

G1 Written Road Test: All The Test Answers



About sharing this information...

Hey, thanks for grabbing this information. I'm more than sure you're going to like what you find here, and that it will help you a lot.

You now have information for the G1 Written Road Test that most people will never know about, and you are now in a position to really pass this test a lot easier than others.

A quick warning: Some people will probably start to wonder how you know certain things you're going to learn because if you really use this right, the results will speak for themselves.

Given that, I understand that people will ask where you got this info, or you might want to share this information at some point with your friends - which is fine with me....

But I just want to say one thing first.

So many years, and thousands upon thousands of dollars of time, energy and resources have went into putting this together. I can't even begin to tell you what it takes to put something like this together for you. I take this information VERY seriously.

So if you're going to share this information with your friends, please have them visit http://www.G1CheatSheet.com and grab a copy just like you did. And if your friends have questions for me, just have them message me at chris@G1CheatSheet.com and I'll be happy to answer any questions they have.

In the end, I just want you and your friends to understand that this information is the real deal... and I 100% stand behind the quality and effectiveness of it – because it WORKS!!

Thanks again and I look forward to hearing your success story!

Chris Carson | Founder and Creator of G1 Cheat Sheet.com.





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Quick Intro...

I'll make this quick because I'm sure you just really want to get to the answers and use them. But I just wanted to let you know how this part of the G1 Cheat Sheet works.

It's all very simple. This part of the G1 Cheat Sheet simply contains ALL of the answers to the questions on the G1 Test. Plain and simple.

These are all the <u>answers</u> to the G1 Questions that you also have access to.

And if you'd like, you can use the G1 Questions to practice, and then use these G1 Answers to see how many you got correct.

Use this at your own pace. Review the whole thing in just one day if you'd like, or review just a little bit each day.

Thanks again for using the G1 Cheat Sheet!

Chris.



G1 Answers: Traffic Signs



#1



- A. Start Stopping.
- B. Dead end street approaching.
- C. There is a stop sign ahead.
- D. Stop if there are other vehicles present.

Answer: C

#2



- A. Bumpy road ahead.
- B. Road turns left and then turns right.
- C. Road ahead is slippery when wet.
- D. Winding Road.

Answer: D

#3



- A. You are not allowed to pass on this road.
- B. No driving side-by-side.
- C. No parking.
- D. No standing.

Answer: A



#4



- A. Approach upcoming road with caution.
- B. Road ahead splits into two. Keep right.
- C. Divided highway ends. Keep right.
- D. Road ahead splits into two. Keep left.

Answer: B

#5



- A. Intersection ahead.
- B. Cross-road ahead.
- C. Hidden intersection ahead.
- D. There is a railway crossing ahead.

Answer: A

#6



- A. Two lanes ahead are merging.
- B. Pavement narrows ahead.
- C. Split road turns into one road ahead.
- D. Highway ends.

Answer: B



#7



- A. Do not turn on road when wet.
- B. No left turn allowed.
- C. No U-turn. No not turn to go in opposite direction.
- D. Only U-turns are allowed.

Answer: C

#8



- A. Proceed with caution when you see two or more people together.
- B. School zone.
- C. Senior zone.
- D. Playground zone. Proceed with caution.

Answer: B

#9



- A. Rough driving conditions ahead.
- B. Road slippery only when snowing.
- C. Winding road ahead.
- D. Pavement ahead is slippery when wet. Proceed with caution.



#10



- A. Traffic sign is ahead. Slow down.
- B. Stop if there is traffic at this intersection.
- C. Slow if there is traffic at this intersection.
- D. Only go if the way is clear.

Answer: A

#11



- A. Do not stop in the area between the signs, at any time.
- B. No stop signs in this area.
- C. Only stop if there is traffic, otherwise you can go.
- D. No entry allowed.

Answer: A

#12



- A. Do not make a right turn at the intersection.
- B. Only turn left when the way is clear.
- C. Do not make a left turn at the intersection.
- D. No turning at this intersection.

Answer: C



#13



- A. Stop sign ahead.
- B. Come to a complete stop.
- C. Come to a rolling stop.
- D. Stop sign 150 meters ahead.

Answer: B

#14



- A. Stop if necessary.
- B. You must let traffic in the intersection go first.
- C. Park here only when the way is clear.
- D. Both A and B.

Answer: D

#15



- A. Keep right and stay cautious for oncoming traffic.
- B. Slow traffic must keep right on a single-lane road.
- C. Slow traffic must keep right on a multi-lane road.
- D. Keep right to let slow traffic pass.

Answer: C



#16



- A. This lane is only for two way left turns.
- B. This lane is for one way left turns only.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: A

#17



- A. No turning right at a red light.
- B. Do no turn when facing a red light at an intersection.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#18



- A. Truck entrance located on the right side of the road.
- B. Truck bridge entrance.
- C. If sign has truck on the left, it means truck entrance at is at the left side of the road.
- D. Both A and B.



#19



- A. Stay alert for animals.
- B. Deer regular cross at this road.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#20



- A. Construction to begin on the road ahead in 30 days.
- B. Traffic control official ahead.
- C. Road work ahead.
- D. Survey crew working on the road ahead.

Answer: C

#21



- A. Do not stop.
- B. Keep out.
- C. Do not enter.
- D. B and C, but not A.



#22



- A. Only vehicles with a valid disabled person parking permit may park here.
- B. Persons with a valid disabled person parking permit may not park here.
- C. Parking space is not reserved.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: A

#23



- A. There is no way through. A dead end.
- B. No driving through the intersection.
- C. No going straight.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: B

#24



- A. Construction zone.
- B. Vehicles moving slower than 40 km/h must show this sign at the rear.
- C. Slow moving vehicles must show this sign at the rear.
- D. Both B and C.



#25



- A. Turn right to go to Orillia.
- B. Destination board. Shows the directions of nearby cities and towns.
- C. Shows pedestrians which way to walk.
- D. Provincial park direction sign.

Answer: B

#26



- A. Bending road ahead.
- B. Construction zone. Keep right.
- C. You have to keep to the right of the traffic island.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: C

#27



- A. Narrow intersection ahead.
- B. Road ahead will widen.
- C. There is a narrow bridge ahead.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: C



#28



- A. Only specific types of vehicles allowed all the time or at certain times.
- B. Different symbols are used for the different types of vehicles allowed.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: A

#29



- A. Do not stop.
- B. No stopping unless riding a bicycle.
- C. No bicycles are allowed on this road.
- D. Bicycles are not allowed to park in car zones.

Answer: C

#30



- A. You can only park in this area at the posted times.
- B. You cannot park in this area at the posted times.
- C. Both B and C
- D. All of the above.

Answer: A



#31



- A. Snowmobiles only.
- B. Snowmobiles are allowed to use this road.
- C. Designated parking for snowmobiles.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: B

#32



- A. Watch out for cyclists and be prepared to share road with them.
- B. Official bicycle route.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#33



- A. Truck zoning hill ahead.
- B. Steep hill ahead.
- C. You may need to use a lower gear on this road.
- D. Both B and C.



#34



- A. No bicycles allowed at night.
- B. Only bicycles are allowed on this road.
- C. Bicycle crossing.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#35



- A. Paved surface ahead is slippery.
- B. Paved surface ahead ends.
- C. Paved surface ahead is wet.
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: B

#36



- A. Two roads ahead are merging into one.
- B. Drivers on both roads that are merging are equally responsible.
- C. Multilane road is turning into a single lane road ahead.
- D. Both A and B.



#37



- A. Drivers at the side road do not have a clear view of traffic.
- B. There is a hidden crosswalk ahead. Look out for pedestrians.
- C. None of the above.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: A

#38



- A. Look out for merging traffic.
- B. Road branches off ahead.
- C. Road merges ahead.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#39



- A. Road ahead is splitting into two.
- B. Stay in the right lane. Only pass when two-lane sections are provided or when passing lanes are provided.
- C. Stay right for faster traffic.
- D. Keep left if travelling at high speeds.

Answer: B



#40



- A. Bicycle lane only.
- B. Bicycles are allowed to ride on the side-walk.
- C. None of the above.
- D. Both A and B.

Answer: A

#41



- A. No standing at this traffic light.
- B. Stop as long as you like, but no standing.
- C. No standing or stopping in this area, unless unloading passengers.
- D. No pedestrians are allowed to stand in this zone.

Answer: C

#42



- A. You may pick up and drop off passengers at this curb area only if you have a valid disabled persons permit.
- B. Vehicles with a valid disabled person permit may park here for up to 1 hour.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A



#43



- A. No running allowed on this path.
- B. Pedestrians must not walk on the road but can keep to the side-walk.
- C. No walking through this intersection.
- D. No pedestrians allowed.

Answer: D

#44



- A. Hidden school bus stop ahead. Watch for school bus with flashing lights, watch for children, slow down, and drive with extra caution.
- B. Public transit stop ahead, watch for pedestrians.
- C. Public transit loading zone.
- D. Both A and B

Answer: A

#45



- A. Speed bump ahead.
- B. There might be water flowing over the road.
- C. There may be ice on the road ahead.
- D. Paved road ends, and then starts again.

Answer: B



#46



- A. Watch for falling rocks. Be prepared to avoid a collision.
- B. Watch for avalanche. Drive with caution.
- C. Dangerous path ahead. Turn back.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A

#47



- A. Two way street after the hours of 7pm.
- B. Pedestrians share this road with cars.
- C. Share the road with oncoming traffic.
- D. High collision zone.

Answer: C

#48



- A. I am turning left.
- B. I am slowing or stopping.
- C. I am turning right.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C



#49



- A. I am turning left.
- B. I am slowing or stopping.
- C. I am turning right.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#50



- A. I am turning left.
- B. I am slowing or stopping.
- C. I am turning right.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A

#51



- A. High water ahead.
- B. Uneven pavement or bump in the road.
- C. Sharp edges in the road.
- D. Mountain road up ahead.

Answer: B



#52



- A. You can go 50 km/h until you reach the next speed limit sign.
- B. Speed limit on ramp.
- C. Speed limit changes ahead.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#53



- A. Rail crossing up ahead. Be alert for trains.
- B. Bridge up ahead.
- C. Construction zone through road up ahead.
- D. Bridge crossing.

Answer: A

#54



- A. Service station in the direction of the arrow.
- B. Left turn up ahead.
- C. Uphill sloping right turn ahead.
- D. Sharp turn or bend in the road. Be careful and slow down.



#55



- A. Cross section road up ahead.
- B. Keep right to allow quicker traffic to pass.
- C. Left lane ends.
- D. Right lane ends.

Answer: D

#56



- A. You can go 50 km/h in the evening hours.
- B. Maximum safe speed on a ramp.
- C. Maximum speed on the road.
- D. You may exceed 50 km/h at night.

Answer: B

#57



- A. Divided highway ends. Keep to the right.
- B. Divided highway ends. Keep to the left.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A



#58



- A. Only cars with a valid disabled person permit may use this road.
- B. By wheel-chair parking or disabled parking.
- C. No wheel-chair parking allowed.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#59



- A. Cross section ahead.
- B. Keep right.
- C. Hazard sign. Downward line indicates the side on which you may safely pass.
- D. Slow down and watch out for dangerous conditions.

Answer: C

#60



- A. Special access to public service vehicles only.
- B. Three or more passengers must be in the vehicle to use this lane.
- C. Public service buses may use this lane. Two or more passengers must be in the vehicle to use this lane.
- D. If two or more passengers are in the vehicle, you must slow down.

Answer: C



#61



- A. Sign shows maximum vehicle clearance height. Shows how much room you have.
- B. Only vehicles that are over 3.9 meters tall may pass.
- C. 3.9 miles to the next exit.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A

#62



- A. This road is for snowmobiles only.
- B. Parking only for registered snowmobiles.
- C. Snowmobiles cross this road.
- D. Snowmobiles can only use this road at night.

Answer: C

#63





- A. No pedestrians allowed.
- B. Pedestrian cross-over.
- C. Construction zone. No pedestrians allowed.
- D. Both A and C.

Answer: B



#64





- A. Signs warn of school crossings.
- B. Watch for children.
- C. Follow the directions of the crossing guard at the school crossing.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#65



- A. Slow down to the maximum speed shown during school hours when yellow lights are flashing.
- B. Watch for seniors.
- C. Maximum speed in school is 40 km/h at all times.
- D. Speed will change to above 40 km/h when yellow lights are flashing.

Answer: A

#66



- A. Stop when sign is out and flashing. You are prohibited from passing.
- B. School safety zone. Stop at all times.
- C. Stop whenever you see a school bus.
- D. No stopping when the red lights are flashing.

Answer: A



#67



- A. You are passing through a flying zone.
- B. Sign shows route to the airport.
- C. Airplane only zone.
- D. You are passing through a no-fly zone.

Answer: B

#68



- A. Shows off-road facilities such as hospitals, universities, airports.
- B. Tells you where to go to get information on off-road facilities.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#69



- A. New car sign.
- B. New driver sign.
- C. Negligent driver sign.
- D. Not allowed to drive in this zone.

Answer: B



#70



- A. Bridge that lifts or swings to allow boats to pass.
- B. Dangerous bridge conditions ahead.
- C. No entry beyond bridge point.
- D. Bridge swings or opens for cars to pass.

Answer: A



G1 Answers: Rules Of The Road



#1 When driving in heavy fog, you should use your:

- A. High beam lights.
- B. Hazard lights.
- C. Low beam lights.
- D. Parking lights.

Answer: C

#2 Whenever lights are required, drivers must use low beam headlights when following behind a vehicle within:

- A. 120 m (400ft).
- B. 60 m (200ft).
- C. 30 m (100ft).
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#3 Never change lanes in traffic unless you:

- A. Decrease your speed and give the correct signal.
- B. Blow your car horn to let other drivers know you are changing lanes.
- C. Look through your rear view mirrors only to make sure it is safe.
- D. Give the proper signal, and look to make sure you can change lanes safely.



#4 What does the law require you to do when you hear the siren of an emergency vehicle?

- A. Continue driving and signal for the emergency vehicle to pass safely.
- B. Speed and pull to the middle of the road.
- C. Continue driving and warn others of the emergency vehicle with your car horn.
- D. Pull to the right and stop.

Answer: D

#5 A police officer may require you as a vehicle owner to produce any of the following documents.

- A. Vehicle ownership document.
- B. A liability insurance card, if the vehicle is insured.
- C. A valid driver's license if you are the one operating the vehicle.
- D. Any of the above.

Answer: D

#6 Every accident must be reported to police when damage exceeds \$1000 or when:

- A. There is personal injury.
- B. There is really bad weather.
- C. It is between the hours of 12am and 3am.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A



#7 Who has the right-of-way over everyone else at an intersection when the light is green:

- A. Motor vehicles that are facing a green light and turning right.
- B. Motor vehicles that are facing a green light and turning left.
- C. Pedestrians crossing with the light that is green.
- D. Anyone above who gets to the green light first.

Answer: C

#8 As a level one (G1) driver, you must be accompanied by:

- A. A class G driver with more than 4 years experience.
- B. A class G1 driver with 10 years experience.
- C. A class G driver with 3 or less years of experience.
- D. A class G2 driver with at least 1 year of experience.

Answer: A

#9 Who has the right-of-way if a traffic signal changes while a pedestrian is still in the street?

- A. Motorists coming from the pedestrian's right.
- B. The pedestrian.
- C. Motorists coming from the pedestrian's left.
- D. Motorists making right turns.

Answer: B



#10 If you are involved in an accident that must be reported, how soon do you have to report the accident to police or the nearest provincial officer?

- A. Within 72 hours.
- B. Immediately.
- C. Within 1 week.
- D. Within 24 hours.

Answer: B

#11 For what reasons may a driver's license be cancelled?

- A. Failure to attend a re-examination.
- B. If you don't pay your reinstatement fee.
- C. If you voluntarily surrender your license to the Ministry of Transportation.
- D. All or any of the above.

Answer: D

#12 A driver who is convicted of driving while disqualified:

- A. Can have their vehicle impounded for 6 months.
- B. Can be fined \$500 or imprisoned for 6 months or both.
- C. Will have an additional 6-month suspension added on to their current period.
- D. All or any of the above.



#13 If not posted, then what is the maximum speed limit in cities, towns and villages?

- A. 75 km/h.
- B. 50 km/h.
- C. 60 km/h.
- D. 20 km/h.

Answer: B

#14 If you are facing a red traffic signal at an intersection, what should you do?

- A. Stop. Then proceed as long as the way is clear even if the signal is still red.
- B. Stop. Then proceed only when the signal turns green and the way is clear.
- C. Stop. Then proceed only when the signal turns green and the way is not clear.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#15 When you see a flashing amber (yellow) signal at an intersection, what must you do?

- A. Stop if you are making a left turn.
- B. Do not slow down and go through as long as the way is clear.
- C. Stop and wait for the signal to turn green.
- D. Slow down and proceed with caution.



#16 Your blood alcohol level must not be over ____ as a G2 level driver:

- A. 1.00%
- B. 0.09%
- C. 0.00%
- D. 0.02%

Answer: C

#17 If you want to pass a motorcycle – what should you do?

- A. Pass the motorcycle just as you would pass any other car.
- B. Honk to warn the motorcyclist and then pass with the same lane.
- C. Warn the motorcyclist with your high-beam headlights then pass.
- D. Use half the lane to pass.

Answer: A

#18 Over driving your headlights is dangerous because:

- A. It will be hard on your headlights.
- B. You are going way too fast.
- C. Your headlights will not be bright enough.
- D. You will not be able to stop within the distance that you can see.



#19 If you are 19 or under, and you have had your G2 license for less than 6 months then:

- A. You can have no passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- B. You can have 3 passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- C. You can have 1 passenger in your car who is 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- D. You can have 4 passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.

Answer: C

#20 If you are 19 or under, and you have had your G2 license for more than 6 months then:

- A. You can have no passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- B. You can have 2 passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- C. You can have 1 passenger in your car who is 19 and under between 12am and 5am.
- D. You can have 3 passengers in your car who are 19 and under between 12am and 5am.

Answer: D

#21 What does a "No Parking" sign mean?

- A. You may not park your vehicle on the indicated areas.
- B. You may park your car as long as there is no traffic in the area.
- C. You may park as long as there is someone present to move the car when needed.
- D. None of the above.



#22 When at night, or when head lights are required, drivers must use low beam headlights:

- A. When you are within 1000 m of approaching another vehicle.
- B. When you are within 300 m of approaching another vehicle.
- C. When you are within 150 m of approaching another vehicle.
- D. When you are within 200 m of approaching another vehicle.

Answer: C

#23 Whenever making a left turn on a one way street, what position must you be in?

- A. As long as the turn can be made safely, it does not matter.
- B. Close to the left side of the road.
- C. Close to the right side of the road.
- D. Directly in the middle of the road.

Answer: B

#24 What position must you be in to make a left turn on a two way road or street?

- A. Any lane that has the least amount of traffic.
- B. On the center line of the roadway.
- C. In the right lane that you are currently driving in.
- D. Close to the left side of the roadway.



#25 When a street car stops, and there is no safety zone, how far back must you stop your car?

- A. Stop 2 meters behind the rearmost door where passengers are getting off and on.
- B. Stop 2 meters behind the front door where passengers are getting off and on.
- C. Both A and B are acceptable by provincial law.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: A

#26 If you are approaching an intersection and the light changes from green to amber (yellow):

- A. You must stop if you can do so safely.
- B. You must stop. But if the stop cannot be made safely, then proceed with caution.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. Speed up to clear the intersection.

Answer: C

#27 If your driver's license is suspended, you may do which of the following:

- A. Operate a motor vehicle.
- B. Operate a motor vehicle between the hours of 12am and 3am.
- C. Operate a motor vehicle if there is an emergency.
- D. None of the above. You may not operate a motor vehicle under any circumstances.

Answer: D



#28 When does the law require you to turn your vehicle lights on?

- A. Anytime between 6pm to 6am the next morning.
- B. Between half an hour before sunset and half an hour after sunrise.
- C. Any time you cannot see clearly for a distance of 150 meters.
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D

#29 What must you do when you approach a yield sign?

- A. Since you have the right of way, slow down for 3 seconds and then pick up speed.
- B. Slow down, stop if needed, and yield the right-of-way.
- C. Slow down.
- D. Always come to a complete stop and yield the right-of-way.

Answer: B

#30 What should you do at a railway crossing where the warning signal is flashing?

- A. Stop at least 5 meters from the nearest rail.
- B. Stop at least 1 meter from the nearest rail.
- C. Stop at least 15 meters from the nearest rail.
- D. Stop at least 25 meters from the nearest rail.



#31 When approaching a stop sign, a driver must:

- A. Come to a rolling stop and proceed when it is safe to do so.
- B. Come to a complete stop and proceed when it is safe to do so.
- C. Stop and then sound horn to alert pedestrians and other cars before proceeding.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#32 If you are convicted of driving 50 km/h over the legal speed limit:

- A. You can have your license suspended for 30 days.
- B. You can have your license suspended for 6 months.
- C. You can have your license suspended for 8 months.
- D. Your vehicle can be impounded for 4 weeks.

Answer: A

#33 Before moving your car out of a parked position, you should:

- A. Signal and proceed.
- B. Check traffic and proceed when the way is clear. There is no need to signal.
- C. Check traffic, signal, and proceed only when it is safe to do so.
- D. Both A and C.



#34 If you accumulate 15 demerit points, your license is suspended:

- A. For up to 2 months, but no more than 3 months.
- B. For up to 3 months, but no more than 6 months.
- C. For up to 6 months.
- D. Automatically and for 30 days from the receipt of your license.

Answer: D

#35 When can you lend your driver's license to someone else:

- A. When someone else needs identification.
- B. In an emergency.
- C. When someone has just passed their drivers test, but does not have their card yet.
- D. Never.

Answer: D

#36 A driver may have to do a re-examination for the ability to drive when:

- A. 15 or more demerit points have been accumulated.
- B. 9 demerit points have been accumulated.
- C. 3 demerit points have been accumulated.
- D. 12 demerit points have been accumulated.



#37 When driving down a very steep hill, a good safety measure is to:

- A. Gear down so that the engine can help with the braking.
- B. Put the car in neutral.
- C. Brake hard for 3 seconds and then slowly release the brake.
- D. Both A or B are the good safety practices.

Answer: A

#38 What should you do if a driver of another vehicle is about to overtake and pass you?

- A. Stay right where you are and allow the other vehicle to pass.
- B. Move to the left and allow the other vehicle to pass.
- C. Move to the right and allow the other vehicle to pass.
- D. Move to the middle of the road and allow the other vehicle to pass.

Answer: C

#39 If you are approaching a red light, and are about to make a right turn, what should you do?

- A. Signal, come to a full stop, and make the turn without interfering with other traffic.
- B. Slow down, signal, and merge in the turn.
- C. Proceed with extreme caution, but do not stop because it is dangerous.
- D. Signal, slow down, and then make the turn when ready.



#40 When are you allowed to pass another vehicle from the right side?

- A. You can always pass on the right side no matter what kind of street or highway.
- B. When the street or highway has two lanes going in opposite directions.
- C. When the street or highway has two or more lanes going in the same direction.
- D. You are never allowed to pass on the right side. You must always pass on the left.

Answer: C

$\pmb{#41}$ Are you as a driver responsible for people in your car wearing their seatbelts?

- A. Only for passengers who sit in the front.
- B. Only for passengers who sit in the back.
- C. Yes. All the time.
- D. Only for passengers aged 5 to 16.

Answer: D

#42 What does a red light signal with a green <u>arrow</u> mean?

- A. Proceed with caution in direction of arrow. Yield right-of-way to pedestrians.
- B. Come to a complete stop. Then proceed with caution in the direction of the arrow.
- C. Cars must stop. But public transit vehicles may proceed in the direction of the arrow.
- D. The red light is for motor vehicles, and the green is strictly for pedestrians.



#43 What does a <u>flashing</u> green signal mean?

- A. You may turn left.
- B. You may turn right.
- C. You may proceed straight through.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#44 When is it too dangerous to make a "U" turn?

- A. Within 150 meters of a bridge or tunnel if your view is obstructed.
- B. On a railway crossing. Within 30 meters of the railway crossing.
- C. On a hill or curve there a clear view of less than 150 meters in either direction.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#45 If you are ever involved in an accident where someone is injured, you have to:

- A. Report the accident to law enforcement officials within 3 hours of the accident.
- B. Report the accident to the nearest law enforcement officials at once.
- C. Report the accident to your insurance company only.
- D. Report the accident to law enforcement officials within 1 week.



#46 If you change your address today, when should you notify the ministry of transportation?

- A. Within 48 hours.
- B. Within 30 days.
- C. Within 6 days.
- D. Before your license expires.

Answer:

#47 What does a flashing red light at an intersection mean?

- A. Come to a full stop. Proceed with caution when it is safe to do so.
- B. Slow down and proceed with caution.
- C. Yield the right-of-way.
- D. This means the signal is out of order. Proceed with caution.

Answer: A

#48 Unless it is posted, what is the maximum speed limit on the highway outside of a city, town, village, or built-up area?

- A. 70 km/h
- B. 80 km/h
- C. 100 km/h
- D. None of the above.



#49 Which of the following is the correct way to enter a freeway?

- A. Come to a full stop, and wait until it is safe to merge with traffic.
- B. Slow down and merge with traffic.
- C. Accelerate to the speed of the freeway and merge safely with traffic.
- D. Slow down, merge with traffic, and then pick up your speed.

Answer: C

#50 If your tire suddenly blows out and becomes flat while driving, what should you do?

- A. Take your foot off gas and slow down.
- B. Focus on steering the vehicle safely.
- C. Bring the vehicle to a full stop off the road.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#51 If convicted of drunk driving, how long will you lose your license as a first offence?

- A. It is up to the prosecutor.
- B. 1 full year.
- C. 8 months from the date of your conviction.
- D. 9 months.



#52 At what alcohol blood level can you be convicted of being an impaired driver?

- A. 100%
- B. 15%
- C. 0.08%
- D. 3%

Answer: C

If you have vision restrictions noted on your driver's license, you must wear your glasses or contact lenses at all times when driving:

- A. False.
- B. True.
- C. Only if you cannot see properly at the time.
- D. In poor weather conditions only.

Answer: B

#54 When a streetcar is loading and unloading passengers, and there is a safety island:

- A. The law requires you to come to a complete stop.
- B. The law requires that you stay at least 5 meters clear of the island.
- C. The law requires you to pass with caution.
- D. The law requires that you pass on the opposite side of the island.



#55 When exiting a freeway, you should:

- A. Signal and maintain speed until you are off the ramp.
- B. Slow down smoothly and to the posted speed limit or speed on exit ramp.
- C. Give yourself lots of time to move over to the lane closest to the exit.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#56 If two drivers enter into an intersection from the opposite direction – and one is turning left, and the other is going straight – then who has the right of way.

- A. The driver that is making the left turn.
- B. The driver that is going straight.
- C. The driver who is driving at a higher speed.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#57 If you are accused of impaired driving and refuse to take a breathalyser test:

- A. Your license will be suspended for 90 days.
- B. Your license will be suspended forever.
- C. Your license will be suspended for 30 days.
- D. Your license will be suspended for 60 days.



#58 What should you do if your brakes fail?

- A. The law requires you to come to a complete stop.
- B. Apply the parking brake gently, but firmly.
- C. Keep your hand on the release button of the parking brake.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D

#59 Why is it safer to look over your shoulder when you are changing lanes?

- A. It is not safe. You should always look straight ahead even if you are changing lanes.
- B. So you can see your blind spots.
- C. It is easier than using your mirrors.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: B

#60 When is the best time to use snow tires?

- A. In the summer.
- B. In the spring, when it is raining the most.
- C. In the winter.
- D. In every season.



#61 G1 drivers must keep their blood alcohol level at zero and:

- A. Be accompanied by G2 driver with a blood alcohol level of less than 0.07%.
- B. Be accompanied by G2 driver with a blood alcohol level of less than 0.08%.
- C. Be accompanied by G2 driver with a blood alcohol level of less than 0.04%
- D. Be accompanied by G2 driver with a blood alcohol level of less than 0.02%.

Answer: B

#62 You must always report an accident to the police when:

- A. The damage is over \$1000 or someone is injured.
- B. You must report the accident no matter what the conditions.
- C. When the accident takes place in a rural area.
- D. Whenever an accident occurs in bad weather conditions.

Answer: A

#63 If you are accused of driving while your license is suspended – and it is your first offence:

- A. You will be fined \$500 and your license suspended for 2 years.
- B. You will be fined \$500.
- C. You will be fined anywhere between \$1000 \$5000.
- D. None of the above.



#64 What is the best way to remove alcohol from the body?

- A. Taking a painkiller.
- B. Giving your body time to get rid of it.
- C. Drinking orange juice.
- D. Eating anything that contains a high amount of carbohydrates.

Answer: B

#65 What should you do if you miss an exit on the highway?

- A. Keep driving and wait until you reach the next exit.
- B. Stop on the shoulder, back up, and proceed to go through the missed exit.
- C. Slow down, check traffic, and back up if the way is clear.
- D. Slow down until it is safe to stop and then make a U-turn when it is safe to do so.

Answer: A

#66 What should you do if you are involved in an accident where another person is injured?

- A. Pull the person out of the wreckage as quickly as possible.
- B. Keep the person warm and administer first aid if it is possible.
- C. Do not attempt to remove the person unless it is absolutely necessary.
- D. Both B and C.

Answer: D



#67 When you are parked on a downgrade (downhill), which of the following is correct?

- A. Leave your front wheels facing forward and engage the brake.
- B. Engage the parking brake only.
- C. Turn your front wheels to the left.
- D. Turn your front wheels toward the right, and engage the parking brake.

Answer: D

#68 Why is it more dangerous to drive at the maximum speed limit at night?

- A. Because you cannot see as far ahead.
- B. Because there are generally more people on the road.
- C. Because the head lamps on motor vehicles make it more difficult to focus.
- D. Driving the maximum speed limit at night is never more dangerous than in the day.

Answer: A

#69 What does a broken centre line on a roadway mean?

- A. It is a signal warning that means you should never pass.
- B. It means you may pass if the way is clear.
- C. It signifies that you can pass whenever you are ready.
- D. It means that you can pass, but only during evening hours.



#70 How close are you allowed to park to a fire hydrant?

- A. You are not allowed to park on any street where a fire hydrant appears.
- B. 12 meters (40 feet)
- C. 3 meters (10 feet)
- D. 6 meters (20 feet)

Answer: C

#71 The best way to stop quickly in wet or icy conditions is to:

- A. Use the emergency brake.
- B. Pump the brakes until you come to a full stop.
- C. Slam on brakes quickly.
- D. Both B and C together are the best option.

Answer: B

#72 When can you use parking lights?

- A. For driving during heavy snow.
- B. For driving in heavy fog.
- C. When you are parking only.
- D. You can use them anytime.



#73 If you see both a solid line AND a broken line in the middle of the roadway, and the solid is on your side, what does that mean for you.

- A. It is unsafe for you to pass.
- B. You may only pass if the way is absolutely clear.
- C. Pass at any time.
- D. This combination of lines means that passing is only allowed during daylight hours.

Answer: A

#74 You should always keep to the right of the roadway unless:

- A. You intend to make a left turn.
- B. You are driving in wet conditions.
- C. You intend to overtake or pass another vehicle.
- D. Both A and C are correct.

Answer: D

#75 When driving on a highway at night, you should use low beam headlights whenever:

- A. The roadway lights are functioning properly.
- B. Your high beam headlights run out.
- C. You are following another vehicle from behind, or meeting another vehicle.
- D. You always use high beam headlights at night.



#76 At 50 km/h what is the required safe distance to keep from the vehicle in front of you?

- A. 10 car lengths behind the other vehicle.
- B. 5 car lengths behind the other vehicle.
- C. 1 car lengths behind the other vehicle.
- D. 3 car lengths behind the other vehicle.

Answer:

#77 What would a defensive driver do?

- A. Drive aggressively and faster in wet weather.
- B. Play loud music and talk on their cell phone.
- C. Be considerate of other drivers and always be prepared for difficult situations.
- D. Never give the right of way.

Answer:

#78 If your vehicle becomes disabled on the highway, what should you do?

- A. Move over to the right lane and engage the parking brake.
- B. Move over to the left lane and engage the parking brake.
- C. Stop where you are.
- D. Park fully off of the roadway, if possible and engage your hazard signals.

Answer:



#79 When you are on any kind of medication what should you do?

- A. Drink more water whenever you will be driving.
- B. Talk with your doctor about the effects of the medication before driving.
- C. Drive slower than usual.
- D. Use a designated driver at all times while on medication.

Answer: B

#80 If you are convicted of driving while your license is suspended:

- A. Your vehicle will be impounded for 6 months.
- B. Your vehicle will be impounded for 45 days.
- C. Your vehicle will be impounded for 30 days.
- D. Your vehicle will be impounded for 100 days.

Answer: B

#81 What should you do if you lose control of your vehicle and it goes off the road?

- A. Steer back onto the road when the vehicle is under control.
- B. Avoid heavy breaking, and make sure to take your foot off of the gas pedal.
- C. Firmly grip the steering wheel.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D



#82 What should a driver do when entering a highway from a driveway or private road?

- A. Increase your speed as you enter the highway.
- B. Enter the highway as quickly as you can.
- C. Yield the right-of-way to all vehicles approaching the highway you are entering.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: C

#83 How long do demerit points remain on your driver's record?

- A. 60 days.
- B. 12 months.
- C. 6 months.
- D. 2 years.

Answer: D

#84 As a level 1 or 2 driver, if you get nine or more demerit points during a 2 year period:

- A. Your license will be suspended for 60 days.
- B. Your license will be suspended for 90 days.
- C. Your license will be suspended for 12 weeks.
- D. Your license will be suspended for 3 years.



#85 What is the Highway 407?

- A. The only highway in Ontario with service stations built in.
- B. A new highway that connects all the highways in Ontario.
- C. A highway that connects Ontario to the southern United States.
- D. It is an express toll highway or express toll route.

Answer: D

#86 What should you do if you become very tired while driving?

- A. Pick up your speed slightly to keep yourself more alert.
- B. Stop and get some rest.
- C. Keep driving until you get home and then get some rest.
- D. Drink coffee or very cold water.

Answer: B

#87 When are roadways most slippery?

- A. When it is hailing.
- B. 30 minutes after a heavy downpour.
- C. On the first rain after a dry spell.
- D. When it has been pouring rain for 2 hours or more.



#88 Most vehicle skids are a result of:

- A. Icy conditions.
- B. Wet conditions.
- C. Under-inflated tires.
- D. Driving much too fast.

Answer: D

#89 What should you do to get your vehicle out of a skid?

- A. Apply the emergency brake immediately.
- B. Apply heavy pressure to the brakes.
- C. Steer in the direction of the skid.
- D. Steer in the opposite direction of the skid.

Answer: C

#90 New drivers caught drinking and driving will be charged under the Criminal Code and:

- A. Receive a 30 days suspension.
- B. Receive a 45 days suspension.
- C. Receive a 60 days suspension.
- D. Receive a 10 week suspension.



#91 If the roadway beyond an intersection is blocked with traffic, what should you do?

- A. Proceed straight through into the intersection.
- B. Proceed slowly into the intersection and watch for traffic.
- C. Sound your horn and warn cars ahead of you that you are proceeding.
- D. Stop before entering the intersection. Do not black the intersection.

Answer: D

#92 What should you do if you approach the intersection and traffic lights are not working?

- A. Come to a full stop and sound your horn to warn traffic that you are proceeding.
- B. Treat it as a four way stop sign.
- C. Proceed with caution.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#93 What are broken white lines used for on streets and highways?

- A. To separate lanes on a one way street or highway.
- B. To separate lanes on a two way street or highway.
- C. Both A and B.
- D. None of the above.



#94 What should drivers do when approaching a construction area?

- A. Speed up to allow construction workers to get back to work faster.
- B. Come to a full stop and wait for signal from construction workers to proceed.
- C. Sound horn to alert construction workers.
- D. Slow down, proceed with caution, and yield the right-of-way.

Answer: D

#95 What is the two second rule used for?

- A. It is used to determine if you can avoid obstacles.
- B. It is used to determine if you how fast you are traveling.
- C. It is used to determine if you are travelling at a safe distance from the car in front.
- D. There is no such thing as a two second rule in the case of driving.

Answer: C

#96 What should you do to prevent hydroplaning?

- A. Ensure your tires have good tread depth.
- B. Ensure your tires are inflated properly.
- C. Reduce speed while driving in wet conditions.
- D. All of the above.

Answer: D



#97 At 15 Demerit points, your license gets suspended, after 30 days:

- A. The number of points on your driver's record is reduced to 10.
- B. The number of points on your driver's record is reduced to 7.
- C. The number of points on your driver's record is reduced to 9.
- D. None of the above.

Answer: B

#98 As a level 1 or 2 driver, your license is suspended if you collect 9 or more demerit points during a two year period. 60 days after suspension:

- A. Your record will be reduced to 4 points.
- B. Your record will be reduced to 8 points.
- C. Your record will be increased to 10 points.
- D. Your record will be increased to 12 points.





Always Remember... Know The Rules, Be Courteous, And Drive Safe!!!