

coursera

**≡** Item Navigation

## Multiple Inhomogeneous Terms

Consider the inhomogeneous linear second-order ode given by

$$\ddot{x}+p(t)\dot{x}+q(t)x=g_1(t)+g_2(t).$$

Show that

$$x(t) = x_h(t) + x_{p_1}(t) + x_{p_2}(t)$$

is the general solution, where  $x_h(t)$  is the general solution to the homogeneous ode,  $x_{p_1}(t)$  is a particular solution for the inhomogeneous ode with only  $g_1(t)$  on the right-hand-side, and  $x_{p_2}(t)$  is a particular solution for the inhomogeneous ode with only  $g_2(t)$  on the right-hand side.



Go to next item



