#### IRC\_SKCT\_Java2\_COD\_Exception

#### **Test Summary**

- No. of Sections: 1
- No. of Questions: 10
- Total Duration: 120 min

#### **Section 1 - Coding**

#### **Section Summary**

- No. of Questions: 10
- Duration: 120 min

#### **Additional Instructions:**

None

Q1. Input an integer as dividend, input another integer as divisor and print the result of division. If the divisor is 0, catch the resulting exception and print the message "divide by 0"

#### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer that represents the dividend The second line of input consists of an integer that represents the divisor

#### **Output Format**

The output prints the result of division.

Refer to the sample input and output for formatting specifications.

### Sample Input Sample Output

6	2	
3		

#### Sample Input Sample Output

1 0	java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

### Q2. NumberFormatException

Another common type of exception which you would have come across already. When you use BufferedReader to read input you need to parse String it into various datatype like Integer, Double. For example, If you try to parse a String ("abc") into Integer, it throws NumberFormatException. So let's try to handle this NumberFormat exception. In our application, while acquiring attributes for classes like ItemType, this exception may occur. So try to handle it in this program.

Create a class ItemType with the following attribute,

Attributes	Data type
name	String
deposit	Double
costPerDay	Double

Add appropriate getter/setter, default and parameterized constructor. public ItemType(String name, Double deposit, Double costPerDay). Override toString() and print the details. Handle the NumberFormatException in the Main Class.

Refer sample input/output for other further details and format of the output.

### Input Format

The first line of the input consists of the name.

The second line of the input consists of the deposit.

The third line of the input consists of the costPerDay.

### **Output Format**

The output prints the item details or the exception details.

### Sample Input Sample Output

Electronics 1000 100	Electronics 1000.0 100.0

### Sample Input Sample Output

Electronics one thousand	<pre>java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "one thousand"</pre>

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

- Q3. Write a program to read the Register Number and Mobile Number of a student. Create user defined exception and handle the following:
  - 1. If the Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters in specified format(2 numbers followed by 3 characters followed by 4 numbers) or if the Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters, throw an IllegalArgumentException.
  - 2. If the Mobile Number contains any character other than a digit, raise a NumberFormatException.
  - 3. If the Register Number contains any character other than digits and alphabets, throw a NoSuchElementException.
  - 4. If they are valid, print the message 'valid' else 'Invalid'.

### Input Format

#### **Output Format**

Valid or Invalid with exception message

Refer sample outputs for format and exact text

#### Sample Input Sample Output

19ABC1001 9949596920 Valid

### Sample Input Sample Output

Invalid
99495969209

Invalid
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Mobile Number does not contain exactly 1

#### Sample Input Sample Output

19ABC10019
9949596920
Invalid
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Register Number does not contain exactly

#### Sample Input Sample Output

195AC1001
9949596920
Invalid
java.util.NoSuchElementException: Registration Number cannot contain any cha

### Sample Input Sample Output

19ABC1001
994C596920
Invalid
java.lang.NumberFormatException: Mobile Number cannot contain any character

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

Q4. Write a program to valid the email address and display suitable exception if there is any mistake.

Create 3 custom exceptions class as below

- 1. DotException
- 2. AtTheRateException
- 3. DomainException

A typical email address should have a "." character, "@" character and also the domain name should be valid. Valid domain names for practice be 'in', 'com', 'net' or 'biz'.

Display Invalid Dot usage, Invalid @ usage or Invalid Domain message based on email id.

Get the email address from the user, validate the email by checking the above-mentioned criteria and print the validity status of the input email address.

### Input Format

First line of input contains the email to be validated

### **Output Format**

Print Valid email address or Invalid email address along with suitable exception

# Sample Input Sample Output

Sample@gmail.com Valid email address

# Sample Input Sample Output

Sample@gmail.com.

DotException: Invalid Dot usage
Invalid email address

# Sample Input Sample Output

Sample@g@mail.com

AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage
Invalid email address

### Sample Input Sample Output

Sample@gmail.con

DomainException: Invalid Domain
Invalid email address

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

Q5. Write a program to valid the email address and display suitable exception if there is any mistake.

Create 3 custom exceptions class as below

- 1. DotException
- 2. AtTheRateException
- 3. DomainException

A typical email address should have a "." character, "@" character and also the domain name should be valid. Valid domain names for practice be 'in', 'com', 'net' or 'biz'.

Display Invalid Dot usage, Invalid @ usage or Invalid Domain message based on email id.

Get the email address from the user, validate the email by checking the above-mentioned criteria and print the validity status of the input email address.

# Input Format

First line of input contains the email to be validated

### **Output Format**

mple Input	Sample Output

sample@gmail.com Valid email address

**Sample Output** Sample Input

sample@gmail.com. DotException: Invalid Dot usage Invalid email address

Sample Input **Sample Output** 

sample@g@mail.com AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage Invalid email address

Sample Input **Sample Output** 

DomainException: Invalid Domain sample@gmail.con Invalid email address

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

#### Q6. ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException:

The prominent exception which you will see is ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException. It occurs when the program try to access the array beyond its size. As we know arrays have fixed size. So when you try to use array beyond its size it throws this exception. Let's try to handle this exception. Get an Array of size N and get an index, then print the Array[index]. If the index is greater or equal to array size(N), then print the Exception.

#### Divide by zero exception:

When you try to divide any number by Zero it will throw ArithmeticException: / by Zero Get two numbers Then print the quotient if the divisor is 0 then print the Exception.

#### NullPointerException:

Another prominent exception is NullPointerException. It occurs when you try to access a null value. Assign a null value to a string and obtain an index position and try to access it. Print the exception.

#### **Input Format**

The first line consists of array size(N).

The second line consists of N integers separated by space.

The third line consists of the Index value to retrieve the array element.

The fourth line consists of two integers(Dividend and Divisor) separated by space.

The fifth line consists of an index value to get the character from the string.

#### **Output Format**

The first line consists of Array[Index] or ArrayIndexOutOfBoundException.

The second line consists of the result of division or ArithmeticException.

The third line consists of String(Which is assigned to null value).

The fourth line consists of NullPointerException.

Refer to the sample input and output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Input Sample Output

5 Array index out of bound. 1 2 3 4 5 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero null 6 iova lang MullDointonEvcontion

Sample Input Sample Output

4 12 10 89 76 12 2 null lang NullDointonEvcontion

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

#### Q7. Divide by zero exception.

Write a program to obtain two numbers and print their quotient. In case of exception print the same.

Given a single line input separated by space.get the Integer N1 and N2

# **Output Format**

Display the quotient if there is no Exception.else print the Exception,

### Constraints

Integers only

#### **Sample Output** Sample Input

44 2 22

Sample Input **Sample Output** 

2 0 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

#### Q8. NullPointerException

Another prominent exception is NullPointerException. It occurs when you try to access a null value. Assign null value to a string and obtain an index position and try to access it. Print the exception.

#### Input Format

Input consists of an integer.

#### **Output Format**

Output prints the null pointer exception.

# Sample Input Sample Output

	null
	java.lang.NullPointerException

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

#### Q9. User defined Exception

Sometimes, the built-in exceptions in Java are not able to describe a certain situation. In such cases, user can also create exceptions which are called 'user-defined Exceptions'. Create a class **Bank** with the following private attributes and Create class **Bank**BO with the following method.

Attributes	Datatype
accno	Integer
name	String
balance	Double

Method name	Description
static void validato/Bank h)	This method throws InvalidBalance
Static void validate(Barik b)	This method throws invalidBalance exception if the balance is less than 1000.

Include appropriate getters/setters and add constructors.

Create a driver class called Main. In the Main method, obtain inputs from the user. Validate the balance and if there is an exception, handle the exception and prompt the user(Refer I/O)

Pass the exception message as "Balance is less than 1000".

#### **Input Format**

First line of the input consists of account number Second line of the input consist of name of the account holder Third line of the input consists of the account balance

#### **Output Format**

Output prints the account details if the balance is greater than 1000 otherwise throws an invalid balance exception.

### Sample Input Sample Output

10001	10001 Ankit 5000.0
Ankit 5000	
5000	

# Sample Input Sample Output

10001 Ankit 500	Balance is less than 1000 InvalidBalanceException
-----------------------	---

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

Q10. Write a program to validate the given password. A password is said to be strong if it satisfies the following criteria

i) It should be minimum of 10 characters and a maximum of 20 characters

ii) It should contain at least one digit

iii)It should contain at least one special character (!,@,#,\$,%,^,&,\*)

If the password fails any one of the criteria, it is considered as weak.

Create a class called **User** with the following private attributes.

1. name as String

2. mobile as String

3. username as String

4. password as String

Create a class called UserBO with following methods.

static void validate(User u) This method throws Exception with a suitable message if the Password is weak.

Create a Mainclass get inputs from the user. Validate the password and if there is an exception, handle the exception and prompt the user with a suitable message.

Refer Sample input and output for exact statement

# Input Format

Name Phone number User Name Password

### **Output Format**

Print Valid Password or suitable exception

### Constraints

Special characters are !,@,#,\$,%,^,&,\*

# Sample Input Sample Output

John	Valid Password
John 9874563210	
john	
iohn1#nhoi	

### Sample Input Sample Output

John	java.lang.Exception: Should contain at least one digit
9874563210	
john	

John 9874563210	java.lang.Exception: It should contain at least one special character
john	

Sample Input Sample Output

John
9874563210
john
john

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

```
Section 1 - Coding
```

Test Case

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```
Input
                                                                             Output
   6
                                                                                 2
   3
Weightage - 50
Input
                                                                             Output
   9
                                                                                 1
   5
Weightage - 50
Sample Input
                                                                             Sample Output
   6
                                                                                 2
   3
                                                                             Sample Output
Sample Input
  1
                                                                                 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
   0
Solution
   import java.util.*;
   import java.lang.*;
   import java.io.*;
   class Q01Simple_List
       public static void main (String[] args) throws java.lang.Exception
           Scanner input = new Scanner(System. in);
           // Enter dividend
           try{
                   int dividend = input. nextInt();
                   // Enter divisor
                   int divisor = input. nextInt();
                   try {
                       System.out.println(dividend/ divisor);
                   } catch (ArithmeticException e) {
                       System.out.println(e);
           }catch(Exception e){
               System.out.println(e);
Test Case
Input
                                                                             Output
   Electronics
                                                                                 Electronics 1000.0 100.0
   1000
   100
Weightage - 10
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "one thousand"
   Electronics
   one thousand
```

Weightage - 10

22

```
Academics 5000.0 50.0 5000 50.0 5000 50.0 5000 50.0 5000 50.0
```

#### Weightage - 10

Input Output

```
Entertainment 8000.0 800.0 800.0 800
```

#### Weightage - 15

Input Output

```
Entertainment java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "eight thousand" eight thousand
```

#### Weightage - 15

Input Output

```
Commercial 4000.0 40.0 4000 40.0 4000 40.0
```

#### Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
Commercial java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "four thousand" four thousand
```

#### Weightage - 20

Sample Input Sample Output

```
Electronics 1000.0 100.0 100.0 1000
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
Electronics java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "one thousand" one thousand
```

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class ItemType {
    private String name;
    private double deposit;
    private double costPerDay;
    public ItemType() {
        this.name = null;
        this.deposit = 0;
       this.costPerDay =0;
    public ItemType(String name, double deposit,double costPerDay) {
        this.name = name;
        this.deposit = deposit;
        this.costPerDay = costPerDay;
    public String getName() {
       return name;
    public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    public double getDeposit() {
       return deposit;
    public void setDeposit(double deposit) {
        this.deposit = deposit;
    public double getCostPerDay() {
```

```
public void setCostPerDay(double costPerDay) {
       this.costPerDay = costPerDay;
    public String toString() {
       return name+" "+deposit+" "+costPerDay;
class Main {
    public static void main(String [] args) {
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       ItemType i = new ItemType();
           i.setName(sc.nextLine());
           i.setDeposit(Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine()));
           i.setCostPerDay(Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine()));
           System.out.println(i);
       }
       catch(NumberFormatException n) {
           System.out.println(n);
    Test Case
                                                                                Output
   Input
      21XYZ0001
                                                                                     Valid
      8899776655
   Weightage - 10
   Input
                                                                                Output
      21XYZ0001
                                                                                     Valid
      7699776655
   Weightage - 10
   Input
                                                                                Output
      34BHY2001
                                                                                     java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Mobile Number does not contain exac
      956
   Weightage - 10
   Input
                                                                                Output
      34BHY2001
      9560251251251212
                                                                                     java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Mobile Number does not contain exac
   Weightage - 10
                                                                                Output
   Input
      12SDF2
                                                                                     java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Register Number does not contain ex
      9865321025
    Weightage - 10
   Input
                                                                                Output
      12SDF21
      9894359269
                                                                                     java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Register Number does not contain ex
   Weightage - 10
                                                                                Output
   Input
      12AB11234
                                                                                     Invalid
      9932587410
                                                                                     java.util.NoSuchElementException: Registration Number cannot contain any
```

return costPerDay;

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```
12ABCC234
9932587410

Invalid
java.util.NoSuchElementException: Registration Number cannot contain any
```

Weightage - 10

Input Output

```
34CIT2345
9876543W10

Invalid
java.lang.NumberFormatException: Mobile Number cannot contain any chara
```

Weightage - 10

98VIT2345
965896321#

Invalid
java.lang.NumberFormatException: Mobile Number cannot contain any chara

Weightage - 10

Sample Input Sample Output

```
19ABC1001
9949596920 Valid
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
19ABC1001
99495969209
Invalid
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Mobile Number does not contain exac
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
19ABC10019
9949596920
Invalid
java.lang.IllegalArgumentException: Register Number does not contain ex
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
195AC1001
9949596920
Invalid
java.util.NoSuchElementException: Registration Number cannot contain any
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
19ABC1001
994C596920
Invalid
java.lang.NumberFormatException: Mobile Number cannot contain any chara
```

```
import java.util.NoSuchElementException;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
class Main{
    static void validate(String r, String n){
        if(r.length() != 9){
           System.out.println("Invalid");
           throw new IllegalArgumentException("Register Number does not contain exactly 9 characters");
       if(n.length() != 10){
           System.out.println("Invalid");
           throw new IllegalArgumentException("Mobile Number does not contain exactly 10 characters");
       }
       // String pattern = ^{6|7|8|9}{1}\d{9};
       String pattern = "^[1-9]([0-9]){9,9};
       Pattern a = Pattern.compile(pattern);
       Matcher m1 = a.matcher(n);
       if(!m1.find()){
           System.out.println("Invalid");
           throw new NumberFormatException("Mobile Number cannot contain any character other than a digit");
       }
       String pattern2 = ^{1-9}[0-9]([A-Z]){3,3}([0-9]){4,4};
```

```
Matcher m2 = b.matcher(r);
    if(!m2.find()){
        System.out.println("Invalid");
        throw new NoSuchElementException("Registration Number cannot contain any character other than digits and alphabets in format specified");
public static void main(String args[]){
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   String reg = sc.nextLine();
   String no = sc.nextLine();
    sc.close();
    try {
    validate(reg, no);
    System.out.println("Valid");
    }catch(Exception e)
    {
        System.out.println(e);
Test Case
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 DomainException: Invalid Domain
   a@b.v
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 10
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage
   abc@@gmail.com
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
   abc@gmail
                                                                                 DotException: Invalid Dot usage
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
                                                                             Output
Input
   abc@abc.co
                                                                                 DomainException: Invalid Domain
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 Valid email address
   abc@google.net
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
   abc@ab.c.com
                                                                                 DotException: Invalid Dot usage
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
                                                                             Output
Input
   examly@examly.in
                                                                                 Valid email address
```

Pattern b = Pattern.compile(pattern2);

```
sample@gmail.com Valid email address
```

#### Sample Input

### Sample Output

```
Sample@gmail.com.

DotException: Invalid Dot usage
Invalid email address
```

#### Sample Input

#### Sample Output

```
Sample@g@mail.com

AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage
Invalid email address
```

### Sample Input

#### Sample Output

```
Sample@gmail.con

DomainException: Invalid Domain
Invalid email address
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class DomainException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       DomainException(String expDescription) {
            super(expDescription);
class DotException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       DotException(String expDescription) {
           super(expDescription);
       }
class AtTheRateException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       AtTheRateException(String expDescription) {
            super(expDescription);
class EmailValidationMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner myObj = new Scanner(System.in);
       String email = myObj.next();
       boolean checkEndDot = false;
        checkEndDot = email.endsWith(".");
        int indexOfAt = email.indexOf('@');
        int lastIndexOfAt = email.lastIndexOf('.');
        int countOfAt = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < email.length(); i++) {</pre>
           if(email.charAt(i)=='@')
                countOfAt++;
        String buffering = email.substring(email.indexOf('@')+1, email.length());
        int len = buffering.length();
        int countOfDotAfterAt = 0;
        for (int i=0; i < len; i++) {
           if(buffering.charAt(i)=='.')
                countOfDotAfterAt++; }
        String userName = email.substring(0, email.indexOf('@'));
        String domainName = email.substring(email.indexOf('.')+1, email.length());
        int domainCheck=0;
```

```
domainCheck=1;
    try {
       if((checkEndDot) || (countOfDotAfterAt!=1)) {
           throw new DotException("Invalid Dot usage");
       if(countOfAt!=1) {
            throw new AtTheRateException("Invalid @ usage");
       }-
       if(domainCheck!=1) {
            throw new DomainException("Invalid Domain");
   }catch(DotException e) {
       System.out.println(e);
    }catch(AtTheRateException e) {
       System.out.println(e);
    }catch(DomainException e) {
        System.out.println(e);
    if ((countOfAt==1) && (userName.endsWith(".")==false) && (domainCheck==1) && (countOfDotAfterAt ==1) &&((indexOfAt+3) <= (lastIndexOfAt) && !checkEndDot)) {
        System.out.println("Valid email address");
     else {
         System.out.println("Invalid email address");
    myObj.close();
Test Case
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 DomainException: Invalid Domain
   a@b.v
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 10
Input
                                                                             Output
   abc@@gmail.com
                                                                                 AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 DotException: Invalid Dot usage
   abc@gmail
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
                                                                                 DomainException: Invalid Domain
   abc@abc.co
                                                                                 Invalid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
   abc@google.net
                                                                                 Valid email address
Weightage - 15
Input
                                                                             Output
   abc@ab.c.com
                                                                                 DotException: Invalid Dot usage
                                                                                 Invalid email address
```

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if((domainName.equals("in")) || (domainName.equals("com")) || (domainName.equals("net")) || (domainName.equals("biz")))

```
examly@examly.in Valid email address
```

#### Weightage - 15

Sample Input Sample Output

```
sample@gmail.com Valid email address
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
sample@gmail.com.

DotException: Invalid Dot usage
Invalid email address
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
sample@g@mail.com

AtTheRateException: Invalid @ usage
Invalid email address
```

Sample Input Sample Output

```
Sample@gmail.con

DomainException: Invalid Domain
Invalid email address
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class DomainException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       DomainException(String expDescription) {
            super(expDescription);
       }
class DotException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       DotException(String expDescription) {
            super(expDescription);
        }
class AtTheRateException extends Exception {
       String expDescription;
       // public constructor with String argument
       AtTheRateException(String expDescription) {
           super(expDescription);
        }
class EmailValidationMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner myObj = new Scanner(System.in);
        String email = myObj.next();
        boolean checkEndDot = false;
        checkEndDot = email.endsWith(".");
        int indexOfAt = email.indexOf('@');
       int lastIndexOfAt = email.lastIndexOf('.');
       int countOfAt = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < email.length(); i++) {</pre>
            if(email.charAt(i)=='@')
                countOfAt++;
           }-
        String buffering = email.substring(email.indexOf('@')+1, email.length());
```

```
int len = buffering.length();
    int countOfDotAfterAt = 0;
    for (int i=0; i < len; i++) {
       if(buffering.charAt(i)=='.')
            countOfDotAfterAt++; }
    String userName = email.substring(0, email.indexOf('@'));
   String domainName = email.substring(email.indexOf('.')+1, email.length());
    int domainCheck=0;
    if((domainName.equals("in")) || (domainName.equals("com")) || (domainName.equals("net")) || (domainName.equals("biz")))
        domainCheck=1;
   try {
        if((checkEndDot) || (countOfDotAfterAt!=1)) {
            throw new DotException("Invalid Dot usage");
       }
       if(countOfAt!=1) {
            throw new AtTheRateException("Invalid @ usage");
       if(domainCheck!=1) {
            throw new DomainException("Invalid Domain");
    }catch(DotException e) {
        System.out.println(e);
   }catch(AtTheRateException e) {
       System.out.println(e);
    }catch(DomainException e) {
        System.out.println(e);
   if ((countOfAt==1) && (userName.endsWith(".")==false) && (domainCheck==1) && (countOfDotAfterAt ==1) &&((indexOfAt+3) <= (lastIndexOfAt) && !checkEndDot)) {
       System.out.println("Valid email address");
   }
         System.out.println("Invalid email address");
    myObj.close();
Test Case
Input
                                                                             Output
  5
                                                                                 Array index out of bound.
  1 2 3 4 5
                                                                                 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
                                                                                 null
                                                                                 iava lang NullDointonEvcontion
Weightage - 25
Input
                                                                             Output
  4
                                                                                 12
  10 89 76 12
                                                                                 2
  3
                                                                                 null
                                                                                 iova lang MullDointonEvcontion
Weightage - 25
Input
                                                                             Output
   6
                                                                                 Array index out of bound.
                                                                                 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
   9 8 7 6 5 6
  10
                                                                                 null
  10 0
                                                                                 iovo long NullDointonEvcontion
Weightage - 25
                                                                             Output
Input
```

Array index out of bound.

inva lang NullDointonEvcontion

null

Sample Output

Weightage - 25

45 65 67 87 89 10 12 34 77 100

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Sample Input

```
Array index
1 2 3 4 5
6
null
```

Array index out of bound.
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
null
java\_lang.NullPointonException

#### Sample Input

```
4
10 89 76 12
2
null
invalance Null Bointer Exception
```

Sample Output

Solution

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Main {
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       int size = sc.nextInt();
       int[] intArray = new int[size];
       for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
           intArray[i] = sc.nextInt();
       int index = sc.nextInt();
       System.out.println(intArray[index]);
    catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e){
       System.out.println("Array index out of bound.");
    try
       int a=sc.nextInt();
       int b=sc.nextInt();
           int c= a/b;
           System.out.println(c);
    catch(ArithmeticException e){
       System.out.println(e);
    try {
           String str = null;
           int index = sc.nextInt();
           System.out.println(str);
           System.out.println(str.charAt(index));
    catch(NullPointerException n){
       System.out.println(n);
```

Q7 Test Case

Input Output

java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero

Weightage - 20

Input Output

44 2

Weightage - 20

Input Output

48 12

Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
65 5
                                                                                    13
Weightage - 20
Input
                                                                                Output
   80 2
                                                                                    40
Weightage - 20
Sample Input
                                                                                Sample Output
  44 2
                                                                                    22
Sample Input
                                                                                Sample Output
  2 0
                                                                                    {\tt java.lang.ArithmeticException:}~/~{\tt by}~{\tt zero}
Solution
   import java.util.Scanner;
   class Main
       public static void main(String[] args)
           Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
           try
           int a=sc.nextInt();
           int b=sc.nextInt();
               int c= a/b;
               System.out.println(c);
           } catch (Exception e)
               System.out.println(e);
       Test Case
                                                                                        Output
       Input
          8
                                                                                            java.lang.NullPointerException
       Weightage - 20
       Input
                                                                                        Output
          10
                                                                                            java.lang.NullPointerException
       Weightage - 20
                                                                                        Output
       Input
          12
                                                                                            null
                                                                                            {\tt java.lang.NullPointerException}
       Weightage - 20
                                                                                        Output
       Input
          7
                                                                                            null
                                                                                            java.lang.NullPointerException
       Weightage - 20
```

28

```
null java.lang.NullPointerException
```

Weightage - 20

Sample Input Sample Output

```
null java.lang.NullPointerException
```

Solution

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Main {
    public static void main(String [] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        try {
            String str = null;
            int index = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());
            System.out.println(str);
            System.out.println(str.charAt(index));
        }
        catch(NullPointerException n) {
            System.out.println(n);
        }
    }
}
```

Q9 Test Case

Input Output

```
1002 Sharma 8000.0 Sharma 8000
```

Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
Balance is less than 1000
Sanmar
700
```

Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
1005
Messi
999
```

Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
1007 Dav 6678.0
Dav 6678
```

Weightage - 20

Input Output

```
Balance is less than 1000
Nirmal
InvalidBalanceException
```

Weightage - 20

Sample Input Sample Output

```
10001 Ankit 5000.0
Ankit 5000
```

```
10001
Ankit
500
```

Balance is less than 1000 InvalidBalanceException

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Bank {
    private int accno;
    private String name;
    private double bal;
public Bank() {
   this.accno = 0;
    this.name = null;
    this.bal = (double)0;
 public Bank(int accno, String name, double bal) {
       this.accno = accno;
       this.name = name;
       this.bal = bal;
public int getAccno() {
    return accno;
public void setAccno(int accno) {
    this.accno = accno;
public String getName() {
    return name;
public void setName(String name) {
    this.name = name;
public double getBal() {
    return bal;
public void setBal(double bal) {
   this.bal = bal;
public String toString() {
    return accno+" "+name+" "+bal;
class BankBO {
public void validate(Bank b) throws InvalidBalanceException {
    if(b.getBal() < 1000) {
         throw new InvalidBalanceException("Balance is less than 1000");
 }
class InvalidBalanceException extends Exception {
public InvalidBalanceException(String s) {
    System.out.println(s);
class Main {
public static void main(String [] args) {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    Bank b = new Bank();
    b.setAccno(Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine()));
    b.setName(sc.nextLine());
    b.setBal(Double.parseDouble(sc.nextLine()));
    BankBO bbo = new BankBO();
    try {
       bbo.validate(b);
       System.out.println(b);
    catch(Exception e) {
        System.out.println(e);
```

Input Output Valid Password Kumar 1234567890 Kumar Vuman122% Weightage - 10 Input Output Kumar java.lang.Exception: Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of 1234567890 Kumar V.1m2n122 Weightage - 10 Output Input java.lang.Exception: Should contain at least one digit Kumar 1234567890 Kumar Weightage - 10 Input Output Kumar java.lang.Exception: Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of 1234567890 Kumar Vumanntntn%2dfddfdfdf Weightage - 10 Output Input java.lang.Exception: Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of Kumar 1234567890 Kumar Viim1¢ Weightage - 10 Input Output java.lang.Exception: Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of Banu 89898567890 banubtech Weightage - 10 Input Output Banu java.lang.Exception: Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of 89898567890 banubtech B-Wn14t14t41t41t14t41t14t41t4 Weightage - 10 Input Output Valid Password Banu 89898567890 banubtech Weightage - 10 Output Input java.lang.Exception: It should contain at least one special character Banu 89898567890 banubtech DaNii 0765/201 Weightage - 10 Input Output Banu java.lang.Exception: Should contain at least one digit 89898567890 banubtech

D-Mu\*\*2.10/dd9

```
John
9874563210
john
ichn1#phoi
```

### Sample Input Sample Output

```
John
9874563210
john
```

### Sample Input Sample Output

```
John
9874563210
john
john
```

#### Sample Input Sample Output

```
John 9874563210 john
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.regex.Matcher;
import java.util.regex.Pattern;
class User{
    String name;
    String mobile;
    String username;
    String password;
    public User(String name, String mobile, String username, String password) {
       super();
       this.name = name;
       this.mobile = mobile;
        this.username = username;
        this.password = password;
class UserBO{
    static void validate(User u) throws Exception {
        String pattern = "[!|@|#|$|%|^|&|*]";
        Pattern a = Pattern.compile(pattern);
       Matcher m1 = a.matcher(u.password);
       String pattern2 = "[1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9|0]";
       Pattern b = Pattern.compile(pattern2);
       Matcher m2 = b.matcher(u.password);
       // System.out.println(u.password);
        if((u.password.length()<9) || (u.password.length()>20) ) {
            throw new Exception("Should be minimum of 10 characters and maximum of 20 characters");
        }
        else if(!m2.find()){
            throw new Exception("Should contain at least one digit");
        else if(!m1.find()){
           throw new Exception("It should contain at least one special character");
        }
        else
            System.out.println("Valid Password");
}
class PasswordMain{
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
        Scanner myObj = new Scanner(System.in);
        String name = myObj.nextLine();
       String mobile= myObj.nextLine();
        String username= myObj.nextLine();
        String password= myObj.nextLine();
       User userOne = new User(name, mobile, username, password);
        try{
            UserBO.validate(userOne);
```

```
}
catch(Exception e){
    System.out.println(e);
}
```