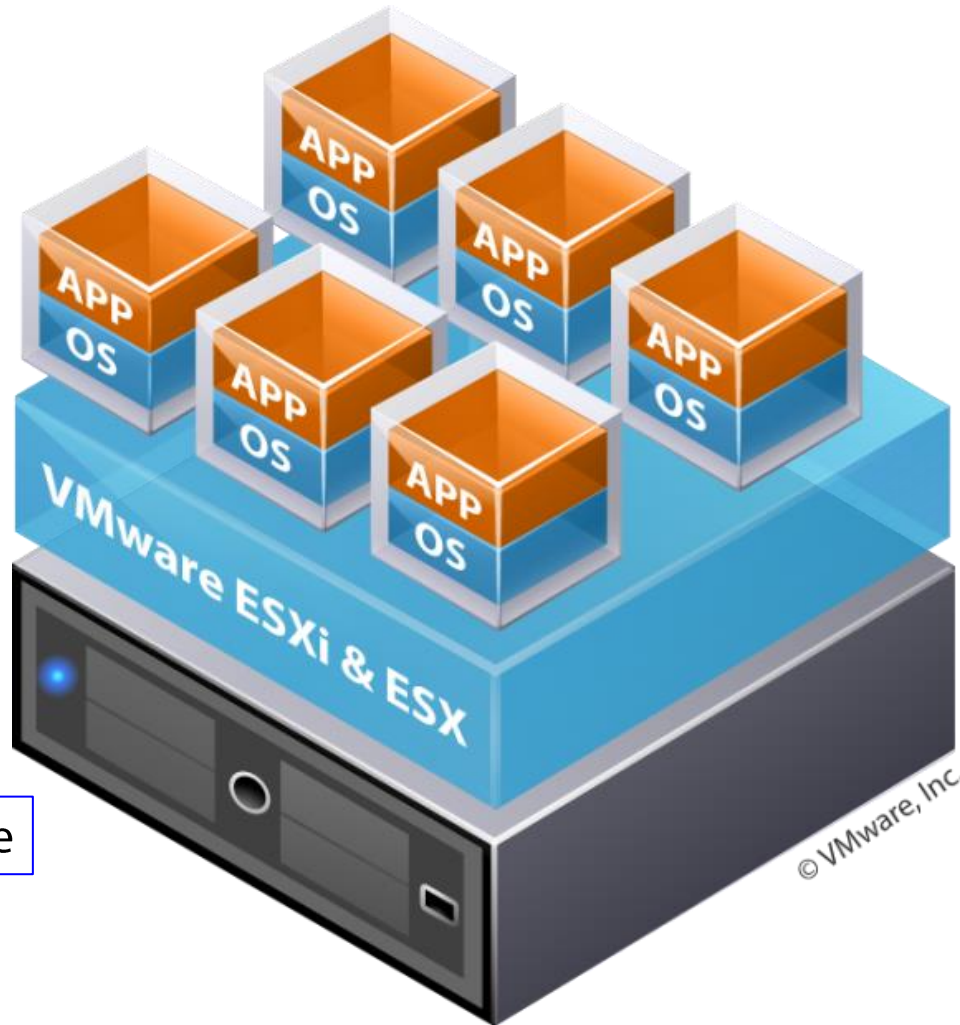


Virtualization Defined

Abstraction Layer

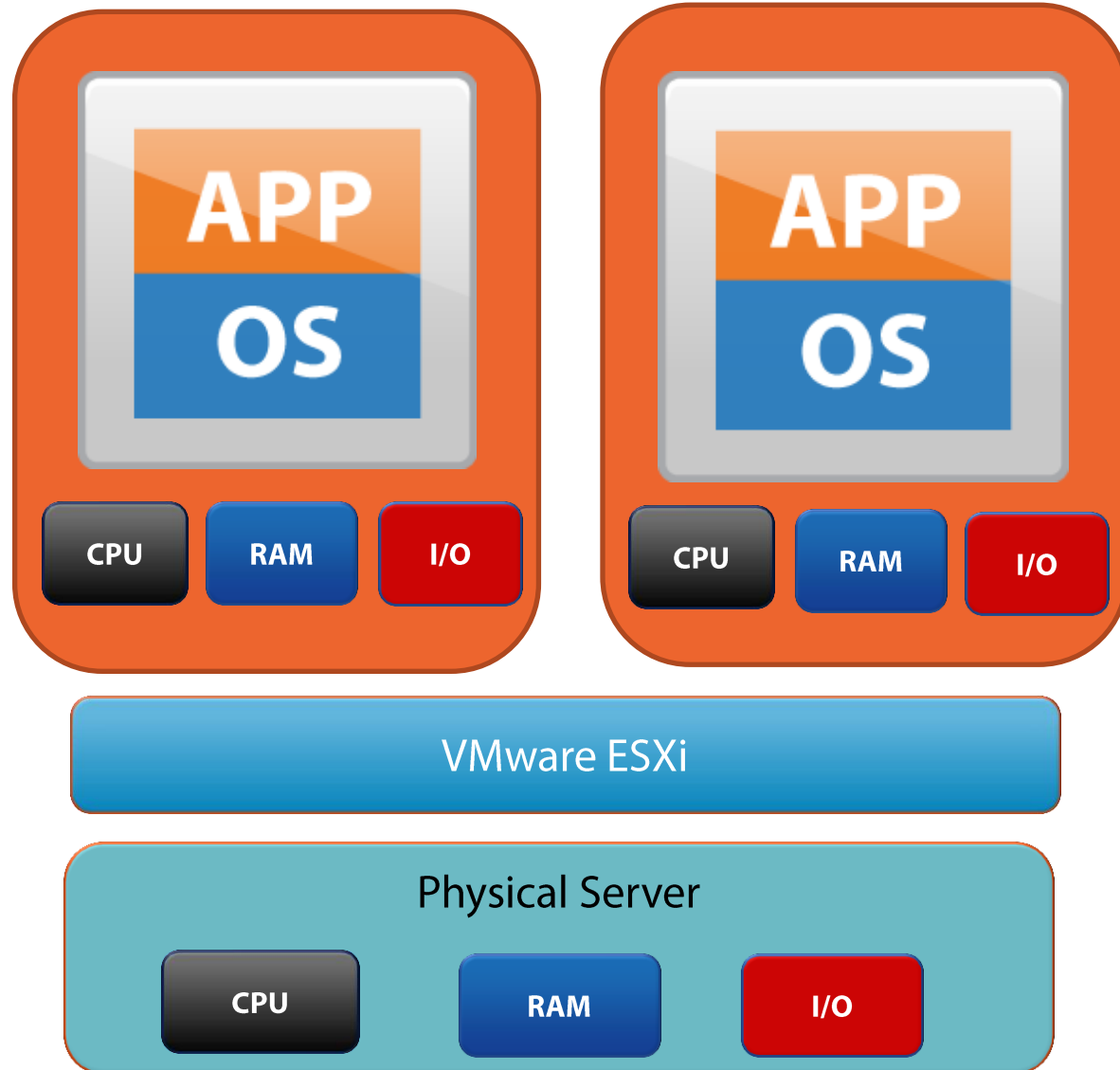


Most Well Known
Form of
Virtualization is
Server Virtualization

OS No Longer Has to Be
Bound to the Server or PC
That it Runs on

The OS is Abstracted From the Hardware

Virtualization Defined



Server Virtualization

- Server Virtualization makes it possible for the OS of a physical server to run on a virtual layer (the hypervisor)
- This allows you to run multiple Virtual Machines (VMs), each with their own OS, on the same physical server

Virtual Machine

Each guest OS running on the host

Virtual Host

Physical server with virtualization layer

Definition of a Hypervisor

- **Hypervisor**
 - Creates the virtualization layer that makes server virtualization possible
 - Contains the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM)
- **Examples of Hypervisors**
 - VMware ESXi
 - Hyper-V

Type 1 vs. Type 2 Hypervisors

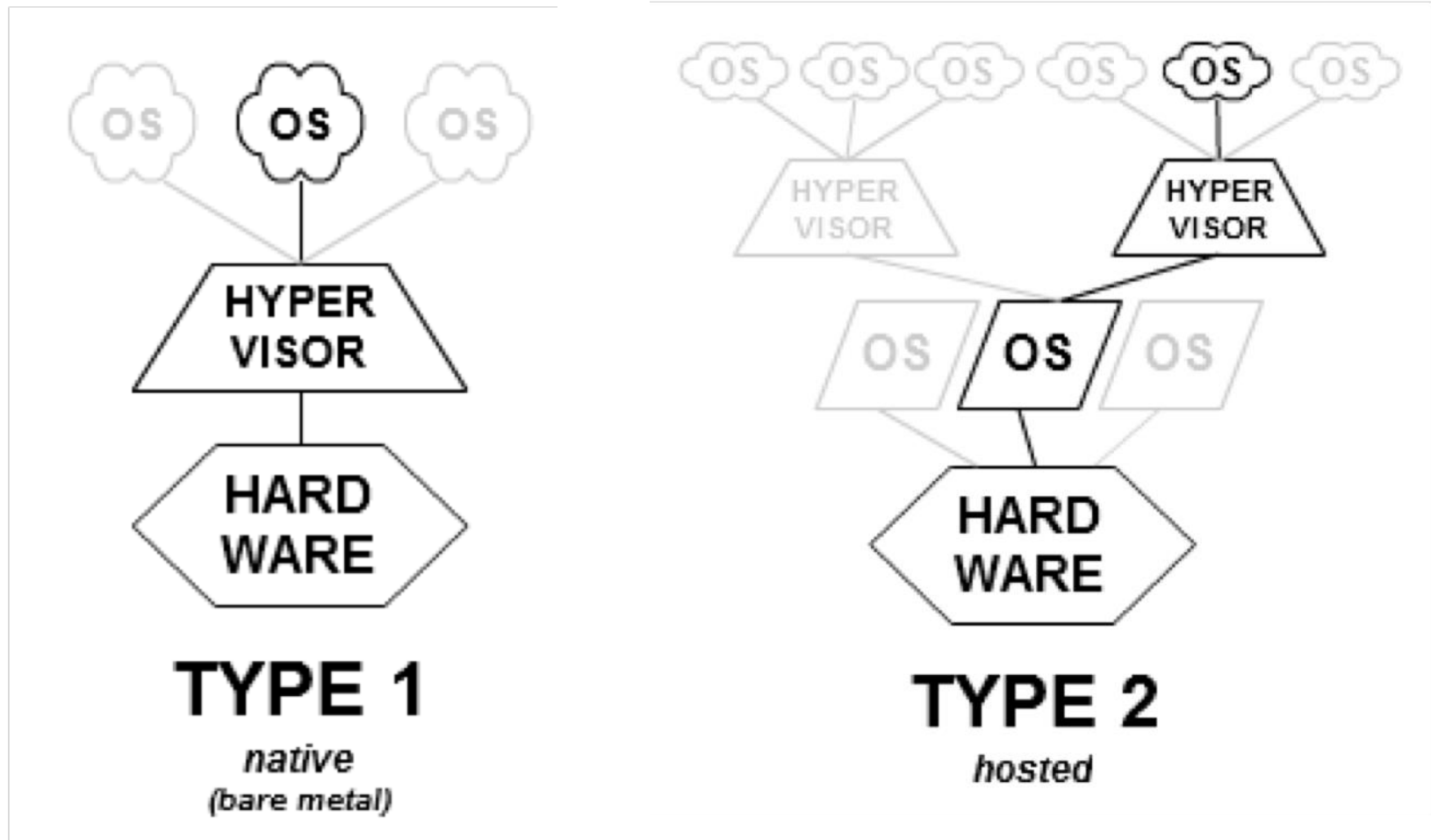
- **Type 1 Hypervisor**

- Loaded directly on the hardware
 - Hyper-V
 - ESXi
 - KVM

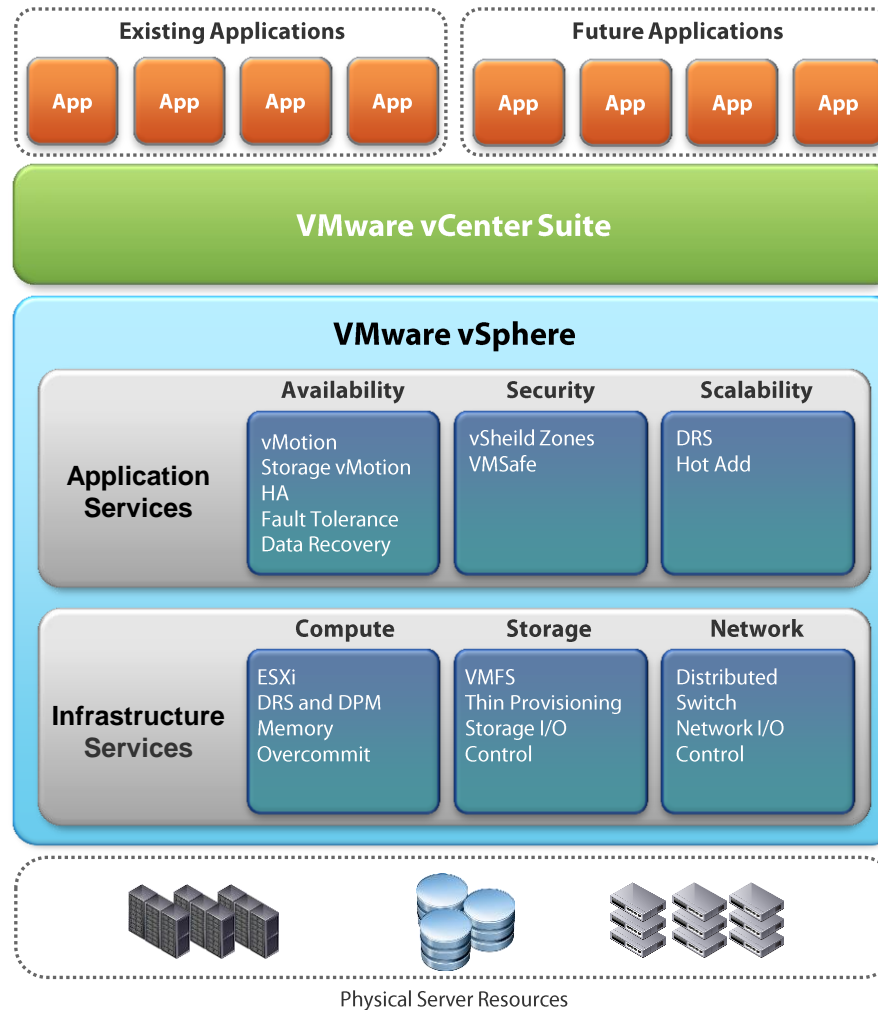
- **Type 2 Hypervisor**

- Loaded in an OS running on the hardware
 - Workstation
 - Oracle VM (Virtual Box)
 - Parallels
 - Fusion

Type 1 vs. Type 2 Hypervisors



How You Administer Enterprise Virtualization



Other Types of Virtualization – Desktop, Network, I/O, Storage, and Application

Desktop

I/O

Network

Storage

Application

What We Learned

- Definition of Virtualization
- Server Virtualization
- Definition of a Hypervisor
- Type 1 vs. Type 2 Hypervisors
- How You Administer Enterprise Virtualization
- Other Types of Virtualization