CAL Project - Knowledge Transfer Documentation - Data Engineering 4.0

4/28/2020

This file includes the data engineering steps taken on the Events and Email files in order to build predictive models. Its output is utilized in both "4.1 - Predictive Model Prep Existing Member" and "4.2 - Predictive Model Prep New-Member".

Introduction Emails Events Per-person

Please contact musch.sam@gmail.com if you have any questions.

Introduction

Load packages and read files.

```
library(tidyverse)
library(data.table)
library(dtplyr)
library(lubridate)

indy <-
    read_csv('../individual_info.csv') %>%
    select(ID_DEMO, MEMBERSHIP_STATUS_CODE)

emails <- fread('../emails_cleaned.csv')

events <- read_csv('../events_cleaned.csv') %>%
    filter(YEAR_FISCAL > 2014) %>%
    inner_join(indy, by = 'ID_DEMO')
```

Emails

We are only looking at emails since 2015 and only the important categories. We are also creating columns that will allow us to create click-through-rate and click_open rate.

We are calculating a person's click_open rate for **every category**.

We are taking each email category and making each one a separate column.

This chunk of code looks very confusing so I will walk thru each piece. Note that this does the same thing as the spread function but can handle more than 1 column.

- reshape2::dcast
 - we are using the package "reshape2" and "dcast" lets us take each email category and make it its own column
- ID DEMO ~ broad cat
 - We are keeping ID_DEMO as the primary key, but taking the categories from broad_cat and using them to create new columns
- value.var
 - This is the value we calculated in the previous chunk
- We are adding "emails" at the end of each of our email categories

This is a person's **general** click-through-rate.

This joins the person's general click-thru-rate with each of their category specific click_open rates.

```
clickthru_rates_spread <-
  clickthru_rates_spread %>%
  inner_join(clickthru_rates_general, by = 'ID_DEMO')
```

Events

This just counts how many events a person has gone to (per-category).

```
events_adj <-
  events %>%
  count(ID_DEMO, broad_cat) %>%
  rename(total_type_person = n)
```

This is the same operation we used for emails. Each person will get 1 row, and each event category will become a column.

This calculates a person's total events attending by summing up the category-specific events.

```
events_spread <-
  events_spread %>%
  mutate(all_events = rowSums(.[2:7]))
```

Per-person

This joins together the person's information from emails & events so we can include them in the predictive model.

```
# Connecting emails & events
per_person_with_id <-
    clickthru_rates_spread %>%
    full_join(events_spread, by = c('ID_DEMO')) %>%
    ungroup() %>%
    inner_join(indy, by = 'ID_DEMO') %>%
    select(-MEMBERSHIP_STATUS_CODE) %>%
    replace(is.na(.), 0)
setwd("D:/Group Folder/Data")
fwrite(per_person_with_id, file='pred_emails_events.csv')
```