

# Advice from a magician — a view from a sample point

Events  $A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n$

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$$X_j = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } A_j \text{ occurs,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad S_k := \sum_{1 \leq j_1 < j_2 < \dots < j_k \leq n} \mathbf{P}(A_{j_1} \cap A_{j_2} \cap \dots \cap A_{j_k}) \quad (1 \leq k \leq n)$$

Inclusion–exclusion: The distribution of the number of occurrences of  $A_1, \dots, A_n$  is given by

$$\mathbf{P}\{X_1 + \dots + X_n = k\} = \binom{k}{k} S_k - \binom{k+1}{k} S_{k+1} + \dots + (-1)^j \binom{k+j}{k} S_{k+j} + \dots + (-1)^{n-k} S_n$$

Fix any  $k$  and select any sample point  $\omega$ .

How much does  $\omega$  contribute to the left and to the right of the equation?

The selected sample point  $\omega$  will lie in a certain number, say,  $l$  of the sets  $A_j$ :

- ✦ Identify the sets: suppose  $\omega$  is in  $A_{j_1}, A_{j_2}, \dots, A_{j_l}$ .
- ✦ Then  $X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n = l$ .
- ✦ Three cases: (1)  $l < k$ . (2)  $l = k$ . (3)  $l > k$ .