Project: Patient Wellness Monitoring System

1. Introduction

This document outlines the Low-Level Design (LLD) for a **Patient Wellness Monitoring System**, which assists healthcare providers in monitoring patient progress, tracking wellness plan adherence, and offering personalized recommendations.

This design supports both Java (Spring Boot) and .NET (ASP.NET Core) frameworks for backend development.

2. Module Overview

2.1 Patient Registration and Profile Management Module

- Facilitates registration of new patients and management of their health profiles.
- Includes functionality for updating medical history and contact information.

2.2 Wellness Plan Management Module

- Allows doctors to create and assign personalized wellness plans for patients.
- Includes templates for common wellness strategies.

2.3 Progress Tracking Module

- Monitors patient adherence to assigned wellness plans.
- Displays progress charts and completion rates.

2.4 Notification and Alerts Module

- Sends reminders to patients for medication, exercises, and follow-up visits.
- Alerts healthcare providers about missed activities or irregularities.

2.5 Reporting and Analytics Module

- Generates detailed health reports and analytics for wellness outcomes.
- Provides insights for improving patient health plans.

3. Architecture Overview

3.1 Architectural Style

• Frontend: Angular or React for intuitive user interfaces.

- Backend: REST API-based architecture for business logic and data management.
- **Database**: Relational Database (MySQL/PostgreSQL/SQL Server) for secure data storage.

3.2 Component Interaction

- The frontend interacts with the backend through REST APIs for patient management and monitoring.
- The backend interfaces with the database to handle patient data and wellness plans.

4. Module-Wise Design

4.1 Patient Registration and Profile Management Module

4.1.1 Features

- Register new patients with basic details and medical history.
- Update patient profiles as needed.

4.1.2 Data Flow

- Patients or staff input details through the frontend.
- Backend processes the data and updates the database.

4.1.3 Entities

PatientProfile

- o PatientID
- o Name
- Age
- ContactDetails
- MedicalHistory

4.2 Wellness Plan Management Module

4.2.1 Features

- Create custom wellness plans with predefined templates.
- Assign plans to patients and update them as needed.

4.2.2 Entities

WellnessPlan

- o PlanID
- o PlanName
- Activities
- o AssignedTo

4.3 Progress Tracking Module

4.3.1 Features

- Track daily activities completed by the patient.
- Provide progress dashboards for patients and doctors.

4.3.2 Entities

Progress

- o ProgressID
- o PatientID
- CompletedActivities

o PlanID

4.4 Notification and Alerts Module

4.4.1 Features

- Send automatic reminders for tasks and appointments.
- Notify doctors of missed or irregular patient activities.

4.4.2 Entities

- Notification
 - NotificationID
 - o PatientID
 - Message
 - Timestamp

4.5 Reporting and Analytics Module

4.5.1 Features

- Generate weekly or monthly health reports.
- Provide analytics to improve wellness outcomes.

4.5.2 Entities

- Report
 - o ReportID
 - o PatientID
 - Summary
 - o Date

5. Deployment Strategy

5.1 Local Deployment

 Both frontend and backend deployed on local machines for development and initial testing.

5.2 Testing Environments

• Staging environments configured using containerized setups for consistency.

6. Database Design

6.1 Tables and Relationships

- PatientProfile: Primary Key: PatientID.
- WellnessPlan: Primary Key: PlanID.
- Progress: Foreign Key: PlanID, PatientID.
- **Notification**: Foreign Key: PatientID.
- Report: Foreign Key: PatientID.

7. User Interface Design

7.1 Wireframes

- **Dashboard**: Displays wellness plan adherence and notifications.
- Patient Profile: Displays patient details and medical history.
- Progress Tracker: Visual representation of completed activities.

8. Non-Functional Requirements

8.1 Performance

• System should handle updates for 500 patients concurrently.

8.2 Usability

• Designed for ease of use by both patients and healthcare professionals.

8.3 Security

• Role-based access control to ensure data privacy.

8.4 Scalability

• Capable of supporting multiple healthcare facilities.

9. Assumptions and Constraints

9.1 Assumptions

• Patients have access to mobile or web interfaces.

9.2 Constraints

• Limited to a single healthcare facility during the initial phase.