

PROCESSING AND LOADING THE DATASET

- A dataset is a collection of data that may be used to train a model.
- **How to load a dataset?** Datasets are loaded from a dataset loading script that downloads and generates the dataset. However, you can also load a dataset from any dataset repository on the Hub without a loading script! Begin by creating a dataset repository and upload your data files. Now you can use the `load_dataset()` function to load the dataset.
- To load and preprocess the earthquake dataset from Kaggle, you can follow these steps:
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 - 1. Download the dataset: Visit the Kaggle website (<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/usgs/earthquake-database>) and download the dataset file to your local machine.
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 - 2. Import necessary libraries: In a programming language like Python, import the required libraries such as pandas and numpy for data manipulation and analysis.
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 - 3. Load the dataset: Use the appropriate function from the pandas library (e.g., `read_csv()`) to load the dataset file into a pandas DataFrame.
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 - 4. Preprocess the dataset: Perform necessary preprocessing steps based on your analysis goals. This may include handling missing values, data cleaning, feature engineering, or transforming data types.
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 - 5. Analyze the dataset: Utilize the available analysis tools and techniques to gain insights from the dataset. This can involve statistical analysis, data visualization, or machine learning algorithms.
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 - Remember to refer to the documentation and resources provided by Kaggle for specific instructions on loading and preprocessing the earthquake dataset.

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File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
earthquake

RUN AND DEBUG
RUN
To customize Run and Debug create a launch.json file.
Show all automatic debug configurations.

import pandas as pd

# Load the dataset into a Pandas DataFrame
data = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\SRINITHI\\Downloads\\archive\\database.csv")

# Display basic information about the dataset
print("Dataset Info:")
print(data.info())

# Check for missing values
missing_values = data.isnull().sum()
print("\nMissing Values:")
print(missing_values)

# Display the first few rows of the dataset
print("\nFirst 5 rows of the dataset:")
print(data.head())

# Drop rows with missing values (you can customize this based on your needs)
data_cleaned = data.dropna()

# Get unique values in specific columns (e.g., 'Type' of earthquake)
unique_types = data_cleaned['Type'].unique()
print("\nUnique Types of Earthquakes:")
print(unique_types)

# Visualize data as needed (e.g., using matplotlib or seaborn)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Example: Histogram of earthquake magnitudes
plt.hist(data_cleaned['Magnitude'], bins=20, color='skyblue')
plt.title('Histogram of Earthquake Magnitudes')
plt.xlabel('Magnitude')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.show()
```

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# Summary statistics of the dataset
summary_stats = data_cleaned.describe()
print("\nSummary Statistics:")
print(summary_stats)
```

[1] ✓ 0.2s Python

... Dataset Info:
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 23412 entries, 0 to 23411
Data columns (total 21 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype
...
0 Date 23412 non-null object
1 Time 23412 non-null object
2 Latitude 23412 non-null float64
3 Longitude 23412 non-null float64
4 Type 23412 non-null object
5 Depth 23412 non-null float64
6 Depth Error 4461 non-null float64
7 Depth Seismic Stations 7097 non-null float64
8 Magnitude 23412 non-null float64
9 Magnitude Type 23409 non-null object
10 Magnitude Error 327 non-null float64
11 Magnitude Seismic Stations 2564 non-null float64
12 Azimuthal Gap 7299 non-null float64
13 Horizontal Distance 1684 non-null float64
14 Horizontal Error 1156 non-null float64
15 Root Mean Square 17352 non-null float64
16 ID 23412 non-null object
17 Source 23412 non-null object
18 Location Source 23412 non-null object
...
[5 rows x 21 columns]

