Introduction to Week Two

Root-Finding Methods

Order of Convergence

Root Finding in MATLAB

Quiz

Programming Assignment: Computation of the Feigenbaum Delta

- Video: Feigenbaum Delta (Part A) | Lecture 21
- Reading: Compute the Value of m in the Period-Two Cycle
- Video: Feigenbaum Delta (Part B) | Lecture 22

1 min

- Video: Feigenbaum Delta (Part C) | Lecture 23
- Ungraded External Tool:
 Computation of the Feigenbaum
 Delta (audit)
- Reading: Reference Solution to "Computation of the Feigenbaum Delta (audit)"

 1 min
- Graded External Tool:
 Computation of the Feigenbaum
 Delta
 1h
- Reading: Reference Solution to "Computation of the Feigenbaum Delta"

1 min

Reference Solution to "Computation of the Feigenbaum Delta (audit)"

n=0; m(1+n)=2; %analytic n=1; m(1+n)=1+sqrt(5); %analytic delta=zeros(1,11); delta(1)=5;for n=2:num_doublings N=2^n; mu=m(n)+(m(n)-m(n-1))/delta(n-1); %initial guess for m(1+n)for i=1:num_newton %Newton's iteration x=1/2; y=0;for j=1:N $y=x^{*}(1-x) + mu^{*}y^{*}(1-2^{*}x);$ $x=mu^*x^*(1-x);$ Delta = (x-1/2)/y; %Newton's method mu = mu - Delta; end m(1+n)=mu; delta(n)=(m(n)-m(n-1))/(m(n+1)-m(n));end % Output your results $fprintf('n delta(n)\n');$ for n=1:num_doublings fprintf('%2g %18.15f\n',n,delta(n)); end

num_doublings=11; num_newton=10;

✓ Completed

Go to next item



 \bigcirc Dislike

Report an issue