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STAT2203 – Probability Models and Data Analysis for Engineering

STAT2203 Assignment 6



Question 1

Question 2

Let

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ \alpha_1 \\ \alpha_2 \\ \alpha_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

If $\alpha_4 \equiv \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3$, then

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore $\varepsilon \sim N(\mathbf{0}, \sigma^2 I)$

Question 3

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left[\frac{1}{\hat{\lambda}} \right] &= \frac{1}{\lambda} \\ \text{Var} \left(\frac{1}{\hat{\lambda}^2} \right) &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\lambda^2} \right)}{n} \\ &= \frac{n}{\lambda^2} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore the stochastic interval is:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\lambda} \pm z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sqrt{\frac{n}{\lambda^2}}}{\sqrt{n}} \\ \frac{1}{\lambda} \pm z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{n}{\lambda} \end{aligned}$$

Question 4

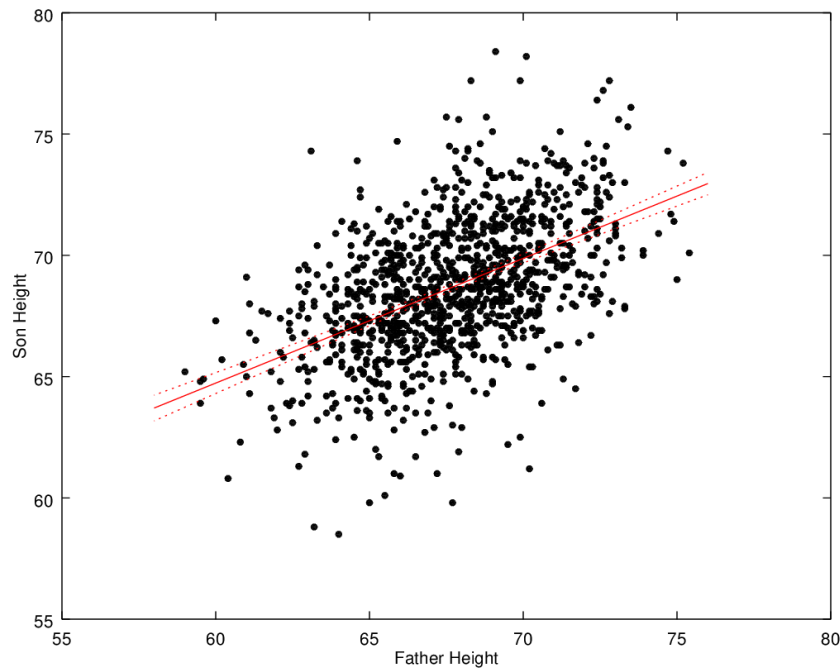


Figure 1: Question 4 Answer

```

1 load('PearsonFather.csv');
2 load('PearsonSon.csv');
3 x = PearsonFather;
4 y = PearsonSon;
5 N = 1e3;
6 xx = linspace(58, 76, N);
7 A = [ones(length(x), 1), x];
8 beta = (A' A) \ A' y;
9 sigma2 = mean((y - A * beta).^2);
10 AAIInv = inv(A' * A);
11 for i = 1:N
12     ax = [1 xx(i)];
13     mux = ax * beta;
14     sx = sqrt(sigma2 * ax * AAIInv * ax');
15     yy(i) = mux;
16     yy1(i) = mux - 1.95*sx;
17     yy2(i) = mux + 1.95*sx;
18 end;
19 figure(1);
20 plot(x, y, 'k.', xx, yy, 'r-', xx, yy1, 'r:', xx, yy2, 'r:');
21 xlabel("Father Height");
22 ylabel("Son Height");
23 sigma2

```

σ^2 is estimated to be 5.9335

Question 5

```

1 tbl = [13.8, 11.7, 14.0, 12.6;
2 12.9, 16.7, 15.5, 13.8;
3 25.9, 29.8, 27.8, 25.0;
4 15.2, 20.2, 19.9, 13.7];
5 anova(tbl)

```

This results in output equivalent to 0.2652