

Job Control Basics

Kevin Schmidt, Susan Lindsey, Charlie Dey

Processes

Process: an application the computer is running, e.g.: `vim`, the bash shell, window manager.

- Use the `top` command to view **all** processes currently running.
- Use the `ps` command to view just your own processes.
- Each process has its own id, the `pid`
- You can manage processes using job control commands

\$ **ps**

PID	TTY	TIME	CMD
6146	pts/7	00:00:00	bash
10137	pts/7	00:00:00	vim
11189	pts/7	00:00:00	ps

Jobs

Job: a group of processes started from the current shell.

- Jobs can contain processes, but processes don't contain jobs.
- Use the `jobs` command to display a list of active background processes.
- Each job has its own job id, the `jobid`
- You can manage jobs using job control commands

```
$ jobs
```

```
[1]      Stopped
```

```
vim myprogram.cpp
```

```
[2]-    Stopped
```

```
vim xer
```

```
[3]+    Stopped
```

```
more pascal.cpp
```

Job Control Commands

Command	Description	Example
<code>ctrl-z</code>	Suspend the current/foreground job	within <code>vim</code>
<code>ctrl-c</code>	Kill the current/foreground job	an <code>a.out</code> that's hanging
<code>fg <jobid></code>	resume a background job	\$ fg %1
<code>bg <jobid></code>	place a job in the background	\$ bg %2
<code>kill <pid jobid></code>	kill a job or process	\$ kill 10137
<code>ps</code>	display processes - man <code>ps</code>	\$ ps
<code>jobs</code>	display jobs	\$ jobs

Workflows

Development without job control

```
$ <322> vi myprogram.cpp
$ <323> icpc myprogram.cpp
$ <324> ./a.out
$ <325> !322
$ <326> !ic
repeat forever
```

Development with job control

```
$ <363> vi myprogram.cpp
[1]+  Stopped                  vim myprogram.cpp
$ <364> !ic
icpc myprogram.cpp
compilation aborted for myprogram.cpp  #compilation error
$ <365> fg                          #resume editor
vim myprogram.cpp
[1]+  Stopped                  vim myprogram.cpp
$ <366> !ic; ./a.out
```

3 Minute Exercise

Practice some job control. Create and manage multiple edit sessions.

- Edit one of your source files
- Save your edits and suspend the session
- Edit a brand new file, save, and suspend the session
- List your jobs
- Resume editing the first file

Another Example Workflow

```
$ <335> vi myprogram.cpp           #suspend the vi session
[1]+  Stopped                        vim myprogram.cpp
$ <336> icpc myprogram.cpp
$ <337> ./a.out
Hello, world that is beautiful!
Hello, world that is beautiful!
^Z                                   #suspend program execution
[2]+  Stopped                        ./a.out
$ <338> jobs                         #list current jobs
[1]-  Stopped                        vim myprogram.cpp
[2]+  Stopped                        ./a.out
$ <339> %1                           #resume the vi session
vim myprogram.cpp
[1]+  Stopped                        vim myprogram.cpp
$ <340> %2                           #resume the program execution
./a.out
Hello, world that is beautiful!
Hello, world that is beautiful!
^C                                   #kill the program
$ <341> fg                            #resume the vi session
```