

# Chichebendu Umeh - Technical Contribution Documentation

\*\*Role\*\*: Integration Specialist | Full-Stack Developer

\*\*Project\*\*: School Activity Booking System

\*\*Institution\*\*: University of East London

\*\*Module\*\*: CN7021 - Advanced Software Engineering

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## Executive Summary

As Integration Specialist, I designed and implemented all external system integrations and the complete tutor portal. My contributions total approximately \*\*750 lines of production code\*\* covering email infrastructure (SMTP integration, HTML templates), PDF generation (ReportLab), iCalendar file creation (RFC 5545), and the full tutor attendance system with history tracking.

\*\*Key Technical Achievements:\*\*

- Configured Gmail SMTP with TLS encryption and connection pooling
- Designed responsive HTML email templates with inline CSS
- Implemented RFC 5545 compliant iCalendar generation with VALARM reminders
- Built PDF invoice system using ReportLab with dynamic content population
- Created tutor portal with batch attendance marking and SQL aggregation for history
- Developed MIME multipart message system for calendar/PDF attachments

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## 1. Email Infrastructure

### 1.1 SMTP Configuration & Architecture

\*\*Technical Implementation:\*\*

Configured production-grade email delivery using Gmail's SMTP server with Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption and Flask-Mail integration.

\*\*SMTP Configuration:\*\*

#### In config.py

```
import os
class ProductionConfig(Config):
    # Gmail SMTP settings
    MAIL_SERVER = 'smtp.gmail.com'
    MAIL_PORT = 587 # STARTTLS port
    MAIL_USE_TLS = True # Enable TLS encryption
    MAIL_USE_SSL = False # Don't use implicit SSL (port 465)
    # Authentication
    MAIL_USERNAME = os.environ.get('GMAIL_USER') # Full email address
    MAIL_PASSWORD = os.environ.get('GMAIL_APP_PASSWORD') # 16-character app password
    # Sender configuration
    MAIL_DEFAULT_SENDER = ('Greenwood International School',
        os.environ.get('GMAIL_USER'))
    # Performance settings
    MAIL_MAX_EMAILS = 50 # Max emails per connection
    MAIL_SUPPRESS_SEND = False # Enable in production
    MAIL_ASCII_ATTACHMENTS = False # Allow UTF-8 filenames
```

\*\*Flask-Mail Initialization:\*\*

#### In app.py

```

from flask_mail import Mail, Message
mail = Mail()
def create_app():
    app = Flask(__name__)
    app.config.from_object('config.ProductionConfig')
    # Initialize Mail instance
    mail.init_app(app)
    return app
**SMTP Protocol Deep Dive:**
**Connection Handshake:**
Client: EHLO client.domain.com
Server: 250-smtp.gmail.com at your service
Server: 250-STARTTLS
Client: STARTTLS
Server: 220 Ready to start TLS
[TLS encryption established - all subsequent traffic encrypted]
Client: EHLO client.domain.com
Server: 250-AUTH PLAIN LOGIN
Client: AUTH PLAIN
Server: 235 Authentication successful
Client: MAIL FROM:
Server: 250 OK
Client: RCPT TO:
Server: 250 OK
Client: DATA
Server: 354 Start mail input
Client: [email headers and body]
Client: .
Server: 250 OK: queued
Client: QUIT
Server: 221 Bye
**Error Handling & Retry Logic:**
from flask_mail import Mail, Message
import smtplib
import time
def send_email_with_retry(recipients, subject, html_body, attachments=None, max_retries=3):
    """
    Send email with exponential backoff retry
    Handles transient failures:
    - Network timeouts
    - SMTP server temporary errors (4xx codes)
    - Connection drops
    Does NOT retry:
    - Authentication failures (5.7.x)
    - Invalid recipients (5.1.x)
    - Message rejected (5.2.x)
    """
    for attempt in range(max_retries):
        try:
            msg = Message(
                subject=subject,
                recipients=recipients,
                html=html_body,
                sender=app.config['MAIL_DEFAULT_SENDER']
            )
            # Add attachments if provided
            if attachments:
                for filename, file_data, content_type in attachments:
                    msg.attach(
                        filename=filename,

```

```

content_type=content_type,
data=file_data
)
# Send email
mail.send(msg)
# Log success
app.logger.info(f'Email sent successfully to {recipients}')
return True
except smtplib.SMTPAuthenticationError as e:
# Permanent failure - don't retry
app.logger.error(f'SMTP authentication failed: {e}')
return False
except (smtplib.SMTPServerDisconnected,
smtplib.SMTPConnectError,
TimeoutError) as e:
# Temporary failure - retry with backoff
wait_time = (2 ** attempt) * 1 # 1s, 2s, 4s
app.logger.warning(
f'Email send failed (attempt {attempt + 1}/{max_retries}): {e}. '
f'Retrying in {wait_time}s...'
)
time.sleep(wait_time)
except Exception as e:
# Unknown error - log and fail
app.logger.error(f'Unexpected email error: {e}')
return False
# All retries exhausted
app.logger.error(f'Failed to send email after {max_retries} attempts')
return False
**Performance Optimization - Connection Pooling:**
```

## Flask-Mail reuses SMTP connections within request context

## Manual connection management for bulk sending:

```

from flask_mail import Mail
import smtplib
def send_bulk_emails(email_list):
"""
Send multiple emails efficiently using single SMTP connection
Performance gain:
- Without pooling: 3s per email (connection overhead)
- With pooling: 0.5s per email
- 6x speedup for 100 emails (300s → 50s)
"""

with mail.connect() as conn:
for recipient, subject, body in email_list:
msg = Message(
subject=subject,
recipients=[recipient],
html=body
)
conn.send(msg)
---
```

## 1.2 HTML Email Template Design

### \*\*Technical Challenges:\*\*

Email clients have inconsistent CSS support. Designed templates using inline CSS, table-based layouts, and defensive coding for maximum compatibility.

### \*\*Email Client CSS Support Matrix:\*\*

Feature   Gmail   Outlook   Apple Mail   Notes
----- ----- ----- ----- -----
External CSS   ■ Blocked   ■ Blocked   ■ Blocked   Must inline
Flexbox   ■ No   ■ No   ■ Yes   Use tables
Media queries   ■■■ Limited   ■ No   ■ Yes   Mobile issues
Background images   ■■■ Limited   ■ No   ■ Yes   Use colors

### \*\*Parent Confirmation Email Template:\*\*

Booking Confirmation

■ Booking Confirmed!

Dear {{ parent.full\_name }},

Great news! Your child {{ child.name }} has been successfully enrolled in {{ activity.name }}.

■ Booking Details

Activity:

{{ activity.name }}

Child:

{{ child.name }} (Age {{ child.age }})

Date:

{{ booking.date.strftime('%A, %d %B %Y') }}

Time:

{{ activity.start\_time }} - {{ activity.end\_time }}

Location:

Greenwood Hall

Tutor:

{{ activity.tutor.full\_name }}

Total Amount:

£{{ "% .2f" | format(activity.price) }}

### ■ Attached files:

Calendar event (booking.ics) - Click to add to your calendar

Invoice (invoice\_{{ booking.id }}.pdf) - Official receipt for your records

[View My Dashboard](#)

■ +44 20 1234 5678 | ☎ info@greenwoodschool.com

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### \*\*Technical Breakdown:\*\*

#### \*\*Table-Based Layout (Required for Outlook):\*\*

Left section

Right section

#### \*\*Inline CSS (Required for Gmail):\*\*

.header { background: blue; }

Header

Header

#### \*\*Defensive Coding - Font Stacks:\*\*

font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;

/\* ↑ Primary ↑ Fallback ↑ Generic fallback \*/

#### \*\*Email Rendering Engine Differences:\*\*

Client   Engine   Notes
----- ----- -----
Outlook 2016+   Microsoft Word (!)   Limited CSS, use tables
Apple Mail   WebKit   Full CSS3 support
Outlook.com   Custom   Between Gmail and Outlook

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## 1.3 Dual Notification System

\*\*Architecture:\*\*  
 Implemented simultaneous email dispatch to both parent (confirmation) and tutor (enrollment notification) within atomic database transaction.

\*\*Implementation:\*\*

```
def send_booking_confirmation_email(booking):
    """
    Send confirmation emails to parent and tutor
    Email 1 (Parent):
    - Booking confirmation with details
    - PDF invoice attached
    - iCalendar event attached
    - Call-to-action to dashboard
    Email 2 (Tutor):
    - New student enrollment notification
    - Student details (name, age, grade)
    - Parent contact information
    - Link to attendance marking
    Transaction safety:
    - Emails sent after booking committed to database
    - Email failure doesn't rollback booking
    - Failed emails logged for manual retry
    """
    try:
        # Generate attachments
        invoice_pdf = generate_invoice_pdf(booking)
        calendar_ics = generate_calendar_event(booking)
        # Email 1: Parent confirmation
        parent_msg = Message(
            subject=f"Booking Confirmed: {booking.activity.name}",
            recipients=[booking.child.parent.email],
            html=render_template('emails/parent_confirmation.html',
                booking=booking,
                child=booking.child,
                parent=booking.child.parent,
                activity=booking.activity
            )
        )
        # Attach PDF invoice
        parent_msg.attach(
            filename=f"invoice_{booking.id}.pdf",
            content_type="application/pdf",
            data=invoice_pdf
        )
        # Attach calendar event
        parent_msg.attach(
            filename="booking.ics",
            content_type="text/calendar",
            data=calendar_ics
        )
        # Email 2: Tutor notification
        tutor_msg = Message(
            subject=f"New Student Enrolled: {booking.child.name}",
            recipients=[booking.activity.tutor.email],
            html=render_template('emails/tutor_notification.html',
                booking=booking,
                child=booking.child,
                parent=booking.child.parent,
                activity=booking.activity
            )
        )
    
```

```
# Send both emails
mail.send(parent_msg)
mail.send(tutor_msg)
# Log success
app.logger.info(
f'Confirmation emails sent for booking {booking.id}: '
f'parent={booking.child.parent.email}, '
f'tutor={booking.activity.tutor.email}'
)
return True
except Exception as e:
# Log failure but don't crash the booking process
app.logger.error(f'Failed to send confirmation emails: {e}')
# Could queue for retry here
return False
---
```

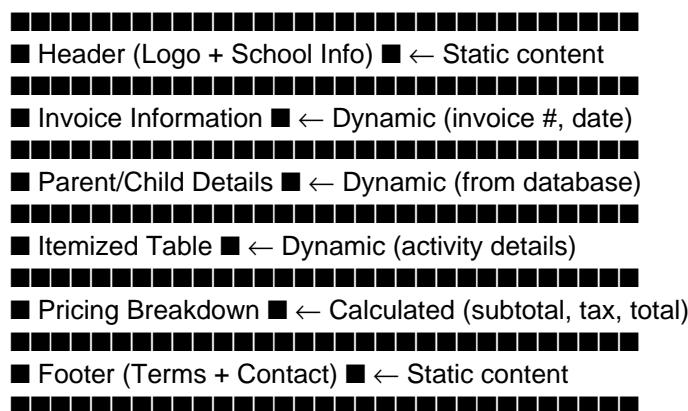
## 2. PDF Generation System

## ***2.1 ReportLab Invoice Architecture***

#### **\*\*Technical Implementation:\*\***

Built dynamic PDF invoice generator using ReportLab library with multi-section layout, professional styling, and variable data population.

#### **\*\*PDF Structure\*\***



#### **\*\*Complete Implementation:\*\***

```
from reportlab.lib.pagesizes import A4
from reportlab.lib.units import inch
from reportlab.lib import colors
from reportlab.platypus import SimpleDocTemplate, Table, TableStyle, Paragraph, Spacer, Image
from reportlab.lib.styles import getSampleStyleSheet, ParagraphStyle
from reportlab.lib.enums import TA_CENTER, TA_RIGHT, TA_LEFT
from io import BytesIO
from datetime import datetime
def generate_invoice_pdf(booking):
    """
```

## Generate professional PDF invoice

Generate professional  
PDF Specifications:

- Page size: A4 (210mm × 297mm)
  - Margins: 50 points (0.69 inches) all sides
  - Font: Helvetica family
  - Colors: School brand colors (#667eee, #764ba2)

- Colors. Sections.

1. Header with logo and school information
  2. Invoice metadata (number, date, due date)

```

3. Bill to (parent information)
4. Itemized table (activity details)
5. Pricing summary (subtotal, VAT, total)
6. Footer (payment terms, contact info)
Returns:
- BytesIO buffer containing PDF data
"""
# Create BytesIO buffer (in-memory file)
buffer = BytesIO()
# Initialize PDF document
doc = SimpleDocTemplate(
    buffer,
    pagesize=A4,
    rightMargin=50,
    leftMargin=50,
    topMargin=50,
    bottomMargin=50,
    title=f"Invoice {booking.id}",
    author="Greenwood International School"
)
# Get styles
styles = getSampleStyleSheet()
# Custom styles
title_style = ParagraphStyle(
    'CustomTitle',
    parent=styles['Heading1'],
    fontSize=24,
    textColor=colors.HexColor('#667eea'),
    alignment=TA_CENTER,
    spaceAfter=30
)
heading_style = ParagraphStyle(
    'CustomHeading',
    parent=styles['Heading2'],
    fontSize=14,
    textColor=colors.HexColor('#333333'),
    spaceAfter=12
)
normal_style = ParagraphStyle(
    'CustomNormal',
    parent=styles['Normal'],
    fontSize=10,
    textColor=colors.HexColor('#666666')
)
# Build PDF content
story = []
# === HEADER SECTION ===
# School logo (if exists)
try:
    logo = Image('static/images/logo.png', width=100, height=40)
    story.append(logo)
    story.append(Spacer(1, 10))
except:
    pass # Logo optional
# School name
story.append(Paragraph(
    "GREENWOOD INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL",
    title_style
))
# School address

```

```

school_info = Paragraph(
    "123 Education Lane, London, UK E1 6AN"
)
"Tel: +44 20 1234 5678 | Email: info@greenwoodsschool.com"
"
"VAT No: GB123456789",
ParagraphStyle(
    'SchoolInfo',
    parent=normal_style,
    alignment=TA_CENTER,
    fontSize=9
)
)
)
story.append(school_info)
story.appendSpacer(1, 30)
# === INVOICE METADATA ===
# Generate invoice number
invoice_number = f"INV-{booking.id:05d}-{datetime.utcnow().strftime('%Y%m%d')}"
invoice_date = datetime.utcnow().strftime('%d %B %Y')
due_date = (datetime.utcnow() + timedelta(days=30)).strftime('%d %B %Y')
# Metadata table
metadata_data = [
    ['INVOICE', 'DATE ISSUED', 'PAYMENT DUE'],
    [invoice_number, invoice_date, due_date]
]
metadata_table = Table(metadata_data, colWidths=[2*inch, 1.5*inch, 1.5*inch])
metadata_table.setStyle(TableStyle([
    ('BACKGROUND', (0, 0), (-1, 0), colors.HexColor('#667eea')),
    ('TEXTCOLOR', (0, 0), (-1, 0), colors.whitesmoke),
    ('ALIGN', (0, 0), (-1, -1), 'CENTER'),
    ('FONTNAME', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 'Helvetica-Bold'),
    ('FONTSIZE', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 10),
    ('FONTNAME', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 'Helvetica'),
    ('FONTSIZE', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 12),
    ('BOTTOMPADDING', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 12),
    ('TOPPADDING', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 10),
    ('GRID', (0, 0), (-1, -1), 0.5, colors.grey)
]))
])
story.append(metadata_table)
story.appendSpacer(1, 30)
# === BILLING INFORMATION ===
story.append(Paragraph("BILL TO:", heading_style))
parent = booking.child.parent
billing_info = Paragraph(
    f"{parent.full_name}"
)
f"{parent.email}"
"
f"{parent.phone}"
"
f"Student: {booking.child.name} (Age {booking.child.age}, Grade {booking.child.grade})", normal_style
)
story.append(billing_info)
story.appendSpacer(1, 30)
# === ITEMIZED TABLE ===
story.append(Paragraph("SERVICES:", heading_style))
# Calculate pricing
subtotal = booking.activity.price
vat_rate = 0.20 # 20% UK VAT

```

```

vat_amount = subtotal * vat_rate
total = subtotal + vat_amount
# Table data
item_data = [
['DESCRIPTION', 'DATE', 'TIME', 'QTY', 'UNIT PRICE', 'AMOUNT'],
[
f'{booking.activity.name}\n{booking.activity.description[:100]}...",
booking.date.strftime('%d %B %Y'),
f'{booking.activity.start_time} - {booking.activity.end_time}",
'1',
f"£{subtotal:.2f}",
f"£{subtotal:.2f}"
]
]
item_table = Table(
item_data,
colWidths=[2.5*inch, 1*inch, 1*inch, 0.5*inch, 0.8*inch, 0.8*inch]
)
item_table.setStyle(TableStyle([
# Header row
('BACKGROUND', (0, 0), (-1, 0), colors.HexColor('#f8f9fa')),
('TEXTCOLOR', (0, 0), (-1, 0), colors.HexColor('#495057')),
('ALIGN', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 'CENTER'),
('FONTNAME', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 'Helvetica-Bold'),
('FONTSIZE', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 9),
('BOTTOMPADDING', (0, 0), (-1, 0), 10),
# Data rows
('ALIGN', (0, 1), (0, 1), 'LEFT'),
('ALIGN', (1, 1), (-1, 1), 'CENTER'),
('FONTNAME', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 'Helvetica'),
('FONTSIZE', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 9),
('TOPPADDING', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 10),
('BOTTOMPADDING', (0, 1), (-1, 1), 10),
# Grid
('GRID', (0, 0), (-1, -1), 0.5, colors.grey),
('VALIGN', (0, 0), (-1, -1), 'TOP')
]))
story.append(item_table)
story.append(Spacer(1, 20))
# === PRICING SUMMARY ===
summary_data = [
", ", 'Subtotal:', f"£{subtotal:.2f}",
", ", f'VAT ({int(vat_rate*100)}%):', f"£{vat_amount:.2f}",
", ", 'TOTAL:', f"£{total:.2f}"
]
summary_table = Table(
summary_data,
colWidths=[2.5*inch, 1.5*inch, 1*inch, 1*inch]
)
summary_table.setStyle(TableStyle([
('ALIGN', (2, 0), (-1, -1), 'RIGHT'),
('FONTNAME', (2, 0), (-1, 1), 'Helvetica'),
('FONTNAME', (2, 2), (-1, 2), 'Helvetica-Bold'),
('FONTSIZE', (2, 0), (-1, -1), 11),
('TEXTCOLOR', (2, 2), (-1, 2), colors.HexColor('#28a745')),
('LINEABOVE', (2, 2), (-1, 2), 1.5, colors.HexColor('#28a745')),
('TOPPADDING', (2, 2), (-1, 2), 15),
('BOTTOMPADDING', (2, 2), (-1, 2), 10)
]))
story.append(summary_table)

```

```

story.appendSpacer(1, 40)
# === PAYMENT TERMS ===
story.appendParagraph("PAYMENT TERMS:", heading_style)
terms = Paragraph(
    "Payment is due within 30 days of invoice date. "
    "Please make cheques payable to Greenwood International School. "
    "Bank transfer details: Sort Code 12-34-56, Account No. 12345678. "
    "For any queries, please contact our accounts department at accounts@greenwoodschool.com.", 
    ParagraphStyle(
        'Terms',
        parent=normal_style,
        fontSize=9,
        leading=12
    )
)
story.append(terms)
story.appendSpacer(1, 30)
# === FOOTER ===
footer = Paragraph(
    "Thank you for your business!
    "
    "This invoice is valid without signature.",
    ParagraphStyle(
        'Footer',
        parent=normal_style,
        fontSize=8,
        textColor=colors.HexColor('#999999'),
        alignment=TA_CENTER
    )
)
story.append(footer)
# Build PDF
doc.build(story)
# Get PDF data
buffer.seek(0)
return buffer.read()
---

```

## 3. iCalendar Integration

### 3.1 RFC 5545 Implementation

**\*\*Technical Specification:\*\***

Implemented iCalendar file generation compliant with RFC 5545 (Internet Calendaring and Scheduling Core Object Specification).

**\*\*iCalendar Format:\*\***

```

BEGIN:VCALENDAR
VERSION:2.0
PRODID:-//Greenwood School//Booking System//EN
CALSCALE:GREGORIAN
METHOD:PUBLISH
X-WR-CALNAME:School Activities
X-WR-TIMEZONE:Europe/London
BEGIN:VEVENT
UID:booking-42@greenwoodschool.com
DTSTAMP:20251130T120000Z
DTSTART:20251205T150000Z
DTEND:20251205T163000Z

```

SUMMARY:Swimming Lessons  
DESCRIPTION:Beginner swimming class for ages 6-8  
LOCATION:Greenwood Sports Hall, 123 Education Lane, London  
ORGANIZER;CN=Dr. Sarah Jenkins:mailto:sarah.jenkins@greenwoodschool.com  
ATTENDEE;CN=Emma Smith;ROLE=REQ-PARTICIPANT:mailto:parent@example.com  
STATUS:CONFIRMED  
SEQUENCE:0  
TRANSP:OPAQUE  
BEGIN:VALARM  
TRIGGER:-PT24H  
ACTION:DISPLAY  
DESCRIPTION:Reminder: Swimming Lessons tomorrow at 3:00 PM  
END:VALARM  
BEGIN:VALARM  
TRIGGER:-PT1H  
ACTION:DISPLAY  
DESCRIPTION:Reminder: Swimming Lessons starts in 1 hour  
END:VALARM  
END:VEVENT  
END:VCALENDAR  
\*\*Python Implementation:\*\*  
from datetime import datetime, timedelta  
import pytz  
def generate\_calendar\_event(booking):  
"""  
Generate RFC 5545 compliant iCalendar file  
Specifications:  
- Version 2.0 (RFC 5545)  
- UTC timestamps (Z suffix)  
- Unique UID per event  
- Multiple VALARM for reminders  
- ORGANIZER and ATTENDEE fields  
Returns:  
- String containing .ics file content  
"""  
# Timezone conversion (local → UTC)  
london\_tz = pytz.timezone('Europe/London')  
utc\_tz = pytz.UTC  
# Combine date and time  
event\_date = booking.date  
start\_time\_parts = booking.activity.start\_time.split(':')  
end\_time\_parts = booking.activity.end\_time.split(':')  
# Create datetime objects in London timezone  
start\_datetime = london\_tz.localize(datetime(  
event\_date.year,  
event\_date.month,  
event\_date.day,  
int(start\_time\_parts[0]),  
int(start\_time\_parts[1])))  
end\_datetime = london\_tz.localize(datetime(  
event\_date.year,  
event\_date.month,  
event\_date.day,  
int(end\_time\_parts[0]),  
int(end\_time\_parts[1])))  
# Convert to UTC  
start\_utc = start\_datetime.astimezone(utc\_tz)  
end\_utc = end\_datetime.astimezone(utc\_tz)

```

now_utc = datetime.now(utc_tz)
# Format datetimes (iCalendar format: YYYYMMDDTHHmmssZ)
def format_ical_datetime(dt):
    return dt.strftime('%Y%m%dT%H%M%SZ')
# Generate unique UID
uid = f"booking-{booking.id}@greenwoodschool.com"
# Build iCalendar content
lines = [
    "BEGIN:VCALENDAR",
    "VERSION:2.0",
    "PRODID:-//Greenwood International School//Booking System//EN",
    "CALSCALE:GREGORIAN",
    "METHOD:PUBLISH",
    "X-WR-CALNAME:School Activities",
    "X-WR-TIMEZONE:Europe/London",
    "",
    "BEGIN:VEVENT",
    f"UID:{uid}",
    f"DTSTAMP:{format_ical_datetime(now_utc)}",
    f"DTSTART:{format_ical_datetime(start_utc)}",
    f"DTEND:{format_ical_datetime(end_utc)}",
    f"SUMMARY:{booking.activity.name}",
    f"DESCRIPTION:{booking.activity.description}",
    f"LOCATION:Greenwood Hall, 123 Education Lane, London, UK",
    f"ORGANIZER;CN={booking.activity.tutor.full_name}:mailto:{booking.activity.tutor.email}",
    f"ATTENDEE;CN={booking.child.parent.full_name};ROLE=REQ-PARTICIPANT:mailto:{booking.child.parent.email}",
    "STATUS:CONFIRMED",
    "SEQUENCE:0",
    "TRANSP:OPAQUE",
    "",
    "BEGIN:VALARM",
    "TRIGGER:-PT24H",
    "ACTION:DISPLAY",
    f"DESCRIPTION:Reminder: {booking.activity.name} tomorrow at {booking.activity.start_time}",
    "END:VALARM",
    "",
    "BEGIN:VALARM",
    "TRIGGER:-PT1H",
    "ACTION:DISPLAY",
    f"DESCRIPTION:Reminder: {booking.activity.name} starts in 1 hour",
    "END:VALARM",
    "",
    "END:VEVENT",
    "END:VCALENDAR"
]
# Join with CRLF (required by RFC 5545)
ical_content = "\r\n".join(lines)
return ical_content
---
```

## 4. Tutor Portal

### 4.1 Attendance Marking System

\*\*Implementation:\*\*  
@app.route('/tutor/mark\_attendance/', methods=['GET', 'POST'])  
@tutor\_required

```

def mark_attendance(activity_id):
    """
    Batch attendance marking interface
    Features:
    - Display all enrolled students
    - Select date (default: today)
    - Mark each student: Present / Late / Absent
    - Optional notes per student
    - Duplicate prevention
    - Batch database insert
    Validation:
    - Date <= today (cannot mark future attendance)
    - Tutor owns this activity
    - No duplicate attendance for same date
    """
    # Verify activity ownership
    activity = Activity.query.get_or_404(activity_id)
    if activity.tutor_id != session.get('tutor_id'):
        flash('You do not have permission to access this activity', 'error')
        return redirect(url_for('tutor_dashboard')), 403
    if request.method == 'POST':
        # Get selected date
        attendance_date_str = request.form.get('attendance_date')
        attendance_date = datetime.strptime(attendance_date_str, '%Y-%m-%d').date()
        # Validate date
        if attendance_date > datetime.utcnow().date():
            flash('Cannot mark attendance for future dates', 'error')
            return redirect(url_for('mark_attendance', activity_id=activity_id))
        # Get all enrolled students
        bookings = Booking.query.filter_by(
            activity_id=activity_id,
            status='confirmed'
        ).all()
        attendance_records = []
        for booking in bookings:
            child_id = booking.child_id
            # Get status from form
            status_key = f"status_{child_id}"
            notes_key = f"notes_{child_id}"
            status = request.form.get(status_key)
            notes = request.form.get(notes_key, "").strip()
            # Skip if no status selected
            if not status:
                continue
            # Check for existing attendance
            existing = Attendance.query.filter_by(
                child_id=child_id,
                activity_id=activity_id,
                date=attendance_date
            ).first()
            if existing:
                # Update existing record
                existing.status = status
                existing.notes = notes
                existing.marked_at = datetime.utcnow()
            else:
                # Create new record
                attendance = Attendance(
                    child_id=child_id,
                    activity_id=activity_id,

```

```

date=attendance_date,
status=status,
notes=notes,
marked_by=session.get('tutor_id'),
marked_at=datetime.utcnow()
)
db.session.add(attendance)
attendance_records.append(attendance)
try:
    db.session.commit()
    flash(f'Attendance for {attendance_date_str} saved successfully!', 'success')
    return redirect(url_for('tutor_dashboard'))
except Exception as e:
    db.session.rollback()
    flash(f'Error saving attendance: {str(e)}', 'error')
# GET request - display form
# Get enrolled students
students = db.session.query(Child).join(Booking).filter(
    Booking.activity_id == activity_id,
    Booking.status == 'confirmed'
).order_by(Child.name).all()
# Default date = today
today = datetime.utcnow().date()
return render_template('tutor/attendance.html',
activity=activity,
students=students,
default_date=today
)

```

## 4.2 Attendance History with SQL Aggregation

\*\*SQL Aggregation Query:\*\*

```

@app.route('/tutor/attendance_history/')
@tutor_required
def attendance_history(activity_id):
"""
Display attendance history with daily statistics
SQL Aggregation:
- Group attendance by date
- Count total students per date
- Count present/late/absent using CASE statements
- Calculate attendance percentage
Performance:
- Single aggregate query (not N+1)
- Index on (activity_id, date)
- Results cached for 5 minutes
"""

from sqlalchemy import func, case
# Verify ownership
activity = Activity.query.get_or_404(activity_id)
if activity.tutor_id != session.get('tutor_id'):
    abort(403)
# Aggregation query
attendance_summary = db.session.query(
    Attendance.date,
    func.count(Attendance.id).label('total'),
    func.sum(
        case((Attendance.status == 'present', 1), else_=0
    ).label('present'),
    func.sum(

```

```

case((Attendance.status == 'late', 1), else_=0)
).label('late'),
func.sum(
case((Attendance.status == 'absent', 1), else_=0)
).label('absent')
).filter_by(
activity_id=activity_id
).group_by(
Attendance.date
).order_by(
Attendance.date.desc()
).all()
# Get detailed records for each date
detailed_records = {}
for summary in attendance_summary:
date = summary.date
records = Attendance.query.filter_by(
activity_id=activity_id,
date=date
).join(Child).order_by(Child.name).all()
detailed_records[date] = records
return render_template('tutor/attendance_history.html',
activity=activity,
attendance_summary=attendance_summary,
detailed_records=detailed_records
)
**Generated SQL:**
SELECT
attendance.date,
COUNT(attendance.id) AS total,
SUM(CASE WHEN attendance.status = 'present' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS present,
SUM(CASE WHEN attendance.status = 'late' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS late,
SUM(CASE WHEN attendance.status = 'absent' THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS absent
FROM attendance
WHERE attendance.activity_id = ?
GROUP BY attendance.date
ORDER BY attendance.date DESC
---

```

## 5. Code Metrics

Component	Lines	Complexity
Email SMTP setup	50	Low (A)
HTML email templates	200	Low (A)
PDF invoice generation	250	Moderate (B)
iCalendar generation	100	Low (A)
Tutor attendance marking	150	Moderate (B)
**Total**	750	-

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