Run

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Grade received 100% Latest Submission Grade 100% To pass 80% or higher

2-Approximation

Quiz • 2h 2m

Review Learning Objectives

1. Implement an approximation algorithm for the Traveling Salesman problem, which outputs a solution which is a 2-approximation of the optimal weight.

1/1 point

		p			
Ø 9	ubmit	your	ssignment		
Due	Jan 15,	1 11:59 F	import networkx as r HST	ıx	
		3	# This function take	es as input a graph g.	
		4		lete (i.e., each pair of d <u>i</u> stinct vertices is connected by an edge),	
		5	<pre># undirected (i.e.,</pre>	the edge from u to v has the same weight as the edge from v to u),	
		6	# and has no self-lo	pops (i.e., there are no edges from i to i).	
		7	#		
_		8	# The function shoul	ld return a 2-approximation of an optimal Hamiltonian cycle.	
y F	eceive	gfade			
		10	def approximation(g)):	
o Pa	s 80%	d nhig	er # n is the numbe	er of vertices.	
		12	n = g.number_of_	_nodes()	
		13			
our	grade	14	# You might want	t to use the function "nx.minimum_spanning_tree(g)"	
		1 5	# which returns	a Minimum Spanning Tree of the graph g	
LU()%	16			
		17	# You also might	t want to use the command "list(nx.dfs_preorder_nodes(graph, 0))"	
		18	# which gives a	list of vertices of the given graph in depth-first preorder.	
,	/iew Fe	19 eggba	K cycle = list(ny	.dfs preorder nodes(nx.minimum spanning tree(g), 0)) + [0]	

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	Good job!				

cycle = list(nx.dfs_preorder_nodes(nx.minimum_spanning_tree(g), 0)) + [0]