



# BUSINESS SALES INSIGHTS

By

Sandhiya

# List of markets/region operates in the business

There are totally 27 market operates in the business

market

India

Indonesia

Japan

Pakistan

Philiphines

South Korea

Australia

Newzealand

Bangladesh

France

Germany

Italy

Netherlands

Norway

Poland

Portugal

Spain

Sweden

Austria

United King...

USA

Canada

Mexico

Brazil

China

Chile

Columbia

# Provide the lists of markets based on region

There are 4 region

APAC - Asia Pacific region

LATAM - Latin America

EU - European Union

NA - North America

#### APAC

market

India

Indonesia

Japan

Pakistan

Philiphines

South Korea

Australia

Newzealand

Bangladesh

China

#### LATAM

market

Mexico

Brazil

Chile

Columbia

#### EU

market

France

Germany

Italy

Netherlands

Norway

Poland

Portugal

Spain

Sweden

Austria

United King...

#### NA

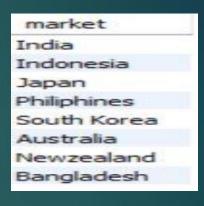
market

USA

Canada

# Provide the lists of markets in which "AtliQ Exculsive" operates its business in the APAC region

select distinct(market) from dim\_customer
where region="APAC"
And customer= "Atliq Exclusive";



select market,
sum(forecast\_quantity) as total\_qty
from dim\_customer c
join fact\_forecast\_monthly f
on c.customer\_code = f.customer\_code
where region="APAC" and customer= "Atliq Exclusive"
group by market
order by total\_qty desc;

	market	total_qty
•	India	5015716
	South Korea	1346187
	Indonesia	1095752
	Australia	801183
	Philiphines	619236
	Bangladesh	404910
	Newzealand	335829
	Japan	158002

# What is the percentage increase of unique product in 22 vs 21?

#### with cte21 as

(select count(distinct(product\_code)) as product21 from fact\_gross\_price where fiscal\_year=21),

# product21 product22 percentage\_chg 334 345 3.29

#### cte22 as

(select count(distinct(product\_code)) as product22 from fact\_gross\_price where fiscal\_year=22), select \*,

round((product22-product21)\*100/product21,2) as percentage\_chg

from cte21

#### cross join

cte22

# Provide a report with all unique product counts for each segment and sort them in descending order of product count

select segment,
count(distinct(product\_code)) as count\_product
from dim\_product
group by segment
order by count\_product desc

	segment	count_product
•	Notebook	129
	Accessories	116
	Peripherals	84
	Desktop	32
	Storage	27
	Networking	9

# Which segment has the most unique product in 2022 vs 2021?

```
With ste1 as (select p.segment,
count(distinct(product_code)) as count_product20
from dim_product p
join fact_gross_price f
using (product_code)
where fiscal_year = 20
group by segment
order by count_product20 desc),
Ste2 as (select p.segment,
count(distinct(product_code)) as count_product21
from dim_product p
join
fact_gross_price fusing (product_code)
where fiscal_year = 21
group by segment
order by count_product desc),
```

select ste21.segment,
count\_product21,
count\_product20,
(count\_product21 - count\_product20) as difference
from ste20
Join
ste21using (segment)
order by difference desc;

	segment	count_product21	count_product20	difference
•	Accessories	103	69	34
	Notebook	108	92	16
	Peripherals	75	59	16
	Desktop	22	7	15
	Storage	17	12	5
	Networking	9	6	3

## Get the product that have highest and lowest gross\_price

select p.product,
p.product\_code,
s.manufacturing\_cost
from dim\_product p
join
fact\_manufacturing\_c

	product	product_code	manufacturing_cost
•	AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	A6121110208	263.4207
	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	A2118150101	0.8654

fact\_manufacturing\_cost s using (product\_code)

where manufacturing\_cost = (select max(manufacturing\_cost) from fact\_manufacturing\_cost) or

manufacturing\_cost = (select min(manufacturing\_cost)from fact\_manufacturing\_cost) order by manufacturing\_cost desc

# Which channel help to bring more gross\_price\_mln and the percentage of contribution (2018-22)

```
With cte1 as (select c.channel,
round(sum(g.gross_price * s.sold_quantity)/1000000,2) as gross_price_mln
from dim_customer c
join
fact_sales_monthly s
on c.customer_code = s.customer_code
join fact_gross_price g
on s.product_code = g.product_code and
 s.fiscal_year = g.fiscal_year
group by c.channel
order by gross_price_mln)
```

	channel	gross_price_mln	gross_price_pct
•	Retailer	834.51	72.86
	Direct	177.76	15.52
	Distributor	133.05	11.62

select \*,
CONCAT(round(gross\_price\_mln \*100/sum(gross\_price\_mln)over(),2)) as gross\_price\_pct
from cte1

# In which of the Quarters (2021), has the maximum Total\_sold\_quantity

```
With Cte1 as (select * ,

Case

WHEN MONTH(S.DATE) IN (9,10,11) THEN "Q1"

WHEN MONTH(S.DATE) IN (12,1,2) THEN "Q2"

WHEN MONTH(S.DATE) IN (3,4,5) THEN "Q3"

ELSE "Q4"

end as Quarter

from fact_sales_monthly s

where fiscal_year = 2021),
```

select Quarter,
sum(sold\_quantity) as Total\_sold\_quantity
from cte1
group by Quarter
order by total\_sold\_quantity desc

	Quarter	Total_sold_quantity
•	Q1	14476194
	Q2	13812652
	Q3	10984739
	Q4	10890997

# Top 5 customers who received an average an high\_pre\_invoice\_discount

```
select c.customer,
c.customer_code,
concat(round(avg(p.pre_invoice_discount_pct)*100,2),'%') as avg_discount_pct
from dim_customer c
join fact_pre_invoice_deductions p
using (customer_code)
where p.fiscal_year = 2022 and c.market = "india"
group by c.customer_code
order by avg_discount_pct desc
```

limit 5

	customer	customer_code	avg_discount_pct
•	Amazon	90002016	30.22%
	Atliq e Store	70002018	29.31%
	Amazon	90002008	29.12%
	Ezone	90002003	28.67%
	Viveks	90002006	28.41%

## Total net sales based on the fiscal year of the AtliQ Customers

The total net sales are calculated in millions

Group by fiscal\_year

	fiscal_year	total_net_sale
•	2022	8211.13
	2021	4129.43
	2020	1337,40
	2019	551.82
	2018	146.58

# Conversion of output to visuals

	fiscal_year	total_net_sale
•	2022	8211.13
	2021	4129.43
	2020	1337,40
	2019	551.82
	2018	146.58



## Insights

AtliQ'S net sales are steadily growing at the rate approximately 200% annually. Strategic decision are positively impacting revenue generation for the customer.

# Top 5 customers of the net sales in 2021 and 2022

select c.customer, round(sum(net\_sales)/1000000,2) as Net\_Sales from net\_sale n join dim\_customer c on n.customer\_code=c.customer\_code where fiscal\_year =in\_fiscal\_year group by customer order by Net\_sales desc limit 5;

#### 2021

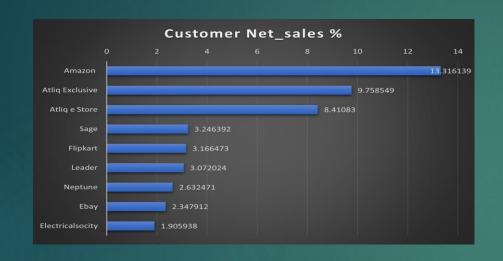
customer	Net_Sales
Amazon	109.97
Atliq Exclusive	80.59
Atliq e Store	69.46
Sage	26.81
Flipkart	26.15

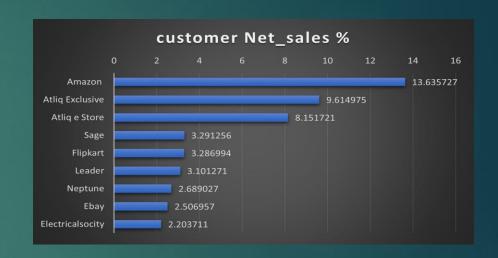
#### 2022

customer	Net_Sales
Amazon	223.93
Atliq Exclusive	157.90
Atliq e Store	133.87
Sage	54.05
Flipkart	53.98

## Global Customers net sale %

2021 2022





#### Insight

The maximum sales percentage through amazon which is 13.32 %. The maximum sales percentage through amazon which is 13.63 %.

overall % difference in net\_sales = +/- (1 to 3) %

# Top 3 markets in the net sales in the year 2021vs 2022

```
select market,
round(sum(net_sales)/1000000,2) as Net_Sales_mIn
from net_sale
where fiscal_year = in_fiscal_year
group by market
order by Net_sales_mIn desc
limit 3;
```

#### 2021

market	Net_Sales_mln
India	212.08
USA	130.89
South Korea	64.60

#### 2022

market	Net_Sales_mln
India	446.34
USA	284.29
South Korea	126.56

## Market values to visuals

2021 2022





## Insights

The overall increased percentage from all markets approximately 100-150%. For India increased percentage is 110.45%

# Top 5 product in the net sales in the 2021 and 2022

2021

select p.product,
round(sum(net\_sales)/1000000,2) as Net\_Sales
from net\_sale n
join dim\_product p
on n.product\_code=p.product\_code
where fiscal\_year =in\_fiscal\_year
group by product
order by Net\_sales desc
limit 5;

product	Net_Sales
AQ BZ Allin1	33.82
AQ Qwerty	27.91
AQ Trigger	27.02
AQ Gen Y	23.64
AQ Maxima	22.38

#### 2022

product	Net_Sales
AQ BZ Allin1 Gen 2	84.62
AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2	78.76
AQ Smash 2	73.48
AQ Smash 1	67.93
AQ Electron 3 3600 Desktop Processor	65.66