Assignment-4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/satyasm45/Summer−Internship/tree/main/Assignment−4/Codes

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/satyasm45/Summer−Internship/tree/main/Assignment−4

1 Question No. 2.30

Find the equation of the parabola with focus $\begin{pmatrix}2\\0\end{pmatrix}$ and directrix $\begin{pmatrix}1 & 0\end{pmatrix}\mathbf{x} = -2$.

2 Explanation

Definition 1. *A parabola is a curve where any point is at an equal distance from: a fixed point (the focus* $\mathbf{F}$ *), and. a fixed straight line (the directrix* $\mathbf{n}^T\mathbf{x} = c$*).*

Theorem 2.1. *Let* $\mathbf{x}$ *lie on the parabola and* $\mathbf{P}$ *lie on the directrix.From definition 1 we can easily write:*

$$\|\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{F}\|^2 = \frac{((\mathbf{P}-\mathbf{x})^T\mathbf{n})^2}{\|\mathbf{n}\|^2} \tag{2.0.1}$$

Here.

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix}2\\0\end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix}1\\0\end{pmatrix}, c = -2 \tag{2.0.2}$$

Let $\lambda = \|\mathbf{n}\|^2$.Now using Theorem 2.1:

$$\lambda\|\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{F}\|^2 = (\mathbf{P}^T\mathbf{n}-\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n})^2 \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$\lambda\|\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{F}\|^2 = (c-\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n})^2 \quad \left(\because \mathbf{n}^T\mathbf{P} = c\right) \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\lambda(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{F})^T(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{F}) = (c-\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n})^2 \tag{2.0.5}$$

$$\lambda(\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{x} - 2\mathbf{F}^T\mathbf{x} + \|\mathbf{F}\|^2) = c^2 + (\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n})^2 - 2c\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\lambda\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{x} - (\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n})^2 - 2\lambda\mathbf{F}^T\mathbf{x} + 2c\mathbf{n}^T\mathbf{x} = c^2 - \lambda\|\mathbf{F}\|^2 \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\lambda\mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{I}\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^T\mathbf{n}\mathbf{n}^T\mathbf{x} + 2(c\mathbf{n}-\lambda\mathbf{F})^T\mathbf{x} = c^2 - \lambda\|\mathbf{F}\|^2 \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$\mathbf{x}^T(\lambda\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{n}\mathbf{n}^T)\mathbf{x} + 2(c\mathbf{n}-\lambda\mathbf{F})^T\mathbf{x} + \lambda\|\mathbf{F}\|^2 - c^2 = 0 \tag{2.0.9}$$

So the general equation of parabola based on the known values is given by (2.0.9). Substituting values of $\mathbf{F}, \mathbf{n}$ and c from(2.0.2) and using $\lambda = \|\mathbf{n}\|^2$:

$$\mathbf{x}^T\left(\begin{pmatrix}1 & 0\\0 & 1\end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix}1\\0\end{pmatrix}\begin{pmatrix}1 & 0\end{pmatrix}\right)\mathbf{x} + 2\begin{pmatrix}-4 & 0\end{pmatrix}\mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\mathbf{x}^T\begin{pmatrix}0 & 0\\0 & 1\end{pmatrix}\mathbf{x} + 2\begin{pmatrix}-4 & 0\end{pmatrix}\mathbf{x} + 0 = 0 \tag{2.0.11}$$

Replacing $\mathbf{x}$ by $\begin{pmatrix}x\\y\end{pmatrix}$ in (2.0.11) gives:

$$y^2 = 8x \tag{2.0.12}$$

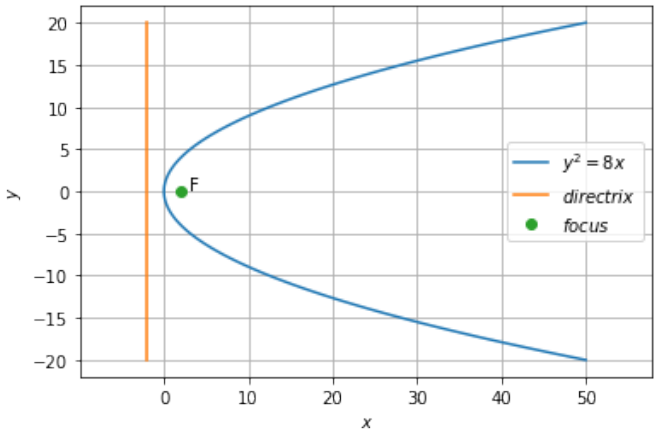

Fig. 2.1: Parabola $y^2 = 8x$