# IRC\_OOPSUSINGJAVA\_LE\_CA2

## **Test Summary**

- No. of Sections: 2
- No. of Questions: 25
- Total Duration: 90 min

# **Section 1 - MCQ**

## **Section Summary**

• No. of Questions: 20

• Duration: 15 min

#### **Additional Instructions:**

None

```
Q1.
           Which option, inserted at line 4, produces the output 12?
 1
     public class Test {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
 2
 3
         int x = 0;
 4
         // insert code here
 5
         do {
         \} while (x++ < y);
 6
 7
         System.out.println(x);
 8
 9 }
```

```
int y = x;
```

```
int y = 10;
```

int y = 11;

int y = 12;

Q2. Which of the following for loop declarations is not valid?

```
for ( int i = 99; i >= 0; i / 9 )
```

Q3. Here is a segment of a program, what will be the values of x and y if n=1.

```
1 x=1;
2 y=1;
3 if(n>0)
4 x=x+1;
5 y=x-1;
```

```
x=1, y=1
            x=0, y=2
            x=2, y=1
            x=2, y=0
            Determine output:
Q4.
     public class Test{
  1
         public static void main(String args[]){
  2
  3
              int i;
  4
              for(i = 1; i < 6; i++){
                  if(i > 3) continue;
  5
  6
             System.out.println(i);
  7
  8
 9 }
            1
            2
            3
            1
            2
            3
            5
            6
            4
            5
            6
            6
           What is the output of the below Java program with WHILE, BREAK and CONTINUE?
Q5.
      public class Test{
   1
           public static void main(String args[]){
   2
   3
             int cnt=0;
   4
             while(true)
   5
              if(cnt > 4)
   6
   7
               break;
              if(cnt==0)
   8
   9
  10
               cnt++;
  11
               continue;
  12
  13
              System.out.print(cnt + ",");
  14
              cnt++;
 15
             }
 16
17 }
          }
            0,1,2,3,4,
            1,2,3,4,
            1,2,3,4
```

Compiler error
----------------

Q6.

```
Which of these is used to access a member of class before object of that class is created?
     public
     private
     static
     protected
     What all gets printed when the following program is compiled and run.
public class Test {
  public static void main(String args[]) {
    int i, j = 1;
    i = (j > 1) ? 2 : 1;
    switch (i) {
    case 0:
       System.out.println(0);
       break;
    case 1:
       System.out.println(1);
    case 2:
       System.out.println(2);
       break;
    case 3:
       System.out.println(3);
       break;
```

```
1
2
1
2
3
1
2
```

Q8. Which two are acceptable types for x? 1. byte 2. long 3. char 4. float 5. Short 6. Long switch(x) 1 2 { default: System.out.println("Hello"); 5 }

Q7.

1

2 3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13 14

15 16

```
1 and 3
             2 and 4
             3 and 5
             4 and 6
            What will be the result?
Q9.
       public class Test2 {
         public static void main(String args[]) {
   2
   3
           int i = 10;
   4
            while (i++ <= 10) {
   5
              i++;
   6
   7
            System.out.print(i);
   8
   9
  10
             10
             11
             12
             13
Q10.
            What will be the result of the following code?
       public class Test {
         static public void main(String args[]) { // line 2
   2
   3
           int i, j;
   4
            for (i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
              for (j = 1; j < 4; j++) {
   5
   6
                i %= j;
   7
                System.out.println(j);
   8
   9
  10
  11 }
             1231
             1232
             Repeatedly print 1 2 3 and cause infinite loop.
             Compilation fails because of line 2
Q11.
            What will be the output of the following code snippet?
       public class Main {
   1
         public static void main(String args[]) {
   2
   3
            int a = 15;
            int b = 25;
   4
           if ((a < b) || (a = 5) > 15)
   5
              System.out.println(a);
   6
   7
            else
   8
              System.out.println(b);
   9
  10 }
```

8

System.out.println(i);

```
Error
            15
            25
            No output
            What will be the output?
Q12.
       public class Test {
   1
         public static void main(String[] args) {
   2
   3
           int x = 10, y = 0;
   4
           if (x && y) {
   5
              System.out.print("TRUE");
   6
   7
              System.out.print("FALSE");
   8
   9
  10 }
            FALSE
            TRUE
             Compilation Error
            Runtime Error
Q13.
            What will be the output of the following program?
     public class Test {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
  2
  3
          int count = 1;
  4
          while (count <= 15) {
            System.out.println(count % 2 == 1 ? "***" : "+++++");
  5
  6
            ++count;
  7
         } // endwhile
       }// endmain
 9 }
            15 times ***
            15 times +++++
            8 times *** and 7 times +++++
            Both will print only once
Q14.
            What all gets printed when the following program is compiled and run?
   1
       public class Test {
         public static void main(String args[]) {
   2
   3
           int i = 0, j = 2;
   4
           do {
   5
             i = ++i;
   6
             j--;
           } while (j > 0);
   7
```

```
10 }
             0
             1
             2
             The program does not compile because of the statement "i=++i;"
Q15.
            Choose the correct statement in context of the following program code.
     public class Test {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
  2
  3
          double sum = 0;
          for (double d = 0; d < 10;) {
  4
  5
            d += 0.1;
  6
            sum += sum + d;
  7
  8
  9
    }
             The program has a compile error because the adjustment is missing in the
             for loop.
             The program has a compile error because the control variable in the for loop
             cannot be of the double type.
             The program runs in an infinite loop because d<10 would always be true.
             The program compiles and runs fine.
Q16.
            Determine output:
     public class Test {
  2
        public static void main(String args[]) {
  3
          int i, j;
          for (i = 1, j = 0; i < 10; i++)
  4
            j += i;
  5
  6
          System.out.println(i);
  7
    }
  8
             10
             11
             9
             None of these
Q17.
            What will be the output of the following program?
     public class Test {
  1
        public static void main(String args[]) {
  2
  3
          int i = 0, j = 5;
  4
          for (; (i < 3) \&\& (j++ < 10); i++) {
            System.out.print(" " + i + " " + i):
  5
```

```
6
  7
8
          System.out.print(" " + i + " " + j);
 9 }
             06172838
             06172839
             06152535
             Compilation Error
Q18.
            Determine output:
     public class Test{
  1
  2
         public static void main(String args[]){
  3
              int i;
              for(i = 1; i < 6; i++){
  4
  5
                  if(i > 3) continue;
  6
  7
              System.out.println(i);
  8
  9 }
             2
             3
             4
             6
Q19.
            Determine output:
       public class Main{
   1
   2
           public static void main(String args[]){
   3
               for(i = 1; i <= 6; i++){
    if(i == 3)
   4
   5
   6
                  continue;
   7
                    System.out.println(i);
   8
               }
   9
  10 }
            1
2
             3
            1
2
4
5
6
            4
5
             6
```

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
```

Q20. What all gets printed when the following program is compiled and run.

```
public class Test {
 2
       public static void main(String args[]) {
 3
         int i, j = 1;
         i = (j > 1) ? 2 : 1;
 4
 5
          switch (i) {
 6
          case 0:
 7
            System.out.println(0);
 8
            break;
 9
          case 1:
10
            System.out.println(1);
11
         case 2:
            System.out.println(2);
12
13
14
          case 3:
            System.out.println(3);
15
16
            break;
17
18
19
    }
```

```
1 2 1 2 2 3 3
```

### **Section 2 - CODING**

#### **Section Summary**

• No. of Questions: 5

• Duration: 75 min

## **Additional Instructions:**

None

# Q1. **Sum of Odd and Even Digits**

#### **Problem Statement:**

Write a java program to calculate the sum of odd and even digits in a number. The input consists of a single integer 'n' which corresponds to the given number. The output must display the sum of odd numbers and even numbers.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a number.

# **Output Format**

The output prints the sum of odd and even digits.

## Sample Input

## **Sample Output**

3924209420352

The sum of the odd digits are 29
The sum of the even digits are 16

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

#### Q2. Total Expenses

The much awaited event at the entertainment industry every year is the "Screen Awards". This year the event is going to be organized on December 25 to honour the Artists for their professional excellence in Cinema. The Organizers has this time decided to launch an online portal to facilitate easy booking of the Award show's tickets.

They specifically wanted to provide an option for bulk booking in the portal, wherein there are many discounts announced. Write a program to help the Organizers to create the portal as per the requirement given below. Given the ticket cost as 'X'.

If the number of tickets purchased is less than 50, there is no discount.

If the number of tickets purchased is between 50 and 100 (both inclusive), then 10% discount is offered.

If the number of tickets purchased is between 101 and 200(both inclusive), 20% discount is offered.

If the number of tickets purchased is between 201 and 400(both inclusive), 30% discount is offered.

If the number of tickets purchased is between 401 and 500(both inclusive), 40% discount is offered.

If the number of tickets purchased is greater than 500, then 50% discount is offered.

#### **Input Format**

First line of the input is an integer that corresponds to the cost of the ticket 'X'.

Second line of the input is an integer that corresponds to the number of tickets purchased.

#### **Output Format**

Output should display a double value, which gives the total expenses in purchasing the tickets after discounts. Display the output correct to 2 decimal places.

Refer sample input and output for formatting specifications.

#### Sample Input Sample Output

100	500.00

# Sample Input Sample Output

100	21000.00
300	

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

# Q3. **Library**

A library charges a fine for every book returned late. For the first 5 days, the fine is 50 rupee, for 6-10 days fine is 100 rupee and for above 10 days the fine is 500 rupees. If you return the book after 30 days your membership will be canceled. Write a program to accept the number of days the member is late to return the book and display the fine or the appropriate member cancellation message.

Output should be one of

The fine is Rs.50 The fine is Rs.100 The fine is Rs.500 Membership is canceled

# **Input Format**

Input consists of integer value that indicates number of days

## **Output Format**

Output consists of amount of fine that has to be paid.

## Sample Input Sample Output

3	The fine is Rs.50

## Sample Input Sample Output

31	Membership is canceled

Sample I	nput	Sample Output
7		The fine is Rs.100
Sample I	nput	Sample Output
16		The fine is Rs.500
Time Li	mit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb	
Q4.	<b>Foobar</b> Write a Program if given number is divisible by 3, print "I and if it is not divisible by 3 and 5,print "None".	Foo" , if it divisible by 5, print "Bar", if it is divisible by 3 and 5, print "FooBar"
Input For	mat	
The firs	t line of the input is an integer N	
Output Fo	ormat	
Print Fo	oo or Bar or FooBar or None.	
Constrair	nts	
1<=T<= 0<=N<=		
Sample I	nput	Sample Output
21		Foo
Sample I	nput	Sample Output
25		Bar
Sample I	nput	Sample Output
30		FooBar
Sample I	nput	Sample Output
31		None
Time Li	mit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb	
Q5.	Problem statement: write a java program to print this pattern. *	
	* * * * * * * * * * * *	

# **Input Format**

The first input consists of the N value.

# **Output Format**

Refer to the sample output for the pattern to be printed.

Sample Input	Sample Output	
4	*	
	* *	
	* * *	
	* * *	
Sample Input	Sample Output	
5	*	
	* *	
	* * *	
	* * * *	

Time Limit: - ms Memory Limit: - kb Code Size: - kb

# **Answer Key & Solution**

# Q1 int y = 11; Solution

int y = 11;

Solution

Solution

Q4 1

2

3

# Solution

6

Q5 1,2,3,4,

# Solution

JDB

Q6 static

# Solution

static

Q7 1

2

# Solution

12

	Solution
	1 and 3
Q9	13
	Solution
	13
Q10	Repeatedly print 1 2 3 and cause infinite loop.
	Solution
	Repeatedly print 1 2 3 and cause infinite loop.
Q11	15
	Solution
	15
Q12	Compilation Error
	Solution
	Compilation Error
Q13	8 times *** and 7 times +++++
	Solution
	8 times *** and 7 times +++++
Q14	2
	Solution
	2
Q15	The program compiles and runs fine.
	Solution
	The program compiles and runs fine.
Q16	10

Solution

Q17 06172838 Solution 06172838 Q18 6 **Solution** 6 Q19 1 2 4 5 6 **Solution** 6 Q20 1 2 3 **Solution** No Solution **Section 2 - CODING** Q1 **Test Case** Input Output The sum of the odd digits are 37 12349823429342513 The sum of the even digits are 28 Weightage - 25 Input Output The sum of the odd digits are 363453294829342123

The sum of the even digits are 28

Input Output

```
The sum of the odd digits are 39
The sum of the even digits are 0
```

## Weightage - 25

Input Output

```
The sum of the odd digits are 0
The sum of the even digits are 56
```

## Weightage - 25

# Sample Input Sample Output

```
The sum of the odd digits are 29
The sum of the even digits are 16
```

#### **Solution**

```
import java.util.*;
class Main
   public static void main(String args[])
   Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
   long a[]=new long[14];
   int i;
   long sum=0;
   long sum1=0;
   long sum2=0;
  long n=sc.nextLong();
  while(n>0)
  {
  long x=n%10;
  sum=(sum*10)+x;
  n=n/10;
           if(x\%2==0)
                sum1=sum1+x;
           }else
                sum2=sum2+x;
   }System.out.println("The sum of the odd digits are "+sum2);
   System.out.println("The sum of the even digits are "+sum1);
```

Input	Output
258 95	22059.00
Weightage - 15	
Input	Output
1650 150	198000.00
Weightage - 15	
Input	Output
125 300	26250.00
Weightage - 15	
Input	Output
250 25	6250.00
Weightage - 15	
Input	Output
520 600	156000.00
Weightage - 20	
Input	Output
1250 2500	1562500.00
Weightage - 20	
Sample Input	Sample Output
100 5	500.00
Sample Input	Sample Output
100	21000.00

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
class Totalexpenses {
   public static void main(String [] args) {
        int cost, number;
        double total = 0, discount, amount =0.00;
        DecimalFormat d = new DecimalFormat("0.00");
        Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
        cost = sc.nextInt();
        number = sc.nextInt();
        total = cost*number;
        if(number < 50) {</pre>
            System.out.println(d.format(total));
        }
        else if(number >=50 && number <=100) {</pre>
            discount = total*(0.1);
            amount = total-discount;
            System.out.println(d.format(amount));
        else if(number >=101 && number <=200) {</pre>
            discount = total*(0.2);
            amount = total-discount;
            System.out.println(d.format(amount));
        else if(number >= 201 && number <= 400) {
            discount = total*(0.3);
            amount = total - discount;
            System.out.println(d.format(amount));
        }
        else if(number >= 401 && number <=500) {
            discount = total*(0.4);
            amount = total - discount;
            System.out.println(d.format(amount));
        }-
        else if(number > 500) {
            discount = total*(0.5);
            amount= total - discount;
            System.out.println(d.format(amount));
```

Q3 Test Case

Input Output

The fine is Rs.100

Weightage - 25

Input Output

The fine is Rs.500

```
Weightage - 25
Input
                                                         Output
  3
                                                            The fine is Rs.50
Weightage - 25
Input
                                                         Output
  35
                                                            Membership is canceled
Weightage - 25
                                                         Sample Output
Sample Input
  3
                                                            The fine is Rs.50
Sample Input
                                                         Sample Output
                                                            Membership is canceled
  31
Sample Input
                                                         Sample Output
  7
                                                            The fine is Rs.100
Sample Input
                                                         Sample Output
  16
                                                            The fine is Rs.500
Solution
   import java.util.Scanner;
   class Main
       public static void main(String args[])
       int a;
```

Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.println("The fine is Rs.50");

System.out.println("The fine is Rs.100");

System.out.println("The fine is Rs.500");

System.out.println("Membership is canceled");

a = in.nextInt();

else if(a>=5 && a<=10)

else if(a>=11 && a<=30)

if(a>=1 && a<=5)

else if(a>30)

,	
Test Case	
Input	Output
81	Foo
Weightage - 25	
Input	Output
85	Bar
Weightage - 25	
Input	Output
90	FooBar
Weightage - 25	
Input	Output
Input 98	Output  None
98	
98 Weightage - 25	None
98 Weightage - 25 Sample Input	None Sample Output
Weightage - 25 Sample Input	None  Sample Output  Foo
Weightage - 25 Sample Input  21 Sample Input	Sample Output  Foo  Sample Output
Weightage - 25 Sample Input  21 Sample Input  25	Sample Output  Foo  Sample Output  Bar
Weightage - 25  Sample Input  21  Sample Input  25  Sample Input	Sample Output  Foo  Sample Output  Bar  Sample Output

Q4

**Solution** 

Q5

```
import java.util.*;
class Main{
    public static void main(String[] args){
        Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
            String str="";
            int n=s.nextInt();
            if(n%3==0||n%5==0){
                if(n%3==0)
                str+="Foo";
                if(n%5==0)
                str+="Bar";
            }
            else{
                str+="None";
            }
                System.out.println(str);
   Test Case
   Input
                                                            Output
     3
                                                               *
   Weightage - 25
   Input
                                                            Output
                                                               *
     2
                                                               * *
   Weightage - 25
   Input
                                                            Output
   Weightage - 25
                                                            Output
   Input
     7
                                                               *
```

Weightage - 25

# Sample Input

# **Sample Output**

```
*

* *

* *

* * *

* * *
```

# Solution