

1. Let ABC be an acute-angled triangle with circumcentre O . Let P on BC be the foot of the altitude from A .
 Suppose that $\angle BCS \leq \angle ABC + 30^\circ$.
 Prove that $\angle CAB + \leq \text{cop} \angle 90^\circ$.
2. Prove that

$$\frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2+8bc}} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{b^2+8ca}} + \frac{c}{\sqrt{c^2+8ab}} \geq 1$$
 for all positive real numbers a, b and c
3. Twenty-one girls and twenty-one boys took part in a mathematical contest. Each contestant solved at most six problems.
 For each girl and each boy, at least one problem was solved by both of them. Prove that there was a problem that was solved by at least three girls and at least three boys.
4. Let n be an odd integer greater than 1, and let k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n be given integers. For each of the $n!$ permutations $a = (a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n)$ of $1, 2, \dots, n$, let $S(a) = \sum_{i=1}^n k_i a_i$.
 Prove that there are two permutations b and c , $b \neq c$, such that $n!$ is a divisor of $S(b) - S(c)$.
5. In a triangle ABC , let AP bisect $\angle BAC$, with P on BC , and let BQ bisect $\angle ABC$, with Q on CA .
 It is known that $\angle BAC = 60^\circ$ and that $AB + BP = AQ + QB$.
 What are the possible angles of triangle ABC ?
6. Let a, b, c, d be integers with $a < b < c < d < 0$. Suppose that $ac + bd = (b + d + a - c)(b + d - a + c)$.
 Prove that $ab + cd$ is not prime.