```
In [7]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        def kernel(point, xmat, k):
            m, n = np.shape(xmat)
            weights = np.mat(np.eye((m))) # eye identity matrix
            for j in range(m):
                diff = point - X[j]
                weights[j,j] = np.exp(diff*diff.T/(-2.0*k**2))
            return weights
In [8]: def localweight(point, xmat, ymat, k):
            wei = kernel (point, xmat,k)
            W = (X.T*(wei*X)).I*(X.T*(wei*ymat.T))
            return W
        def localweightRegression(xmat,ymat,k):
            m, n = np.shape(xmat)
            ypred = np.zeros(m)
            for i in range (m):
                ypred[i]=xmat[i]*localweight(xmat[i],xmat,ymat,k)
            return ypred
In [9]: def graphPlot(x,ypred):
            sortindex = X[:,1].argsort(0) #argsort - index of the smallest
            xsort = X[sortindex][:,0]
            fig = plt.figure()
            ax = fig.add subplot(1,1,1)
            ax.scatter(bill, tip, color='green')
            ax.plot(xsort[:,1], ypred[sortindex], color = 'red', linewidth=5)
            plt.xlabel ('Total bill')
            plt.ylabel('Tip')
            plt.show();
```

```
In [10]: data = pd.read_csv('tips.csv')
    bill=np.array(data.total_bill) # We use only Bill amount and Tips data
    tip = np.array(data.tip)
    mbill=np.mat(bill) # .mat will convert nd array is converted in 2D array
    mtip = np.mat(tip)
    m= np.shape(mbill)[1]
    one = np.mat(np.ones(m))
    X = np.hstack((one.T, mbill.T)) # 244 rows, 2 cols
    ypred = localweightRegression(X,mtip,0.5) # increase k to get smooth curves =
    graphPlot(X,ypred)
```

