Guitar Lesson FAQ

What materials do I need to learn the guitar?

- playable instrument reasonable action, intonation, sound quality, etc.
- metronome (matrix mr-500, download.com)
- capo
- · short fingernails left hand
- a place to practice no distractions, interruptions, etc.
- time to practice 30 minutes/day minimum
- heavy picks (dunlop tortex 1.0 mm the blue ones)

What should I bring to the lesson?

- · guitar, pick, capo
- \cdot bound or three ring notebook to take notes
- · payment (only on first lesson of month)
- blank tape/cassette recorder to record lesson (optional)

How do I hold the guitar?

- · balanced using right arm only
- · neck at approximately 30 degrees to horizontal
- face of guitar at approximately 20 degrees to vertical

What constitutes good right hand pick technique?

- · hold pick between thumb and index finger
- index finger tip and middle joints at 90 degree angles
- · about 1/4" of pick visible
- pinkie and ring finger lightly rest on face of quitar or first string (optional)
- · side of hands rests lightly on bridge
- primarily wrist motion
- · minimal pick movement
- slight pick angle (about 15 degrees)

What constitutes good left hand technique?

- · elbow bent at about 90 degrees
- · elbow floating (keep it off the leg)
- · thumb centered on neck
- · at least 1/2" between bottom of neck and palm
- · fingers curved, play on balls/tips
- hold string down slightly to the left (toward the nut) of the frets

What are the names of the strings?

closest to the ceiling -> closest to the ground

- · thickest -> thinnest
- · lowest -> highest (based on pitch, not height)
- . 6,5,4,3,2,1
- · E,A,D,G,B,E
- · 'every american dog gets bones easily'

How are my left hand fingers designated?

- · index -> first finger 1
- · middle -> second finger 2
- ring -> third finger 3
- pinkie -> fourth finger 4

How do I play 'by ear'?

- listen several times until you can hear the music in your head
- 2. hum/sing along with music
- 3. hum/sing by yourself
- 4. hum/sing at a slower tempo
- 5. mute strings with left hand, play the rhythm while you hum/sing
- 6. add the left hand fretted notes
- after you become comfortable, play without singing and gradually increase speed to correct tempo

How do I practice?

- · get inspired
- write objective down should be slightly out of reach
- · use metronome
- play slowly and forcefully (loud)
- · break music into small overlapping phrases
- · isolate right and left hand
- keep written track of progress (mainly tempo)
- · tape record yourself
- · use mirror

Where can I find guitar music on the net?

- www.guitarnotes.com/tabs/
- www.quitartabs.net/
- · www.harmony-central.com/Guitar/tab.html
- · www.tabcrawler.com

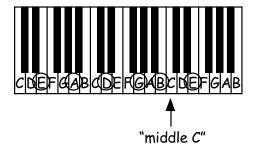
Where can I find SMI group guitar class information on the net?

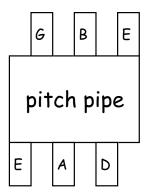
- www.smiguitar.bizland.com
- www.guitarshowcase.com->free lessons->group guitar

tuning

method 1

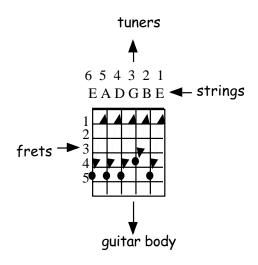
- compare each string to a reference pitch (strings are E, A, D, G, B, and E from 6 to 1 respectively)
- reference can be provided by a keyboard, pitch pipe, another guitar, electronic tuner, etc.
- if the string sounds lower than the reference, turn the tuner counter clockwise until it matches
- if the string sounds higher than the reference, turn the tuner clockwise until the string is beneath the pitch, then bring it back up with a counter clockwise turn



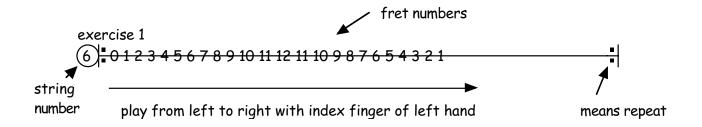


method 2

- compare the low E (6th) string to a reference pitch, or tune it to where you would like it to sound
- hold the E string down at the 5th fret and compare its pitch to that of the the A (5th) string played open - tune the A string until the pitches match
- repeat this procedure for each pair of adjacent strings, but use the 4th fret on the G (3rd) string instead of the 5th



single string playing



exercise 3 - brain stew
$$6 55 33 22 1100$$

exercise 5 - hitchin' a ride

exercise 7 - peter gunn $6 \rightarrow 0.203054$

exercise 9 - sunshine of your love

(4) 12 12 10 12 7 6 5 0 3 0 |

exercise 10 - you really got me

6 3 5 5 3 5 1

notes:

- · synchronize left hand and pick use downstrokes
- minimize the sound of your left hand sliding between notes
- · stay on the tip of your index finger
- keep you right hand on or to the right of the bridge

single string power chords

how do I play a power chord?

- put your first finger on any fret on the 6th string
- 2. put your third finger on the 5th string, but 2 frets higher
- 3. strike both the 6th and 5th strings with a downstroke

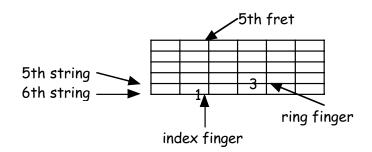
right hand practice

- play strings 6 and 5 together
- play strings 5 and 4 together
- · move pick as little as possible
- think 'tiny strokes'
- try and make it sound as though both strings are being struck together instead of one after the other

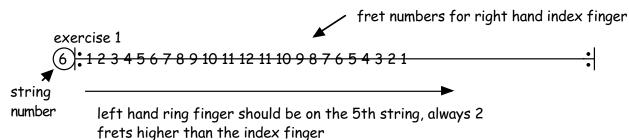
example

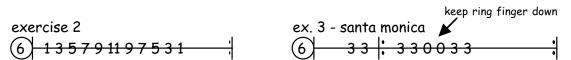
- 1. put your first finger on the 6th string, 5th fret
- to make the power chord, put your third finger on the 5th string, 7th fret
- 3. play strings 6 and 5 together

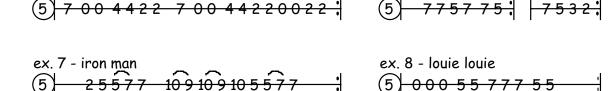
ex. 4 - hit me with your best shot



ex. 5 - cocaine







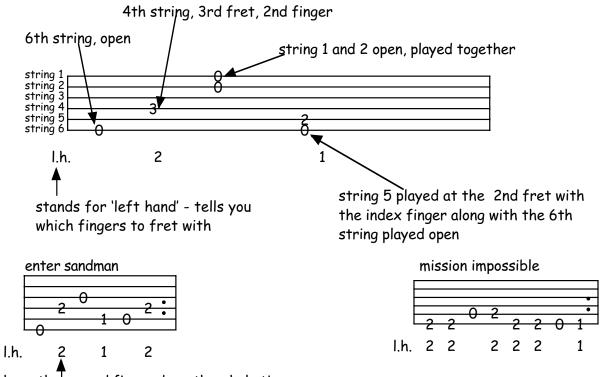
multi string single note playing

right hand practice

- play string in order, left to right
- take small downstrokes with pick
- watch your pick at first, then play without looking
- keep the side of your hand on or to the right of the bridge
- a. 6666 5555 4444 3333 2222 1111
- b. 1111 2222 3333 4444 5555 6666
- c. 654321 123456
- d. 64534231 13243546

how do I read tablature?

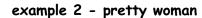
- 1. each horizontal line corresponds to string on the guitar
- 2. top line is string 1, the skinniest string
- 3. bottom line is string 6, the thickest string
- 4. number on lines correspond to frets
- 5. read from left to right
- 6. multiple numbers stacked on top of one another mean to play those strings/frets simultaneously
- 7. a zero (0) on the line means to play the string without fretting it



- keep the second finger down the whole time
- let the strings ring together
- make sure second finger isn't touching 3rd string

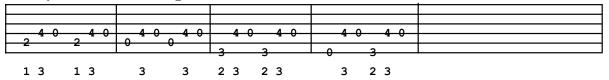
single note songs I

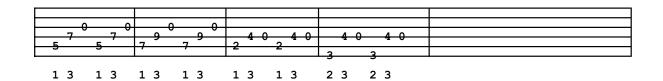






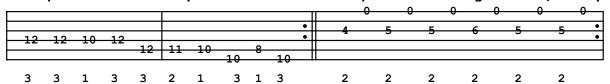
example 3 - adam's song





example 4 - sunshine of your love

example 5 - secret agent man (austin powers)



example 6 - one



single note songs II



example 8 - come out and play

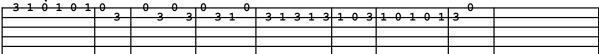


example 9 - heartbreaker

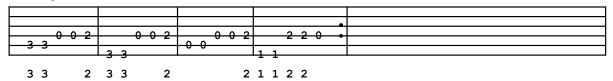
example 10 - my girl



example 11 - theme from mash



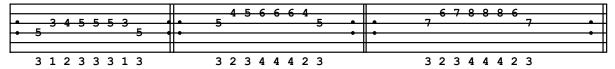
example 12 - dammit



example 13 - blister in the sun



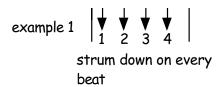
example 14 - wipeout



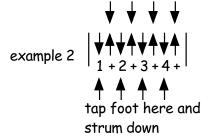
strumming

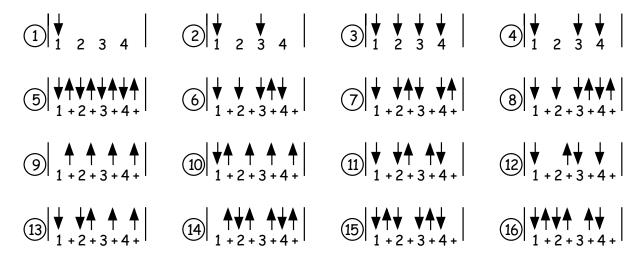
how do I read strumming diagrams?

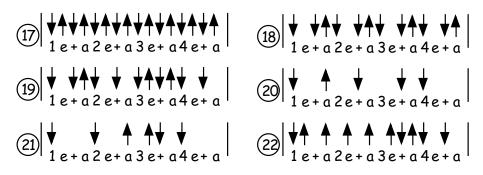
- tap your foot on the beat (with metronome)
- count evenly so that you are saying the numbers at the same time your foot taps
- arrows represent direction of stroke
- strum up or down according to which arrow lines up with the syllable you are saying
- · say '+' as 'and'



say 'and' in between foot taps and strum upward







notes:

- each group of fou beats is called a bar, or measure
- bars are separate by vertical lines, both in strumming diagrams and conventional notation

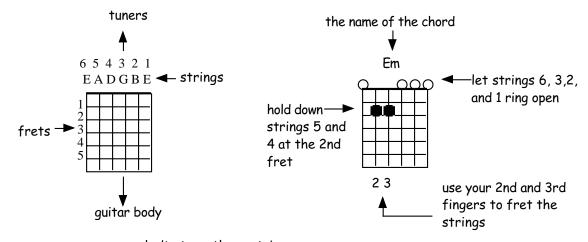
open chords intro

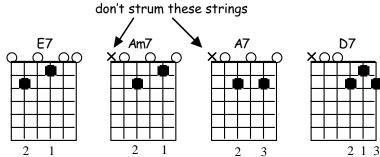
how do I read chord diagrams?

- strings run vertically (up and down)
- frets run horizontally (across)
- dots indicate which strings to fret
- x shows which strings should not be played

how do I get the chords to sound right?

- · fret with tips of fingers
- check for accidental muting on adjacent strings
- check for playing non-included strings (the ones with x's)





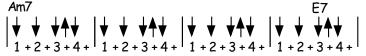
notes

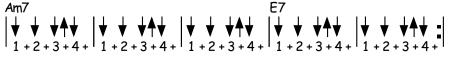
- · m stands for minor
- x strings can be muted with your thumb

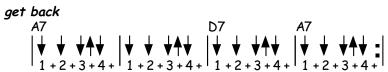


drills

- play Am7 to E7, one bar each, using strums 1 through 4
- 2. play A7 and D7, one bar each, using strums 1 through 4







open chords

