# Homework Assignment

Pair-wise Sequence Alignment

03-04-2023

#### Task A

```
# Accession numbers
ac 1 <- "AY884001"
ac_2 \leftarrow "MH940245"
# Retrieve the data
q1 <- query("q1", paste("AC=", ac_1))</pre>
q2 <- query("q2", paste("AC=", ac_2))</pre>
# Get the sequences
seq1 <- getSequence(q1$req[[1]])</pre>
seq2 <- getSequence(q2$req[[1]])</pre>
# Print the sequences
print(DNAString(c2s(seq1)))
## 29815-letter DNAString object
\verb|## seq: GAGCGATTGACGTTCGTACCGTCTATCAGCTTACGA... TGATTGAAATTAATTATAGCCTTTTGGAGGAATTAC|
print(DNAString(c2s(seq2)))
## 29811-letter DNAString object
## seq: GATTGACGTTCGTACCGTCTATCAGCTTACGATCTC...TGATTGAAATTAATTATAGCCTTTTTGGAGGAATTAC
```

#### Task B

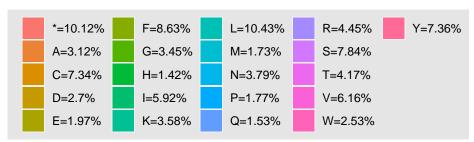
```
p1 <- seqinr::translate(seq1)</pre>
p2 <- seqinr::translate(seq2)</pre>
seq1_count <- table(p1)</pre>
seq2_count <- table(p2)</pre>
print(seq1_count)
## p1
           Α
                C
                     D
                           Ε
                                F
                                     G
                                          Η
                                                Ι
                                                                     N
                                                                          Р
## 1006 310 729 268
                        196 858 343 141 588 356 1037 172 377 176 152 442
         Т
## 779 414 612 251 731
print(seq2_count)
```

## p2

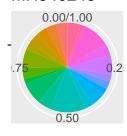
```
##
                          Ε
                               F
                                   G
                                        Η
                                             Ι
                                                    K
                                                         L
           Α
                                                              Μ
         395
              370
                   413
                        250
                             678 406 185 787 472 1287 301 490 240
                                                                           269
                                                                                274
##
   388
##
           Τ
                          Y
   697 429 968
                  157
                        481
##
seq1_prop <- proportions(seq1_count)</pre>
seq2_prop <- proportions(seq2_count)</pre>
print(seq1_prop)
## p1
                                  C
                                              D
                                                         Ε
## 0.10122761 0.03119340 0.07335480 0.02696720 0.01972228 0.08633528 0.03451399
## 0.01418797 0.05916683 0.03582210 0.10434695 0.01730731 0.03793520 0.01770980
##
                       R
                                  S
                                              Τ
                                                         V
                                                                    W
## 0.01529483 0.04447575 0.07838599 0.04165828 0.06158181 0.02525659 0.07355605
print(seq2 prop)
## p2
##
                                  С
                                              D
## 0.03904599 0.03975043 0.03723458 0.04156184 0.02515850 0.06822985 0.04085740
                       Ι
                                  K
                                             L
                                                                    N
## 0.01861729 0.07919895 0.04749925 0.12951595 0.03029083 0.04931066 0.02415216
                       R
                                  S
                                             Τ
                                                         V
                                                                    W
## 0.02707054 0.02757371 0.07014189 0.04317198 0.09741371 0.01579954 0.04840495
theme_update(legend.background = element_rect(fill = "gray90",
   size = 0.5, linetype = "dotted"), legend.direction = "horizontal")
## Warning: The `size` argument of `element_rect()` is deprecated as of ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use the `linewidth` argument instead.
df1 <- data.frame(slices = seq1_prop, amino_acids = paste(names(seq1_prop),</pre>
    "=", round(seq1_prop * 100, 2), "%", sep = ""))
df2 <- data.frame(slices = seq2_prop, amino_acids = paste(names(seq2_prop),</pre>
    "=", round(seq2_prop * 100, 2), "%", sep = ""))
plot1 <- ggplot(df1, aes(x = "", y = slices.Freq, fill = amino_acids)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1) + coord_polar("y",
    start = 0) + ggtitle(ac_1) + xlab("") + ylab("") + guides(fill = guide_legend(title = NULL))
plot2 \leftarrow ggplot(df2, aes(x = "", y = slices.Freq, fill = amino_acids)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "identity", width = 1) + coord_polar("y",
    start = 0) + ggtitle(ac_2) + xlab("") + ylab("") + guides(fill = guide_legend(title = NULL))
grid.arrange(plot1, plot2, nrow = 2)
```

### AY884001



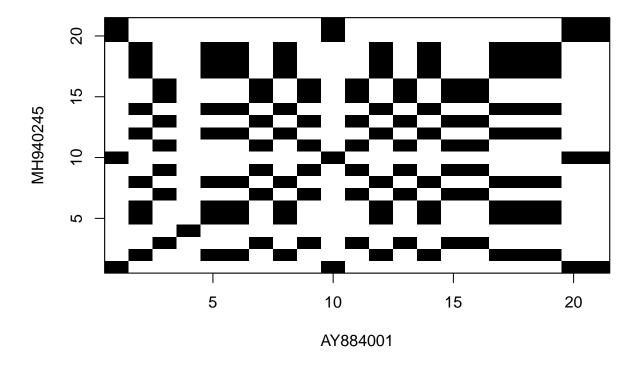


#### MH940245





#### Task C



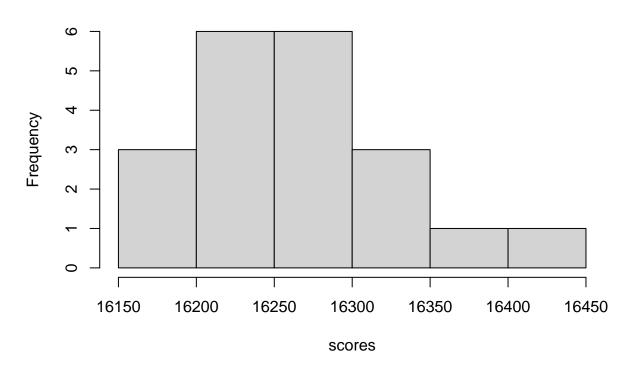
The symmetric nature of the plot reveals that the two sequences are almost identical. In fact, by doing a direct comparison we can see that they are exactly the same!

```
print(seq1_orfs[1, "orf.sequence"] == seq2_orfs[1, "orf.sequence"])
## orf.sequence
## TRUE
```

#### Task D

#### Task E

## **Histogram of scores**



```
p_value <- sum(scores > score(opt_ga))/length(scores)
print(p_value)
```

#### ## [1] 0

The global alignment is statistically significant as the p-value is below 0.05. This means that the odds of this alignment happening by chance are extremely low.

#### Task F

```
opt_la <- pairwiseAlignment(DNAString(c2s(seq1)), DNAString(c2s(seq2)),</pre>
    type = "local", substitutionMatrix = nucleotideSubstitutionMatrix(match = 3,
        mismatch = -2, baseOnly = TRUE), gapOpening = -4, gapExtension = -2)
print(opt_la)
## Local PairwiseAlignmentsSingleSubject (1 of 1)
## pattern: [5] GATTGACGTTCGTACCGTCTATCAGCTTACGA...TGAAATTAATTATAGCCTTTTGGAGGAATTAC
## subject: [1] GATTGACGTTCGTACCGTCTATCAGCTTACGA...TGAAATTAATTATAGCCTTTTGGAGGAATTAC
## score: 89428
print("Length of the alignment:")
## [1] "Length of the alignment:"
print(nchar(pattern(opt_la)))
```