

M	T	W	T	F	S	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

It is evident, at first sight, with regard to the letters, that the product will be ab ; but it is doubtful whether the sign $+$, or the sign $-$, is to be placed before it; all we know is, that it must be one or the other of those signs.

Now, I say that it cannot be the sign $-$; for $-a$ by $+b$ gives $-ab$, and $-a$ by $-b$ cannot produce the same result as $-a$ by $+b$; but must produce a contrary result, that is to say, $+ab$.

Reasoning given by algebraists

First, we know that $+a$ multiplied by $+b$ gives the product $+ab$; and if $+a$ be multiplied by a quantity less than b , as $b-c$, the product must necessarily be less than ab ; in short, from ab we must subtract the product of a , multiplied by c ; hence $ax(b-c)$ must be expressed by $ab-ac$; therefore it follows that $ax(-c)$ gives the product $-ac$.