

# N 660

Seat No. 

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2019 III 22 1100 -N 660- SOCIAL SCIENCE (73) GEOGRAPHY—PAPER II (E)

## (NEW COURSE)

Time : 2 Hours

(Pages 7)

Max. Marks : 40

*Note :-*

- (1) All questions/activities are compulsory.
- (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (3) For Q. No. 4(A) use supplied outline map of Brazil and tie it to your answer-book.
- (4) For Q. No. 6(A) use the graph paper supplied to you and attach it to the main answer-book.
- (5) Use of stencil is allowed for drawing map.
- (6) Draw neat diagrams and sketches wherever necessary.
- (7) Answers should be written in Black and Blue ink only.
- (8) Use of pencil/colour pencil is allowed for diagrams, sketches and map work.
- (9) Answers written in pencils will not be considered.

1. Complete the following sentences by choosing the appropriate alternatives from those given and rewrite the sentences in your answer-book :

4

- (1) Brazil is covered mainly by .....
- |                           |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------|
| (i) Highlands             | (ii) Plains          |
| (iii) Mountainous regions | (iv) Dissected hills |

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## 2/N 660

(2) India's climate is of ..... type.

- |                  |              |
|------------------|--------------|
| (i) Humid        | (ii) Monsoon |
| (iii) Equatorial | (iv) Cold    |

(3) Teak is mainly found in the ..... type of forest.

- |                 |                      |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| (i) Coastal     | (ii) Thorny and bush |
| (iii) Deciduous | (iv) Coniferous      |

(4) Brazil is the largest exporter of ..... in the world.

- |                 |             |
|-----------------|-------------|
| (i) Mineral oil | (ii) Tea    |
| (iii) Bajra     | (iv) Coffee |

### 2. Find the odd man out :

4

(1) States in India :

- |                    |                  |
|--------------------|------------------|
| (i) Madhya Pradesh | (ii) Maharashtra |
| (iii) Meghalaya    | (iv) Maranhao    |

(2) With reference to flora of India :

- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| (i) Deodar   | (ii) Anjan  |
| (iii) Orchid | (iv) Banyan |

(3) Members of BRICS :

- |             |                   |
|-------------|-------------------|
| (i) Brazil  | (ii) India        |
| (iii) China | (iv) Saudi Arabia |

(4) Favourable factors affecting population distribution :

- |                       |                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| (i) Nearness to sea   | (ii) Lack of roads        |
| (iii) Cultivable land | (iv) New cities and towns |

**3. State whether the sentences are right or wrong and correct the wrong ones and rewrite the sentence (any four) : 4**

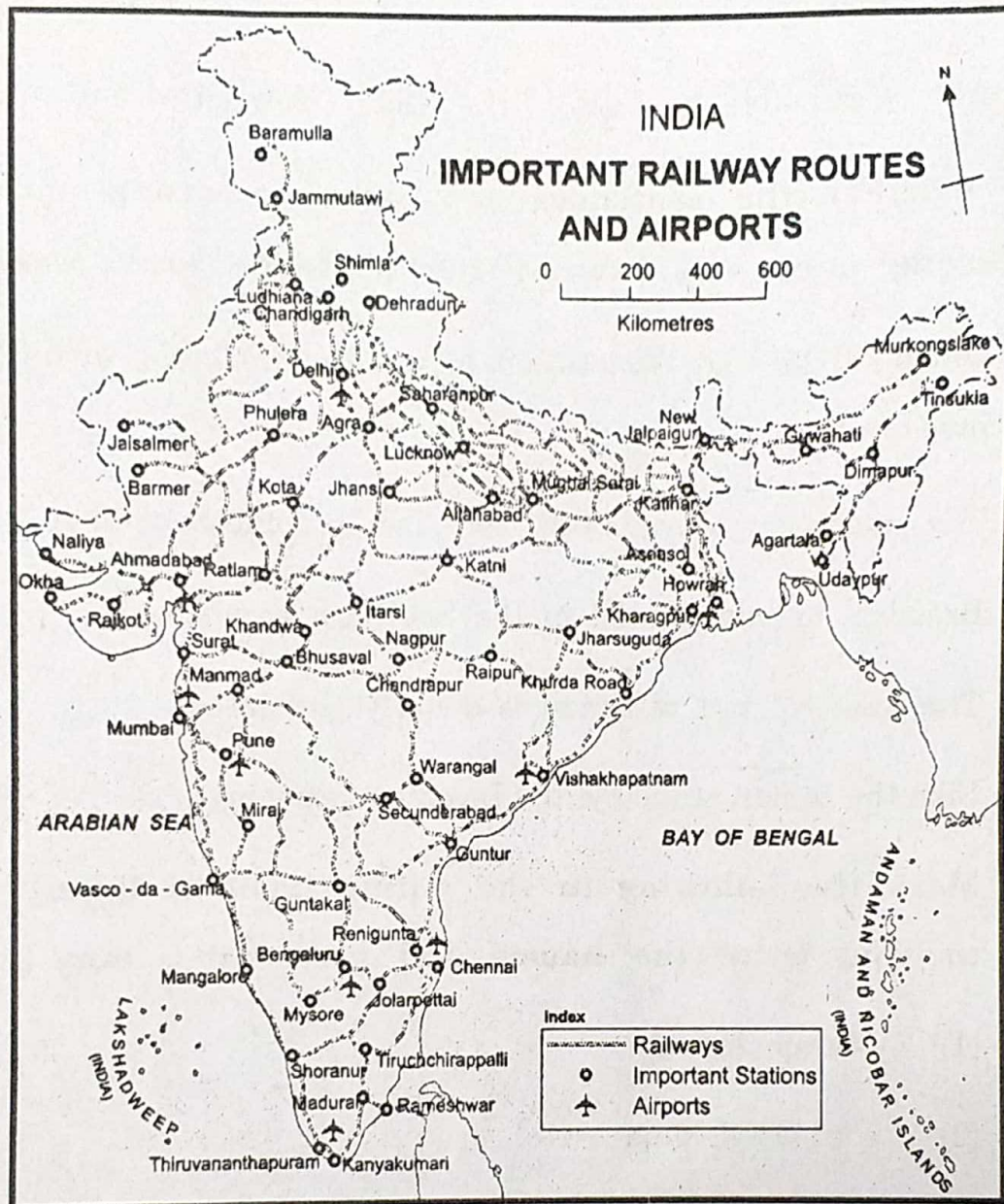
- (1) During field visit, vegetation is not the indicator of difference in precipitation.
- (2) The river Ganga originates from the Yamunotri glacier.
- (3) Brazil is mainly located in the Southern hemisphere.
- (4) The western part of Brazil is densely populated.
- (5) Like the Indian economy, the Brazilian economy is also of mixed type.

**4. (A) Mark the following in the outline map of Brazil supplied to you, write the names and give index (any four) : 4**

- (1) Marajo Island
- (2) Pico-De-Neblina
- (3) Pantanal Wetland
- (4) Drought Quadrilateral
- (5) Caatinga
- (6) Golden Lion-Tamarin.



- (B) Observe the given map and answer the questions given below it (any four) :



*Questions :*

- (1) What does the map show ?
- (2) Name any *two* airports from Eastern coast.
- (3) In which states, railway routes are not exist ?
- (4) Name the Southernmost railway station of India.
- (5) Which is the important railway station on the route of Mumbai-Mangalore ?
- (6) Name the Northernmost airport of India.



5. Give geographical reasons for the following (any two) : 6
- (1) There are fewer natural ports on the eastern coast of India.
  - (2) The evergreen rain forests in Brazil are rightly called the 'Lungs of the world'.
  - (3) Settlements are sparse in North-eastern Brazil.
  - (4) A dense network of railways has developed in the North Indian plains.
6. (A) With the help of given statistical data prepare a simple bar graph and answer the following questions : 6

**India—Trend of Urbanisation**

(1961—2011)

Year	Percentage of Urban Population
1961	18.0
1971	18.2
1981	23.3
1991	25.7
2001	27.8
2011	31.2

*Questions :*

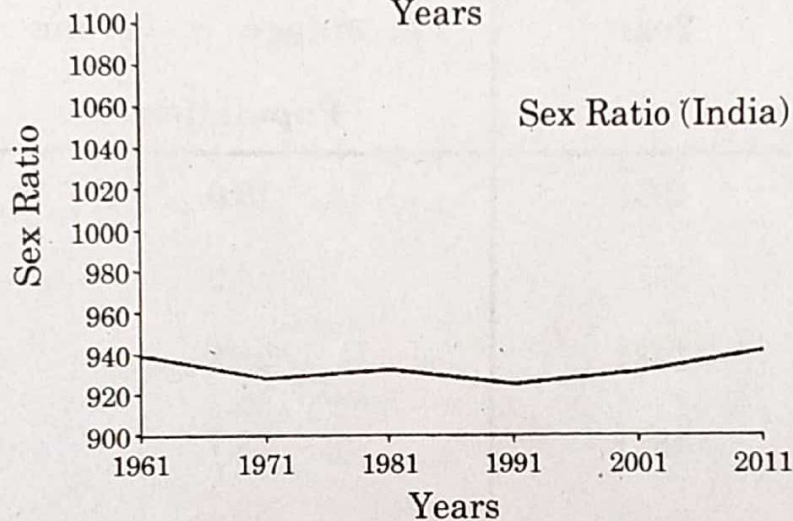
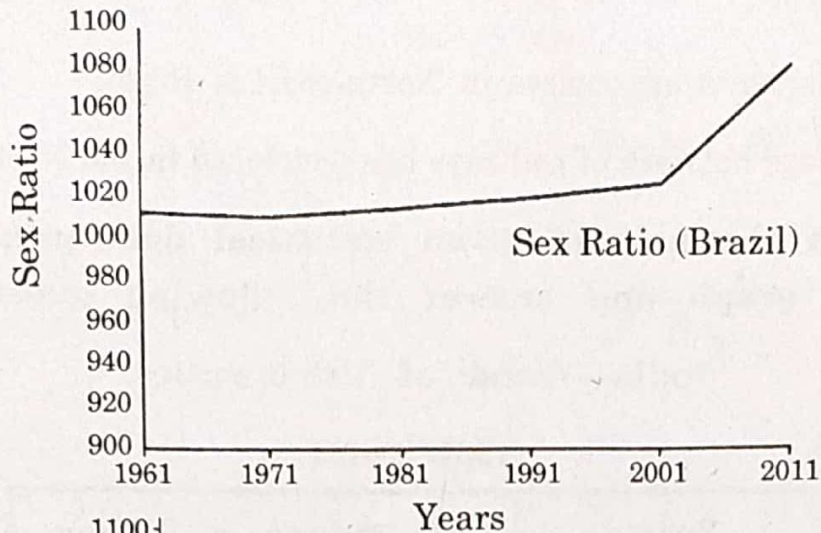
- (1) What is the interval of the data ?
- (2) Which decade shows slow rate of urbanisation ?
- (3) Which decade shows high rate of urbanisation ?



Or

- (B) Observe the following graphs and answer the questions given below them : 6

Structure of Sex Ratio



Questions :

- (1) What do the above graphs show ?
- (2) Which country has highest male population ?
- (3) Which country has highest female population ?
- (4) Which country has rapid increase in female population after 2001 ?
- (5) What was the female population in India in 1961 ?
- (6) Which country has more than 1000 female population ?

## 7/N 660

7. Answer the following questions in detail (any *two*) : 8

- (1) How will you manage the litter during the field visit ?
- (2) How are Brazil and India different from each other in terms of location ?
- (3) Write the factors affecting climate of Brazil.
- (4) What are the similarities and differences in the fishing activities in Brazil and India ?