UNIT3

GAMEOBJECTSINTERACTIONS

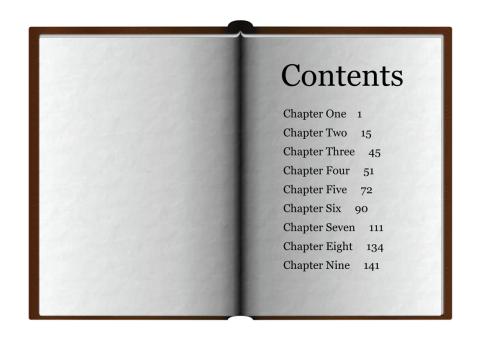
PMDM - 2DAM

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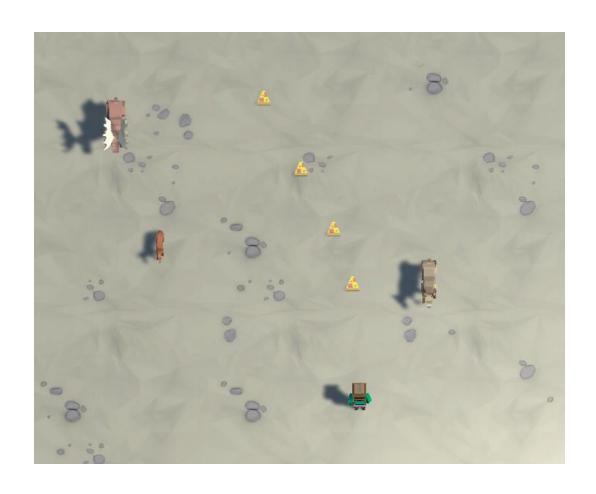
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- 10.Collider and trigger components
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- 12. ACTIVITY



Introduction

In this lesson we will make the GameObjects interact between them

- Among other things, the following characteristics will be introduced:
 - Use of prefabs
 - If statement
 - Instanciate objects
 - Use of Arrays
 - Spawning on time intervals
 - Collision trigger

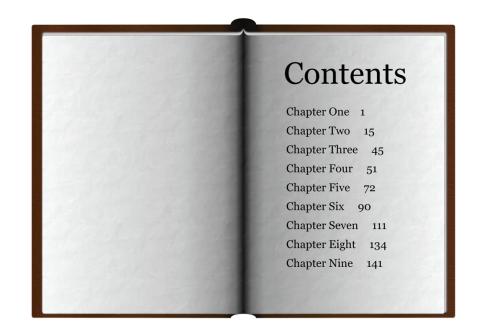


Introduction

Video



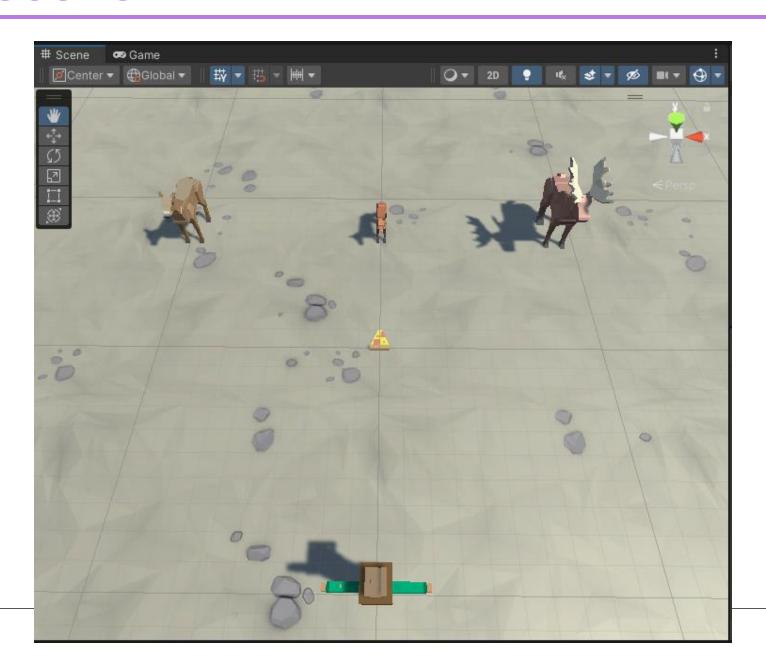
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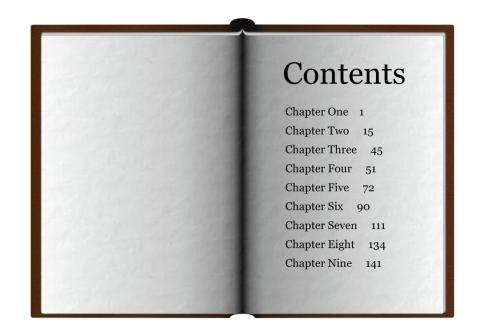
Build the scene

- 1) Import the assets *Animals.unitypackage* to a new empty project
- 2) If you want, drag a different material onto the Ground (Course Library > Materials)
- 3) Drag 1 Human, 3 Animals, and 1 Food object
- 4) Rename the character to "Player"
- 5) Adjust the XYZ scale of the food so you can easily see it from above

Build the scene



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Keep the player inbounds: IF statement

- 1) Control the player horizontal movement
 - a) Create the script "PlayerController"
 - b) Get the horizontal input
 - c) Move the player left/right at a given speed when arrows are pressed

```
void Update()
{
    horizontalInput = Input.GetAxis("Horizontal");
    transform.Translate(Vector3.right * horizontalInput * Time.deltaTime * speed);
}
```

Keep the player inbounds: IF statement

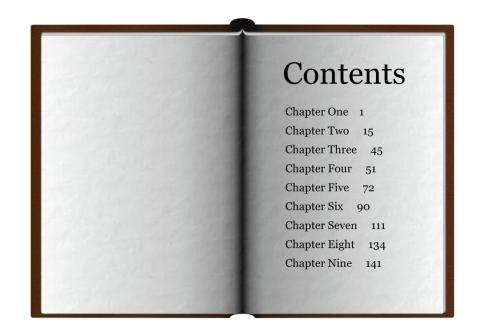
- 1. Prevent the player from going off the side of the screen with an **if** statement
 - a) What condition will you check in the if()?
 - b) How will you write such a condition sentence?
 - c) How will you limit the player position?
- 2. Hint1: transform.position.x // .position.y // .position.z
- 3. Hint2: instanciate a new Vector3 to limit the positions

```
if (transform.position.x > xrange){
    transform.position = new Vector3(xrange, transform.position.y, transform.position.z);
}
if (transform.position.x < -xrange){
    transform.position = new Vector3(-xrange, transform.position.y, transform.position.z);
}</pre>
```

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4.Prefabs

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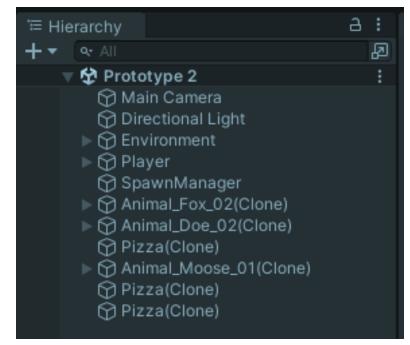


Prefabs

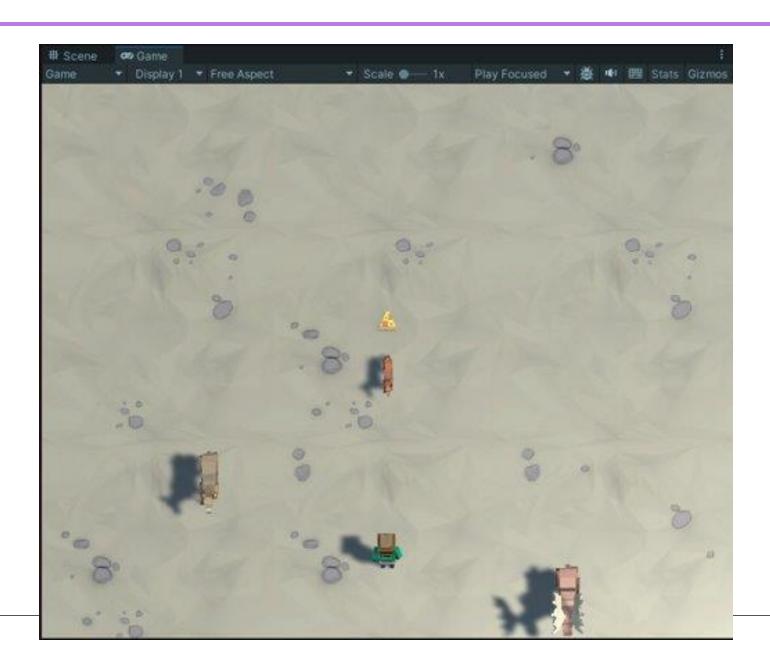
- 1. Make the food projectile fly forwards until the infinite
 - a) Create a new script called "MoveForward" to program it
 - b) Use a public variable to set its speed --> Then play and test
- 2. Make the projectile into a prefab
 - a) In *PlayerController.cs*, declare a new GameObject variable to instanciate projectiles
 - b) Drag the projectile prefab to the new Player variable box -> Why the prefab and not the original projectile?
- 3. Delete the projectile from the scene and run. Drag new projectiles from Prefabs at runtime to check that it works

Prefabs

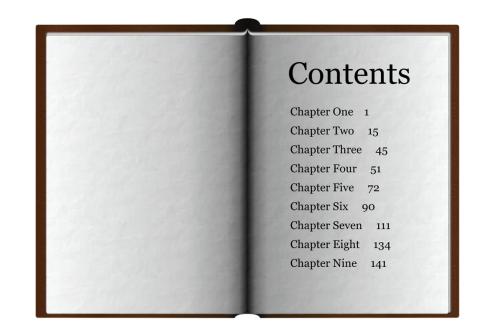
- 1. Move the animals forward
 - a) Rotate them 180° to face down
 - b) Add the *MoveForward* script to them. Select all three animals in the hierarchy and Add Component > type Move Forward
 - c) Set different speeds to the animals and test
- 2. Once working as expected, make also the animals as prefabs
- 3. Test by dragging prefabs during gameplay



Prefabs



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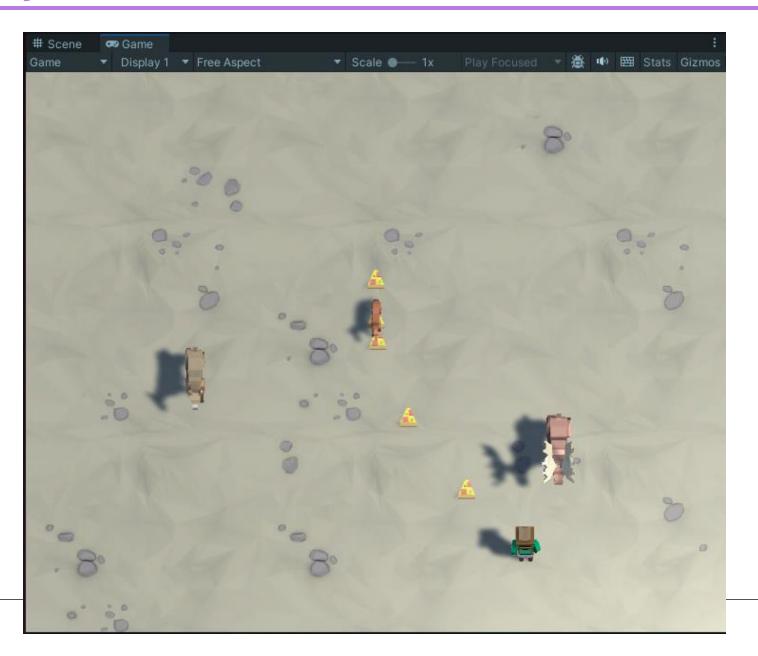


Launch projectiles: Instanciate()

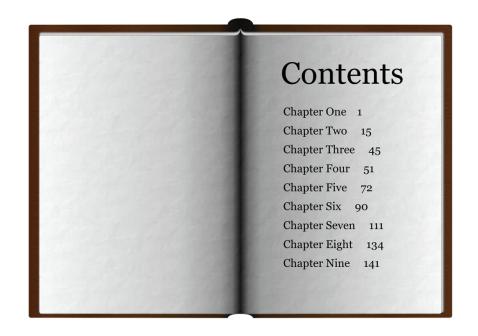
- 1. Check if the spacebar has been pressed in PlayerController.Update()
 - a) The method *Input.GetKeyDown()* returns *true* if a given key is pressed
 - b) Use KeyCode class as the input of the method
- 2. Launch projectile on spacebar press
 - a) Use the *Instantiate()* method to spawn a projectile
 - b) Do it at the player's position with the prefab's rotation

```
if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.Space))
{
    Instantiate(projectilePrefab, transform.position, projectilePrefab.transform.rotation);
}
```

Launch projectiles: Instanciate()



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Destroy GameObjects

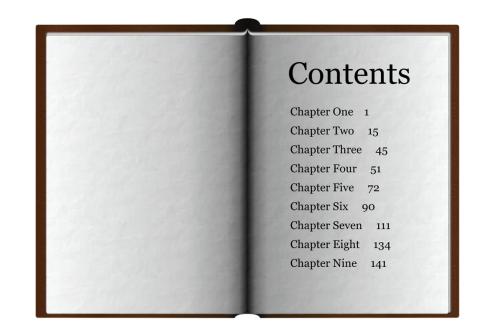
- Whenever we spawn a projectile or animal, it drifts past the play area into eternity
- In order to improve game performance, we need to destroy them when they go out of bounds
- 1. Create "DestroyOutOfBounds" script and apply it to the projectile in the prefabs folder
 - a) How will you determine if the projectile is out of bounds?
 - b) Use the Destroy() method to destroy the current object
- 2. Check that it works and, if so, modify the script and use it also to destroy the animals when they go out of "their" bounds

Destroy GameObjects

```
public class DestroyOutOfBounds : MonoBehaviour
{
    1reference
    private float topBound = 30.0f;
    1reference
    private float bottomBound = -15.0f;
    // Start is called before the first frame up
    0references
    void Start()
    {
    }
}
```

```
// Update is called once per frame
0 references
void Update()
    if (transform.position.z > topBound)
        Destroy(gameObject);
    else if (transform.position.z < bottomBound)</pre>
        Destroy(gameObject);
```

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Spawn Manager: Arrays

- If we are going to be doing all of this complex spawning of animals, we should have a dedicated script to manage the process
- We will use a script attached to an empty object
- 1. Create an Empty object and a Script both called "SpawnManager" and assign the script to the empty object
- 2. Declare a public array of GameObjects -> How will you do that?

3. In the Inspector, change the **Array size** to match your animal count and then **assign your animals**

▼ # ✓ Spawn Manager (Script)
② ‡ !

Script
□ SpawnManager ⊙

▼ Animal Prefabs
3

= Element 0
♠ Animal_Doe_02 ⊙

= Element 1
♠ Animal_Fox_02 ⊙

= Element 2
♠ Animal_Moose_ ⊙

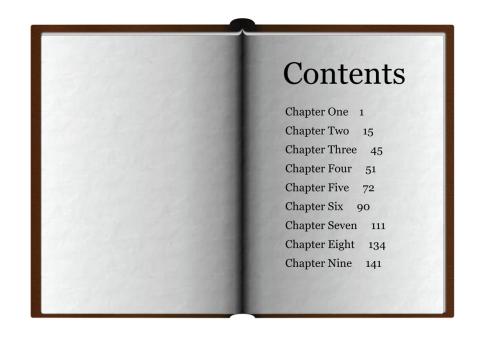
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Spawn Manager: Arrays

- Let's create a temporary solution for choosing and spawning the animals when 'S' is pressed
- 1. In *Update()*, write the code to **instantiate a new animal** at the top of the screen **if 'S' is pressed**
- 2. The **type of animal should be selected from the array** using a public variable
- 3. Test it and check that one can spawn different types of animals

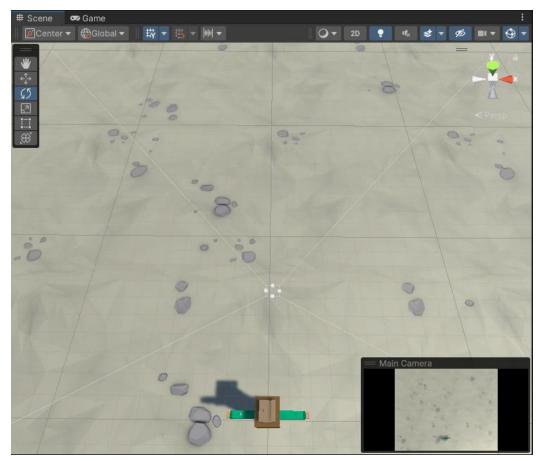
```
void Update() {
   if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.S)) {
      Instantiate(animalPrefabs[animalIndex], new Vector3(0, 0, 20),
      animalPrefabs[animalIndex].transform.rotation);
   }
}
```

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Randomize spawning

- Modify the script to randomize the animals spawning
- 1. The type of animal must be random
- 2. The animal **horizontal position** must be random
- 3. Change the camera's perspective to offer a more appropriate view for this top-down game
- 4. Select the Main Camera and change the Projection from "Perspective" to "Orthographic"

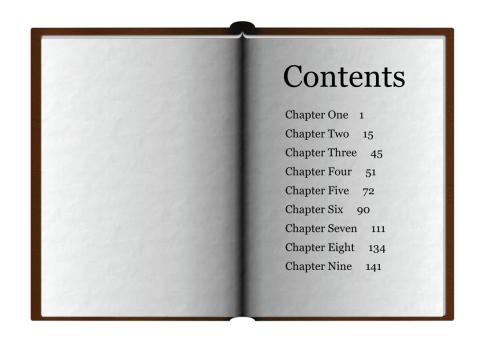




Randomize spawning

```
private float spawnRangeX = 20;
private float spawnPosZ = 20;
void Update() {
 if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.S)) {
    // Randomly generate animal index and spawn position
   Vector3 spawnPos = new Vector3(Random.Range(-spawnRangeX, spawnRangeX),
   0, spawnPosZ);
    int animalIndex = Random.Range(0, animalPrefabs.Length);
    Instantiate(animalPrefabs[animalIndex], spawnPos,
    animalPrefabs[animalIndex].transform.rotation); }}
```

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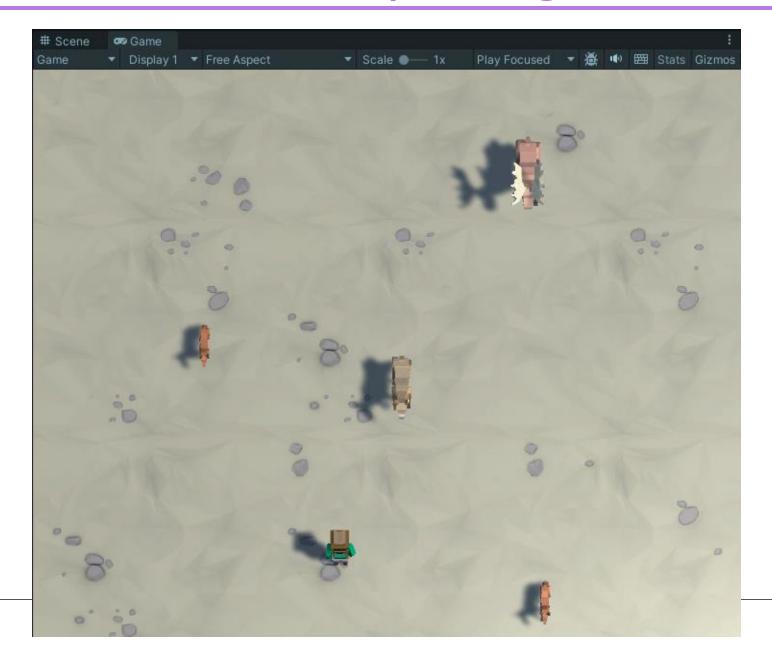
Timed intervals: InvokeRepeating()

- It makes no sense pressing a key to spawn enemies in a game
- We need to spawn the animals on a timer, so they randomly appear every few seconds
- 1. Create a **new method** *SpawnRandomAnimal()* and move the *if()* content into it. Leave the Update() empty.
- 2. In Start(), use InvokeRepeating() method to spawn animals based on an interval
- 3. InvokeRepeating() will call a given method after a time delay and repeat the call on a given time interval <- How will you use it?

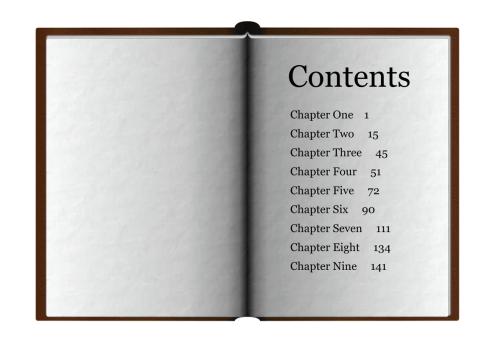
Timed intervals: InvokeRepeating()

```
public class SpawnManager : MonoBehaviour
   3 references
   public GameObject[] animalPrefabs;
   2 references
   private float spawnRangeX = 15;
   1 reference
   private float spawnPosZ = 20;
   1 reference
   private float startDelay = 2.0f;
   1 reference
   private float spawnInterval = 1.5f;
    void Start()
        InvokeRepeating("SpawnRandomAnimal", startDelay, spawnInterval);
    0 references
    void SpawnRandomAnimal()
        Vector3 spawnPos = new Vector3(Random.Range(-spawnRangeX, spawnRangeX), 0, spawnPosZ);
         int animalIndex = Random.Range(0, animalPrefabs.Length);
         Instantiate(animalPrefabs[animalIndex], spawnPos,
             animalPrefabs[animalIndex].transform.rotation);
```

Timed intervals: InvokeRepeating()

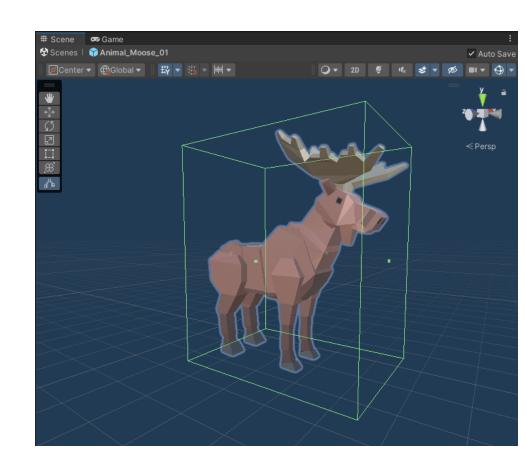


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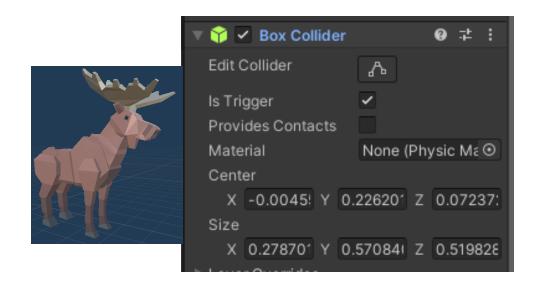
Collider and Trigger components

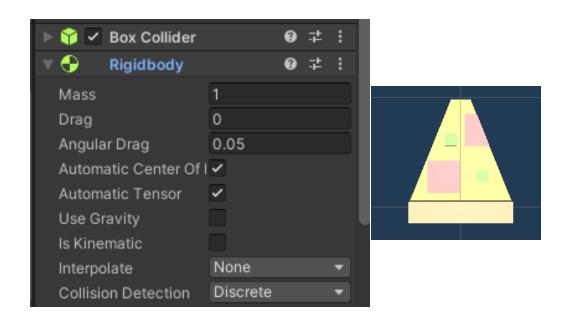
- Animals spawn perfectly and the player can fire projectiles at them but nothing happens when the two collide
- If we want the projectiles and animals to be destroyed on collision, we need to give them some familiar components -> Colliders
- 1. Open the prefabs editor on one of the animal prefabs and add a Box Collider
- 2. Click *Edit Collider* and **drag the collider handles** to encompass the object



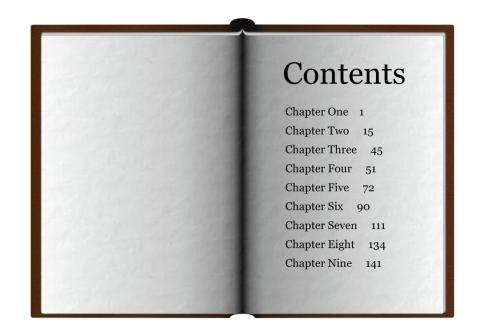
Collider and Trigger components

- 1. Check the "Is Trigger" checkbox
- 2. Repeat this process for each of the animals and the projectile
- 3. Add a RigidBody component to the projectile and uncheck "use gravity" (we don't want the projectile to fall on the ground)





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Destroy on collision: OnTriggerEnter()

- We need to code a new script in order to destroy animals and projectiles on impact
- 1. Create a new *DetectCollisions* script, add it to each animal prefab
- 2. Add the Unity OnTriggerEnter method void OnTriggerEnter(Collider other){ } <-- Can you guess what it does?
- 3. Destroy both objects on collision trigger

```
private void OnTriggerEnter(Collider other)
{
    Destroy(gameObject);
    Destroy(other);
}
```

Do we have to add it also to the projectile prefab? Why?

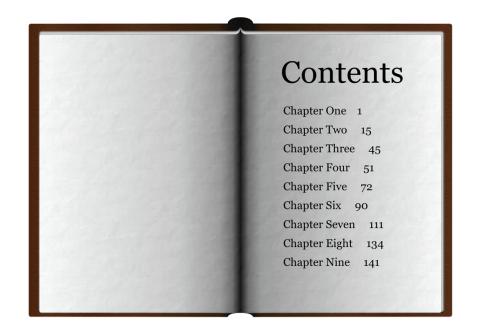
Destroy on collision: OnTriggerEnter()

- Is this an endless game?
- We should let the players know they've lost when any animals get past the player
- For the time being, a simple "Game Over" message will be enough.
- In following activities we'll stop spawning enemies and the action
- 1. In *DestroyOutOfBounds* script, add a Debug.Log() message in the appropriate place

```
else if (transform.position.z < bottomBound)
{
    Destroy(gameObject);
    Debug.Log("Game Over!");
}</pre>
```

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ACTIVITY

Fix the errors of the game (Dog.unitypackage)

- 1. A random ball (of 3) is generated at a random position above the screen
- 2. Make the spawn interval a random value between 3 and 5 seconds
- 3. Make the player spawn dogs on spacebar
- 4. The balls should be destroyed on direct contact with a dog (not near)
- 5. If the ball hits the ground, a "Game Over" message is displayed
- 6. Balls and dogs should be removed when they leave the screen

ACTIVITY

Initial state



ACTIVITY

How it should be



EXTRA ACTIVITY

Add the following modifications to the Animals game:

- 1. Allow the player to move forward and backwards
- 2. Also spawn animals from the left and right sides
- 3. If any hits the player, "Game Over" should be logged to the console
- 4. Display in the console the player's Lives and Score
 - a) If the player feeds an animal, increase the Score
 - b) If the player misses an animal or is hit by one, decrease Lives
 - c) When the number of Lives reaches 0, log "Game Over" in the console

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