course_2_assessment_5

Due: 2018-11-25 01:31:00

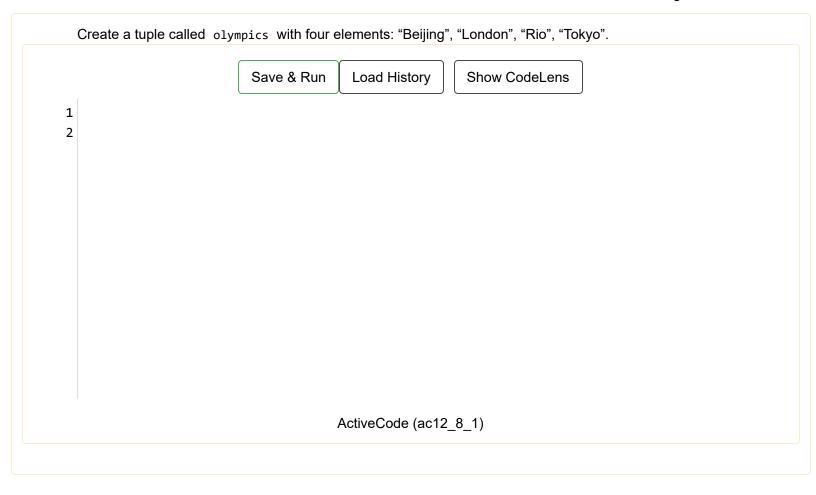
Description: Assessment for Tuples lesson

Score: 5.0 of 5 = 100.0%

Questions

Score: 1.0 / 1

Comment: autograded



Score: 1.0 / 1

Comment: autograded

The list below, tuples_lst, is a list of tuples. Create a list of the second elements of each tuple and assign this list to the variable country.

```
Save & Run Load History Show CodeLens

1
2 tuples_lst = [('Beijing', 'China', 2008), ('London', 'England', 2012), ('Rio', 'Brazil', 2
3
4
```

ActiveCode (ac12_8_2)

Score: 1.0 / 1

Comment: autograded

With only one line of code, assign the variables city , $\operatorname{country}$, and year to the values of the tuple olymp .

```
Save & Run Load History Show CodeLens

1 olymp = ('Rio', 'Brazil', 2016)

3 ActiveCode (ac12_8_3)
```

Score: 1.0 / 1

Comment: autograded

Define a function called info with five parameters: name, gender, age, bday_month, and hometown. The function should then return a tuple with all five parameters in that order.

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1 2 ActiveCode (ac12_8_4)

Score: 1.0 / 1

Comment: autograded

Given is the dictionary, <code>gold</code>, which shows the country and the number of gold medals they have earned so far in the 2016 Olympics. Create a list, <code>num_medals</code>, that contains only the number of medals for each country. You must use the .items() method. Note: The .items() method provides a list of tuples. Do not use .keys() method.

```
Save & Run Load History Show CodeLens

1 gold = {'USA':31, 'Great Britain':19, 'China':19, 'Germany':13, 'Russia':12, 'Japan':10, '
3 4
```

Score Me

ActiveCode (ac12_8_5)