### Feedback — Quiz: Week Three

Help Center

You submitted this quiz on **Wed 27 May 2015 11:09 PM PDT**. You got a score of **6.00** out of **6.00**.

# **Question 1**

Which of the following values can be used to compute the confidence interval (CI) for the probability:

Select all that apply

| Your<br>Answer   | S   | Score  | Explanation   |
|--|-----|--------|---|
| Standard Error of Logit                                  | ✔ 0 | ).20   | To directly calculate the CI of the logit, you need the <b>standard error</b> and estimation of the logit, as well as the significance level (otherwise known as alpha) to calculate the standard (Z) score.  |
| Variance of Logit  | ✔ 0 | ).20   | <b>Variance</b> can also be used in calculations of the CI of the logit as the square root of the variance is the standard error.   |
| <ul><li>The</li><li>Information</li><li>Matrix</li></ul> | ✔ 0 | ).20   | The inverse of <b>the information matrix</b> is also the variance of the logit, and thus can be used to calculate the standard error as well.   |
| Significance Level                                       | ✔ 0 | ).20   | To directly calculate the CI of the logit, you need the standard error and estimation of the logit, as well as the <b>significance level</b> (otherwise known as alpha) to calculate the standard (Z) score.  |
| Estimation of Log  | ✔ 0 | ).20   | To directly calculate the CI of the logit, you need the standard error and <b>estimation of the logit</b> , as well as the significance level (otherwise known as alpha) to calculate the standard (Z) score. |
| Total  |     | 1.00 / |   |

# **Question 2**

Consider whether the following statement is true or false:

Interpretation of the coefficient is concerned with the definition of the unit change for the dependent variables.

(please answer True or False below)

| Your<br>Answer         |   | Score          | Explanation   |
|------------------------|---|----------------|---|
| <ul><li>True</li></ul> |   |                |   |
| False                  | ~ | 1.00           | Nice work! You got it correct!  The interpretation of the coefficient would be concerned with the definition of the unit change for the <i>independent</i> variables. |
| Total                  |   | 1.00 /<br>1.00 |   |

### **Question 3**

Consider whether the following statement is true or false:

The link function of linear regression is the identity function (i.e. y=y), whereas the logit is the link function for logistic regression.

(please answer True or False below)

| Your<br>Answer          |          | Score  | Explanation   |
|-------------------------|----------|--------|---|
| True                    | <b>~</b> | 1.00   | Good job! This is correct.  |
|                         |          |        | We know from the definition of linear regression that $\boldsymbol{y}$ is already linear in its parameters. |
| <ul><li>False</li></ul> |          |        |   |
| Total                   |          | 1.00 / |   |
|                         |          | 1.00   |   |

# **Question 4**

Given a binary independent variable and dependent variable within a logistic regression model, which of the following are true :

| Your Answer   |          | Score  | Explanation                 |
|---|----------|--------|-----------------------------|
| The log of the odds ratio is the difference in the logit<br>between exposed and non-exposed groups. | <b>~</b> | 1.00   | Great job! This is correct. |
| The exponent of the coefficient is the log odds ratio   |          |        |                             |
| All of the above  |          |        |                             |
| ○ None of the above   |          |        |                             |
| Total   |          | 1.00 / |                             |
|   |          | 1.00   |                             |

### **Question 5**

Consider the following scenario:

You perform a logistic regression with lymphoma/no lymphoma as the dichotomous outcome, and find that the Odds Ratio = 5, comparing males to females.

Given that there is a **low** prevalence of lymphoma in this population, which of the following is the correct interpretation:

Select the statement below that is most correct.

| Your Answer   |          | Score | Explanation  |
|---|----------|-------|--|
| <ul> <li>Males have 5 times higher risk of<br/>lymphoma than females</li> </ul>     |          |       |  |
| <ul> <li>The odds of lymphoma among<br/>males is 5 times that of females</li> </ul> |          |       |  |
| Both are correct  | <b>~</b> | 1.00  | Nice work! Both are correct.   |
|   |          |       | If the disease is rare, the odds ratio is a good proxy of relative risk. |

Total 1.00 / 1.00

# **Question 6**

Consider whether the following statement is true or false:

When deviation from means coding (-1,1) is used for a dichotomous outcome variable, the coefficient and standard error reported is twice as large as it should be under reference cell coding (0,1).

(please answer True or False below)

| Your<br>Answer          |          | Score          | Explanation  |
|-------------------------|----------|----------------|--|
| <ul><li>True</li></ul>  |          |                |  |
| <ul><li>False</li></ul> | <b>~</b> | 1.00           | Good job, you got it right!  Based on the example we would discover that the coefficient and standard error reported would be <b>half as large</b> . |
| Total                   |          | 1.00 /<br>1.00 |  |