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CSSE3002 – The Software Process

Lecture Notes

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Software Engineering

- Application of a systematic, disciplined, quantifiable approach to the development, operation, and maintenance of software.
  - That is, the application of engineering to software.
  - IEEE Standard 610.12-1990
- Concerned with theories, methods and tools that enable professional software development.

"The topic that we call software engineering is both exciting and frustrating. Exciting because it draws on many technical disciplines and provides a harness that binds each discipline to the next. Frustrating, because it demands knowledge in a multitude of topic areas and seems to be infinitely expandable." - Roger Pressman, 1992

Software Engineering Process

A structured set of activities followed to develop a software system

- Tools
- Methods
- Practices

Well Engineered Software

- Usable
- Dependable
- Maintainable
- Efficient
- How do costs come into this?
  - Trade-offs may be involved
    * appropriate
    * cost-effective

Process Models

- Abstract representation of a process
- Plan Driven
  - Structured / Traditional
- Incremental
- Agile
- Lean
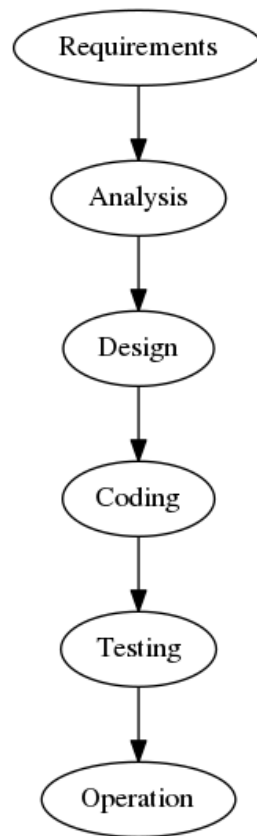- Formal

Plan Driven Processes
Waterfall

Figure 1: Diagram explaining Waterfall

- Introduced iteration between phases
- Prototyping
  - Requirements
  - Design

VModel
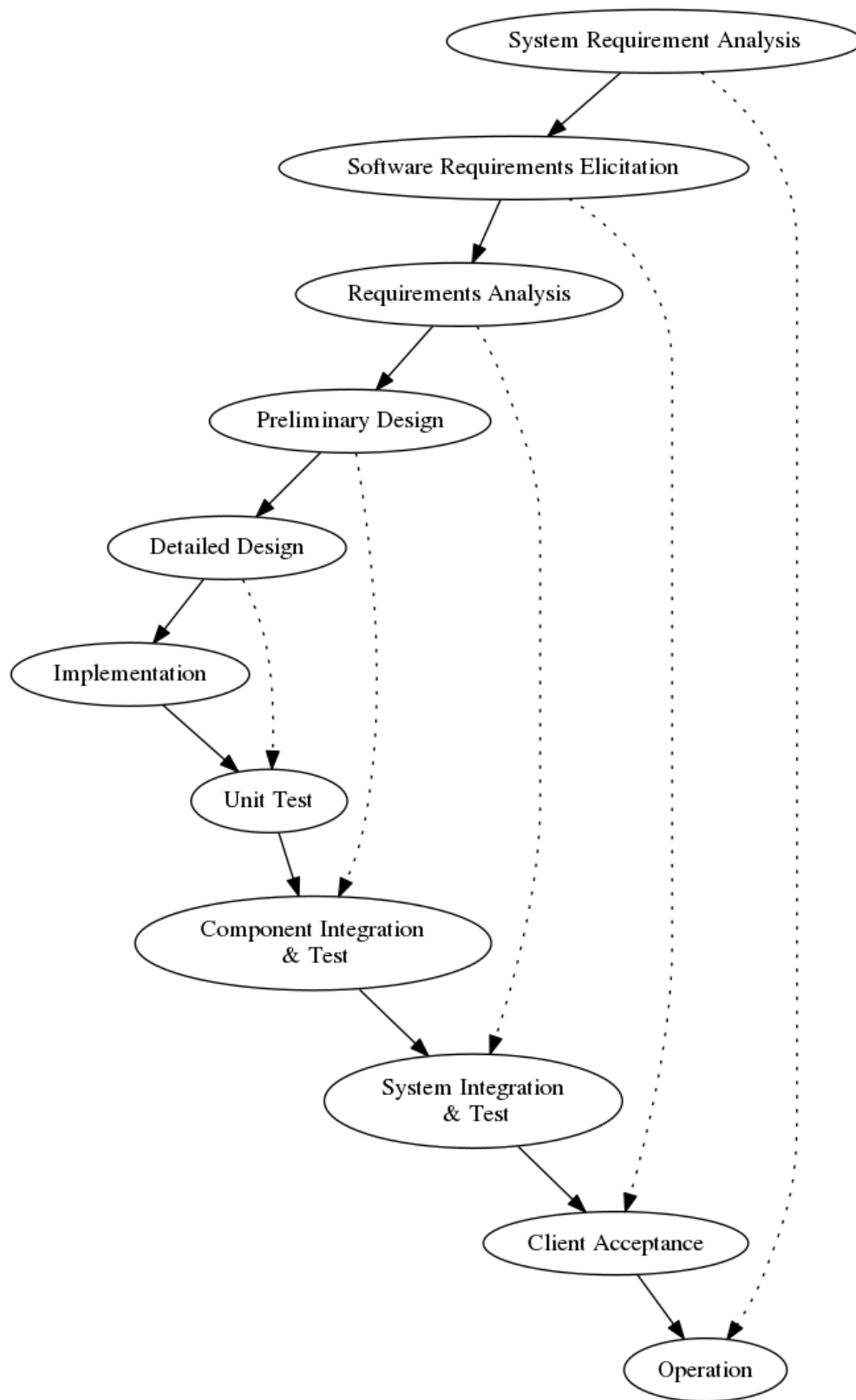
Figure 2: Diagram explaining V Model

Spiral

- Focus on process control
- See
`http://csse.usc.edu/TECHRPTS/1988/usccse88-500/uscsse88-500.pdf`

Incremental Processes

Unified Process

Unified Process is allied closely with UML

- Four distinct phases
  - Inception, Elaboration, Construction and Transition
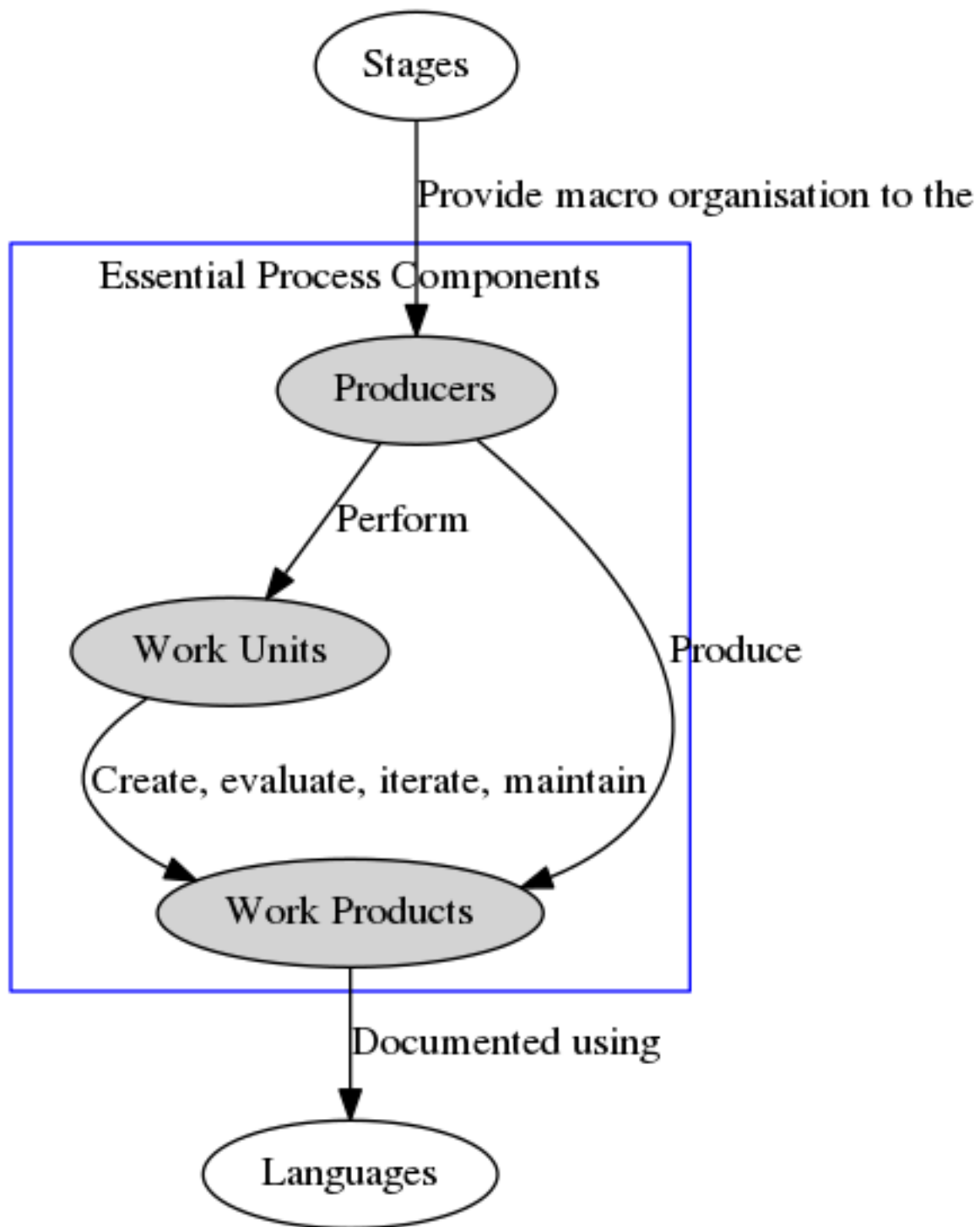- Considers activity balance across workflows and phases

Figure 3: Diagram of OPEN Process

- Process framework
    - process is instantiated from the framework
    - metamodel documents the framework
- Contracts between components
    - process construction

    – scheduling

Agile Processes

- Scrum, XP, FDD, DSDM
- Embrace change
  - Requirements are never fixed
  - Stop pretending and get used to it
- Deliver early and deliver often
  - A working system delivers value
  - A deployed system generates revenue

Lean Development

- More a philosophy than a process
  - Think Big
  - Act Small
  - Fail Fast
- Eliminate Waste
- Amplify Learning
- Decide as Late as Possible
- Deliver as Fast as Possible
- Empower the Team
- Build Integrity In
- See the Whole

Formal Processes

- Application of mathematical formality to software development
  - formal specification
  - transformation of specification to code

Process

- All SE Processes involved phases
  - Requirements
  - Design
  - Development (implementation, coding)
  - Testing (Verification)
  - Delivery and Maintenance
- These are never disjoint, never just sequential
- We iterate between them, and we blur the distinctions because we want to get it right
- Software Engineering cannot work without a defined development process
  - anything else is randomised hacking
- Processes cannot work if they are not usable
  - people don't read telephone books cover to cover
- Good processes should engage the team
  - support technical excellence and innovation
  - embed a culture of trust and responsibility

Standards

- Rules, guidelines and heuristics
- De facto – implicit agreement
  - easily changed

- De jure – formal agreement
  - usually debated and documented

Standard Adoption

- Voluntary
  - achieving good practice
  - safety net
- Required
  - demands of clients
  - certification requirements
  - follow on from other standards
  - process improvement activity

SE Standards

- Normative and informative
- Document centred
- Adaptable

Main SE Standards

- ISO/IEC 12207:2008
  - Systems and software engineering – Software life cycle processes
- ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288:2015
  - Systems and software engineering – System life cycle processes
- ISO/IEC/IEEE 15289:2015
  - System and software engineering – Content of life-cycle information items (documentation)

ISO/IEC 12207

- Framework for lifecycle modelling
- Focus on bespoke software
  - including product and services
- Includes process for defining, controlling and improving software processes
- Last reviewed in 2013

ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288

- Framework for process descriptions
- Focus on system engineering
  - software as a component of system
- Focus on bespoke system development
- Includes process for defining, controlling and improving processes
- Ratified in 2015

12207 vs 15288

- 15288 focuesses on systems
  - hardware, software, people, facilities, material, …
- 12207 focusses on software
  - intended to be used for software component of 15288

ISO/IEC/IEEE 15289

- Standard project documentation
- Focus on purpose and content
  - not necessarily a formal document (e.g. central data repository)
- Ratified in 2015

ISO/IEC 29110

- Software engineering – Lifecycle profiles for Very Small Entities (up to 25 people)
- Subset of 12207 and 15289
- Profiles for different scales of complexity
  - component of a system

- – up to multiple commercial projects
- Ratified in 2016

IEEE Standards

- Terminology
- QA Plans
- Configuration Management
- Requirements Specification
- Unit Testing
- V&V
- Reviews & Audits
- Productivity Metrics
- Quality Metrics
- Project Management Plans
- User Documentation
- Maintenance

Ethics

Code of Ethics

- Agreed standard of behaviour
- Mark of professionalism
- most professional bodies have one
- Enforceable?

Australian Computer Society (ACS)

Primary of Public Interest place interests of public above personal, business or sectional interests

Enhancement of Quality of Life strive to enhance quality of life of those affected

Honesty honest representation of skills, knowledge, services and products

Competence work competently and diligently for stakeholders

Professional Development enhance your own development and your colleagues and staff

Professionalism enhance integrity of the ACS and respect of members for each other