Deploying Apache HTTPD on Kubernetes Using Helm (With Lightweight Kubernetes Setup)

Introduction to Helm

Helm is a package manager for Kubernetes that simplifies the deployment and management of applications. Instead of writing multiple YAML files and applying them manually using kubectl apply -f, Helm allows you to package all Kubernetes resources into a single **Helm Chart**.

Using Helm, we can define variables in values.yaml and reuse them dynamically instead of hardcoding values in multiple YAML files.

Prerequisites

Before proceeding, ensure you have the following:

An AWS EC2 instance (Ubuntu 20.04 or later)

K3s (Lightweight Kubernetes) installed

Helm installed

Step-by-Step Deployment Guide

Step 1: Install a Lightweight Kubernetes (K3s) on Your EC2 Instance

Since running a full Kubernetes cluster (e.g., using kubeadm) can be resource-intensive, we'll use **K3s**, a lightweight Kubernetes distribution that is easy to install and well-suited for EC2 instances.

1. Install K3s

Run the following command on your EC2 instance:

curl -sfL https://get.k3s.io | sh -

2. Verify Kubernetes Installation

After installation, check if Kubernetes is running:

kubectl get nodes

Session ID: sandeep-8zeoxiqc8dgxegkfrvgiqcr5a8

Instance ID: i-07135cf55ef5949a8

```
whuntus[y-172-31-1-249-6
whuntus[y-172-31-1-24
```

If kubectl is not found, set up your environment:

export KUBECONFIG=/etc/rancher/k3s/k3s.yaml

Now check again:

kubectl get nodes

You should see your EC2 instance listed as a Kubernetes node.

Expected Output:

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NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION

ip-172-31-1-249 Ready control-plane,master 5m v1.31.6+k3s1

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Step 2: Install Helm on Your EC2 Instance

If Helm is not installed, run the following commands:

curl -fsSL -o get_helm.sh https://raw.githubusercontent.com/helm/helm/main/scripts/get-helm-3

chmod 700 get_helm.sh

./get_helm.sh

Verify the installation:

helm version

Session ID: sandeep-8zeoxíqc8dgxegkfrvgíqcr5a8 Instance ID: i-07135cf55ef5949a8

```
duntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$ curl -fs8% -o get helm.sh https://raw.githubusercontent.com/helm/helm/main/scripts/get-helm-3
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$ chmod 700 get_helm.sh
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$ chget_helm.sh
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$ c./get_helm.sh
fournloading https://get.helm.sh/helm-v3.17.2-linux-amd64.tsr.gz
ferifying checksum... Done.
reparing to install helm into /usr/local/bin
selm installed into /usr/local/bin/helm
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$ helm version
fersion.Buildinfo(Version:*y3.17.2", GitCommit: "ccObbbd6d6276b83880042clecb34087e84d4leb", GitTreeState: "clean", GoVersion: "go1.23.7")
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$
buntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-$
```

Step 3: Create a Helm Chart for HTTPD

helm create httpd-chart

cd httpd-chart

This command generates a folder structure under httpd-chart/. Now, modify the necessary files.

```
Session ID: sandeep-8zecoiqc8dgwegdrvgqqc5a8 Instance ID: i-07135cf55ef5949a8

whuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-5 helm create httpd-chart
Creating httpd-chart
whuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-5 od httpd-chart/
whuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:-7 od httpd-chart |
total 32
to
```

Step 4: Modify Helm Chart Files

```
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```

1. values.yaml (Configuration for Deployment, Service, and Ingress)

Modify 'values.yaml' to configure the deployment settings

- 2. templates/deployment.yaml (Deployment for HTTPD)
- 3. templates/service.yaml (Service to Expose HTTPD)
- 4. templates/ingress.yaml (Ingress for External Access Optional)

Step 5: Deploy the Helm Chart

sudo cp -prf /etc/rancher/k3s/k3s.yaml /home/ubuntu/kube.conf sudo chown ubuntu:ubuntu /home/ubuntu/kube.conf export KUBECONFIG=/home/ubuntu/kube.conf kubectl get nodes

NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION

ip-172-31-1-249 Ready control-plane,master 148m v1.31.6+k3s1

1. Install the chart

2. helm install my-httpd ./httpd-chart

```
dountudly-172-31-1-249:-/httpd-chart/templates$
dountudly-172-31-1-249:-/httpd
```

3. Check if the deployment is running

- 4. kubectl get pods
- 5. kubectl get svc

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME
                                   READY
                                            STATUS
                                                      RESTARTS
                                                                  AGE
httpd-deployment-bf5c4df59-mhcb6
                                   1/1
                                            Running
                                                                  83s
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:~$ kubectl get svc
                            CLUSTER-IP
10.43.151.81
               TYPE
                                            EXTERNAL-IP
httpd-service ClusterIP
                                                          80/TCP
                                                                     116s
kubernetes
               ClusterIP
                            10.43.0.1
                                                          443/TCP
                                                                     155m
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:~$
```

6. Test the service

7. kubectl port-forward svc/httpd-service 8080:80

```
Session ID: sandeep-xxiye2qkt82lbaxdx9prpqkf8
```

Instance ID: I-07135cf55ef5949a

```
ubuntv01p-172-31-1-240-6 kubect1 part-forward ave/httpd-service 8080:60
Forwarding from 127.0.0,21:8080 -> 80
Forwarding from [121]:080-90
Forwarding from [121]:080-90
Forwarding from [121]:080-90
Forwarding from [121]:080-90
```

8. curl http://localhost:8080

Session ID: sandeep-8lbp62fqc4iqbv32f6sqaabz9y

Instance ID: i-07135cf55ef5949a8

```
$ sudo su ubuntu
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:/var/snap/amazon-ssm-agent/9881$ cd
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:-$ curl http://localhost:8080
<html><hody><hl>It works!</hl></hody></html>
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:-$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-249:-$
```

Step 6: Enable Ingress (Optional: Expose HTTPD Externally)

If you want to expose the service using Ingress, follow these steps:

1. Install Nginx Ingress Controller

kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/main/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml

- 2. Edit values.yaml and set ingress.enabled to true
- 3. Upgrade the Helm deployment:

helm upgrade my-httpd ./httpd-chart

```
whuntudip-172-31-1-240:-$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/main/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml namespace/ingress-nginx created servicescoount/ingress-nginx content described servicescoount/ingress-nginx content cole. the. authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created role.the.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created role.thea.uuthorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created role.thea.uuthorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-controller.com/controller.thea.uuthorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-controller.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorization.thea.uuthorizatio
```

- 4. Update /etc/hosts on your EC2 instance:
- 5. echo "\$(kubectl get nodes -o jsonpath='{.items[0].status.addresses[0].address}') httpd.local" | sudo tee -a /etc/hosts

```
Session ID: sandeep-ax/yeZqk452lbaxdx3pppqd8

shumutudip-172-31-1-249:-$ cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
127.0.0.01 pollocalnost
127.0.0.01 pollocalnost
127.0.0.01 pollocalnost
128.000:01 pic-localnost
129.000:01 pic-localnost
129.000:01 pic-localnost
120.000:01 pic-localnost
120.000:00 pic-localnost
120.00
```

- 6. Test the HTTPD service using the hostname
- 7. curl http://httpd.local

```
abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$ kubectl get svc -n ingress-nginx

NAME

TYPE

CLUSTER-IP

EXTERNAL-IP

80:31788/TCP,443:31804/TCP

91m

ingress-nginx-controller

clusterIP

10:43:96:152

443/TCP

91m

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$

abuntu8ip-172-31-1-249:~$
```

Step 7: Cleanup

To uninstall the Helm release:

helm uninstall my-httpd

To remove K3s (if needed):

/usr/local/bin/k3s-uninstall.sh

Conclusion

Using **K3s** (lightweight Kubernetes), we deployed an **Apache HTTPD service** on Kubernetes using Helm. Unlike kubectl apply -f, Helm makes deployments **reusable**, **configurable**, **and easy to maintain**.