

AstraKernel Documentation

By Chris Dedman

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Contents

Table of Contents	1
Preface	2
1 Introduction	3
I. Getting Started	3
A. Prerequisites	4

Preface

AstraKernel is a minimal, experimental operating system kernel written in modern C and ARM assembly. Designed to run on QEMU's VersatilePB (ARM926EJ-S) emulated platform, AstraKernel serves as a practical and approachable foundation for learning and experimenting with core operating system concepts.

This project was developed with a focus on clarity, simplicity, and educational value. Rather than attempting to re-create the complexity of established operating systems, AstraKernel aims to strip away unnecessary abstractions and present a clean, understandable codebase for anyone interested in the "bare metal" foundations of computing.

Through hands-on implementation of kernel bootstrapping, direct hardware communication, and basic user interaction, AstraKernel demonstrates how fundamental OS components come together. The project showcases how modern C best practices can be utilized in a systems programming context to create code that is maintainable, portable, and robust.

It is my hope that AstraKernel will not only serve as a stepping stone for those wishing to understand kernel development, but also inspire curiosity and confidence in exploring lower-level aspects of computer systems.

Chapter 1

Introduction

I. Getting Started

AstraKernel begins its life in a small bootstrap routine, written in ARM assembly, that prepares the processor's state before passing control to the main C kernel. This bootstrap code is responsible for setting up the stack pointer, clearing the uninitialized data section (`.bss`), and ensuring a clean environment for the kernel's entry point.

Below is the initial assembly code that executes at startup:

```
1  .section .text
2  .global _start
3
4  _start:
5      // Set up the stack pointer
6      LDR sp, =_estack
7      BIC sp, sp, #7
8
9      // Zero the .bss section
10     LDR R0, =__bss_start // Start address (symbol from linker script)
11     LDR R1, =__bss_end   // End address (symbol from linker script)
12     MOV R2, #0           // init zero-value for BSS clearing
13
14 zero_bss:
```

```

15    // Check if we are done zeroing the BSS
16    CMP R0, R1          // Compare current address to end
17    BGE bss_done        // If done, skip zeroing
18    STR R2, [R0], #4    // Store zero at [r0], increment r0 by 4
19    B zero_bss
20
21 bss_done:
22    // Call kernel_main function
23    BL kernel_main
24
25 hang:
26    // Halt if kernel_main returns (should not happen)
27    B hang              // Infinite loop

```

Listing 1.1: Initial bootstrap code for AstraKernel.

This startup sequence is the essential first step for any kernel, ensuring the CPU is properly initialized and memory is in a known state before higher-level code takes over. Once these preparations are complete, the `kernel_main` function from `kernel/kernel.c` is called, marking the transition from low-level assembly to the C code that forms the core of AstraKernel.

A. PREREQUISITES

Before you can build and run AstraKernel, please ensure you have the following tools installed on your system:

- **ARM Cross-Compiler:** A cross-compiler targeting ARM is required to build the kernel. It is recommended to use `arm-none-eabi-gcc`, `arm-none-eabi-ld`, and `arm-none-eabi-objcopy` for ARM926EJ-S, which is the target architecture for AstraKernel.
 - Example installation: `arm-none-eabi-xxx` (available via package managers such as `brew`, `apt`, or direct download from ARM’s website).
- **QEMU Emulator:** QEMU is used to emulate the ARM VersatilePB (ARM926EJ-S) platform for kernel development and testing.
 - Ensure your QEMU installation supports the `versatilepb` machine.

- Example installation: `qemu-system-arm` via `qemu` <https://www.qemu.org/download/>.
- **Build Tools:** Standard build tools such as `make` are required to compile the kernel.
 - Example installation: `make` (available via package managers such as `brew`, `apt`, or direct download <https://www.gnu.org/software/make/#download>).

For best results, ensure all tools are up-to-date. Consult the official documentation of each tool for installation instructions on your operating system.

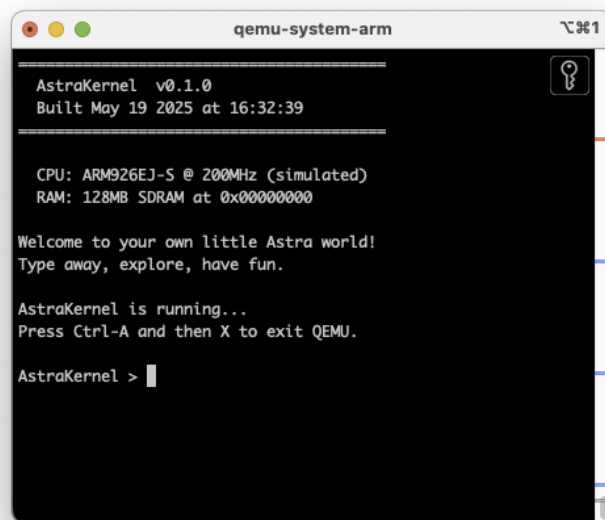


Figure 1.1: AstraKernel booted in QEMU.