Experiment – 4: Programming with Arduino platform and Reading from Sensors

Aim To create a Programming with Arduino platform and Reading from Sensors and create a different application using

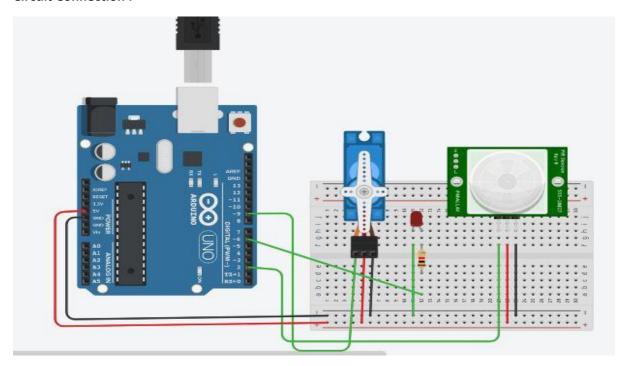
- a. IR Sensor Actuator
- b. Temperature Sensor Actuator
- c. Soil moisture Sensor DC Motor
- d. Ultrasonic Sensor Actuator

a. Programming with Arduino platform and Reading IR Sensor – and perform the Actuator operation

Apparatus Required:

- 1. Arduino Uno IOT Kit
- 2. Bread Board
- 3. IR Sensor
- 4. Actuator

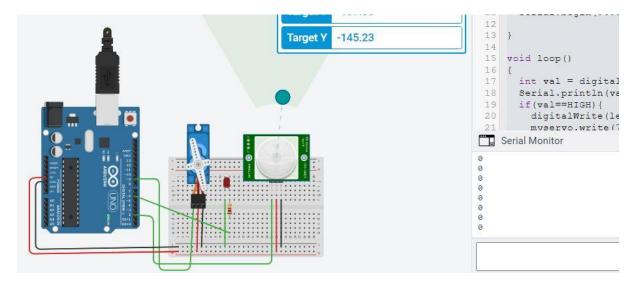
Circuit Connection:



```
#include <Servo.h>
Servo myservo;
int led=6;
int pir=2;
void setup()
{
```

```
pinMode(pir,INPUT);
 pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
 myservo.attach(9);
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
 int val = digitalRead(pir);
 Serial.println(val);
 if(val==HIGH){
  digitalWrite(led,HIGH);
  myservo.write(70);
 else{
  digitalWrite(led,LOW);
  myservo.write(10);
  delay(10);
}
```

OutPut: Depending upon the Distance detected by IR Sensor the actuator will Rotate to open or close the Door.

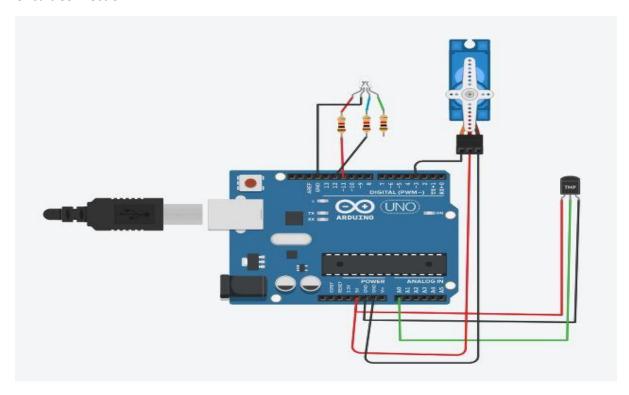


b. Programming with Arduino platform and Reading Temperature Sensor – and perform the Actuator operation

Apparatus Required:

- 1. Arduino Uno IOT Kit
- 2. Bread Board
- 3. Temperature Sensor
- 4. Actuator

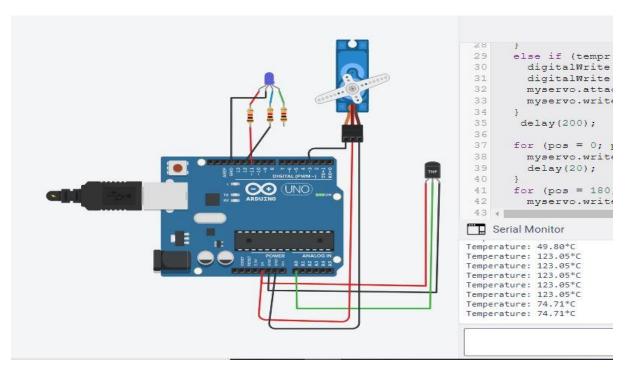
Circuit Connection:



```
// Servo libary
#include <Servo.h>
Servo myservo;
                                           // to control the servo motor
int pos = 0;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(12, OUTPUT); pinMode(11, OUTPUT);
 myservo.attach(3);
                                             // servo on pin 3
}
void loop() {
 float value = analogRead(A0);
 float tempr = (value * 500) / 1024;
                                                   // calc of temperature in celcius
 Serial.print("Temperature: ");
 Serial.print(tempr);
 Serial.print("*C");
 Serial.println();
                                          // it'll show in the serial monitor
 if (tempr <= 40){
                                           // less than 40
  digitalWrite(12, LOW);
  digitalWrite(11, HIGH);
  myservo.detach();
                                             // stops the servo motor
 else if (tempr >= 40){
                                             // greater than 40
```

```
digitalWrite(12, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(11, LOW);
  myservo.attach(3);
  myservo.write(pos);
                                            // position for the servo to turn
 }
 delay(200);
 for (pos = 0; pos <= 180; pos += 1){}
                                                 // go forward 180 degrees
  myservo.write(pos);
  delay(20);
 for (pos = 180; pos <= 0; pos -= 1) { // go backward 180 degrees
  myservo.write(pos);
  delay(20);
}
}
```

OutPut:



OutPut:

Depending upon the temperature the the actuator will turn to open or close the Window or Door.

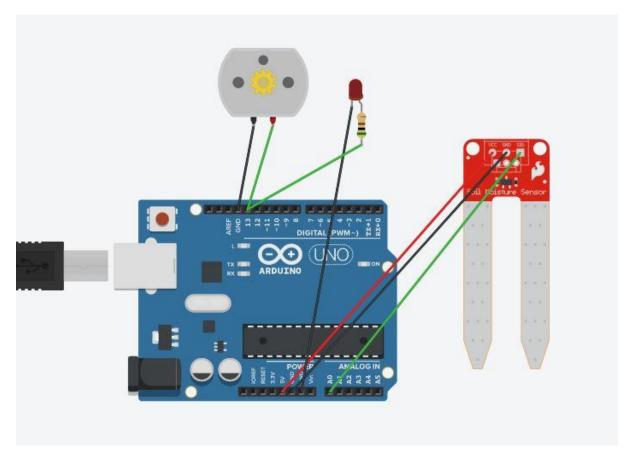
C. Programming with Arduino platform and Reading soil Moisture Sensor – and perform the DC operation

Apparatus Required:

- 1. Arduino Uno IOT Kit
- 2. Bread Board
- 3. IR Sensor

4. Actuator

Circuit Connection:



```
int moister;
float percentage;
void setup(){
pinMode(A0,INPUT);
pinMode(13,OUTPUT);
Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop(){
       moister=analogRead(A0);
       percentage=(moister/539.00)*100;
        if(percentage>25){
               digitalWrite(13,HIGH);
       else{
        digitalWrite(13,LOW);
       Serial.print(percentage);
       Serial.print("\n");
}
```

OutPut:

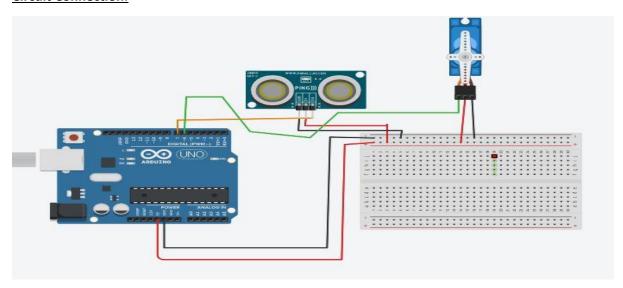
Depending upon the soil moisture the DC Motor will turn ON automatically

D. Programming with Arduino platform and Reading Ultrasonic Sensor – and perform the Actuator operation

Apparatus Required:

- 1. Arduino Uno IOT Kit
- 2. Bread Board
- 3. Ultrasonic Sensor
- 4. Actuator

Circuit Connection:



```
#include <Servo.h>
int V_distance = 0;
Servo servo_6;
long readUltrasonicDistance(int triggerPin, int echoPin)
{
    pinMode(triggerPin, OUTPUT); // Clear the trigger
    digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW);
    delayMicroseconds(2); // Sets the trigger pin to HIGH state for 10 microseconds
    digitalWrite(triggerPin, HIGH);
    delayMicroseconds(10);
    digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW);
    pinMode(echoPin, INPUT); // Reads the echo pin, and returns the sound wave travel time in
microseconds
    return pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
}
void setup()
{
    servo_6.attach(6, 500, 2500);
```

```
}
void loop()
{
    servo_6.write(90);
    V_distance = 0.01723 * readUltrasonicDistance(7, 7);
    if (V_distance <= 20)
{
        servo_6.write(180);
        delay(5000); // Wait for 5000 millisecond(s)
        servo_6.write(90);
    }
    servo_6.write(90);
}
</pre>
```

OutPut: Programming with Arduino platform and Reading Ultrasonic Sensor – and perform the Actuator operation is successfully Executed

Result : Using Tinkercad website and Arduino platform successfully created different application using IR Sensor , Temperature Sensor , Soil moisture sensor , and Ultra Sonic Sensor by reading from Sensors and with servo motor and DC Motor perform different application.