## **EMBEDDING**

CLASS torch.nn.Embedding(num\_embeddings, embedding\_dim, padding\_idx=None, max\_norm=None, norm\_type=2.0, scale\_grad\_by\_freq=False, sparse=False, \_weight=None, device=None, dtype=None) [SOURCE]

A simple lookup table that stores embeddings of a fixed dictionary and size.

This module is often used to store word embeddings and retrieve them using indices. The input to the module is a list of indices, and the output is the corresponding word embeddings.

### Parameters

- num\_embeddings (int) size of the dictionary of embeddings
- embedding\_dim (int) the size of each embedding vector
- padding\_idx (int, optional) If specified, the entries at padding\_idx do not contribute to the gradient; therefore, the embedding vector at padding\_idx is not updated during training, i.e. it remains as a fixed "pad". For a newly constructed Embedding, the embedding vector at padding\_idx will default to all zeros, but can be updated to another value to be used as the padding vector.
- max\_norm (float, optional) If given, each embedding vector with norm larger than max\_norm is renormalized to have norm max\_norm.
- **norm\_type** (*float*, *optional*) The p of the p-norm to compute for the max\_norm option. Default 2.
- scale\_grad\_by\_freq (boolean, optional) If given, this will scale gradients by the inverse of frequency of the words in the mini-batch. Default False .
- sparse (bool, optional) If True, gradient w.r.t. weight matrix will be a sparse tensor. See Notes for more details regarding sparse gradients.

#### Variables

**~Embedding.weight** (*Tensor*) – the learnable weights of the module of shape (num\_embeddings, embedding\_dim) initialized from  $\mathcal{N}(0,1)$ 

### Shape:

- Input: (\*), IntTensor or LongTensor of arbitrary shape containing the indices to extract
- ullet Output: (st,H) , where st is the input shape and  $H=\mathrm{embedding\_dim}$

# • NOTE

Keep in mind that only a limited number of optimizers support sparse gradients: currently it's optim.SGD (CUDA and CPU), optim.SparseAdam (CUDA and CPU) and optim.Adagrad (CPU)

## • NOTE

When max\_norm is not None, Embedding's forward method will modify the weight tensor in-place. Since tensors needed for gradient computations cannot be modified in-place, performing a differentiable operation on Embedding.weight before calling Embedding's forward method requires cloning Embedding.weight when max\_norm is not None. For example:

```
n, d, m = 3, 5, 7
embedding = nn.Embedding(n, d, max_norm=True)
W = torch.randn((m, d), requires_grad=True)
idx = torch.tensor([1, 2])
a = embedding.weight.clone() @ W.t() # weight must be cloned for this to be differentiable
b = embedding(idx) @ W.t() # modifies weight in-place
out = (a.unsqueeze(0) + b.unsqueeze(1))
loss = out.sigmoid().prod()
loss.backward()
```

Examples:

```
>>> # an Embedding module containing 10 tensors of size 3
>>> embedding = nn.Embedding(10, 3)
>>> # a batch of 2 samples of 4 indices each
>>> input = torch.LongTensor([[1,2,4,5],[4,3,2,9]])
>>> embedding(input)
tensor([[[-0.0251, -1.6902, 0.7172],
        [-0.6431, 0.0748, 0.6969],
        [ 1.4970, 1.3448, -0.9685],
        [-0.3677, -2.7265, -0.1685]],
       [[ 1.4970, 1.3448, -0.9685],
        [ 0.4362, -0.4004, 0.9400],
        [-0.6431, 0.0748, 0.6969],
         [ 0.9124, -2.3616, 1.1151]])
>>> # example with padding_idx
>>> embedding = nn.Embedding(10, 3, padding_idx=0)
>>> input = torch.LongTensor([[0,2,0,5]])
>>> embedding(input)
tensor([[[ 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000],
        [ 0.1535, -2.0309, 0.9315],
         [ 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000],
         [-0.1655, 0.9897, 0.0635]]])
>>> # example of changing `pad` vector
>>> padding_idx = 0
>>> embedding = nn.Embedding(3, 3, padding_idx=padding_idx)
>>> embedding.weight
Parameter containing:
tensor([[ 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000],
       [-0.7895, -0.7089, -0.0364],
       [ 0.6778, 0.5803, 0.2678]], requires_grad=True)
>>> with torch.no_grad():
       embedding.weight[padding_idx] = torch.ones(3)
>>> embedding.weight
Parameter containing:
tensor([[ 1.0000, 1.0000, 1.0000],
       [-0.7895, -0.7089, -0.0364],
       [ 0.6778, 0.5803, 0.2678]], requires_grad=True)
```

CLASSMETHOD from\_pretrained(embeddings, freeze=True, padding\_idx=None, max\_norm=None, norm\_type=2.0, scale\_grad\_by\_freq=False, sparse=False) [SOURCE]

Creates Embedding instance from given 2-dimensional FloatTensor.

## Parameters

- **embeddings** (*Tensor*) FloatTensor containing weights for the Embedding. First dimension is being passed to Embedding as num\_embeddings, second as embedding\_dim.
- freeze (boolean, optional) If True, the tensor does not get updated in the learning process. Equivalent to embedding.weight.requires\_grad = False.

  Default: True
- **padding\_idx** (*int*, *optional*) If specified, the entries at padding\_idx do not contribute to the gradient; therefore, the embedding vector at padding\_idx is not updated during training, i.e. it remains as a fixed "pad".
- max\_norm (float, optional) See module initialization documentation.
- norm\_type (float, optional) See module initialization documentation. Default 2.
- $\bullet \quad \textbf{scale\_grad\_by\_freq} \ (\textit{boolean}, \textit{optional}) \mathsf{See} \ \mathsf{module} \ \mathsf{initialization} \ \mathsf{documentation}. \ \mathsf{Default} \ \ \mathsf{False} \ .$
- sparse (bool, optional) See module initialization documentation.

## Examples:

```
>>> # FloatTensor containing pretrained weights
>>> weight = torch.FloatTensor([[1, 2.3, 3], [4, 5.1, 6.3]])
>>> embedding = nn.Embedding.from_pretrained(weight)
>>> # Get embeddings for index 1
>>> input = torch.LongTensor([1])
>>> embedding(input)
tensor([[ 4.0000, 5.1000, 6.3000]])
```

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