datetime module

Documentation: https://docs.python.org/3/library/datetime.html

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Github: https://github.com/sandeeppreetam/python_notebooks/blob/main/pandas_basic.ipynb

importing module

```
In [1]: import datetime
```

Creating Date and Time Objects

```
In [2]: # Types: date, time, datetime

today = datetime.date.today()
print('today:', today)

birthday = datetime.date(1999,7,12)
print('birthday:', birthday)

specific_datetime = datetime.datetime(2023,8,23,18,4,0)
print('specific_datetime:', specific_datetime)
```

today: 2023-10-26 birthday: 1999-07-12

specific_datetime: 2023-08-23 18:04:00

Formatting and Parsing

Directive	Meaning	Example
%Y	Year with century as a decimal number.	2013, 2014
%у	Year without century as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01,, 99
%m	Month as a zero-padded decimal number.	01, 02,, 12
%b	Month as locale's abbreviated name.	Jan, Feb,, Dec
%В	Month as locale's full name.	January, February
%d	Day of the month as a zero-padded decimal number.	01, 02,, 31
%Н	Hour (24-hour clock) as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01,, 23
%I	Hour (12-hour clock) as a zero-padded decimal number.	01, 02,, 12
%М	Minute as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01,, 59
%S	Second as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01,, 59
%f	Microsecond as a decimal number, zero-padded to 6 digits.	000000,000001
%р	Locale's equivalent of either AM or PM.	AM, PM
%a	Weekday as locale's abbreviated name.	Sun, Mon
%A	Weekday as locale's full name.	Sunday, Monday
%w	Weekday as a decimal number, where 0 is Sunday and 6 is Saturday.	0, 1,, 6
%z	UTC offset in the form ±HHMM[SS[.ffffff]] (empty string if the object is naive).	-0400, +1030, -030712.345216
%Z	Time zone name (empty string if the object is naive).	(empty), UTC, GMT
%j	Day of the year as a zero-padded decimal number.	001, 002,, 366
%U	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week) as a zero-padded decimal number. All days in a new year preceding the first Sunday are considered to be in week 0.	00, 01,, 53
%W	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week) as a zero-padded decimal number. All days in a new year preceding the first Monday are considered to be in week 0.	00, 01,, 53
%%	A literal '%' character.	%

```
In [3]: print('today:' ,today)
    formatted_date = today.strftime("On %d %B, %Y at %I:%M:%S")
    print(formatted_date)

today: 2023-10-26
    On 26 October, 2023 at 12:00:00

In [4]: date_string = "2023-10-26 00:00:00"
    date_format = "%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S"
    parsed_datetime = datetime.datetime.strptime(date_string, date_format)
    print(parsed_datetime)

2023-10-26 00:00:00
```

Accessing Components of a datetime Object

```
In [5]: print('specific_datetime:' ,specific_datetime)

print('year:' ,specific_datetime.year)
print('month:' ,specific_datetime.month)
print('day:' ,specific_datetime.day)
print('hour:' ,specific_datetime.hour)
print('minute:' ,specific_datetime.minute)
print('second:' ,specific_datetime.second)

specific_datetime: 2023-08-23 18:04:00
year: 2023
month: 8
day: 23
hour: 18
minute: 4
second: 0
```

Date and Time Arithmetic

```
In [6]: # datetime.timedelta(weeks=0, days=0, hours=0, minutes=0, seconds=0, milliseconds=0, microseconds=0)

print('today:' ,today)

yesterday = today - datetime.timedelta(days=1)
tomorrow = today + datetime.timedelta(days=1)

print('yesterday:' ,yesterday)
print('tomorrow:' ,tomorrow)
```

today: 2023-10-26 yesterday: 2023-10-25 tomorrow: 2023-10-27

Sample Use Cases

Date Formatting:

```
In [7]: # Convert the current date to a string in the format "YYYY-MM-DD".
    today = datetime.date.today()
    print(today)
    print(today.strftime('%Y-%m-%d'))

# Convert the current time to a string in the format "HH:MM:SS".
    current_time = datetime.datetime.now().time()
    print(current_time)
    print(current_time)
    print(current_time.strftime('%H:%M:%S'))

2023-10-26
2023-10-26
23:54:48.318499
23:54:48
```

Date Parsing:

```
In [8]: # Parse the date string "2023-10-26" into a datetime object.
    date = '2023-10-26'
    pdate = datetime.datetime.strptime(date, '%Y-%m-%d')
    print(pdate)

# Parse the time string "14:30:00" into a time object.
    time = '14:30:00'
    ptime = datetime.datetime.strptime(time, '%H:%M:%S').time()
    print(ptime)

2023-10-26 00:00:00
14:30:00
```

Date Arithmetic:

```
In [9]: # Calculate the date that is 30 days from the current date.
print(datetime.date.today())
print(datetime.date.today() + datetime.timedelta(days = 30))

# Calculate the date and time that is 6 hours and 45 minutes from now.
print(datetime.datetime.now())
print(datetime.datetime.now() + datetime.timedelta(hours = 6, minutes = 45))

2023-10-26
2023-11-25
2023-10-26 23:54:48.344787
2023-10-27 06:39:48.344968
```

Day of the Week

```
In [10]: # Determine the day of the week for a specific date (e.g., "2023-10-26") and display it as a string (e.g., "Wednesd specific_date = '2023-10-26' dt = datetime.datetime.strptime(specific_date, '%Y-%m-%d') print('Day of the week:', dt.strftime('%A'))
```

Day of the week: Thursday

Age Calculation

```
In [11]: # Given a birthdate, calculate the age of a person in years.

age = datetime.date.today() - birthday

print(age)

print(age.days / 365)

8872 days, 0:00:00
24.306849315068494
```

Date Difference:

```
In [12]: # Calculate the number of days between two specific dates.

sd1 = datetime.date(2023,7,12)
sd2 = datetime.date(1999,7,12)

print(sd1 - sd2)

# Calculate the number of hours between two specific times on the same day.

t1 = '17:00'
t2 = '9:00'

print((datetime.datetime.strptime(t1, '%H:%M') - datetime.datetime.strptime(t2, '%H:%M')))

8766 days, 0:00:00
8:00:00
```

Event Scheduling

Date Range

```
In [14]: # Generate a list of dates within a specific date range (e.g., all the dates in a given month).

date = datetime.date(2023,9,1)
    start_date = date
    date_list = []

while start_date.month == date.month:
        date_list.append(start_date)
        start_date = start_date + datetime.timedelta(days = 1)

print(date_list)
```

[datetime.date(2023, 9, 1), datetime.date(2023, 9, 2), datetime.date(2023, 9, 3), datetime.date(2023, 9, 4), datetime.date(2023, 9, 5), datetime.date(2023, 9, 6), datetime.date(2023, 9, 7), datetime.date(2023, 9, 8), datetime.date(2023, 9, 9), datetime.date(2023, 9, 10), datetime.date(2023, 9, 11), datetime.date(2023, 9, 12), datetime.date(2023, 9, 13), datetime.date(2023, 9, 14), datetime.date(2023, 9, 15), datetime.date(2023, 9, 16), datetime.date(2023, 9, 17), datetime.date(2023, 9, 18), datetime.date(2023, 9, 19), datetime.date(2023, 9, 20), datetime.date(2023, 9, 21), datetime.date(2023, 9, 22), datetime.date(2023, 9, 23), datetime.date(2023, 9, 24), datetime.date(2023, 9, 25), datetime.date(2023, 9, 26), datetime.date(2023, 9, 27), datetime.date(2023, 9, 28), datetime.date(2023, 9, 29), datetime.date(2023, 9, 30)]