





MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

British Columbia Investment Management Corporation ("BCI") manages Pooled Investment Portfolios on behalf of governing fiduciaries such as pension fund trustees and other public sector clients. QuadReal Property Group Limited Partnership and affiliates ("QuadReal") manage the Mortgage and Real Estate programs pursuant to asset management agreements as agreed to between BCI and QuadReal. This report contains the financial statements for the BCI QuadReal US Pension C Pooled Investment Portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The financial statements of this Pooled Investment Portfolio have been prepared by QuadReal and approved by the BCI Chief Investment Officer / Chief Executive Officer. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The material accounting policies used in the preparation of these statements are disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements. The statements include certain amounts that are based on management's judgement and best estimates.

BCI's Board has established an Audit Committee. The BCI Audit Committee's mandate includes oversight of the financial statements of the Pooled Investment Portfolio managed by QuadReal through a governance framework established with QuadReal's Board and Audit Committee. Through this governance framework, the BCI Audit Committee mandate is executed through oversight from QuadReal's Audit Committee and includes making recommendations on the appointment of the external auditor for the Pooled Investment Portfolio, reviewing the external audit plan; reviewing BCI's System and Organization Controls Report for the Investment System of British Columbia Investment Management Corporation, including QuadReal related controls, and reviewing the annual audited financial statements of the Pooled Investment Portfolios. The BCI Audit Committee and QuadReal Audit Committee reviews the recommendations of the internal and external auditors with respect to internal controls and the responses of management to those recommendations, and also meets with management and the internal and external auditors to review annual audit plans.

BCI and QuadReal maintain a system of internal control and supporting processes to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded; that transactions are appropriately authorized and recorded; and that there are no material misstatements in the financial statements. BCI's and QuadReal's internal control framework includes: a strong corporate governance structure; a code of conduct that includes conflict of interest guidelines; an organizational structure that provides for appropriate segregation of duties and accountability for performance; an enterprise-wide risk management framework that identifies, monitors and reports on key risks; and adherence to BCI Board-approved Pooled Investment Portfolio Policies and client-approved investment mandates. BCI's and QuadReal's system of internal control is supported by external auditors who review and evaluate internal controls and report directly to the BCI and QuadReal Audit Committees.

The Pooled Investment Portfolio's external auditors, KPMG LLP, have full and unrestricted access to the BCI and QuadReal Audit Committees and BCI and QuadReal management. KPMG LLP discusses with management and the Committees the results of their audit of the Pooled Investment Portfolio financial statements and related findings with respect to such audit. The Pooled Investment Portfolio financial statements are audited by KPMG LLP in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. KPMG LLP has performed such tests and other procedures as they considered necessary to express an opinion on the Pooled Investment Portfolio financial statements.

[S] Gordon J. Fyfe

Gordon J. Fyfe Chief Executive Officer, BCI Chief Investment Officer, BCI

[S] Tamara Lawson

Tamara Lawson
Chief Financial Officer, QuadReal

[S] Dennis Lopez

Dennis Lopez
Chief Executive Officer, QuadReal



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of BCI QuadReal US Pension C

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BCI QuadReal US Pension C (the Fund), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023
- · the statement of comprehensive income (loss) for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the year then ended
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at December 31, 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



BCI QuadReal US Pension C Page 2

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.
 - The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



BCI QuadReal US Pension C Page 3

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Vancouver, Canada June 24, 2024

LPMG LLP

Statement of Financial Position

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units)

December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	Notes		2023		2022
Assets					_
Cash		\$	13	\$	12
Accounts receivable			201		_
Investments at fair value through profit and loss	5, 8 & 9		2,049,448		2,273,806
Total assets			2,049,662		2,273,818
Liabilities					
Fund manager cost recoveries payable	6		195		169
Accounts payable			1,584		1,551
Loan payable to related party	6		61,673		
Total liabilities excluding net assets attributable to the holders of redeemable units			63,452		1,720
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units		\$	1,986,210	\$	2,272,098
Tedeemable dritts		Ψ	1,300,210	Ψ	2,212,030
Number of redeemable units outstanding	7		1,975.180		1,965.339
Net assets attributable to holders of					
redeemable units per unit		\$	1,006	\$	1,156
Commitments and contingencies	13				

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

[S] Gordon J. Fyfe

Gordon J. Fyfe Chief Executive Officer, BCI Chief Investment Officer, BCI

Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	Notes	2023	2022
Revenues:			
Other income	\$	1 \$	_
Change in fair value of investments:	9		
Net change in unrealized appreciation		(278,711)	297,135
		(278,710)	297,135
Expenses:			
Interest expense	6	42	_
Fund manager cost recoveries	6	2,699	2,535
Management fees	6	10,402	10,463
Administrative and professional fees		2,349	2,865
Pursuit costs		176	687
		15,668	16,550
(Decrease) increase in net assets attributable to			
holders of redeemable units	\$	(294,378) \$	280,585

Statement of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units (Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

		2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,272,098 \$	10
(Decrease) increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	•	(294,378)	280,585
Redeemable unit transactions:			
Proceeds from units issued		159,660	2,159,612
Amounts paid for units redeemed		(151,170)	(168,109)
		8,490	1,991,503
Balance, end of year	\$	1,986,210 \$	2,272,098

Statement of Cash Flows

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units)

Year ended December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

	2023	2022
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
Operating:		
(Decrease) increase in net assets attributable to holders		
of redeemable units	\$ (294,378) \$	280,585
Adjustments for:		
Net change in unrealized appreciation of investments	278,711	(297,135)
Interest expense	42	_
Proceeds from sale of investments	140,451	163,243
Amounts paid for purchase of investments	(194,804)	(2,139,914)
Accounts receivable	(201)	_
Fund manager cost recoveries payable	26	169
Accounts payable	(9)	1,551
	(70,162)	(1,991,501)
Financing:		
Proceeds from issuance of redeemable units	159,660	2,159,612
Payments on redemption of redeemable units	(151,170)	(168,109)
Proceeds from loan payable to related party	61,673	_
	70,163	1,991,503
Net increase in cash during the year	1	2
Cash, beginning of year	12	10
Cash, end of year	\$ 13 \$	12

Schedule of Investments

(Expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units)

December 31, 2023, with comparative information for 2022

		2023				2022				
	I	Fair value		Cost		Fair value		Cost		
Real estate investments ¹	\$	2,049,448	\$	2,015,514	\$	2,273,806	\$	1,961,162		
Total investments	\$	2,049,448	\$	2,015,514	\$	2,273,806	\$	1,961,162		

Real estate investments are held through private corporations and limited partnerships (note 5, note 8 and note 9).

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

1. The portfolio

British Columbia Investment Management Corporation ("BCI") was established under the Public Sector Pension Plans Act as a trust company authorized to carry on trust business and investment management services. The address of BCI's registered office is at 750 Pandora Avenue, Victoria, British Columbia, Canada.

QuadReal Property Group Limited Partnership and affiliates ("QuadReal") manage BCI QuadReal US Pension C ("the Fund") pursuant to an Asset Management Agreement between BCI and QuadReal. These financial statements have been prepared by QuadReal.

Under the Public Sector Pension Plans Act and the Pooled Investment Portfolios Regulation, B.C. Reg. 447/99 (the "Regulations"), BCI may establish and operate pooled investment portfolios ".... in which money from trust funds, special funds or other funds, other public money and the money of government bodies and designated institutions may be combined in common for the purpose of investment by means of investment units of participation in a pooled investment portfolio." In addition, pooled investment portfolios previously established under the Financial Administration Act and the Pooled Investment Portfolios Regulation, B.C. Reg. 84/86, were continued under the Pooled Investment Portfolios Regulation, B.C. Reg. 447/99, to be held in trust by BCI and invested by the Chief Investment Officer ("CIO") of BCI.

The Fund was established on December 8, 2021.

2. Basis of presentation

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. These financial statements were authorized for issue by the BCI Chief Executive Officer / Chief Investment Officer on June 24, 2024.

(b) Basis of consolidation

Real estate investments are held through a subsidiary of the Fund, which invests in private corporations and limited partnerships funded by equity and debt. The Fund is an investment entity, and as such, does not consolidate the entities it controls. Instead, interests in subsidiaries are classified at fair value through profit and loss, and measured at fair value.

The Fund qualifies as an investment entity as it meets the following definition of an investment entity outlined in IFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements ("IFRS 10"):

- obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investor(s) with investment management services;
- commits to its investor(s) that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all of its investments on a fair value basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

(c) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on a cost basis except for investments held at fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL"), which are measured at fair value.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Fund's functional currency.

(e) Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. In determining the fair value of some of its investments, management reviews and assesses the estimates and assumptions provided by external managers regarding investment industry performance and prospects, as well as general business and economic conditions that prevail. By nature, these asset valuations are subjective and do not necessarily result in precise determinations. Financial results as determined by actual events could differ from those estimates and assumptions, and the difference could be material.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future period affected. Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next fiscal year is included in note 9 and relate to the determination of fair value of investments with significant unobservable inputs.

3. Material accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments

(i) Recognition and measurement:

Financial instruments are required to be classified into one of the following categories: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or FVTPL. All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Fund derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the Statement of Financial Position only when the Fund has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial asset that is a debt instrument is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and sell financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Fund may irrevocably elect to measure financial assets that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL when doing so results in more relevant information.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, unless the Fund changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

The Fund has not classified any of its financial assets as FVOCI.

Financial liabilities are generally measured at amortized cost, with exceptions that may allow for classification as FVTPL. These exceptions include financial liabilities that are mandatorily measured at FVTPL, such as derivative financial liabilities. The Fund may, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial liability as measured at FVTPL when doing so results in more relevant information.

(ii) Fair value through profit and loss:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) in the period in which they occur. The Fund's investments and redeemable units are designated as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

In an active market, fair value is best evidenced by an independent quoted price. In the absence of an active market, fair value is determined by valuation techniques that maximize the use of inputs observed from markets. See note 9 for more details about the determination of fair value.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs. Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of management, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated based on the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

(iii) Amortized cost:

Financial assets and liabilities classified as amortized cost are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. The Fund classifies cash, accounts receivable, Fund manager cost recoveries payable, and accounts payable as amortized cost.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(b) Redeemable units

The Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. In accordance with the Regulations, the Fund is required to distribute, to holders of the Fund's redeemable units, the taxable income and taxable capital gains of the Fund at least annually. The units are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL and measured at the redemption amount. Distributions to holders of redeemable units are recognized in comprehensive income when they are authorized.

(c) Issuance and redemption of units

Participation in the Fund is expressed in units. The initial value of a unit on inception was \$1,000. For each subsequent unit issuance and redemption, the unit value is determined by dividing the fair value of the net assets of the Fund by the total number of units outstanding. Where one fund invests in another Fund, the unit issuances and redemptions are transacted on the same basis as client transactions. All unit transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. The Fund is an open participation fund where eligible clients may increase or reduce their proportionate ownership annually or on special opening dates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

(d) Foreign exchange

These financial statements are denominated in Canadian dollars. Foreign denominated investments and other foreign denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing on each valuation date. Purchases and sales of investments, as well as income and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies, are translated using exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(e) Income recognition

Investment income is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. Portfolio transactions are recorded on the trade date. Dividend income is recognized on the date that the right to receive payment is established. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments are determined on the average cost basis of the respective investments. The year-over-year change in the difference between the fair value and the cost of the investments held at year-end is recognized as a net change in unrealized appreciation of investments. Commissions, stock exchange fees and other identifiable transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or disposal on an investment are expensed as incurred. Pursuit costs are charged to expenses of the Fund in the period incurred.

(f) Income taxes

The Fund qualifies as an inter-vivos trust under section 108(1) of the Income Tax Act (Canada). All of the Fund's net income for tax purposes and net capital gains realized in any period are required to be distributed to unitholders such that no income tax is payable by the Fund. As a result, the Fund does not record income taxes. Income taxes associated with any of the Fund's underlying investments are accounted for in determining the fair value of the respective investments.

4. Recent accounting pronouncements

The Fund has adopted Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2) from January 1, 2023. The amendments require disclosure of "material" rather than "significant" accounting policies. Replacing "significant" with "material" means that management's assessment of the accounting policy information to be disclosed is based on a defined term in IFRS Accounting Standards. The amendments provide guidance on the application of materiality to account policy disclosures and aim to assist entities with providing more relevant, company-specific disclosures. Management has reviewed and updated the accounting policies disclosed in note 3 Material accounting policies (2022 – Significant accounting policies), where applicable, in line with the amendments.

5. Investments at fair value through profit and loss

The real estate investments consist of private corporations and limited partnerships. The fair value of these entities is determined by the Net Asset Value (fair value of the net assets) of the entities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

6. Related party transactions

The Fund's related parties include QuadReal, BCI, the Province of British Columbia and related entities, investments where the Fund has a controlling interest or significant influence, entities with common ownership, and other related entities for which BCI and QuadReal provides investment management services. The Fund had the following transactions with related parties during the year.

(a) Fund manager cost recoveries

The Fund is charged cost recoveries from QuadReal for fund management costs paid by BCI and QuadReal. The cost recoveries and the related payable are disclosed as Fund manager cost recoveries in the Fund's Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss) and Statement of Financial Position, respectively.

(b) Management fees

The Fund is charged investment management services by QuadReal. The expense is disclosed in the Fund's Statement of Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(c) Purchase of investments from commonly controlled entities

On January 4, 2022, the Fund's subsidiary purchased the beneficial and legal ownership of certain investments managed by QuadReal and owned by the same investors of the Fund. The Fund funded its subsidiary \$1,813,302 representing the estimated fair values of the investments purchased.

(d) Sale of investments to commonly controlled entities

On January 3, 2023, as part of its annual rebalancing, the Fund sold the beneficial and legal ownership of certain investments to entities managed by QuadReal and owned by the same investors of the Fund. The Fund received \$49,500 (2022 – nil) representing the estimated fair values at the date of sale.

(e) Loan payable to related party

The Fund received a related party loan from BCI QuadReal Realty, an entity under common control, which as at December 31, 2023, totaled \$61,673 (2022 – nil). The loan accrues interest daily at a rate equal to the one-month Banker's Acceptance ("BA") rate plus an applicable margin with a maturity date of December 7, 2026 or due on demand by the holder.

In May 2024, the related party loan agreement was amended to transition the interest rate benchmark from BA to Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA") beginning June 1, 2024.

7. Redeemable units

The Fund is authorized to issue an unlimited number of redeemable units. Redeemable units issued and outstanding represent the capital of the Fund. The Fund is not subject to any internally or externally imposed restrictions on its capital. The capital of the Fund is managed in accordance with the Fund's investment objectives, including managing the redeemable units to ensure a stable base to maximize returns to all investors, and managing liquidity in order to meet redemptions.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

The following is a summary of the changes in the number of redeemable units outstanding during the year:

	2023	2022
	# of units	# of units
Outstanding, beginning of year	1,965.339	0.010
Issued	142.549	2,130.939
Redeemed	(132.708)	(165.610)
Outstanding, end of year	1,975.180	1,965.339

8. Financial risk management

(a) Risk management framework

The Fund is a member of the Realpool Program (the "Program") which provides clients with exposure to a portfolio of domestic and global real estate and real estate-related investments. The Program's holdings are highly diversified by property type, geographic location, investment size, and investment risk. The Program primarily concentrates on high quality income producing office, industrial, residential, retail, hospitality and mixed-use properties located in geographic regions that have strong and growing economies. The Program's investment strategy is to be well diversified and to hold quality properties that will perform well across multiple economic cycles. Real estate investments are only made when there is a reasonable expectation that return objectives can be achieved over the longer term.

The Program may hold the following assets:

- Real estate properties;
- Real estate-related securities, including trust units, partnership interests, shares, debt instruments, and units in externally managed pooled investment portfolios;
- Derivative instruments for the purposes of synthetic indexing, risk control, lowering transactions costs, and / or liquidity management;
- Foreign exchange contracts for currency conversions and / or currency hedging; and
- Units in BCI's Canadian Money Market Fund (ST1), Canadian Money Market Fund (ST2), US
 Dollar Money Market Fund (ST3), government debt securities with a maximum term to
 maturity of 1 year, and other BCI short-term fixed income pooled funds, for cash
 management.

The following restrictions apply to the Program's investing activities:

- Debt financing may be used in a prudent manner. No debt will be assumed or created if, as a result, the debt to market value ratio of BCI's combined real estate program would exceed 55 percent;
- When entering into a new derivatives transaction, external counterparties must be financial
 institutions rated "A-" or higher by Standard & Poor's or have an equivalent rating from
 another credit rating agency; and

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

 Real estate investments must be eligible investments for pension plans under the Pension Benefits Standards Act, (B.C.).

BCI, as trustee of the Fund, has the power to vary the investments and assets of the Program and reinvest proceeds realized from the investments of the Program all within the bounds of the investment policies, rules and restrictions established for and governing the Program.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks. For purposes of describing the financial risks of the Fund, the composition of the net assets held by the underlying private corporations and limited partnerships and their investing activities have been considered.

As of December 31, the private corporations and limited partnerships hold the following underlying net assets:

	2023				2022	
		Total	% of total		Total	% of total
Direct real estate private equity	\$	1,988,093	97.0	\$	2,249,089	99.0
Publicly listed real estate funds		57	_		1,834	0.1
Loans receivable		59,015	2.9		66,062	2.9
Unlisted real estate investee funds		95,799	4.7		118,875	5.2
Real estate investments		2,142,964	104.6		2,435,860	107.2
Cash		408			2,849	0.1
Loans payable		(89,362)	(4.4)		(156,837)	(6.9)
Net investment related payables		(4,562)	(0.2)		(8,066)	(0.4)
Total net assets of entities	\$	2,049,448	100.0	\$	2,273,806	100.0

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund, resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. It arises principally from cash and accounts receivable due to the Fund. The carrying value of these financial instruments as recorded in the Statement of Financial Position reflects the Fund's maximum exposure to credit risk.

To avoid undue credit risk, the Fund has established specific investment criteria, such as minimum credit ratings for investees and counterparties.

The Fund's activities may also give rise to settlement risk. Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to failure of an entity to honor its obligations to deliver cash, securities, or other assets prior to the settlement of the transaction as contractually agreed. The risk of default is considered minimal since the Fund's private corporations and limited partnerships hold real estate and typically have a diversified tenant base. External managers conduct financial reviews to assess potential tenants' ability to meet future lease obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other assets as contractually agreed. QuadReal's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that the Fund has sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The Fund is exposed to the liquidity risk associated with the requirement to redeem units. Redeemable units of the Fund may only be acquired by eligible clients or client groups in accordance with the Fund's purchasing limits that may be established by the CIO. In order to protect the interest of all clients, the CIO may also establish redemption limits for the Fund. The purchase and redemption limits may vary depending on market circumstances, client demand, and the liquidity of the underlying investments.

The Fund's financial assets include direct real estate private equity investments and unlisted real estate investee funds, which are generally illiquid. As a result, the Fund may not be able to liquidate some of its investments in these instruments in time to meet obligations when they become due. However, the CIO may obtain funding from the unitholders of the Fund through additional unit issuances to meet the Fund's ongoing liquidity requirements.

The Fund's remaining liabilities, including Fund manager cost recoveries payable and accounts payable, are due within three months of the year end of the Fund.

(d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices, will affect the Fund's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments.

(i) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value or cash flows of interest-bearing investments and loans will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The variable interest rate notes and fixed rate notes of the Fund are receivable from the underlying private corporations and limited partnerships, so the Fund is not subject to interest rate risk on these financial instruments.

The loan payable to related party bears a variable interest rate based on the BA rate. The other terms of the loan are disclosed in note 6.

(ii) Currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the Fund will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

The Fund is exposed to currency risk through the holding of investments in US dollars. The Fund may use foreign currency contracts to hedge some foreign currency exposure on investment-related receivables and liabilities and engage in the buying and selling of currencies through the spot market, forward contracts, futures contracts, and / or options in order to achieve the desired currency exposure. There were no foreign currency contracts at December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

At December 31, the carrying value of the Fund's net financial assets and financial liabilities held by the Fund's private corporations and limited partnerships in individual foreign currencies expressed in Canadian dollars and as a percentage of its net assets were as follows:

	2023			202	22
		% of total net			% of total net
	Total	assets		Total	assets
United States Dollar	\$ 2,139,900	107.7	\$	2,434,246	107.1
Total	\$ 2,139,900	107.7	\$	2,434,246	107.1

As at the reporting dates, if the Canadian dollar had strengthened / weakened by 1.0% in relation to all other currencies, holding all other variables constant, net assets would have decreased / increased by \$21,399 CAD (2022 – \$24,342 CAD). Actual trading results may differ from the above sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

(iii) Real estate risk:

The Fund has identified the following risks associated with the real estate portfolio:

- The Fund's subsidiaries may undertake development activity to acquire properties that are not otherwise available in the marketplace or to enhance returns by accepting more manageable risk. Typical risks include the developer being unable to complete the project, the project is not completed on time or the project is not completed on budget. The Fund's subsidiaries generally use developers with strong expertise and reputation. The near-term focus for the Fund is to grow the portfolio through a combination of acquisitions and developments, which may result in higher development risk in the near term that will decline as projects are completed.
- The exposure of the fair values of the Fund to market and occupier fundamentals.

(iv) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment or its issuer or factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

Other market price risk arises from the Fund's investments in direct real estate private equity, and unlisted real estate investee funds, whose valuation is based on the valuation of underlying companies of those investee funds. The Fund invests in such financial assets in order to take advantage of their long-term growth opportunities. All investments present a risk of loss of capital. QuadReal management moderates this risk through careful selection of the investee funds within specified limits. All of the investee funds and their underlying investments are subject to the risks inherent in their industries. Moreover, established markets do not exist for these holdings, and they are therefore considered illiquid.

The Fund makes commitments to a diversified portfolio of direct real estate private equity and unlisted real estate investee funds, managed by managers with a strong track record. The Fund diversifies its portfolio of investee funds across managers, underlying industries, countries and investment stages.

QuadReal management follows a rigorous investment due diligence process prior to making any investment decisions. QuadReal management considers both qualitative and quantitative criteria in the areas of financial performance, business strategy, tax and legal compliance, such as financial information obtained through the underlying manager of the investee funds through on-site visits, interviews and questionnaires together with information gathered from external sources. Prior to entering into an investment agreement, gathered information is confirmed through reference checks or through QuadReal's standing data and experience.

Region Risk

The Fund's foreign investments may be subject to potential volatility due to political, social, and financial instability within its local region. To mitigate country / region risk, the Program diversifies investments amongst countries and seeks investments in other countries with stable legal, political, and financial systems.

Real estate investment properties held by the Fund's private corporations and limited partnerships were concentrated in the United States.

As at December 31, 2023, had the fair value of the investments increased or decreased by 10.0%, with all other variables held constant, net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would have increased or decreased, respectively by approximately \$214,296 (2022 – \$243,586). Actual trading results may differ from the above sensitivity analysis and the difference could be material.

9. Fair value measurement

(a) Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments, the Fund determines fair values using other valuation techniques.

For financial instruments that trade infrequently and have little price transparency, fair value is less objective, and requires varying degrees of judgment depending on liquidity, concentration, uncertainty of market factors, pricing assumptions and other risks affecting the specific instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

The Fund holds its investments in real estate investments through either private corporations or limited partnerships which are measured based on the fair value of the net asset value ("NAV") of these entities. The fair value of the NAVs are considered Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

The table below further discloses the underlying components which in aggregate comprise the NAV of the Fund's investments as described above measured at fair value at the reporting date by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized. All fair value measurements are recurring.

	2023							
	active	d prices in e markets evel 1]		Significant observable inputs [Level 2]	ι	Significant unobservable inputs [Level 3]		Total
Financial assets:								
Publicly listed real estate funds	\$	57	\$	_	\$	_	\$	57
Direct real estate private equity		_		_		1,988,093		1,988,093
Unlisted real estate investee funds		_		_		95,799		95,799
Loans receivable		_		59,015		_		59,015
Financial liabilities:								
Loans payable	\$	_	\$	(89,362)	\$	_	\$	(89,362)
Other, net		_		(4,154)		_		(4,154)
	\$	57	\$	(34,501)	\$	2,083,892	\$	2,049,448

	2022							
	activ	ed prices in re markets Level 1]		Significant observable inputs [Level 2]		Significant unobservable inputs [Level 3]		Total
Financial assets:								
Publicly listed real estate funds	\$	1,834	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,834
Direct real estate private equity		_		_		2,249,089		2,249,089
Unlisted real estate investee funds		_		_		118,875		118,875
Loans receivable		_		66,062		_		66,062
Financial liabilities:								
Loans payable	\$	_	\$	(156,837)	\$	_	\$	(156,837)
Other, net		_		(5,217)		_		(5,217)
	\$	1,834	\$	(95,992)	\$	2,367,964	\$	2,273,806

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

The carrying values of loans receivable and loans payable approximate their fair values due to their terms and maturity.

During 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Levels 1, 2, or 3.

The following table shows a reconciliation from the beginning balances to the ending balances for level 3 real estate investments of the fair value hierarchy.

	2023						
		Direct real estate		Unlisted real estate			
		private equity		investee funds			
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,249,089	\$	118,875			
Realized gains		15,671		9,520			
Purchases		280,823		2,816			
Sales		(241,432)		(12,373)			
Unrealized losses		(316,058)		(23,039)			
Balance, end of year	\$	1,988,093	\$	95,799			

	2022						
	 Direct real estate	Unlisted real estate					
	 private equity	investee funds					
Balance, beginning of year	\$ _	\$					
Realized gains	6,204	7,081					
Purchases	2,168,002	131,593					
Sales	(197,373)	(20,721)					
Unrealized gains	272,256	922					
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,249,089	\$ 118,875					

(b) Valuation framework

The Fund has an established framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. Where possible, for direct real estate private equity investments held by the Fund, external independent valuation specialists are engaged annually to assist in the determination of fair value. In those circumstances where the Fund is reliant on a third-party manager for the determination of fair value, QuadReal reviews the appropriateness of such valuations using audited financial statements of the underlying investments, where available, and other information from the underlying third-party manager or other sources. QuadReal will make adjustments to these valuations when deemed appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

(c) Significant unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value

The following table sets out information about significant unobservable inputs used at year-end in measuring the fair value of real estate investments categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

2023										
Investments	F	air value	Valuation sources	Unobservable input	,	Amount	Sensitivity to change in significant unobservable input			
Direct real estate private equity	\$	1,569,309	Unadjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	1,569,309	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).			
Direct real estate private equity	\$	418,784	Adjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	418,784	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).			
Unlisted real estate investee funds	\$	37,762	Unadjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	37,762	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).			
Unlisted real estate investee funds	\$	58,037	Adjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	58,037	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).			

				21	JZZ		
Investments	F	air value	Valuation sources	Unobservable input	,	Amount	Sensitivity to change in significant unobservable input
Direct real estate private equity	\$	1,449,128	Unadjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	1,449,128	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).
Direct real estate private equity	\$	799,961	Adjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	799,961	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).
Unlisted real estate investee funds	\$	51,555	Unadjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	51,555	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).
Unlisted real estate investee funds	\$	67,320	Adjusted net asset value	Net asset value	\$	67,320	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the net asset value of the real estate investments as provided by the third-party manager were higher (lower).

2022

Significant unobservable inputs are developed as follows:

Net asset value:

Represents the net asset value of the direct real estate private equity investments and unlisted real estate investee funds. QuadReal management values these investments primarily based on the latest available financial information provided by their general partners.

Adjusted net asset value:

Represents the adjusted net asset value of the direct real estate private equity investments and unlisted real estate investee funds. QuadReal management values these investments primarily based on the latest available financial information provided by their general partners, adjusted based on judgment, on an investee by investee basis, through review of information received from underlying investees and other sources.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

(d) Effects of unobservable inputs on fair value measurement

The fair value of real estate fluctuates in response to changes in specific assumptions for that particular investee as determined by the external manager. Although the Fund believes its estimates of fair value in Level 3 are appropriate, the use of different methodologies or assumptions could lead to different measurements of fair value and net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units.

The following table shows how the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units would change if the valuation of the real estate investments were calculated by adjusting the respective net assets by 10%.

Real estate investments	2023	2022
Favorable	\$ 208,389 \$	236,796
Unfavorable	\$ (208,389) \$	(236,796)

(e) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, Fund manager cost recoveries payable, and accounts payable approximates their fair value given their short-term nature. The carrying value of the loan payable to related party approximates its fair value due partly to the variable interest rate of the loan.

10. Involvement with structured entities

The Fund holds interests in structured entities through its intermediary private corporations and limited partnerships. Structured entities are comprised of indirectly held investee funds organized as limited partnerships, funds or limited liability corporations. All of these investee funds have been constituted to manage assets on behalf of third-party investors and are financed through the issuance of units to investors or capital contributions made by the investors. Accordingly, the Fund's interest in these entities is reflected through the holding of partnership units and interest or general fund units.

The table below set out the indirect interests held by the Fund in eleven structured entities (2022 – twelve structured entities):

	2023					2022			
		Total net assets of entities		Fair value held by the Fund		Total net assets of entities		Fair value held by the Fund	
Unlisted real estate investee funds administered by third-party managers	\$	13,279,312	\$	226,699	\$	35,208,813	\$	222,431	

The fair value held in these underlying funds represents the Fund's maximum exposure to loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(Amounts expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except number of units or where indicated)

Year ended December 31, 2023

11. Taxes

The Fund distributes taxable income and net taxable capital gains to unitholders at each year-end. As at December 31, 2023, the Fund had non-capital losses of \$44,758 and net capital losses of nil (December 31, 2022 – non-capital losses of \$30,474 and net capital losses of nil) to reduce future distributions of taxable income and net taxable capital gains, respectively.

12. Involvement with associates

The Fund holds through intermediary holding entities the following investments in which it has a majority interest or a position where it could otherwise exert significant influence on the operations of the investee. The Fund measures these investments at FVTPL.

The table below sets out interests held by the Fund in these material unconsolidated associates:

		2023				
Entity	Nature and purpose of entity	Interest held	Relationship	Principal place of business	Country of incorporation / registration	Ownership interest %
Build to Core Industrial Partnership I LP	Industrial real estate	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.4
Build to Core Industrial Partnership II LP	Industrial real estate	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.4
T5 Venture Limited Partnership	Real estate related assets	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.0

2022										
Entity	Nature and purpose of entity	Interest held	Relationship	Principal place of business	Country of incorporation / registration	Ownership interest %				
CA-GI-QR Joint Venture, LP	Residential real estate development	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	20.8				
Build to Core Industrial Partnership I LP	Industrial real estate	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.9				
Build to Core Industrial Partnership II LP	Industrial real estate	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.9				
T5 Venture Limited Partnership	Real estate related assets	Limited partnership interest	Associate	United States	United States	22.5				

During 2023 and 2022, the Fund did not provide financial support to associates. Furthermore, the associates listed in the table above are not subject to any significant restrictions on their ability to transfer funds to the Fund.

13. Commitments and contingencies

The Fund has entered into commitments related to the funding of investments. These commitments are generally payable on demand based on the funding needs of the investment subject to the terms and conditions of each agreement. As at December 31, 2023 the unfunded commitments for the Fund totaled \$1,000,000 (December 31, 2022 – \$1,100,000).

Certain investments of the Fund may, in the normal course of business activities, be involved in disputes with third parties. The Fund was not involved in any material disputes as at December 31, 2023.