

The expected value of the binomial

$$b(k) = b_n(k; p) = \binom{n}{k} p^k q^{n-k} \quad (k = 0, 1, \dots, n)$$

$$\mu = 0 \cdot b(0) + 1 \cdot b(1) + \dots + k \cdot b(k) + \dots + n \cdot b(n)$$

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$$k \cdot b_n(k; p) = np \cdot b_{n-1}(k-1; p)$$

$$k^2 \cdot b_n(k; p) = n(n-1)p^2 \cdot b_{n-2}(k-2; p) + np \cdot b_{n-1}(k-1; p)$$



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Normalisation:  $\sum_k b_{n-1}(k-1; p) = 1$

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If  $S_n \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$ , then  $\mathbb{E}(S_n) := \mu = np$ .