eg google drive, skype etc) Searching database and e-resources available freely in online and school system database. Proper use of e-resources for enhancing professional capacity and for students' learning Educational Mobile Application Recording Audio, Video, Create Video Clips, movie maker-Software, simple video editing Multimedia and its use (text, image, animation,
Use of multimedia in teaching and learning Explain the cyber security laws and issues Use ICTs with full ethical consideration Create awareness programme for	 audio and video) in teaching and learning Unit 7: Security and Ethical Consideration in ICT use(6) Computer protection form virus Cyber security and Cyber Crime Ethics in using digital documents, ICT use and communication
students in security, ethics and use and misuse of ICTs Design and present ICT based projects appropriate for students in different subjects in school education Conduct seminar on the basis of the projects	• Use and misuse of ICTs Unit 8: Project Work on Using ICTs(4) Students from the respective fields of their specialization will work on projects assigned by the course teacher (both individual and group project). Each student need to involve in at least 10 projects.

The instructional techniques for this course are divided into two groups. First group consists of general instructional techniques applicable to most of the units. The second group consists of specific instructional techniques applicable to particular units.

4.1 General Techniques

Reading materials will be provided to students in each unit. Lecture, Discussion, use of multi-media projector, brain storming are used in all units.

4.2 Specific Instructional Techniques

Demonstration and production of workshop are essential instructional technique for all units in this course during teaching learning process. Specifically, The units 4, 5, 6, 7 are for practical workshop sessions in ICT laboratory. The products created through the workshop will be demonstrated through seminars and presentationin class. The other units will need lecture, discussion, demonstration, small assignments for writing essays etc.

5. Evaluation

Internal Assessment	External Practical Exam/Viva	Semester Examination	Total Marks
40 Points	20 Points	40 Points	100 Points

Note: Students must pass separately in internal assessment, external practical exam and semester examination.

5.1 Internal Evaluation (40 Points)

Internal evaluation will be conducted by subject teacher based on following criteria:

Class Attendance 5 points
 Learning activities and class performance 5 points
 First assignment (written assignment) 10 points
 Second assignment (Case Study/project work with presentation) 10 points
 Terminal Examination 10 Points

5.2	Total	40 points
Se		
me		
ster Examinatio	on (40 Points)	
Examination Divi	ision, Dean office will conduct final examination	at the end of
semester.		
1) Objective of	question (Multiple choice 10 questions x 1mark) 10 F	Points
2) Subjective	answer questions (6 questions x 5 marks) 30	Points

5.3 External Practical Exam/Viva (20 Points)

Total

Examination Division, Dean Office will conduct final practical examination at the end of semester.

40 points

Course Title: Web Technology

Course No.: ICT. Ed. 437 Nature of course: Theoretical + Practical

Level: B.Ed. Credit Hour: 3 hours (2T+1P)
Semester: Third Teaching Hour: 80hours (32+48)

1. Course Description

The aim of the course is to help students gain knowledge in the basic concepts of web development and build skills to develop web based application using the web tools, scripting and server side language. The goal of course is to provide application developers easy and complete understanding design of web page and integrated with MySQL and PHP which are most popular open source technologies.

2. General Objectives

After the completion of this course, the students should be able to:-

- To gain an understanding of the theories and concepts underlying web development
- To gain the skill of HTML structures and functionality.
- To develop the web based application with client side control mechanism
- To build skill to mapping of web design structure to coding using CSS
- To develop web application with server site scripting language.

3. Course Outlines:

	Specific Objectives	Conte	ents	
•	Describe the concept of	Unit 1	L: Introduction to HTML	12
	Hyper text and Markup	1.1	Concept of WWW	
	language concept	1.2	Component of www and URL	
•	Working with HTML	1.3	HTML editors (Dreamweaver, Notepad ++, Edit Plus)	
	basic tag for Text	1.4	Basic HTML construct, building blocks	
	formatting, Listing,	1.5	Working with Fonts and Formats	
	Hyper link, Image, Table,	1.6	Working with Lists and Links	
	Form and Frame with	1.7	Working with Images	
	properties and values	1.8	Working with Tables	
		1.9	Working with Div	
		1.10	Working with Forms and Frames	
•	Explore the different	Unit 2	2: Cascading Style Sheet	12
	levels and abilities of	2.1	Web page and CSS	
	style sheets.	2.2	CSS implementation	
•	Apply the CSS for	2.3	Basic Elements of CSS Design	
	designing in HTML basic	2.4	CSS Building Blocks	
	structure	2.5	Text properties	
		2.6	Colors, backgrounds and images	
		2.7	Lists and Links	
		2.8	Basic Design of layout	
		2.9	Types of layouts	
		2.10	CSS Responsive	
	 Explain basic client- 	Unit 3	3: JavaScript	15
	side scripting	3.1	Java Script Overviews	
	structure	3.2	Java Script and WWW	
	 Integrate JavaScript 	3.3	Java Script elements	
	within HTML	3.4	Functions	
	documents	3.5	Variables and Expressions	
	 Build interactive site 	3.6	Statements; if, for, while	
	components	3.7	Array	

	 Apply existing 	3.8	Events handlers	
	contemporary UI	3.9	Objects and Events	
	components	3.10	Getting data from Form and form validation	
		3.11	Concept of JQUERY	
	 Explain the basic 		: Introduction to PHP, MYSQL and APACHE	12
	concept of dynamic	4.1	Introduction of Static and Dynamic Website	
	and statics WWW	4.2	Concept of Server Side Scripting Language and Web Server	
	 Configure the web 	4.3	Introduction of Apache, PHP, MySQL	
	development tools	4.4	Introduction to WAMP	
	 Configure the web 	4.5	Installing Apache, PHP, MySQL	
	server properties	4.6	Apache Version and installation	
	and values.	4.7	Apache configuration file structure	
	 Configure the basic 	4.8	Apache Log file	
	file of PHP scripting	4.9	Apache related commands	
	language.	4.10	Troubleshooting in Apache Server	
		4.11	Installation and Configuration of PHP	
		4.12	php.ini basic	
		4.13	Basic PHP Scripts	
		4.14	Integrating PHP with HTML	
•	Describe the basic	Unit 5	: Programming Structure of PHP	12
	structure of PHP	5.1	Data types, Variables, Operators and Expression	
	scripting language	5.2	Flow Control in PHP: if statement, switch statement, ?	
•	Demonstrate the		Operator, loops	
	control structure,	5.3	Code block and Browser output	
	function, array and	5.4	Working with functions: Define and Call Function	
	string use in	5.5	Returning Value from user define function	
	programming	5.6	Scope of Variable	
		5.7	Setting Default Value for arguments, passing value reference	
			to function	
		5.8	Create an Array	
		5.9	Create an Object	
		5.10	Working with String, Date and Time	
		5.11	String Manipulation	
•	Design form for capture		: Working With Form	8
	and retrieve the inform	6.1	Creating a user Form	
	from client to server	6.2	Hidden filed for save state	
		6.3	Redirecting user	
		6.4	Sending mail on form submission	
		6.5	Working with file uploading	
		6.6	Working with Session	
•	Demonstrate the		: MySQL and PHP	12
	database connectivity.	7.1	Connecting to MySQL with PHP	
•	Explain the AJAX	7.2	Introduction of database	
	concept	7.3	Working with MySQL Data	
•	Describe the Captcha	7.4	File Uploading & Emails	
		7.5	Making a Contact Us Form on a website	
		7.6	PHP and AJAX	
		7.7	Creating Images on the Fly	
		7.8	Image Captcha	
		7.9	Restrict Viewing on the website	
•	Create live project using	Unit 8	: Project Work	5
	web development tools			

The instructional techniques for this course are divided into two groups. First group consists of general instructional techniques applicable to most of the units. The second group consists of specific instructional techniques applicable to particular units.

4.1 General Techniques

Reading materials will be provided to students in each unit. Lecture, Discussion, use of multi-media projector, brain storming are used in all units.

4.2 Specific Instructional Techniques

Demonstration is an essential instructional technique for all units in this course during teaching learning process. Specifically, demonstration with practical works will be specific instructional technique in this course. The details of suggested instructional techniques are presented below:

Units	Activities
Unit 1: Introduction to	Selection of HTML editors
HTML	 Design Web page to describe web skeleton
1111112	Demonstrate Text formatting
	Create list and insert image
	Create hyper link
	Create table with properties
	Create Form with properties
Unit 2: Cascading Style	User CSS elements in inline CSS
Sheet	• User CSS elements in embedded CSS
	• User CSS elements in external CSS
	Design Text formatting
	Design Layouts
Unit 3: JavaScript	Demonstrate data types and variables
	 Use function to accept the information
	Demonstrate control structure
	Apply Array
	 Demon different types of events handling
	 Design and develop form to validation of data
	Apply basic structure of JQUARY
Unit 4: Installation and	Install PHP and MySQL
configuration of	Install Apache server
Apache, PHP and	• Configure the apache server
MySQL	• Configure the PHP file
	Integrate the PHP and HTML
Unit 5-6: Programming	Apply the control structure of PHP
in PHP and form	 Create function and pass the values
control	Create array and objects
	• Implement the build in string function
	 Design form to capture different types of values
	• Design form to sent mail
	• Upload file
	Create session
Unit 7: PHP and	Create a database connection class
Database	Insert, update, delete data through PHP form
	• Implement the AJAX
	• Use the captcha

Unit 8: Project	•	Develop	web	application	using	HTML,	CSS,	JavaScript,	PHP	and
		MySQL.								

5. Evaluation:

Internal Assessment	External Practical Exam/Viva	Semester Examination	Total Marks
40 Points	20 Points	40 Points	100 Points

Note: Students must pass separately in internal assessment, external practical exam and semester examination.

5.1 Internal Evaluation (40 Points):

Internal evaluation will be conducted by subject teacher based on following criteria:

Class Attendance
 Learning activities and class performance
 First assignment (written assignment)
 points
 points

4) Second assignment (Case Study/project work with presentation) 10 points

5) Terminal Examination 10 Points

5.2	Total	40 points
\mathbf{S}		
eme	ester Examination (40 Point	ts)
	D D	

Examination Division, Dean office will conduct final examination at the end of semester.

- 1) Objective question (Multiple choice 10 questions x 1mark) 10 Points
 - 2) Subjective answer questions (6 questions x 5 marks) 30 Points

Total	40 points

5.3 External Practical Exam/Viva (20 Points):

Examination Division, Dean Office will conduct final practical examination at the end of semester.

6. Recommended books and References materials (including relevant published articles in national and international journals)

Recommended books:

Felke-Morris, T. (2013). Web development and design foundations with HTML5 (6th ed). New Delhi : Pearson.

Lemay, L. (2016). Sams teach yourself HTML, CSS & Javascript web publishing in one hour a day

(Seventh edition). Sams India.

MacCaw, A. (2011). Java Script web applications: Alex MacCaw. O'Reilly. Meloni Julie C(2010)., *Teach Yourself PHP, MySQL and Apache*, New Delhi, Pearson Education Pvt. Ltd. Delhi

Holzner, Steven(2008), PHP: the complete reference, New Delhi, Tata McGraw-Hill

References materials:

Nixon, R. (2014). Learning PHP, MySQL & JavaScript: with jQuery, CSS & HTML5 (Fourth edition).

Sebastopol, CA: O'Reilly Media, Inc.

Course Title: Microprocessor & Computer Organization

Course No.: ICT. Ed. 436 Nature of course: Theoretical + Practical

Level: B.Ed. Credit Hour: 3 hours (2T+1P)
Semester: Third Teaching Hour: 80hours (32+48)

1. Course Description

This course is an introduction to microprocessor & computer organization. It covers topics in 8086 microprocessors and the physical design of the computer (i.e. computer organization). This course discusses the basic structure of a digital computer, microprocessor and deals with the detail study of the 8086 microprocessor programming and organization of the Control unit, the Arithmetic and Logical unit, the Memory unit and the I/O unit.

2. General Objectives

The general objectives of this course are as follows:

- To provide the students with the knowledge of microprocessor and assembly language programming
- To provide the organization and designing concept of computer system including processor, computer arithmetic, memory organization and I/O organization.
- To discuss in detail, the operation of the arithmetic unit including the algorithms & implementation of fixed-point and floating-point addition, subtraction, multiplication & division.
- To study the cache memories and virtual memory.
- To study the different ways of communicating with I/O devices and standard I/O interfaces

3. Course Outlines:

Specific Objectives	Contents
 Explain the block diagram of a computer, history of microprocessors and organization of microprocessor based system. Understand bus organization, Von Neumann architecture and stored program concept. Explain basic of SSI, MSI, LSI and VLSI circuits 	Unit 1: Introduction (8) 1.1 Introduction and History of Microprocessors 1.2 Basic Block Diagram of a Computer 1.3 Organization of Microprocessor Based System 1.4 Bus Organization 1.5 Stored program Concept and Von Neumann Machine 1.6 Processing Cycle of a Stored Program Computer 1.7 SSI, MSI, LSI circuits 1.8 VLSI Technology 1.9 Introduction to Register Transfer Language
 Explain the Internal Architecture and Features of 8086 Microprocessor Discuss different Addressing Modes of 8086 with examples Differentiate between High Level versus Low Level Programming Learn different Assembly Language Syntax, EXE and COM programs. Understand how to assemble, link and execute assembly language program 	Unit 2: Programming with 8086 Microprocessor (24) 2.1 Internal Architecture and Features of 8086 Microprocessor 2.1.1 BIU and Components 2.1.2 EU and Components 2.1.3 EU and BIU Operations 2.1.4 Segment and Offset Address 2.2 Addressing Modes of 8086 2.3 Assembly Language Programming 2.4 High Level versus Low Level Programming 2.5 Assembly Language Syntax 2.5.1 Comments 2.5.2 Reserved words 2.5.3 Identifiers 2.5.4 Statements 2.5.5 Directives

- Create different 8086 programs and execute them.
- Explain Pin Configuration of 8086 and the Bus Structure along with the Read and Write Bus Timing of 8086 Microprocessors.
- 2.5.6 Operators
- 2.5.7 Instructions
- 2.6 EXE and COM programs
- 2.7 Assembling, Linking and Executing
- 2.8 One Pass and Two Pass Assemblers
- 2.9 Keyboard and Video Services
- 2.10 Various Programs in 8086
 - 2.10.1 Simple Programs for Arithmetic, Logical, String Input/Output
 - 2.10.2 Conditions and Loops
 - 2.10.3 Array and String Processing
 - 2.10.4 Read and Display ASCII and Decimal Numbers
 - 2.10.5 Displaying Numbers in Binary and Hexadecimal Formats.
- 2.11 Pin Configuration of 8086 Microprocessors
- 2.12 Bus Structure
 - 2.12.1 Synchronous Bus
 - 2.12.2 Asynchronous Bus
 - 2.12.3 Read and Write Bus Timing of 8086 Microprocessors

Practical Works:

- Install the compiler for 8086 assembly language (MASM)
- Learn how to assemble, link and execute the simple 8086 program.
- Write a simple program to understand and learn the arithmetic, logical, String, Input/Output operations.
- Write a simple program to understand and learn conditions and looping instructions in 8086 microprocessors.
- Write a simple program to understand and learn Array and String Processing
- Write a simple program to Read and Display ASCII and Decimal Numbers
- Write a simple program to display numbers in Binary and Hexadecimal Formats.
- Explain CPU Structure and Function, Arithmetic and Logic unit, instruction sets, addressing modes and formats.
- Understand processor and register organization, addressing modes, data transfer and manipulation
- Differentiate between RISC and CISC
- Describe 64-bit Processor

- **Unit 3: Central Processing unit (10)**
 - 3.1 CPU Structure and Function
 - 3.2 Arithmetic and logic Unit
 - 3.3 Stack
 - 3.4 Processor organization
 - 3.5 Register organization
 - 3.6 Instruction formats
 - 3.7 Addressing modes
 - 3.8 Data transfer and manipulation
 - 3.9 RISC and CISC
 - 3.10 64-Bit Processor
- Describe Control Memory, Addressing Sequencing and Computer Configuration
- Understand Microinstructions format, symbolic Microinstructions, Symbolic Micro Program.
- Unit 4: Control Unit (10)
 - 4.1 Control Memory
 - 4.2 Addressing sequencing
 - 4.3 Computer configuration
 - 4.4 Microinstruction Format
 - 4.5 Symbolic Microinstructions
 - 4.6 Symbolic Micro program

• Explain design and operation of	4.7 Control Unit Operation
the control unit.	4.8 Design of control unit
 Explain addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms. Elaborate different logical operations 	Unit 5: Computer Arithmetic (8) 5.1 Addition Algorithm 5.2 Subtraction Algorithm 5.3 Multiplication Algorithm 5.4 Division Algorithm 5.5 Logical Operations. Practical Works: Write a program to demonstrate the Addition of two unsigned integers binary number Write a program to demonstrate multiplication of two unsigned integer binary numbers by Partial-Product method Write a program to demonstrate the Subtraction of two unsigned integers binary number
	 Write a program to demonstrate the Division using restoring Write a program to demonstrate the Division using non-
	restoring methods
 Explain the peripheral devices, I/O modules and interface Elaborate programmed I/O, Interrupt driven I/O direct memory access and data communication processors. 	6.3 Input-output interface
 Explain the organization of main, auxiliary, associative, virtual and cache memory. Elaborate on cache memory driving forces and cache design issues including placement, fetch, replacement and update policies 	 7.1 Microcomputer Memory 7.2 Characteristics of memory systems 7.3 The Memory Hierarchy 7.4 Internal and External memory 7.5 Cache memory principles
 Create an application using Assembly Language Program. Develop a project on Computer Architecture 	 Unit 8: Project (6) 8.1 The student should develop a simple application using 8086 Assembly Language Program. 8.2 The student should develop a project on computer Architecture. The topic could be either initiated by the student or selected from a list provided by the instructor. An oral presentation with a demonstration should be part of the laboratory project report

The instructional techniques for this course are divided into two groups. First group consists of general instructional techniques applicable to most of the units. The second group consists of specific instructional techniques applicable to particular units.

4.1 General Techniques

Reading materials will be provided to students in each unit. Lecture, Discussion, use of multi-media projector, brain storming are used in all units.

4.2 Specific Instructional Techniques

Demonstration is an essential instructional technique for all units in this course during teaching learning process. Specifically, demonstration with practical works will be specific instructional technique in this course. The details of suggested instructional techniques are presented below:

Unit 1, 3, 4 and 6

- Lecture
- Discussion

Unit 2, 5, 7 and 8

- Lecture
- Discussion
- Practical

5. Evaluation:

Internal Assessment	External Practical Exam/Viva	Semester Examination	Total Marks
40 Points	20 Points	40 Points	100 Points

Note: Students must pass separately in internal assessment, external practical exam and semester examination.

5.1 Internal Evaluation (40 Points):

Internal evaluation will be conducted by subject teacher based on following criteria:

	The state of the s	-
1)	Class Attendance	5 points
2)	Learning activities and class performance	5 points
3)	First assignment (written assignment)	10 points
4)	Second assignment (Case Study/project work with presentation)	10 points
5)	Terminal Examination	10 Points

Total	40 points

5.2 Semester Examination (40 Points)

Examination Division, Dean office will conduct final examination at the end of semester.

- 1) Objective question (Multiple choice 10 questions x 1mark) 10 Points
- 2) Subjective answer questions (6 questions x 5 marks) 30 Points

Total 40 points

5.3 External Practical Exam/Viva (20 Points):

Examination Division, Dean Office will conduct final practical examination at the end of semester.

5. Recommended books and References materials (including relevant published articles in national and international journals)

Recommended books:

- Peter Abel, "IBM PC Assembly Language and Programming", 5th Edition 2001, Pearson Education Inc.
- W. Stalling, Computer Organization and Architecture 17 edition, Prentice-Hall India Limited, New Delhi.

References materials:

- Walter A. Triebel and Avtar Singh, "The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors, Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware and Applications", 4th Edition 2003, Prentice Hall
- 2. A.J Vande Goor, Computer Architecture and Design, Addison Wesley; Wokingham, UK, 1989
- 3. A.S Tanenbaum, Structured Computer Organization, Prentice Hall India Limited, new Delhi.
- 4. M.Morris Mano: Computer System Architecture, Latest Edition.
- 5. John P. Hayes: Computer Architecture and Organization, Latest Edition.

Course Title: Data Structures and Algorithms

Course No.: ICT. Ed. 435 Nature of course: Theoretical + Practical

Level: B. Ed Credit Hour: 3 hours (2T+1P)
Semester: Third Teaching Hour: 80 hours (32+48)

1. Course Description

The purpose of this course is to provide the students with solid foundations in the basic concepts of data structures and algorithms. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design data structures and algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might occur. This course is also about showing the correctness of algorithms and studying their computational complexities. This course offers the students a mixture of theoretical knowledge and practical experience. Programming language C will be used for practical work.

2. General Objectives

The general objectives of this course are as follows:

- To introduce data abstraction and data representation in memory
- To describe, design and use elementary data structures such as stack, queue, linked list, tree and graph
- To decompose complex programming problems into manageable sub-problems
- To introduce algorithms and their complexity

3. Specific Objectives and Contents

Specific Objectives	Contents	
Define Data structure and	Unit 1: Introduction to Data Structures & Algorithms(6)	
ADT	1.1 Data types, Data structure and Abstract date type	
• Implement dynamic memory	1.2 Dynamic memory allocation in C	
management functions in C	1.3 Introduction to Algorithms	
• Define algorithms, asymptotic	1.4 Asymptotic notations and common functions	
notations and mathematical	Lab: Write a program to implement dynamic memory	
functions	management functions(malloc(),calloc(),realloc() and	
	free())	
• Define and implement stack	Unit 2: Stacks (8)	
and stack operations	2.1 Definition	
• Convert expressions in to	2.2 Stack as an ADT	
different forms: infix, prefix	2.3 Stack operation	
and postfix	2.4 Stack application: Conversion from infix to	
• Describe the applications of	postfix/prefix expression, Evaluation of postfix/	
the stack	prefix expressions	
	Lab: Write a program to implement stack operations	
 Define queue and its 	Unit 3: Queues (10)	
operations	3.1 Definition	
• Implement different types of	3.2 Queue as an ADT	
queue	3.3 Primitive operations in queue: Enqueue and	
• Describe the applications of	Dequeue	
the queue	3.4 Linear Queue, Circular Queue, Priority Queue.	
	Lab: Write a program to implement linear and circular	
	queue operations	
• Define linked list its type and	Unit 4:Lists (12)	
applications	4.1 List and ADT	

• I	mplement linked list	4.2 Array Implementation of Lists
C	pperations	4.3 Linked List
• I	mplement stack and queue as	4.4 Types of Linked List: Singly Linked List, Doubly
	circular list	Linked List, Circular Linked List.
• [Describe the applications of	4.5 Basic operations in Linked List: creation, node
	he linked list	insertion and deletion from beginning, end and
· ·	ne miked list	specified position
		4.6 Stack and Queue as a Linked List
		Lab-1: Write a program to implement singly and doubly
		linked list operations
		Lab-2: Write a program to implement stack and queue as
		linked list
• [Define recursion.	Unit 5: Recursion (6)
		5.1 Principle of recursion
	Differentiate between	5.2 Comparison between recursion and iteration
	recursion and iteration	5.3 Factorial, Fibonacci sequence, GCD, Tower of
	implement recursion to solve	•
	ΓΟΗ and Fibonacci series	Hanoi(TOH)
	dentify the applications and	5.4 Applications and Efficiency of recursion
e	efficiency of recursion	Lab-1: Write a program to solve the problem of TOH
		Lab-2: Write a program to print Fibonacci series
		Lab-3:Write a program to calculate factorial
		Lab-4 : Write a program to calculate gcd of two numbers
	Define tree and tree	Unit 6: Trees (10)
C	operations	6.1 Concept and definitions
• (Create and manipulate Binary	6.2 Basic operations in binary tree
tı	ree, BST, AVL tree and B-	6.3 Tree height, level and depth
Γ	Ггее	6.4 Binary Search Tree
• I	mplement Huffman	6.5 Insertion, Deletion, Traversals (pre-order, post-
	algorithm	order and in-order), Search in BST
• I	dentify application areas of	6.6 AVL tree and Balancing algorithm
	ree	6.7 Applications of tree
	Describe the applications of	Lab: Write a program to insert, delete, search and
	he tree	display(pre-order, in-order, post-order) items in
L.	ne tree	BST
• [Define sorting and its type	Unit 7: Sorting (12)
	llustrate and implement	7.1 Introduction and Types of sorting: Internal and
	exchange sort, selection and	External sort
	ree sorting, insertion sort,	7.2 Comparison Sorting Algorithms: Bubble, Selection
	nerge and radix sort.	and Insertion Sort
	dentify and compare the	7.3 Divide and Conquer Sorting: Merge, Quick and
	efficiency of mentioned	Heap Sort
	sorting algorithms	7.4 Efficiency of Sorting Algorithms
S	ording argoriums	Lab: Write a program to implement:
		a) Bubble sort b) Selection sort c) Insertion sort
		d) Quick sort e) Merge sort f) Heap sort
_ T	dentify different searching	Unit 8: Searching (8)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.1 Introduction to searching
	algorithms and implement hem.	8.2 Search Algorithms: Sequential search, Binary
		search search
•]	dentify the efficiency of	SCAICII

mentioned searching	8.3 Efficiency of search algorithms
algorithms	8.4 Hashing: Hash function and hash tables, Collision
	resolution technique
	Lab: Write a program to implement:
	a) Sequential search
	b) Binary search
• Define graph, graph	Unit 9: Graphs (8)
terminologies, and graph as a	9.1 Definition and Representation
ADT	9.2 Graph Traversal: BFS and DFS
• Illustrate transitive closure,	9.3 Minimum Spanning Trees: Kruskal and Prims
Warshall's algorithm and	Algorithm
shortest path algorithm	9.4 Shortest Path Algorithms: Dijksrtra Algorithm
• Find the shortest path using	Lab: Write a program to implement graph traversal
Dijkstra's Algorithm	algorithms(BFS and DFS)
• Explain and implement graph	
traversal algorithms	
• Define MST and implement	
prim's, kruskal's and round-	
robin algorithm	
• Describe the applications of	
the graph	

The instructional techniques for this course are divided into two groups. First group consists of general instructional techniques applicable to most of the units. The second group consists of specific instructional techniques applicable to particular units.

4.1 General Techniques

Reading materials will be provided to students in each unit. Lecture, Discussion, use of multimedia projector, brain storming, and problem solving methods are used in all units.

4.2 Specific Instructional Techniques

Demonstration is an essential instructional technique for all units in this course during teaching learning process. Specifically, demonstration with practical works will be specific instructional technique in this course. The details of suggested instructional techniques are presented below:

Units	Activities	
Unit 1: Introduction	Define and Describe the different types of data structures	
to Data Structures &	State different operations occurring in data structures	
Algorithms	Write a program to implement dynamic memory management functions	
	• Explain asymptotic notations and complexity on time and space of algorithm	
	• Monitor of students' work by reaching each student and providing	
	feedback for improvement	
	• Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback	
Unit 2: Stacks	Illustrate the algorithms of stack operations	
	Lab works in pair to implement stack operations	
	• Convert expression in other from one form to another making group and individually	

Unit 3: Queues	 Monitoring of students' work by reaching each pair and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback Demonstrate queue and queue operations with algorithms Lab work in pairs to implement queue operations Group discussion in advantages and limitations of queues Monitoring of students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's
Unit 4: List	 feedback Demonstrate operations of linked list with algorithms Lab work in pairs to implement linked list operations Monitor students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback
Unit 6: Trees	 Demonstrate operations and types of tree Lab work in pairs to implement BST Trace a working principle of AVL and B-Tree Assign students to create AVL and B-Tree in group Monitor students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback
Unit 7: Sorting	 Trace the working principle of different sorting algorithms Lab work in pair to implement sorting algorithms Analyze efficiency of sorting algorithms Monitor students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback
Unit 8: Searching and Hashing	 Demonstrate the working principle of different searching algorithms Lab work in pair to implement searching algorithms Analyze efficiency of searching algorithms Monitor students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback
Unit 9: Graphs	 Explain the graph and graph terminology Solve the practical problems of shortest path and spanning tree using different algorithms Assign student to solve graph problems Lab work in pair to implement graph traversing algorithms Monitor students' work by reaching each student and providing feedback for improvement Presentation by students followed by peers' comments and teacher's feedback

5. Evaluation:

Internal Assessment	External Practical Exam/Viva	Semester Examination	Total Marks
40 Points	20 Points	40 Points	100 Points

Note: Students must pass separately in internal assessment, external practical exam and semester examination.

5.1 Internal Evaluation (40 Points):

Internal evaluation will be conducted by subject teacher based on following criteria:

1) Class Attendance

5 points

2) Learning activities and class performance

5 points

3) First assignment (written assignment)

10 points

4) Second assignment (Case Study/project work with presentation)

10 points 10 Points

5) Terminal Examination

Total

40 points

.2 Semester Examination (40 Points)

Examination Division, Dean office will conduct final examination at the end of semester.

- 1) Objective question (Multiple choice 10 questions x 1mark) 10 Points
- 2) Subjective answer questions (6 questions x 5 marks)

30 Points

Total

40 points

5.3 External Practical Exam/Viva (20 Points):

Examination Division, Dean Office will conduct final practical examination at the end of semester.

Recommended Books and References

Recommended Books

- 1 G. S. Baluja, "Data structure Through C, A Practical Approach", Fourth Ed. Dhanpat Rai & Co., 2009-10.
- 2 Y Langsam, MJ, Augenstein and A.M, Tanenbaum Data Structures using C and C++, Prentice Hall India.

References

- 3 G.W Rowe, Introduction to Data Structure and Algroithms with C and C++, prentice Hall India.
- T.H Corman, C.E Leiserson, R.L Rivest, C Stein, Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd Ed, The MIT Press Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England,2010
- 5 R.L Kruse, B.P. Leung, C.L. Tondo, data structure and program Design in C Prentice-Hall India.
- 6 G. Brassard and P. Bratley fundamentals of Algroithms, Prentice-Hall India.

Course Title : Calculus Nature of the Course: Theoretical

Course No. : Math Ed. 431 Credit Hours: 3
Level : B Ed (Minor) Teaching Hours: 48

Semester : Third

1. Course Description

The calculus is at the same time a beginning as well as a complete package course. It is the course where many of the ideas and techniques learned in the secondary mathematics are pulled together and answered in a satisfactory way. It is also the foundation for the study of the natural and social sciences. So, this is an introduction course that provides a basic knowledge of calculus and its application. It provides a framework for modeling system. The concepts differentiation and integration in simple standard forms are applied as early as possible to the determination of maxima and minima, of the areas and length of curve, of volume of revolution, to the solution of the day to day problems.

2. The General Objectives

The general objectives of this course are as follows:

- To familiarize students with techniques, principles and application of differential calculus.
- To make students capable in applying the differential calculus to solve the problems of other branches of mathematics (natural and social sciences).
- To make students efficient in applying the differential calculus to solve the problems of maxima and minima.
- To make students trained in using the differential calculus for study the properties of tangents and normal of a curve (Cartesian curve only).
- To enhance the skills of students in demonstrating an understanding of techniques, and application of integral calculus.
- To make students competent in applying integral calculus to evaluate the area, length of plane curve and volume of solid of revolution.
- To develop skills of students on writing differential equation as alternative form to the different types of family of curves.
- To make students able in applying differential equations to solve physical problems.

3. Specific Objectives and Contents

On completion of this course students should be able to:

Specific Objectives	Content
 Define limit and continuity of a function Find limits of functions Test the continuity of functions. 	 Unit 1: Limits and Continuity (5) 1.1 Use ε-δ in finding limit 1.2 Left hand limit and right hand limit 1.3 Continuity of a function: Meaning of continuity
Define differentiation.	Unit II: Derivatives (8)
 Find the differential coefficient of some specific function Explain the meaning of successive differentiation. Find the derivatives of some 	 2.1 Differentiation of implicit and explicit function, trigonometric, logarithmic, exponential, and parametric function. 2.2 Definition and notation of derivative of function, of order greater than one.

 specific functions up to 4th order. Find the partial derivatives of two independent variables. 	 2.3 Differentiation of some specific functions up to 4th order. 2.4 Partial derivatives of he functions of type u= f(x,y)
curve.Find angle between two curves.	Unit III: Tangent and Normal (5) 3.1 Equation of tangent and normal 3.2 Problems on tangent and normal 3.3 Angle of intersection of two curves (Cartesian only) 3.4 Problems on Length of tangent, normal, subtangent and sub-normal
 Explain maxima and minima of a function. Apply rules of maxima and minma to find extreme values of a function. Solve some verbal problems on maxima and minima(relating to the daily life). 	Unit IV: Maxima and Minima 4.1 Meaning of Maxima and minima 4.1.1 Global Maxima/minima 4.1.2 Local Maxima/minima 4.1.3 Stationary and Saddle points 4.2 Application of necessary and sufficient condition of determining extreme values 4.3 Problems on maxima and minim including some behavioral problems
 Integrate different types of functions (by different methods). Apply standard integrals in solving problems 	Unit V: Indefinite Integral 5.1 Meaning of integration 5.2 Some standard Integrals (4)
 Define integration as the limit of a sum. Explain the meaning of f(x)dx Solve problems of definite integral using definition. Find the area of plane regions using definite integral. 	Unit VI: Definite Integral 6.1 Integration as the limit of a sum 6.2 Meaning of f(x)dx 6.3 Properties of definite integral. 6.4 Problems on finding definite integral 6.5 Area of plane regions
 Calculate the area of plane region. Calculate the arc length of plane curve. Calculate volume of solids of revolution. 	Unit VII: Quadrature, Rectification and Volume (7) 7.1 Introduction 7.2 Application of definite integral in Cartesian form only 7.2.1 Area 7.2.2 Length 7.2.3 Volume
 Form the family of curves in term of differential equations. Solve equation of first order and first degree linear homogeneous 	Unit 8: Differential Equations 8.1 Definitions (Order and degree) 8.2 Concepts of ordinary differential equation. 8.3 General and particular solution

equations.	8.4 Change of variables
	8.5 Homogeneous equations
	8.6 Equations reducible to homogeneous form
	8.7 Linear Differential equations of first order
	8,8 Exact equation
	8.9 Equation reducible to linear form
	8.10 Application of differential equations

4.1 General Instructional Techniques

Heavy discussion should take place on the issue that students have been told throughout the secondary level. There are many paradoxical instances at secondary level not dealt clearly at good length. Students should be engaged in that you will find the reason why things work the way they do, what they mean and when they are to be used. Listening to students led naturally to even more changes in instruction. So, discussion, lectures, project work will be general instructional technique of delivery of course.

4.2 Specific Instructional Technique

Unit	Activity and Instructional Techniques	Teaching Hours (48)
1	Experiences will be shared between groups with a seminar	5
2	The Demonstration method will be used both giving task to students and showing their task	8
3	Project assignment on some theorems	5
4	Group discussion with sharing	4
5	Guided Discussion	4
6	Group discussion with sharing	5
7	Group discussion with sharing	7
8	Group discussion with sharing	10

5. Evaluation

5.1 Internal Evaluation 40%

Internal evaluation will be conducted by the subject teacher based on the following aspects:

1)	Attendance	4 points
2)	Participation in learning activities	6 points
3)	First assignment/Mid-term exam	10 points
4)	Second assignment/assignment (1 or 2)	10 points
	Total	30 points

5.2 External Evaluation (Final Examination) 60%

Examination Division, Dean's office will conduct final examination at the end of the semester and the types of questions and scores allocated for each category of questions are given below:

1) Objective Type Question (Multiple Choice 10 × 1)	10 points
2) Short Answer Question (6 Question × 5 points)	30 points
3) Long Answer Question (2 Question × 10 points)	20 points
Total	60 points

6. Recommended Book and references

Recommended Book

Das, B. C.; & Mukharjee, B. (1984) Differential Calculus. Calcutta: U N Dhur and Sons Pvt Ltd.

Reference Books

Maskey, S. M. (2008). Calculus. Kathmandu: Ratna Pustak Bhandar. Narayan, S. (1998). Differential calculus. Delhi: Shyam Lal Chan

Course title: **Developmental Psychology**

Course No. : Ed 332

Level: B.Ed.

Semester: Third

Nature of Course: Theoretical

Credit Hours: 3

Teaching hours: 48

1. Introduction

This course deals with human growth and development. In general, with an aim to provide students with concept, knowledge and understanding about child growth and development, the course particularly focuses on characteristics, developmental tasks and hazards for educational implication. In particular, this course provides students with specific concept, knowledge and understanding about the puberty and adolescence. Specifically, the characteristics, developmental tasks, spurt of growth and development, social, mental and emotional developments, happiness and unhappiness during puberty and adolescence. With the deep understanding about puberty and adolescence, the course aims to seek out their educational implication.

2. General Objectives

The general objective of the course is

- to provide students with general understanding about babyhood, early and late childhood, adulthood and their characteristics, and developmental task, as well as their educational implication.
- to make students familiar with puberty and adolescence since this course intends to equip students with broader concept, knowledge, attitudes and understanding on the puberty and adolescence.
- to make students able to unveil contextual problems caused by adolescents, and suggests some remedies in line with the nature of problems, and also discusses the issues in terms adolescents' all round development.

3. Specific Objectives and Contents

Specific Objectives	Contents
 To make student acquaint with growth and development. To facilitate them to grasp the major determinant of growth and development. To inspire them seek out the reasons as to why there is a need for studying human growth and development To acquaint student with major 	 Unit I: Human growth and development. (10 hrs.) 1.1. Concept and meaning of human growth and development. 1.2. Determinants of human growth and development 1.3. Need for studying human growth and development in education. 1.4. Major methods of studying human growth development. 1.4.1. Cross-sectional, longitudinal, and case study

 methods of studying hum growth and development To make students list out stages of human growth a development. To familiar them with developmental characteris and tasks. To enable them to discuss potent hazards of all developmental stages. 	1.5.1. Nature vs. nurture 1.5.2. Stability vs. change 1.5.3. Continuity vs. discontinuity the Unit II: Developmental stages and characteristics (8) 1.6. Infancy and Babyhood: characteristics, developmental tasks and hazards. 1.7. Early and late childhood: characteristics, developmental tasks and hazards. 1.8. Puberty and adolescence: characteristics and
To make students able to	Unit III: Understanding puberty (10)
broaden the knowledge an understanding on puberty	d 3.1 Developmental tasks, skills, hobby and possible hazards.
 To make them familiar w 	
developmental task, skills	
hobby and point out the p	
hazards.	3.4 Social development, entertainment and recreation. 3.5 Emotional development and its effects
• to make students with crit causes and effects of pube	
 To acquaint them with ph 	vsical, 3.7 Ways of controlling unhappiness.
mental, and emotional	3.8 Educational Implication.
characteristics of puberty	
• To enable them to find ou educational implication for	
enhancing learning.	
To enable students developed	p a Unit IV Adolescence and developmental
wider perspective on	characteristics (10)
adolescence.	4.1 Developmental tasks, skills, hobbies and potent
 Make them familiar with developmental task, skills 	hazards 4.2 Physical characteristics and educational
hobbies, and potent hazar	
during adolescence.	4.3 Social characteristics, leadership and educational
• To acquaint them physica	
social, emotional, mental,	moral 4.4 Emotional characteristics and educational implication.
characteristics and their	4.5 Mental characteristics and educational
educational implication.To be able them to find or	1
responsible factors for	4.6 Morality during adolescence and educational
happiness and unhappines	implication.
during adolescence.	4.7 Happiness and unhappiness during adolescence. 4.8 Career choice, interest and future orientation.
• To help students find out	iic .
career choice, interest and	Tuture

orientation.	
• To make students aware of the	Unit V Adolescence and understanding problems (10)
different problems created by	5.1 Adolescence and drug abuse, alcoholism and
adolescents.	effects
To facilitate students to develop	5.2 Adolescence and sex, HIV/AIDs, sexually
insights into why adolescents	transmitted disease and effects.
generate the problems.	5.3 Adolescence and social violence and conflict
To make them able to draw the	5.4 Adolescence: frustration and Suicide
educational implications and	5.5 Ways out: guidance and counseling,
ways out for the better	psychotherapy, rehabilitation and family
educational achievement.	adjustment.
	5.6 Educational implication

The instructional techniques for this course are divided into two groups. The first group consists of general instructional techniques applicable to most of the units. The second group consists of specific instructional techniques applicable to specific units.

4.1 General Instructional Techniques

- Lecture
- discussion
- Question answer

4.2 Specific Instructional Techniques

Unit	Suggested specific Instructional Techniques
III and IV	Students will be divided into groups and given different topics of III and IV units. Students will visit the schools for group work based on the topics assigned. Groups will prepare report and share in the class. Presentation will be followed by discussion and suggestions.
V	Students will be divided into different groups and assigned to collect issues and problems faced and created by the students at any school. They will prepare the report and present it in the classroom.

5. Evaluation

5.1 Internal Evaluation 40%

Internal evaluation will be conducted by subject teacher based on following activities:

1)	Attendance	5
2)	Class participation	5
3)	First assignment	10
4)	Second assignment	10
5)	Third assignment	10

Total	40

5.2 Final/Semester Evaluation 60%

Examination Division, office of the Dean, Faculty of Education will conduct final examination at the end of semester.

1) Objective type question (Multiple choice 10 x 1ponts)	10	
2) Short answer questions (6 questions x 5 points)	30	
3) Long answer questions (2 questions x 10 points)	20	
Total	60	—

Recommended Books

Baron, R. (2005). *Psychology*. India: Pearson Education.

Chauhan S.S. (1992), Advance Educational Psychology Jurjact, Publication, New Delhi, Vikash Publication

Hurlock E.B. (2002). *Developmental Psychology, A life span approach*. Tata MC Graw Hill Publishing Company Pvt.

Hurlock E.B. (1972), Child development, Tata MC Graw Hill

Jersild, A. T., Telfor, C. W., & Sawrey, J.M. (1997). Child Psychology. Neew Delhi: Prentice Hall.

Rogers, D. (1972). The Psychology of Adolescence. NJ: Appleton-Century-Crofts.

Santrock, J. W. (2007). Adolescence. New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company LTD

References

Aryal, P. N. & Bhattarai, D.P. (2009). Educational Psychology. Kathmandu: Quest Publication

Battarai, Homnath (2073). Shikechya Manobigyan. Kathmandu: Ratna Pustak,

Bidari, Badri (). Shikhhya Manobigyan.Kathmandu: Pinakal

Gibson, R.L. & Mitchell, M.H. (2005). Introduction to counseling, and guidance.NY: Randow House.

Grace, J. C. (1976). Developmental Psychology. India: Pearson Education.

Paudel, Giriraj. (). Shikchhya Manobigyan. Kathmandu:

Pokhrel, Mohan Mani (2064). *Elementry Educational Psychology*. Kathmandu: Brihaspati Pustak Sadan.

Pokhrel, Mohan Mani (2073). *Child development and learning*. Kathmandu: Gatishil Prakashan, Pokhrel, Mohanmani (2073), *Shikchhya Monobigyan*. Ashish Book House, Bagbazar, Kathmand