```
In [1]: # import required packages

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import math
import sklearn
import sklearn.preprocessing
import datetime
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
```

In [2]: # display parent directory and working directory

print(os.path.dirname(os.getcwd())+':', os.listdir(os.path.dirname(os.getcwd())));
print(os.getcwd()+':', os.listdir(os.getcwd()));

C:\Users\sanch\OneDrive\Documents\Graduate School\UT-Austin - MSIS\INF 385T Intro to Machine Learning: ['Class Lectures', 'Homework', 'Labs', 'Project',
 'Syllabus.pdf', 'Textbooks']
C:\Users\sanch\OneDrive\Documents\Graduate School\UT-Austin - MSIS\INF 385T Intro to Machine Learning\Project: ['.ipynb_checkpoints', 'fundamentals.csv',
 'INF385T - Prioject Pre-prosal - Sanchit Singhal Gaurav Lalwani.pdf', 'INF385T
T - Project Outline - Sanchit Singhal Gaurav Lalwani.pdf', 'INF385T - Project
Proposal - Sanchit Singhal Gaurav Lalwani.pdf', 'INF385T_ML_Project_Models_v1
0.1.ipynb', 'INF385T_ML_Project_Prototype.pdf', 'Pre-Proposal.docx', 'prices-split-adjusted.csv', 'prices.csv', 'Project Prototype.ipynb', 'securities.cs
v']

In [3]: # split data in 80%/10%/10% train/validation/test sets

valid_set_size_percentage = 10

test_set_size_percentage = 10

```
In [4]: # import stock prices data

df = pd.read_csv("prices-split-adjusted.csv", index_col = 0)
    df.info()

# number of different stocks

print('\nnumber of different stocks: ', len(list(set(df.symbol))))
print(list(set(df.symbol))[:10])
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 851264 entries, 2016-01-05 to 2016-12-30
Data columns (total 6 columns):
symbol
         851264 non-null object
         851264 non-null float64
open
close
          851264 non-null float64
low
          851264 non-null float64
high
         851264 non-null float64
         851264 non-null float64
volume
dtypes: float64(5), object(1)
memory usage: 45.5+ MB
number of different stocks: 501
['BCR', 'GWW', 'MMC', 'PX', 'NWL', 'TDG', 'FLR', 'IFF', 'DTE', 'DLTR']
```

In [5]: df.head()

Out[5]:

	symbol	open	close	low	high	volume
date						
2016-01-05	WLTW	123.430000	125.839996	122.309998	126.250000	2163600.0
2016-01-06	WLTW	125.239998	119.980003	119.940002	125.540001	2386400.0
2016-01-07	WLTW	116.379997	114.949997	114.930000	119.739998	2489500.0
2016-01-08	WLTW	115.480003	116.620003	113.500000	117.440002	2006300.0
2016-01-11	WLTW	117.010002	114.970001	114.089996	117.330002	1408600.0

In [6]: df.tail()

Out[6]:

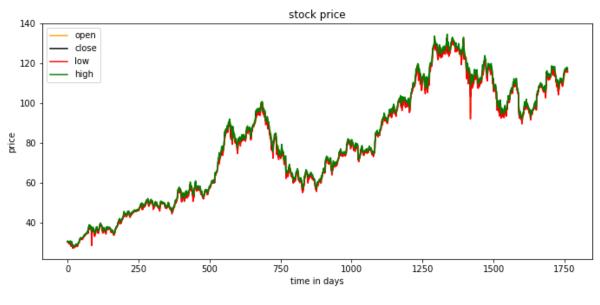
	symbol	open	close	low	high	volume
date						
2016-12-30	ZBH	103.309998	103.199997	102.849998	103.930000	973800.0
2016-12-30	ZION	43.070000	43.040001	42.689999	43.310001	1938100.0
2016-12-30	ZTS	53.639999	53.529999	53.270000	53.740002	1701200.0
2016-12-30	AIV	44.730000	45.450001	44.410000	45.590000	1380900.0
2016-12-30	FTV	54.200001	53.630001	53.389999	54.480000	705100.0

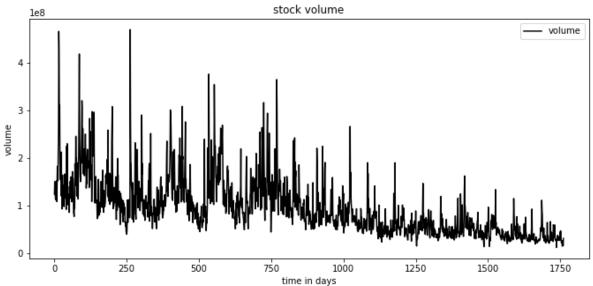
In [7]: df.describe()

Out[7]:

	open	close	low	high	volume
count	851264.000000	851264.000000	851264.000000	851264.000000	8.512640e+05
mean	64.993618	65.011913	64.336541	65.639748	5.415113e+06
std	75.203893	75.201216	74.459518	75.906861	1.249468e+07
min	1.660000	1.590000	1.500000	1.810000	0.000000e+00
25%	31.270000	31.292776	30.940001	31.620001	1.221500e+06
50%	48.459999	48.480000	47.970001	48.959999	2.476250e+06
75%	75.120003	75.139999	74.400002	75.849998	5.222500e+06
max	1584.439941	1578.130005	1549.939941	1600.930054	8.596434e+08

```
In [8]: #Plotting volume and price of a specific stock versus time
        plt.figure(figsize=(25, 5));
        plt.subplot(1,2,1);
        plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].open.values, color='orange', label='open')
        plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].close.values, color='black', label='close')
        plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].low.values, color='red', label='low')
        plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].high.values, color='green', label='high')
        plt.title('stock price')
        plt.xlabel('time in days')
        plt.ylabel('price')
        plt.legend(loc='best')
        # plt.show()
        plt.figure(figsize=(25, 5));
        plt.subplot(1,2,2);
        plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].volume.values, color='black', label='volume')
        plt.title('stock volume')
        plt.xlabel('time in days')
        plt.ylabel('volume')
        plt.legend(loc='best');
        plt.show()
```





```
In [9]: # function for min-max normalization of stock
        def normalize data(df):
            min_max_scaler = sklearn.preprocessing.MinMaxScaler()
            df['open'] = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(df.open.values.reshape(-1,1))
            df['high'] = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(df.high.values.reshape(-1,1))
            df['low'] = min max scaler.fit transform(df.low.values.reshape(-1,1))
            df['close'] = min_max_scaler.fit_transform(df['close'].values.reshape(-
        1,1))
            return df
        # function to create train, validation, test data given stock data and sequ
        ence Length
        def load_data(stock, seq_len):
            raw data = stock.as matrix() # convert to numpy array
            data = []
            # create all possible sequences of length seq len
            for index in range(len(raw_data) - seq_len):
                data.append(raw_data[index: index + seq_len])
            data = np.array(data);
            valid_set_size = int(np.round(valid_set_size_percentage/100*data.shape[
        0]));
            test set size = int(np.round(test set size percentage/100*data.shape[0
        ]));
            train_set_size = data.shape[0] - (valid_set_size + test_set_size);
            x_train = data[:train_set_size,:-1,:]
            y_train = data[:train_set_size,-1,:]
            x valid = data[train set size:train set size+valid set size,:-1,:]
            y_valid = data[train_set_size:train_set_size+valid_set_size,-1,:]
            x_test = data[train_set_size+valid_set_size:,:-1,:]
            y_test = data[train_set_size+valid_set_size:,-1,:]
            return [x train, y train, x valid, y valid, x test, y test]
        # choose one stock
        df stock = df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].copy()
        df_stock.drop(['symbol'],1,inplace=True)
        df stock.drop(['volume'],1,inplace=True)
        cols = list(df_stock.columns.values)
        print('df_stock.columns.values = ', cols)
        # normalize stock
        df_stock_norm = df_stock.copy()
        df stock norm = normalize data(df stock norm)
        # create train, test data
        seq len = 20 # choose sequence Length
        x_train, y_train, x_valid, y_valid, x_test, y_test = load_data(df_stock_nor
        m, seq len)
        print('x_train.shape = ',x_train.shape)
        print('y_train.shape = ', y_train.shape)
```

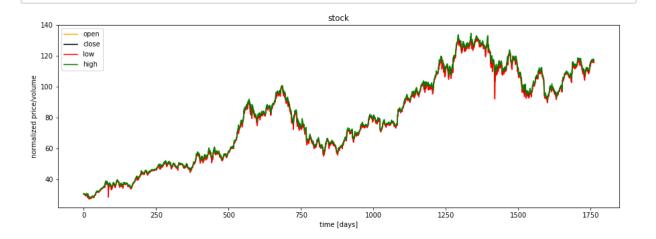
```
print('x_valid.shape = ',x_valid.shape)
         print('y_valid.shape = ', y_valid.shape)
         print('x_test.shape = ', x_test.shape)
         print('y_test.shape = ',y_test.shape)
         df_stock.columns.values = ['open', 'close', 'low', 'high']
         x_{train.shape} = (1394, 19, 4)
         y train.shape = (1394, 4)
         x \text{ valid.shape} = (174, 19, 4)
         y valid.shape = (174, 4)
         x_{test.shape} = (174, 19, 4)
         y_{\text{test.shape}} = (174, 4)
In [10]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5));
         plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].open.values, color='orange', label='open')
         plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].close.values, color='black', label='close')
         plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].low.values, color='red', label='low')
         plt.plot(df[df.symbol == 'AAPL'].high.values, color='green', label='high')
         #plt.plot(df_stock_norm.volume.values, color='gray', label='volume')
         plt.title('stock')
```

plt.xlabel('time [days]')

plt.legend(loc='best')

plt.show()

plt.ylabel('normalized price/volume')



```
In [11]: # prepare batches
         index_in_epoch = 0;
         permutation_array = np.arange(x_train.shape[0])
         np.random.shuffle(permutation_array)
         # function to get the next batch
         def get_next_batch(batch_size):
             global index_in_epoch, x_train, perm_array
             start = index_in_epoch
             index_in_epoch += batch_size
             if index_in_epoch > x_train.shape[0]:
                 np.random.shuffle(permutation_array) # shuffle permutation array
                 start = 0 # start next epoch
                 index_in_epoch = batch_size
             end = index_in_epoch
             return x_train[permutation_array[start:end]], y_train[permutation_array
         [start:end]]
```

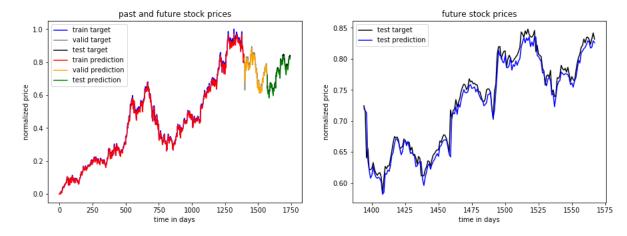
```
In [12]: | ## Model Run w/ Basic RNN
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n neurons = 200
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n epochs = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use Basic RNN Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicRNNCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.nn
         .elu)
                   for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x batch, y batch = get next batch(batch size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                  sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train_set_size/batch_size) == 0:
                      mse_train = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_train, y: y_train})
                     mse valid = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x valid, y: y valid})
                     print('%.2f epochs: MSE train/valid = %.6f/%.6f'%(
                          iteration*batch_size/train_set_size, mse_train, mse_valid))
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
```

```
0.00 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.310532/0.496241
4.99 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000292/0.000643
9.97 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000235/0.000591
14.96 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000214/0.000518
19.94 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000188/0.000484
24.93 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000171/0.000437
29.91 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000148/0.000394
34.90 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000145/0.000379
39.89 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000138/0.000359
44.87 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000219/0.000510
49.86 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000141/0.000359
54.84 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000136/0.000398
59.83 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000143/0.000400
64.81 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000215/0.000502
69.80 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000108/0.000302
74.78 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000207/0.000483
79.77 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000106/0.000294
84.76 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000133/0.000339
89.74 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000112/0.000330
94.73 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000100/0.000288
99.71 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000099/0.000273
```

In [13]: print(y_train.shape[0]) print(y_test.shape[0])

1394 174

```
In [14]: var = 0 # 0 = open, 1 = close, 2 = highest, 3 = lowest
         ## show predictions
         plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5));
         plt.subplot(1,2,1);
         plt.plot(np.arange(y train.shape[0]), y train[:,var], color='blue', label='tra
         in target')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y_train.shape[0], y_train.shape[0]+y_valid.shape[0]), y_val
         id[:,var],
                  color='gray', label='valid target')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y train.shape[0]+y valid.shape[0],
                            y train.shape[0]+y test.shape[0]+y test.shape[0]),
                  y_test[:,var], color='black', label='test target')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y_train_pred.shape[0]),y_train_pred[:,var], color='red',
                  label='train prediction')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y train pred.shape[0], y train pred.shape[0]+y valid pred.s
         hape[0]),
                  y valid pred[:,var], color='orange', label='valid prediction')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y train pred.shape[0]+y valid pred.shape[0],
                            y train pred.shape[0]+y valid pred.shape[0]+y test pred.sha
         pe[0]),
                  y test pred[:,var], color='green', label='test prediction')
         plt.title('past and future stock prices')
         plt.xlabel('time in days')
         plt.ylabel('normalized price')
         plt.legend(loc='best');
         plt.subplot(1,2,2);
         plt.plot(np.arange(y_train.shape[0], y_train.shape[0]+y_test.shape[0]),
                  y test[:,var], color='black', label='test target')
         plt.plot(np.arange(y_train_pred.shape[0], y_train_pred.shape[0]+y_test_pred.sh
         ape[0]),
                  y_test_pred[:,var], color='blue', label='test prediction')
         plt.title('future stock prices')
         plt.xlabel('time in days')
         plt.ylabel('normalized price')
         plt.legend(loc='best');
         plt.show()
```



In [15]: # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +, lo ssers= -) corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train[:, 0]), np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_tra in.shape[0] corr price development valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y valid[:,1]-y valid[:, 0]), np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_val id.shape[0] corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,0])]), np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_test. shape[0] print('correct classifiation of close - open price for train/valid/test: %.2f/ %.2f/%.2f'%(corr_price_development_train, corr_price_development_valid, corr_price_dev elopment_test))

correct classifiation of close - open price for train/valid/test: 0.74/0.78/0.89

```
In [16]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n neurons = 200
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train_set_size/batch_size) == 0:
                     mse_train = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_train, y: y_train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
                     print('%.2f epochs: MSE train/valid = %.6f/%.6f'%(
                         iteration*batch_size/train_set_size, mse_train, mse_valid))
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
```

```
lossers= -)
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y valid pred[:,1]-y valid pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
print('correct classifiation of close - open price for train/valid/test: %.
2f/%.2f/%.2f'%(
    corr_price_development_train, corr_price_development_valid, corr_price_
development_test))
0.00 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.140582/0.334605
```

```
4.99 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000600/0.001285
9.97 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000542/0.001170
14.96 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000733/0.001340
19.94 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000740/0.001439
24.93 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000494/0.001082
29.91 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000350/0.000693
34.90 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000302/0.000630
39.89 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000361/0.000787
44.87 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000282/0.000616
49.86 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000282/0.000699
54.84 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000358/0.000937
59.83 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000310/0.000777
64.81 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000180/0.000419
69.80 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000216/0.000461
74.78 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000226/0.000474
79.77 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000150/0.000325
84.76 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000146/0.000322
89.74 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000168/0.000341
94.73 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000120/0.000292
99.71 epochs: MSE train/valid = 0.000118/0.000291
correct classifiation of close - open price for train/valid/test: 0.75/0.78/
0.89
```

```
In [17]: # Optimize Hyper-paramters of Model
```

```
In [18]: number_neurons=[]
    corr_price_development_train_set=[]
    corr_price_development_valid_set=[]
    corr_price_development_test_set=[]
```

```
In [19]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Neurons (1)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n neurons = 1
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_neurons.append(n_neurons)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [20]: ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Neurons (10)
         # parameters
         n steps = seq len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = 10
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.nn.e
         lu)
                  for layer in range(n layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic rnn(multi layer cell, X, dtype=tf.float32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean squared e
         rror
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n_epochs*train_set_size/batch_size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trainin
         g batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse_train = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_train, y: y_train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y test pred = sess.run(outputs, feed dict={X: x test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +, lo
         ssers= -)
         corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train[:,
```

```
0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_tra
in.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_val
id.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,0
]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_test.
shape[0]
# append results
number neurons.append(n neurons)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [21]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Neurons (100)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n neurons = 100
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_neurons.append(n_neurons)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [22]: ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Neurons (200)
         # parameters
         n steps = seq len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = 200
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.nn.e
         lu)
                  for layer in range(n layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic rnn(multi layer cell, X, dtype=tf.float32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean squared e
         rror
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning_rate=learning_rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n_epochs*train_set_size/batch_size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trainin
         g batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse_train = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_train, y: y_train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y test pred = sess.run(outputs, feed dict={X: x test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +, lo
         ssers= -)
         corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train[:,
```

```
0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_tra
in.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_val
id.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,0
]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_test.
shape[0]
# append results
number neurons.append(n neurons)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [23]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Neurons (500)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n neurons = 500
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_neurons.append(n_neurons)
corr price development train set.append(corr price development train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

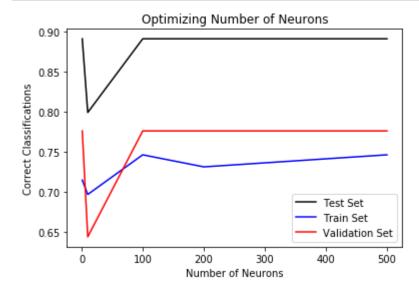
In [24]: print(corr_price_development_test_set)

[0.89080459770114939, 0.79885057471264365, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770 114939, 0.89080459770114939]

In [25]: print(number_neurons)

[1, 10, 100, 200, 500]

```
In [26]:
         # evaluate results
         plt.plot(number_neurons,corr_price_development_test_set,color='black', label=
          'Test Set')
         plt.plot(number neurons,corr price development train set,color='blue', label=
         'Train Set')
         plt.plot(number neurons,corr price development valid set,color='red', label='V
         alidation Set')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('Optimizing Number of Neurons')
         plt.xlabel('Number of Neurons')
         plt.ylabel('Correct Classifications')
         plt.show()
         selected_value_neurons = max(corr_price_development_test_set)
         selected index = corr price development test set.index(selected value neurons)
         selected_neurons = number_neurons[selected_index]
         print('Optimal Number of Neurons: %1f'%(selected neurons))
         print('Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: %.15f
          '%(selected_value_neurons))
```



Optimal Number of Neurons: 1.000000 Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: 0.890804597 701149

```
In [27]: number_layers=[]
    corr_price_development_train_set=[]
    corr_price_development_valid_set=[]
    corr_price_development_test_set=[]
```

```
In [28]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Layers (1)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 1
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_layers.append(n_layers)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [29]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Layers (2)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 2
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_layers.append(n_layers)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [30]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Layers (3)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 3
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_layers.append(n_layers)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [31]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Layers (4)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 4
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_layers.append(n_layers)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [32]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Layers (5)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = 5
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
number_layers.append(n_layers)
corr price development train set.append(corr price development train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

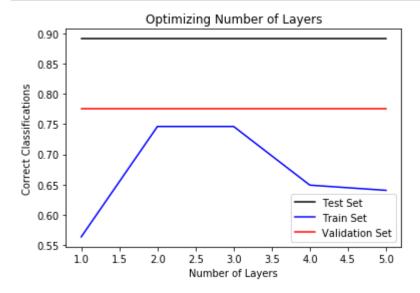
In [33]: print(corr price development test set)

[0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939]

In [34]: print(number_layers)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

```
In [35]:
         # evaluate results
         plt.plot(number_layers,corr_price_development_test_set,color='black', label='T
         est Set')
         plt.plot(number_layers,corr_price_development_train_set,color='blue', label='T
         rain Set')
         plt.plot(number layers,corr price development valid set,color='red', label='Va
         lidation Set')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('Optimizing Number of Layers')
         plt.xlabel('Number of Layers')
         plt.ylabel('Correct Classifications')
         plt.show()
         selected_value_layers = max(corr_price_development_test_set)
         selected index = corr price development test set.index(selected value layers)
         selected_layers = number_layers[selected_index]
         print('Optimal Number of Layers: %1f'%(selected layers))
         print('Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: %.15f
          '%(selected_value_layers))
```



Optimal Number of Layers: 1.000000 Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: 0.890804597 701149

```
In [37]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Batch Sizes (20)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 20
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
batch.append(batch_size)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [38]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Batch Sizes (30)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 30
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
batch.append(batch_size)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [39]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Batch Sizes (40)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 40
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
batch.append(batch_size)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [40]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Batch Sizes (50)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 50
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
batch.append(batch_size)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [41]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Batch Sizes (60)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = 60
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
batch.append(batch_size)
corr price development train set.append(corr price development train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

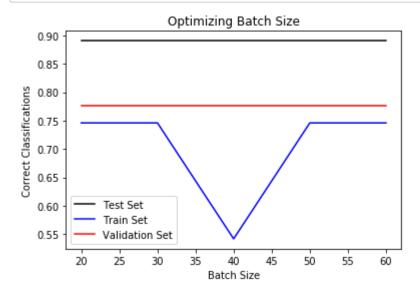
In [42]: print(corr_price_development_test_set)

[0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939]

In [43]: print(batch)

[20, 30, 40, 50, 60]

```
In [44]:
         # evaluate results
         plt.plot(batch,corr_price_development_test_set,color='black', label='Test Set'
         plt.plot(batch,corr_price_development_train_set,color='blue', label='Train Se
         t')
         plt.plot(batch,corr price development valid set,color='red', label='Validation
          Set')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('Optimizing Batch Size')
         plt.xlabel('Batch Size')
         plt.ylabel('Correct Classifications')
         plt.show()
         selected_value_batch = max(corr_price_development_test_set)
         selected index = corr price development test set.index(selected value batch)
         selected_batch = batch[selected_index]
         print('Optimal Number of Layers: %1f'%(selected_batch))
         print('Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: %.15f
          '%(selected_value_batch))
```



Optimal Number of Layers: 20.000000 Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: 0.890804597 701149

```
In [45]: epochs=[]
    corr_price_development_train_set=[]
    corr_price_development_valid_set=[]
    corr_price_development_test_set=[]
```

```
In [46]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Epochs (20)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n = 20
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
epochs.append(n_epochs)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [47]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Epochs (30)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n = 30
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
epochs.append(n_epochs)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [48]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Epochs (70)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n = 70
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
epochs.append(n_epochs)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [49]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Epochs (100)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n = 100
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
epochs.append(n_epochs)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [50]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Number of Epochs (200)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n = 200
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse_train = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_train, y: y_train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
epochs.append(n_epochs)
corr price development train set.append(corr price development train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

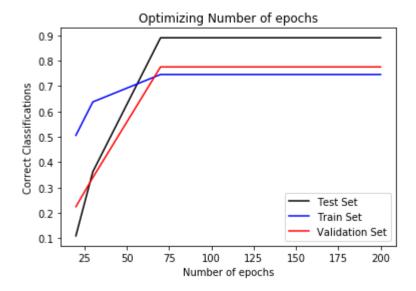
In [51]: print(corr price development test set)

[0.10919540229885058, 0.36206896551724138, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770 114939, 0.89080459770114939]

In [52]: print(epochs)

[20, 30, 70, 100, 200]

```
In [53]: # evaluate results
         plt.plot(epochs,corr_price_development_test_set,color='black', label='Test Se
         plt.plot(epochs,corr_price_development_train_set,color='blue', label='Train Se
         t')
         plt.plot(epochs,corr price development valid set,color='red', label='Validatio
         n Set')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('Optimizing Number of epochs')
         plt.xlabel('Number of epochs')
         plt.ylabel('Correct Classifications')
         plt.show()
         selected_value_epoch = max(corr_price_development_test_set)
         selected index = corr price development test set.index(selected value epoch)
         selected_epoch = epochs[selected_index]
         print('Optimal Number of Epochs: %1f'%(selected_epoch))
         print('Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: %.15f
          '%(selected_value_epoch))
```



Optimal Number of Epochs: 70.000000 Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: 0.890804597 701149

```
In [55]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Learning Rates (0.001)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.001
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                      mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
learn_rate.append(learning_rate)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [56]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Learning Rates (0.01)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.01
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                      mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
learn_rate.append(learning_rate)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [57]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Learning Rates (0.05)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.05
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                      mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
learn_rate.append(learning_rate)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [58]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Learning Rates (0.1)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.1
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                      mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
learn_rate.append(learning_rate)
corr_price_development_train_set.append(corr_price_development_train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

```
In [59]: | ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM w/ Varying Learning Rates (0.5)
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = 0.5
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                      mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

```
corr_price_development_train = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_train[:,1]-y_train
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_train_pred[:,1]-y_train_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
train.shape[0]
corr_price_development_valid = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_valid[:,1]-y_valid
[:,0]),
            np.sign(y_valid_pred[:,1]-y_valid_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_
valid.shape[0]
corr_price_development_test = np.sum(np.equal(np.sign(y_test[:,1]-y_test[:,
0]),
            np.sign(y_test_pred[:,1]-y_test_pred[:,0])).astype(int)) / y_te
st.shape[0]
# append results
learn_rate.append(learning_rate)
corr price development train set.append(corr price development train)
corr_price_development_valid_set.append(corr_price_development_valid)
corr_price_development_test_set.append(corr_price_development_test)
```

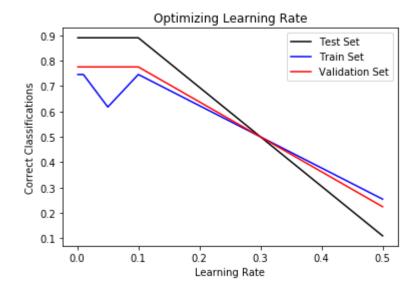
In [60]: print(corr_price_development_test_set)

[0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770114939, 0.89080459770 114939, 0.10919540229885058]

In [61]: print(learn_rate)

[0.001, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5]

```
In [66]:
         # evaluate results
         plt.plot(learn_rate,corr_price_development_test_set,color='black', label='Test
          Set')
         plt.plot(learn_rate,corr_price_development_train_set,color='blue', label='Trai
         n Set')
         plt.plot(learn rate,corr price development valid set,color='red', label='Valid
         ation Set')
         plt.legend()
         plt.title('Optimizing Learning Rate')
         plt.xlabel('Learning Rate')
         plt.ylabel('Correct Classifications')
         plt.show()
         selected_value_learn_rate = max(corr_price_development_test_set)
         selected index = corr price development test set.index(selected value learn ra
         te)
         selected_learn_rate = learn_rate[selected_index]
         print('Optimal Learning Rate: %1f'%(selected learn rate))
         print('Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: %.15f
         '%(selected value learn rate))
```



Optimal Learning Rate: 0.001000 Highest correct classifiation of close - open price for test set: 0.890804597 701149

In [63]: # Optimized Model for Given Stock

```
In [64]: ## Model Run w/ Gated RNN, LSTM - Optimized Hyper Parameters
         # parameters
         n_steps = seq_len-1
         n inputs = 4
         n_neurons = selected_neurons
         n \text{ outputs} = 4
         n layers = selected layers
         learning_rate = selected_learn_rate
         batch_size = selected_batch
         n epochs = selected epoch
         train_set_size = x_train.shape[0]
         test_set_size = x_test.shape[0]
         tf.reset_default_graph()
         X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n_steps, n_inputs])
         y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, [None, n outputs])
         # use LSTM Cell
         layers = [tf.contrib.rnn.BasicLSTMCell(num units=n neurons, activation=tf.n
         n.elu)
                  for layer in range(n_layers)]
         multi layer cell = tf.contrib.rnn.MultiRNNCell(layers)
         rnn_outputs, states = tf.nn.dynamic_rnn(multi_layer_cell, X, dtype=tf.float
         32)
         stacked_rnn_outputs = tf.reshape(rnn_outputs, [-1, n_neurons])
         stacked outputs = tf.layers.dense(stacked rnn outputs, n outputs)
         outputs = tf.reshape(stacked_outputs, [-1, n_steps, n_outputs])
         outputs = outputs[:,n_steps-1,:] # keep only last output of sequence
         loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(outputs - y)) # loss function = mean square
         d error
         optimizer = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(learning rate=learning rate)
         training op = optimizer.minimize(loss)
         # run model
         with tf.Session() as sess:
             sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
             for iteration in range(int(n epochs*train set size/batch size)):
                 x_batch, y_batch = get_next_batch(batch_size) # fetch the next trai
         ning batch
                 sess.run(training_op, feed_dict={X: x_batch, y: y_batch})
                 if iteration % int(5*train set size/batch size) == 0:
                     mse train = loss.eval(feed dict={X: x train, y: y train})
                     mse_valid = loss.eval(feed_dict={X: x_valid, y: y_valid})
             y_train_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_train})
             y_valid_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_valid})
             y_test_pred = sess.run(outputs, feed_dict={X: x_test})
         # classify into binary classes based on Close-Open predictions (gainers= +,
          lossers= -)
```

Final Model Classification Accuracy: 0.890804597701149