## **Introduction to Week Five**

## **Initial Value Problems**

- Video: Euler Method | Lecture 48 7 min
- Reading: When the Euler Method is Exact
  10 min
- Video: Modified Euler Method | Lecture 49 9 min
- Reading: When the Modified Euler
  Method is Exact
  10 min
- Video: Runge-Kutta Methods | Lecture 50 12 min
- Video: Second-Order Runge-Kutta
  Methods | Lecture 51
  7 min
- Reading: Ralston's Method 5 min
- Reading: Runge-Kutta Methods and Quadrature Formulas

  10 min
- Video: Higher-Order Runge-Kutta
  Methods | Lecture 52
  10 min
- Reading: Fourth-Order Runge-Kutta
  Method and Simpson's Rule
  10 min

Systems of Differential Equations
Initial Value Problems in MATLAB

**Boundary Value Problems** 

Quiz

Programming Assignment: The Two-Body Problem

## When the Modified Euler Method is Exact

Let  $\dot x=bt$ , with initial condition  $x(0)=x_0$  and b a constant. With  $t=n\Delta t$ , show that the Modified Euler method results in the exact solution

$$x(t)=x_0+rac{1}{2}bt^2.$$

✓ Completed

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