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## Problem 2

```
function [Mtot,rcmtot,IMoItot] =  
    momentofinertia01(mvec,rcmmat,IMoIarray)  
%  
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%  
% This function computes the total mass, the center of mass,  
% and the total moment of inertia of a collection of  
% rigid bodies that, taken together, form a larger rigid body.  
%  
% All position vectors, those of the individual rigid bodies'  
% centers of mass, rcmi = rcmmat(:,i) for i = 1:N, and that of  
% the system center of mass, rcmtot, are given in a common  
% coordinate system as are the individual moment-of-inertia  
% matrices, IMoIi = IMoIarray(:, :, i), and the final total  
% system moment-of-inertia matrix, IMoItot.  
%  
%  
% Inputs:  
%  
%     mvec                The 1-by-N vector that contains the  
%                          masses of the individual rigid-body  
%                          components, in kg units.  mi = mvec(1,i)  
%                          is the mass of the ith rigid body.  
%  
%     rcmmat              The 3-by-N matrix that contains the  
%                          positions of the centers of mass  
%                          of the individual rigid bodies,  
%                          given in meters units and along the  
%                          common axes that are used  
%                          throughout these calculations.  
%                          rcmi = rcmmat(:,i) is the center-  
%                          of-mass position of the ith  
%                          rigid body.  
%  
%     IMoIarray            The 3-by-3-by-N array that contains  
%                          the moment-of-inertia matrices of the  
%                          individual rigid bodies about their  
%                          respective centers of mass, in  
%                          kg-m^2 units and along the common  
%                          axes that are used throughout these  
%                          calculations. IMoIi = IMoIarray(:, :, i)  
%                          is the moment-of-inertia matrix of  
%                          the ith rigid body about its own  
%                          center of mass.  
%  
% Outputs:  
%  
%     Mtot                The total mass of the composite  
%                          rigid body, in kg.  
%  
%
```

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%      rcmtot          The 3-by-1 vector that gives the
%                      center of mass of the composite rigid
%                      body, in meters and along the common
%                      axes that are used throughout these
%                      calculations.
%
%      IMoItot         The 3-by-3 moment-of-inertia matrix
%                      of the composite rigid body about its
%                      center of mass, in kg-m^2 and along
%                      the common axes that are used
%                      throughout these calculations.
%
%
%
% Compute the total mass.
%
Mtot = sum(mvec);
%
% Compute the composite rigid body's center of mass.
%
N = size(mvec,2);
Mtot_rcmtot = zeros(3,1);
for i = 1:N
    mi = mvec(1,i);
    rcmi = rcmmat(:,i);
    Mtot_rcmtot = Mtot_rcmtot + mi*rcmi;
end
rcmtot = Mtot_rcmtot/Mtot;
%
% Compute the composite rigid body's moment-of-inertia
% matrix about its center of mass.
%
IMoItot = zeros(3,3);
for i = 1:N
    mi = mvec(1,i);
    rcmi = rcmmat(:,i);
    deltarcmi = rcmi - rcmtot;
    IMoIi = IMoIarray(:, :, i);
    deltaIMoIi = mi*((deltarcmi'*deltarcmi)*eye(3)-
(deltarcmi*deltarcmi'));
    IMoItot = IMoItot + IMoIi + deltaIMoIi;
end

```

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