course_4_project

Due: 2019-02-04 15:17:00

Description: Final Project for Course 4 - Wheel of Python

Questions

Not yet graded

Score: 0 of 3 = 0.0%

This project will take you through the process of implementing a simplified version of the game *Wheel of Fortune*. Here are the rules of our game:

- There are num_human human players and num_computer computer players.
 - Every player has some amount of money (\$0 at the start of the game)
 - Every player has a set of prizes (none at the start of the game)
- The goal is to guess a phrase within a category. For example:
 - Category: Artist & Song
 - Phrase: Whitney Houston's I Will Always Love You
- Players see the category and an obscured version of the phrase where every alphanumeric character in the phrase starts out as hidden (using underscores: _):

0	Category: Artist & Song			
0	Phrase:	 	 	

- Note that case (capitalization) does not matter
- During their turn, every player spins the wheel to determine a prize amount and:
 - If the wheel lands on a cash square, players may do one of three actions:
 - Guess any letter that hasn't been guessed by typing a letter (a-z)
 - Vowels (a, e, i, o, u) cost \$250 to guess and can't be guessed if the player doesn't have enough money. All other letters are "free" to guess
 - The player can guess any letter that hasn't been guessed and gets that cash amount for every time that letter appears in the phrase
 - If there is a prize, the user also gets that prize (in addition to any prizes they already had)
 - If the letter does appear in the phrase, the user keeps their turn. Otherwise, it's the next player's turn
 - Example: The user lands on \$500 and guesses 'W'
 - There are three W's in the phrase, so the player wins \$1500
 - Guess the complete phrase by typing a phrase (anything over one character that isn't 'pass')
 - If they are correct, they win the game
 - If they are incorrect, it is the next player's turn

- Pass their turn by entering 'pass'
- If the wheel lands on "**lose a turn**", the player loses their turn and the game moves on to the next player
- If the wheel lands on "bankrupt", the player loses their turn and loses their money but they keep all of the prizes they have won so far.
- The game continues until the entire phrase is revealed (or one player guesses the complete phrase)

First, let's learn about a few functions and methods that we'll use along the way to do this project. There are no questions to answer in the next four active code windows. They are just here to introduce you to some functions and methods that you may not be aware of. The active code window that starts with "Part A" is where you are first asked to complete code.

The time.sleep(s) function (from the time module) delays execution of the next line of code for s seconds. You'll find that we can build a little suspense during gameplay with some well-placed delays. The game can also be easier for users to understand if not everything happens instantly.

```
Save & Run 11/10/2020, 11:40:41 AM - 2 of 2

1 import time
2 for x in range(2, 6):
4 print('Sleep {} seconds..'.format(x))
5 time.sleep(x) # "Sleep" for x seconds
6 print('Done!')
7

Sleep 2 seconds..

ActiveCode (wof_ac_sleep)
```

Not yet graded

The random module includes several useful methods for generating and using random numbers, including:

random.randint(min, max) generates a random number between min and max (inclusive)

random.choice(L) selects a random item from the list L

```
11/10/2020, 11:40:46 AM - 2 of 2
                           Save & Run
 1 import random
 2
 3 rand_number = random.randint(1, 10)
 4 print('Random number between 1 and 10: {}'.format(rand_number))
 6 letters = [letter for letter in 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ']
 7 rand_letter = random.choice(letters)
 8 print('Random letter: {}'.format(rand_letter))
 9
Random number between 1 and 10: 8
Random letter: Z
Sleep 3 seconds..
                                    ActiveCode (wof_ac_rand)
```

Not yet graded

There are also several string methods that we haven't gone over in detail but will use for this project:

- .upper() converts a string to uppercase (the opposite is .lower())
- .count(s) counts how many times the string s occurs inside of a larger string

```
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myString = 'Hello, World! 123'

print(myString.upper()) # HELLO, WORLD! 123

print(myString.lower()) # hello, world! 123

print(myString.count('l')) # 3

s = 'python is pythonic'

print(s.count('python')) # 2
```

```
HELLO, WORLD! 123
hello, world! 123
3
2
```

ActiveCode (wof ac str)

Not yet graded

We're going to define a few useful methods for you:

- getNumberBetween(prompt, min, max)) repeatedly asks the user for a number between min and max with the prompt
- spinWheel() simulates spinning the wheel and returns a dictionary with a random prize
- getRandomCategoryAndPhrase() returns a tuple with a random category and phrase for players to guess
- obscurePhrase(phrase, guessed) returns a tuple with a random category and phrase for players to guess

Take some time to read their implementations below.

```
Save & Run
                                         11/10/2020, 11:49:43 AM - 2 of 2
 1 import json
 2 import random
 3 import time
 4
 5 LETTERS = 'ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
 6
 7 # Repeatedly asks the user for a number between min & max (inclusive)
 8 def getNumberBetween(prompt, min, max):
9
       userinp = input(prompt) # ask the first time
10
       while True:
11
12
           try:
                n = int(userinp) # try casting to an integer
13
                if n < min:</pre>
14
15
```

```
getRandomCategoryAndPhrase()
 -> ('Places', 'THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE EARTH')
____
obscurePhrase('THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE EARTH', ['K', 'L', 'Z', 'N', 'H', 'V', 'A', 'C', 'Y'])
 -> _H_ ___ C__N__ _ _H_ _A__H
----
showBoard('THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE EARTH', '_H_ ___ C_N_ _ _ _H_ _A_H', ['K','L','Z','N','H','V']
Category: THE FOUR CORNERS OF THE EARTH
Phrase:
         _H_ ___ C__N__ __ _H_ _A__H
Guessed: A, C, H, K, L, N, V, Y, Z
____
Spinning the wheel 5 times (normally this would just be done once per turn)
spinWheel()
{'type': 'cash', 'text': '$600', 'value': 600, 'prize': False}
spinWheel()
{'type': 'cash', 'text': '$900', 'value': 900, 'prize': False}
spinWheel()
{'type': 'cash', 'text': '$700', 'value': 700, 'prize': False}
--
spinWheel()
{'type': 'cash', 'text': '$800', 'value': 800, 'prize': False}
spinWheel()
{'type': 'cash', 'text': '$650', 'value': 650, 'prize': 'A brand new car!'}
In 2 seconds, will run getNumberBetween('Testing getNumberBetween(). Enter a number between 1 and 10
Sleep 4 seconds..
Sleep 5 seconds..
Done!
```

Part A: WOFPlayer

We're going to start by defining a class to represent a Wheel of Fortune player, called WOFPlayer. Every instance of WOFPlayer has three instance variables:

- .name: The name of the player (should be passed into the constructor)
- .prizeMoney: The amount of prize money for this player (an integer, initialized to 0)
- .prizes : The prizes this player has won so far (a list, initialized to [])

Of these instance variables, only name should be passed into the constructor.

It should also have the following methods (note: we will exclude self in our descriptions):

- .addMoney(amt): Add amt to self.prizeMoney
- .goBankrupt(): Set self.prizeMoney to 0
- .addPrize(prize): Append prize to self.prizes
- .__str__() : Returns the player's name and prize money in the following format:
 - o Steve (\$1800) (for a player with instance variables .name == 'Steve' and prizeMoney ==
 1800)

Part B: WOFHumanPlayer

Next, we're going to define a class named <code>WOFHumanPlayer</code>, which should inherit from <code>WOFPlayer</code> (part A). This class is going to represent a human player. In addition to having all of the instance variables and methods that <code>WOFPlayer</code> has, <code>WOFHumanPlayer</code> should have an additional method:

• .getMove(category, obscuredPhrase, guessed): Should ask the user to enter a move (using input()) and return whatever string they entered.

.getMove() 's prompt should be:

```
{name} has ${prizeMoney}

Category: {category}
Phrase: {obscured_phrase}
Guessed: {guessed}

Guess a letter, phrase, or type 'exit' or 'pass':
```

For example:

```
Steve has $200

Category: Places
Phrase: _L__ER N___N_L P_RK
Guessed: B, E, K, L, N, P, R, X, Z
Guess a letter, phrase, or type 'exit' or 'pass':
```

The user can then enter:

- 'exit' to exit the game
- 'pass' to skip their turn

- a single character to guess that letter
- a complete phrase (a multi-character phrase other than 'exit' or 'pass') to guess that phrase

Note that .getMove() **does not** need to enforce anything about the user's input; that will be done via the game logic that we define in the next ActiveCode window.

Part C: WOFComputerPlayer

Finally, we're going to define a class named WOFComputerPlayer, which should inherit from WOFPlayer (part A). This class is going to represent a computer player.

Every computer player will have a difficulty instance variable. Players with a higher difficulty generally play "better". There are many ways to implement this. We'll do the following:

- If there aren't any possible letters to choose (for example: if the last character is a vowel but this player doesn't have enough to guess a vowel), we'll 'pass'
- Otherwise, semi-randomly decide whether to make a "good" move or a "bad" move on a
 given turn (a higher difficulty should make it more likely for the player to make a "good"
 move)
 - To make a "bad" move, we'll randomly decide on a possible letter.
 - To make a "good" move, we'll choose a letter according to their overall frequency in the English language.

In addition to having all of the instance variables and methods that WOFPlayer has, WOFComputerPlayer should have:

Class variable

• .SORTED_FREQUENCIES: Should be set to 'ZQXJKVBPYGFWMUCLDRHSNIOATE', which is a list of English characters sorted from least frequent ('Z') to most frequent ('E'). We'll use this when trying to make a "good" move.

Additional Instance variable

• .difficulty: The level of difficulty for this computer (should be passed as the second argument into the constructor after .name)

Methods

- .smartCoinFlip(): This method will help us decide semi-randomly whether to make a "good" or "bad" move. A higher difficulty should make us more likely to make a "good" move. Implement this by choosing a random number between 1 and 10 using random.randint(1, 10) (see above) and returning True if that random number is greater than self.difficulty. If the random number is less than or equal to self.difficulty, return False.
- .getPossibleLetters(guessed): This method should return a list of letters that can be guessed.
 - These should be characters that are in LETTERS ('ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ') but **not** in the guessed parameter.
 - Additionally, if this player doesn't have enough prize money to guess a vowel (variable VOWEL_COST set to 250), then vowels (variable VOWELS set to 'AEIOU') should **not** be included
- .getMove(category, obscuredPhrase, guessed): Should return a valid move.
 - Use the .getPossibleLetters(guessed) method described above.
 - If there aren't any letters that can be guessed (this can happen if the only letters left to guess
 are vowels and the player doesn't have enough for vowels), return 'pass'
 - Use the .smartCoinFlip() method to decide whether to make a "good" or a "bad" move

- If making a "good" move (.smartCoinFlip() returns True), then return the most frequent (highest index in .SORTED_FREQUENCIES) possible character
- If making a "bad" move (.smartCoinFlip() returns False), then return a random character from the set of possible characters (use random.choice())

Save & Run 11/10/2020, 11:00:46 PM - 8 of 8

```
45
           possible_letters = set(self.SORTED_FREQUENCIES) - set(guessed)
           if self.prizeMoney < VOWEL_COST:</pre>
46
               possible_letters = possible_letters - set(VOWELS)
47
48
           return list(possible_letters)
49
       def getMove(self, category, obscuredPhrase, guessed):
50
51
           available_letters = self.getPossibleLetters(guessed)
52
           if len(available_letters) == 0:
               return 'pass'
53
           if self.smartCoinFlip():
54
55
               return sorted(available_letters, key=WOFComputerPlayer.SORTED_FREQUENCIES.i
           return random.choice(available_letters)
56
57
58
```

ActiveCode (wof ac wof player)

Result	Actual Value	Expected Value	Notes
Court	Actual Value	Expedica value	Testing that the name instance variable was set
Pass	'Steve'	'Steve'	•
			correctly
Pass	'Paul'	'Paul'	Testing that the name instance variable was set
			correctly
Pass	0	0	Testing that prizeMoney was initialized to 0
Pass	0	0	Testing that prizeMoney was initialized to 0
Pass	0	[]	Testing that prizes was initialized to []
Pass	0	[]	Testing that prizes was initialized to []
Pass	500	500	Testing that .addMoney modifies .prizeMoney
Pass	0	0	Testing that .addMoney does not modify
Fa55			.prizeMoney for other instances
Pass	None	None	Testing that .addMoney returns None
Pass	700	700 700	Testing that .addMoney adds .prizeMoney
Pass			(rather than just setting it)
Daar	s 0	0	Testing that .addMoney does not modify
Pass		0	.prizeMoney for other instances
Pass	700	700	Testing that .addMoney does not modify
			.prizeMoney for the wrong instance
Pass	800	800	Testing that .addMoney works
Pass	0	0	Testing that .goBankrupt works
Pass	None	None	Testing that .goBankrupt returns None

Pass	800	800	Testing that .goBankrupt only affects the correct instance				
Pass	['prize1']	['prize1']	Testing that .addPrize correctly adds prizes to self.prizes				
Pass	0	0	Testing that .addPrize only affects the correct instance				
Pass	['prize2']	['prize2']	Testing that .addPrize correctly adds prizes to self.prizes	Expand Differences			
Pass	0	0	Testing that .addPrize only affects the correct instance				
Pass	None	None	Testing that .addPrize returns None				
Pass	['prize2']	['prize2']	Testing that .addPrize correctly adds prizes to self.prizes	Expand Differences			
Pass	['prize3']	['prize3']	Testing that .addPrize correctly adds prizes to self.prizes				
Pass	200	200	Testing .goBankrupt()				
Pass	0	0	Testing .goBankrupt()				
Pass	['prize2']	['prize2']	Testing that .goBankrupt didn't affect prizes	Expand Differences			
Pass	['prize3']	['prize3']	Testing that .goBankrupt didn't affect prizes				
Pass	'Steve (\$200)'	'Steve (\$200)'	Testingstr				
Pass	True	True	Testing that WOFHumanPlayer inherits from WOFPlayer				
Pass	'p'	'p'	Testing that the name was correctly set				
Pass	0	0	Testing that the prizeMoney was correctly set				
Pass	[]	0	Testing that the prizes was correctly set				
Pass	True	True	Testing that WOFComputerPlayer inherits from WOFPlayer				
Pass	'c'	'c'	Testing that the name was correctly set				
Pass	5	5	Testing that the difficulty was correctly set				
Pass	0	0	Testing that the prizeMoney was correctly set				
Pass	[]		Testing that the prizes was correctly set				
Pass	'ZQXJKIOATE'	'ZQXJKIOATE'	Testing that WOFComputerPlayer.SORTED_FREQUENCIES was correctly set	Expand Differences			
Pass	'ZQXJKIOATE'	'ZQXJKIOATE'	Testing that WOFComputerPlayer.SORTED_FREQUENCIES was set as a class variable	Expand Differences			
Pass	9999	9999	Testing that the prizeMoney was correctly set				
Pass	0	0	Testing that the prizeMoney was correctly set				
Pass	False	False	Guessed a vowel when there wasn't enough prizeMoney				
Pass	'pass'	'pass'	When there aren't any possible moves, getMove() should return 'pass'				
You passed: 100.0% of the tests							

Putting it together: Wheel of Python

Below is the game logic for the rest of the "Wheel of Python" game. We have implemented most of the game logic. **Start by carefully reading this code and double checking that it all makes sense**. Then, paste your code from the previous code window in the correct places below.

Note 1: we added the following code to ensure that the Python interpreter gives our game time to run:

```
import sys
sys.setExecutionLimit(600000)
```

sys.setExecutionLimit(ms) says that we should be able to run our program for ms milliseconds before it gets stopped automatically.

Note 2: As you play, you will need to keep scrolling down to follow the game.

```
11/10/2020, 11:02:45 PM - 2 of 2
                           Save & Run
16
       def __str__(self):
17
           return '{} (${})'.format(self.name, self.prizeMoney)
18
19
20 # PASTE YOUR WOFHumanPlayer CLASS (from part B) HERE
21 class WOFHumanPlayer(WOFPlayer):
22
       def getMove(self, category, obscuredPhrase, guessed):
           print('{} has ${}'.format(self.name, self.prizeMoney))
23
           print('Category: {}'.format(category))
24
25
           print('Phrase: {}'.format(obscuredPhrase))
           print('Guessed: {}'.format(guessed))
26
           return input("Guess a letter, phrase, or type 'exit' or 'pass':")
27
28
29
```

===========
WHEEL OF PYTHON
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed:
Sandipan spins
Bankrupt!

Catalana
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed:
Computer 1 spins
One Million!
Computer 1 guesses "B"
There is no B
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed: B
Sandipan spins
\$700!
Sandipan has \$0
•
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed: ['B']
Need \$250 to guess a vowel. Try again.
Sandipan has \$0
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed: ['B']
Need \$250 to guess a vowel. Try again.
Sandipan has \$0
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed: ['B']
Need \$250 to guess a vowel. Try again.
Sandipan has \$0
Category: Phrase
Phrase:'
Guessed: ['B']
Sandipan guesses "N"
There are 2 N's
Category: Phrase

Phrase:	'_ N	N		
Guessed:	B, N			
Sandipan	spins			
\$900!	•			
_ ·	has \$1400			
Category:				
		NI.		
	'_ N	N		
	['B', 'N']			
	guesses "P"			
There is	one P			
Category:	: Phrase			
	'_ N	N	Р	
	B, N, P			
	-,, .			
Sandipan	cninc			
\$950!	эртпэ			
	h #2200			
	has \$2300			
Category:			_	
Phrase: _	'_ N	N	^P	
	['B', 'N', '	P']		
	guesses "X"			
There is	no X			
Category:	: Phrase			
	'_ N	N	Р	
	B, N, P, X			
Cuessear	2,, . ,			
Computer	1 spins			
\$600!	1 3p1113			
	1 guassas "T	ш		
	1 guesses "T			
There are	2 1 5			
Category:				
	T' N		PT	
Guessed:	B, N, P, T,	Χ		
Computer	1 spins			
\$800!				
	1 guesses "E	"		
There are				
	_			
				
Ca+	. Dhwa			
Category:				
	T' NE		_tPT	
Guessed:	B, E, N, P,	T, X		
1	1 spins			
\$700!				
Computer	1 guesses "W	II .		

```
There is no W
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'_ N_ _E ___N_ _E_ _P_T ___
Guessed: B, E, N, P, T, W, X
Sandipan spins...
$600!
Sandipan has $2300
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'_ N_ _E ___N_ _E_ _P__T _
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W']
T has already been guessed. Try again.
Sandipan has $2300
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'_ N_ _E ___N_ _E_ _P__T __
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W']
Sandipan guesses "R"
There are 2 R's
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'_ N_ _E _R__N_ _ER _P__T ____
Guessed: B, E, N, P, R, T, W, X
Sandipan spins...
$600!
Sandipan has $3500
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'_ N_ __E _R__N_ __ER _P__T __
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R']
Sandipan guesses "S"
There are 3 S's
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'S N_ _SE _R__N_ _ER SP__T ____
Guessed: B, E, N, P, R, S, T, W, X
Sandipan spins...
$700!
Sandipan has $5300
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'S N_ _SE _R__N_ _ER SP__T _
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S']
Sandipan guesses "A"
There is no A
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'S N_ _SE _R__N_ _ER SP__T _
Guessed: A, B, E, N, P, R, S, T, W, X
```

```
$800!
Computer 1 guesses "0"
There are 2 0's
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'S NO _SE _R__N_ O_ER SP__T _
Guessed: A, B, E, N, O, P, R, S, T, W, X
Computer 1 spins...
$600!
Computer 1 guesses "U"
There is one U
Category: Phrase
Phrase: _T'S NO USE _R__N_ O_ER SP__T _
Guessed: A, B, E, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X
Computer 1 spins...
900!
Computer 1 guesses "I"
There are 4 I's
-----
Category: Phrase
         IT'S NO USE _R_IN_ O_ER SPI_T _I__
Guessed: A, B, E, I, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X
Computer 1 spins...
$600!
Computer 1 guesses "H"
There is no H
-----
Category: Phrase
        IT'S NO USE _R_IN_ O_ER SPI_T _I__
Phrase:
Guessed: A, B, E, H, I, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X
Sandipan spins...
One Million!
Sandipan has $5050
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE _R_IN_ O_ER SPI_T _I_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H']
Sandipan guesses "L"
There are 2 L's
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE _R_IN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
```

Guessed: A, B, E, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X

Computer 1 spins...

```
Sandipan spins...
$600!
Sandipan has $2005050
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE _R_IN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L']
Sandipan guesses "C"
There is one C
_____
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CR_IN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X
Sandipan spins...
$900!
Sandipan has $2005650
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CR_IN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C']
Sandipan guesses "Y"
There is one Y
Category: Phrase
         IT'S NO USE CRYIN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
Phrase:
Guessed: A, B, C, E, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X, Y
Sandipan spins...
$700!
Sandipan has $2006550
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYIN_ O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C', 'Y']
Sandipan guesses "G"
There is one G
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, G, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, W, X, Y
Sandipan spins...
$600!
Sandipan has $2007250
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING O_ER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C', 'Y', 'G']
Sandipan guesses "V"
There is one V
```

Category: Phrase

```
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, G, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y
Sandipan spins...
$700!
Sandipan has $2007850
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C', 'Y', 'G',
Sandipan guesses "F"
There is no F
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y
Computer 1 spins...
$600!
Computer 1 guesses "J"
There is no J
-----
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I, J, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y
Sandipan spins...
Bankrupt!
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, E, F, G, H, I, J, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y
Computer 1 spins...
One Million!
Computer 1 guesses "D"
There is no D
Category: Phrase
Phrase:
         IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y
Sandipan spins...
$700!
Sandipan has $0
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _IL_
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C', 'Y', 'G',
Sandipan guesses "K"
There is one K
```

Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _ILK
Guessed: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, N, O, P, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y

Sandipan spins...
\$600!
Sandipan has \$700
Category: Phrase
Phrase: IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT _ILK
Guessed: ['B', 'N', 'P', 'X', 'T', 'E', 'W', 'R', 'S', 'A', 'O', 'U', 'I', 'H', 'L', 'C', 'Y', 'G', Sandipan guesses "M"
There is one M
Sandipan wins! The phrase was IT'S NO USE CRYING OVER SPILT MILK
Sandipan won \$1300

ActiveCode (wof_ac_final)

Score Me

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