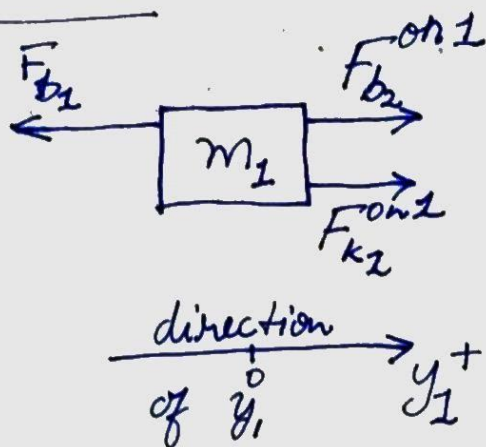


→ Free-body diagrams
mass 1:

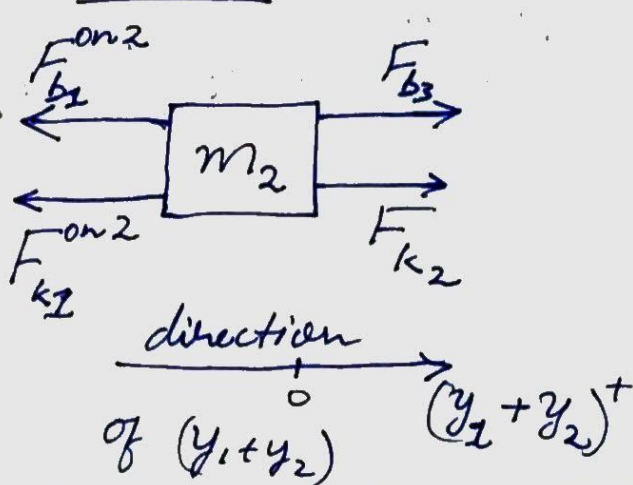


$$F_{b1} = b_1 \dot{y}_1$$

$$F_{b2}^{\text{on } 1} = b_2 \dot{y}_2$$

$$F_{k1}^{\text{on } 1} = +k_1 y_2$$

mass 2:



$$F_{b2}^{\text{on } 2} = b_2 \dot{y}_2$$

$$F_{k1}^{\text{on } 2} = +k_1 y_2$$

$$F_{b3} = -b_3 (\dot{y}_1 + \dot{y}_2)$$

$$F_{k2} = -k_2 (y_1 + y_2)$$

For determination of the forces $F_{b2}^{\text{on } 1}$, $F_{b2}^{\text{on } 2}$, $F_{k1}^{\text{on } 1}$, & $F_{k1}^{\text{on } 2}$ the positive y_2 & \dot{y}_2 are considered to be increasing separation between the masses. This causes tension in the damper, b_2 & spring, k_2 . Hence they will be pulling on the masses m_1 & m_2 .

Applying Newton's laws on the masses.

$$m_1(\ddot{y}_1) = \sum F^{on1} = -F_{b_1} + F_{b_2}^{on1} + F_{k_1}^{on1}$$

$$m_2(\ddot{y}_1 + \ddot{y}_2) = \sum F^{on2} = -F_{b_2}^{on2} - F_{k_1}^{on2} + F_{b_3} + F_{k_2}$$

$$m_1 \ddot{y}_1 = -b_1 \dot{y}_1 + b_2 \dot{y}_2 + k_1 y_2$$

$$m_2(\ddot{y}_1 + \ddot{y}_2) = -b_2 \dot{y}_2 - k_1 y_2 - b_3(\dot{y}_1 + \dot{y}_2) - k_2(y_1 + y_2)$$