



# MARKET MIX MODELING AND MARKETING ATTRIBUTION FOR B2B

**Engagement Proposal** 

# **KEY POINTS OF OUR PROPOSAL TO DELL – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### **Our Company**

•TheMathCompany is the fastest growing company in the space of data and analytics - we have been able to build a very impressive portfolio of customers since our inception. Our success comes from our hybrid operating model - a very strong focus on top quality talent & tech assets. Amongst other things, our clients most appreciate our ability to create impressive solutions for some of the most difficult problems that can be solved with data

### Relevant experience in B2B marketing attribution & measurement

•We have experience in solving marketing mix modeling and marketing attribution problems for various companies specifically for B2B tech organizations. B2B businesses poses unique challenges in marketing measurement like isolation of impact of sales & quantifying impact of sale

### Solution design uniquely customized for Dell

•Our solution is designed keeping current Dell context in mind. Pipeline is an ineffective measure of marketing efforts and Direct attribution can lead be under or overestimated return. It is important to incorporate and differentiate across various marketing touches & engagement

### Team experienced working with Dell

•Our team consists of individuals who have closely worked with Dell and various Dell employees over the years. Our Dell context will ensure we ramp up fast and create relevant solution for Dell. We also believe that working with TheMathCompany will be familiar yet refreshing for Dell.

# Agile, collaborative & flexible engagement model

•The Math Company is proposing an agile & collaborative way of working. We also have a flexible engagement model which will ensure we course correct as needed based on Dell priorities

### **Overall Proposal**

•We are proposing and 6-month development & deployment timeframe with a dedicated team of offshore data scientists & onsite engagement manager to work on both projects. Dell has the option to retain or ramp down the team beyond the initial timeframe based on scope of future work.

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### MATHCO'S SOLUTION APPROACH TO ADDRESS KEY CHALLENGES OUTLINED FOR DELL

Key Challenges for Dell

MathCo's

Solution to

Address

challenges

- Need for better understanding of existing customer base
- With nearly 1000 accounts mapped to individual sales reps, there is less focus on customizing marketing strategies and initiatives
- Need for identifying effectiveness metric
   'Converted leads' or 'Dollar Estimate' are misleading indicators/impact metric as they are biased by the sales processes followed & input given by sales represpectively
- Quantify effectiveness based on efficacy rather than channel spend

- Revenue attribution alone will not provide a holistic picture
- Capturing impact based on pipeline generated will result in inflated marketing impact

**MMX** 

Develop Customer segments

- based on company details available at targeting stage (Firmographic details, geography, etc.,)
- Identify channel success metric that captures marketing outcome/success
- Compute efficacy of marketing channels in engaging the stakeholders
- **Driver analysis** to quantify the engagement metric on the impact metric

**Market Attribution** 

Dual KPI to be designed to understand and quantify the value addition by marketing in sales

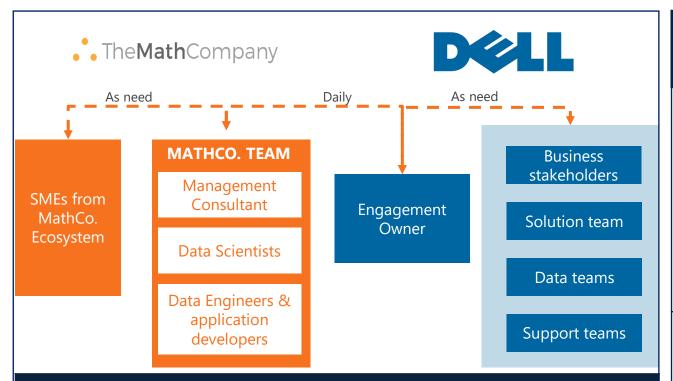
- Unrealized Rol Opportunity Potential generated through marketing activities
- **Realized Rol** Revenue contribution by marketing in closing sales deals

# PROJECT TIMELINES AND KEY DELIVERABLES

Solution Components	Activity Break up	Mon	ith 1	Mor	nth 2	Mon	th 3	Mor	nth 4	Mor	nth 5	Mor	nth 6
1. Foundation Customer groups	Develop customer patterns			*	Custome	r Segments	-						
2. MMX	Identify channel success metric												
	Compute effectiveness			*	Fram	ework to m	easure cha	nnel engage	ement				
	Driver analysis						*	Mark	eting Channo	el Impact			
3. Revenue Attribution	Compute Unrealized Rol		Model to p	redict lead		to estimate	potential a	mount	Fram	ework to co	mpute Unre	ealized Rol	
	Compute Realized Rol	- Inpu	ts from 1 8	2				*	Spe	nd Attributi	ion Model		
	Visualization tool to enable planning		_	- Inputs	from 1, 2 &	§ 3	•		Tool Desig	n	Tool D	Deployment	



### **GOVERNANCE AND PRICING**



REVIEW CADENCE						
Agile scrum	Weekly	To plan and review project tasks				
Retro meetings	Bi-Weekly	To monitor weekly progress				
Business review	Monthly	To align on goals based on bandwidth and review engagement				

Pricing Components	Duration	Total Cost of solution Development
Dedicated team  3 data scientists (Offshore)  2 data engineer (Offshore)  1 Management consultant (US)	6 months	\$360,000

- Client partner to be based out of US and provide time zone coverage [travel to location subject to COVID-19 regulation]
- SMEs would be involved to ensure best possible solution development
- MathCo. assets [reusable modules, best practices] to be organically infused into the project

Maintenance cost - \$8,000 per month post deployment

Maintenance can become a value add if the existing team is engaged for solving other problems based on Dell's priorities

# DETAILED SOLUTION APPROACH

# WHY DO WE NEED TO LOOK AT CUSTOMER COHORTS/SEGMENTS?

How does effectiveness vary across customer segments?

### **Understand existing customer base**

With nearly 1000 accounts mapped to individual sales reps, there is less focus on customizing marketing strategies and initiatives

#### Normalize effects of heterogenous customer base

Marketing effectiveness can vary from customer to customer depending on the relationship they have with the firm.

For example – the same initiative can have high incremental impact on new customers as compared to loyalist/retained customers where the true impact may be very low

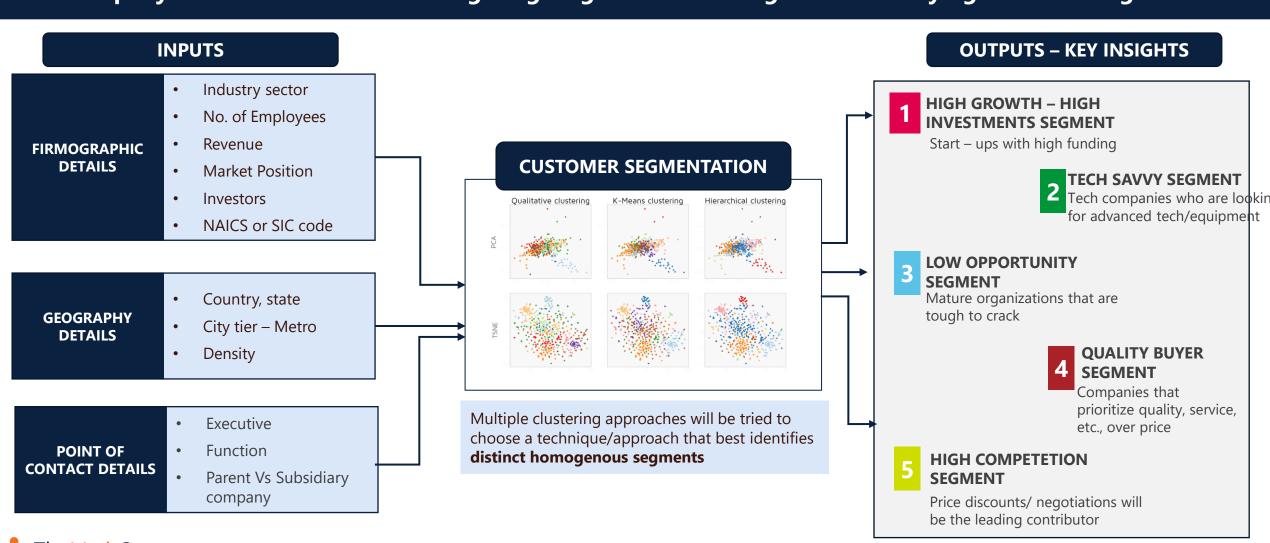
### **Enhance Marketing Strategies**

This will serve as the right foundation to understand customer preferences and help drive future marketing strategies by further customization



# **CUSTOMER SEGMENTATION – APPROACH**

# Company details available at the targeting stage will be leveraged for identifying customer segments



**Potential** 

# **SAMPLE OUTPUT**

### **HIGH GROWTH – HIGH INVESTMENTS SEGMENT**

### **Segment Details**

Number of **Accounts** 

1,234

Average Revenue

\$ 5.5 M

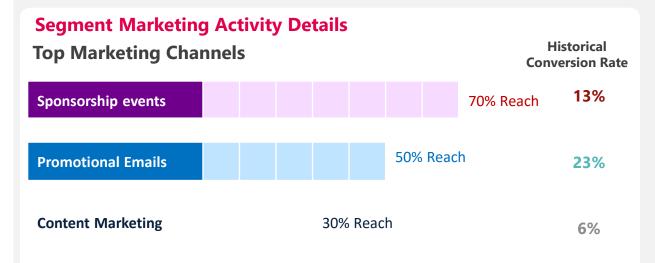
**Estimated** \$ 20 M

**Industry Type:** 

**Product software Companies, IT** companies,

Average Company Tenure

2 years



#### **TECH SAVVY SEGMENT Segment Details Average** Number of **Estimated** 5,666 \$ 50 M \$ 25 M Revenue **Potential Accounts Industry Type:** Average Company 15 years **Product software Companies, IT Tenure** companies, **Segment Marketing Activity Details Top Marketing Channels** Historical **Conversion Rate** 13% **Sponsorship events** 40% Reach 60% Reach **Promotional Emails** 23% 30% Reach **Content Marketing** 6%

# **QUANTIFYING MARKETING EFFECTIVENESS**

What are the right metrics to measure effectiveness?

# **Impact Metric**



Identifying the right Impact metric that captures the effects of only marketing activities without diluting it with other activities in the sales cycle

'Converted leads' or 'Dollar Estimate' are misleading indicators/impact metric as they are biased by the sales processes followed & input given by sales rep respectively

# **Engagement Metric**



Capturing the right Engagement metric for various marketing channels before assessing their effectiveness on the Impact Metric

'Dollar Spend' across various marketing vehicles are misleading as it doesn't capture the interaction enabled (efficacy) by the respective channel

# **Quantifying Effectiveness**

Quantifying the effectiveness of various marketing channels by defining the relationship between the Impact & Engagement metric

## **OUR APPROACH TO MEASURING MARKETING EFFECTIVENESS**



Identify the metric that truly captures the true outcome/success of marketing – **not conversion but close to conversion** 

Example - **Presence of Sales estimate** on a lead can be a proxy to indicate that the lead was kept engaged enough to respond to sales team when the call happened



# ENGAGEMENT METRIC

Captures the efficacy of marketing channels in engaging the stakeholders to push them to the next stage in sales cycle

Examples:

Webinar: Attendance, Chats, Polls

**E-mails:** Offers, coupons, click rate

Website: Downloaded brochures



# QUANTIFY EFFECTIVENESS

**Driver analysis** to quantify the engagement metric on the impact metric and thereby calculating the effectiveness of individual and collective marketing channels

Example – Logistic regression, decision trees, generalized linear modelling

Impact Metric = Function (Engagement Metric)

Presence of Sales Estimate

**Driver Analysis** 

Participation/Reaction to marketing programs



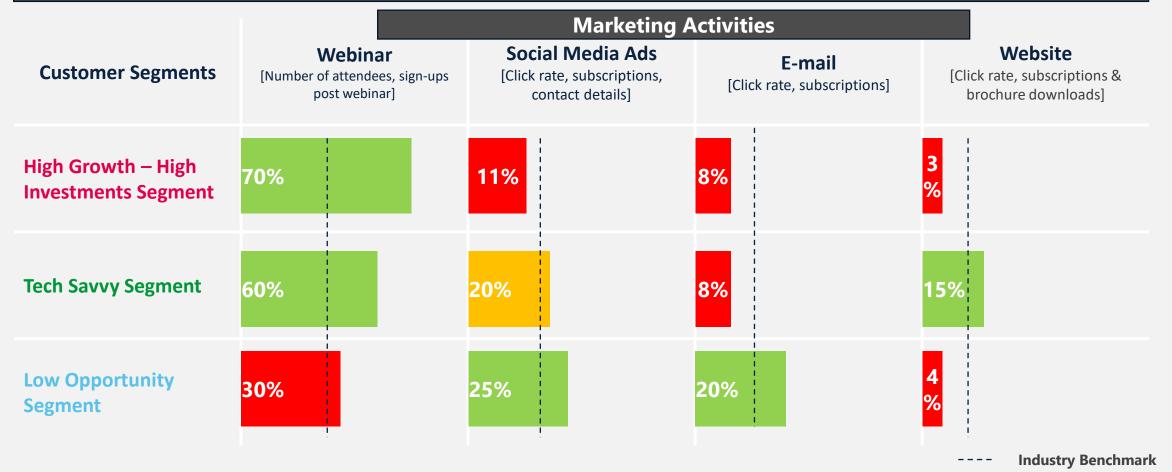
## **SAMPLE OUTPUT**

# Impact Metric = Function (Engagement Metric)

Presence of Sales Estimate

**Driver Analysis** 

Participation/Reaction to marketing programs



## ATTRIBUTING REVENUE TO MARKETING

How to **attribute revenue** to marketing initiatives?

# **Opportunity Potential**



Attributing **opportunity potential** to marketing activities prior to sales team takes over the lead for closure

A **non-inflated estimate** must be generated to accurately capture the opportunity potential generated by marketing activities

### **Revenue Generated**



**Segregating** marketing impact from sales impact to be able to attribute revenue individually to both processes

**All touchpoints** must be considered for attributing revenue from closed leads to both marketing & sales processes

# DUAL KPI TO BE DESIGNED TO UNDERSTAND AND QUANTIFY THE VALUE ADDITION BY **MARKETING IN SALES**

	Unrealized ROI	Realized ROI
What Is it	Opportunity Potential generated through marketing activities	<ul> <li>Revenue contribution by marketing in closing sales deals</li> </ul>
<b>Why</b> Is it important	<ul> <li>Efficacy Assessment of marketing initiatives in generating more &amp; better leads over time</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assess the contribution of marketing initiatives to closed leads/revenue generated</li> </ul>
Whom To share with	<ul><li>Internally marketing team</li><li>Marketing Stakeholders</li></ul>	<ul><li>External stakeholders</li><li>Sales &amp; Marketing group</li></ul>
<b>How</b> To compute it	<ul> <li>Classify generated leads as 'Hot' &amp; 'Cold'</li> <li>Estimate the revenue generated by 'Hot' leads in the past</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identify all touchpoints a closed lead went through</li> <li>Attribute sales revenue across the multiple touchpoints</li> </ul>
Which Questions are answered	<ul> <li>Are my marketing initiatives generating good leads?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Which touchpoints/activities are boosting my sales?</li> </ul>

# **OUR APPROACH TO CALCULATE UNREALIZED ROI**



# **INPUTS**

### **PROCESS**

# **OUTPUTS**

**Identifying** 'Hot Leads'

- Lead Firmographics
- Past closed leads
- **Engagement with** marketing channels

- Segregate closed leads
- Propensity model to identify future 'Hot Leads'

Probability of every lead to be a 'hot lead'

**Estimating Opportunity Potential of 'Hot Leads'** 

- List of top 'n-hot leads'
- Lead characteristics
- Revenue generated from past leads

- Similarity measure to identify look-alike leads
- The minimum revenue generated by such leads in past

Data-driven, noninflated estimate of opportunity potential

**Unrealized Rol** 

### **OUR APPROACH TO CALCULATE REALIZED ROI**



### **Data Leveraged:**

### **Marketing Touchpoints**

Webinars Warm Calling Content Marketing

### **Sales Touchpoints**

Demo by Sales Rep Discounts & Promo Offers Negotiations & Agreement

### **#Leads at each stage**

Lead monitoring tool (Hubspot, Vtiger, FreshSales etc.)

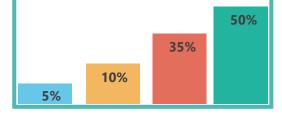
### **Revenue generated**

Final \$ sales of the contract signed with the respective account

### **Attribution Approaches : Comparative landscape**

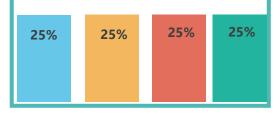
### **Time Decay Attribution**

- Biased towards last stage as it leads to quote generation
- Ideally good for marketing campaigns with limited duration



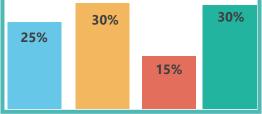
#### **Linear Attribution**

- Value equally distributed across all touch points
- Good when data is scarcely available for all stages



#### **Markov Chain Attribution**

- Linear state space existing for most 'real-to world' process
- 'Removal Effect' leveraged to keep the solution easy to understand



- Input comes only for 'Hot Leads' (having a high propensity to be converted, based on past data
- Dependent on the data quality and availability most appropriate attribution modelling is deployed to identify contribution by multiple touchpoints in a successful sales cycle



# **REALIZED ROI – THROUGH ATTRIBUTION MODELLING**

(SAMPLE OUTPUT FOR A \$100K SALES)



# BRINGING IT ALL TOGETHER

Marketing Effectiveness and Planning Tool

# **Marketing Effectiveness Measurement Tool**

**REGION** 



TIME PERIOD

**Marketing Spend** 

\$ 40M | 12%

**Marketing Effectiveness** 

34% 2%

Realized Marketing Rol

1.2 10%

Unrealized Marketing Rol

2.2 | 12%

	HIGH GROWTH – HIGH INVESTMENTS SEGMENT	TECH SAVVY SEGMENT	LOW OPPORTUNITY SEGMENT	QUALITY BUYER SEGMENT	HIGH COMPETETION SEGMENT
Marketing Effectiveness	34%	23%	9%	12%	26%
Realized Marketing Rol	2.2	1.8	0.9	1.1	0.7
Unrealized Marketing Rol	3.4	2.5	1.5	2	0.9



# **Marketing Effectiveness Measurement Tool**

REGION TIME PERIOD

# HIGH GROWTH – HIGH INVESTMENTS SEGMENT

Marketing Effectiveness 34% | 2%

Realized Marketing Rol

1.8 | 10%

Unrealized Marketing Rol

2.5 | 12%

Segment Details

Number of Accounts 1,2

1,234

Average Revenue \$ 5.5 M

Estimated Potential

\$ 20 M

Average Company Tenure

2 years

**Industry Type:** 

**Product software Companies, IT companies,** 

### **Segment Marketing Activity Details**

Marketing Channels	Marketing Spend (in USD)	Marketing Reach	Total Leads Generated	Marketing Effectiveness	Realized Channel Rol	Unrealized Channel Rol
Webinar	0.5M	1,000	200	70%	1.8	2.1
Social Media Ads	100К	1,200	20	11%	1.3	3
E-mail	200К	1,200	50	8%	0.9	2.3
Website	8К	300	10	3%	1.1	1.1
					Indust	ry Benchmark

