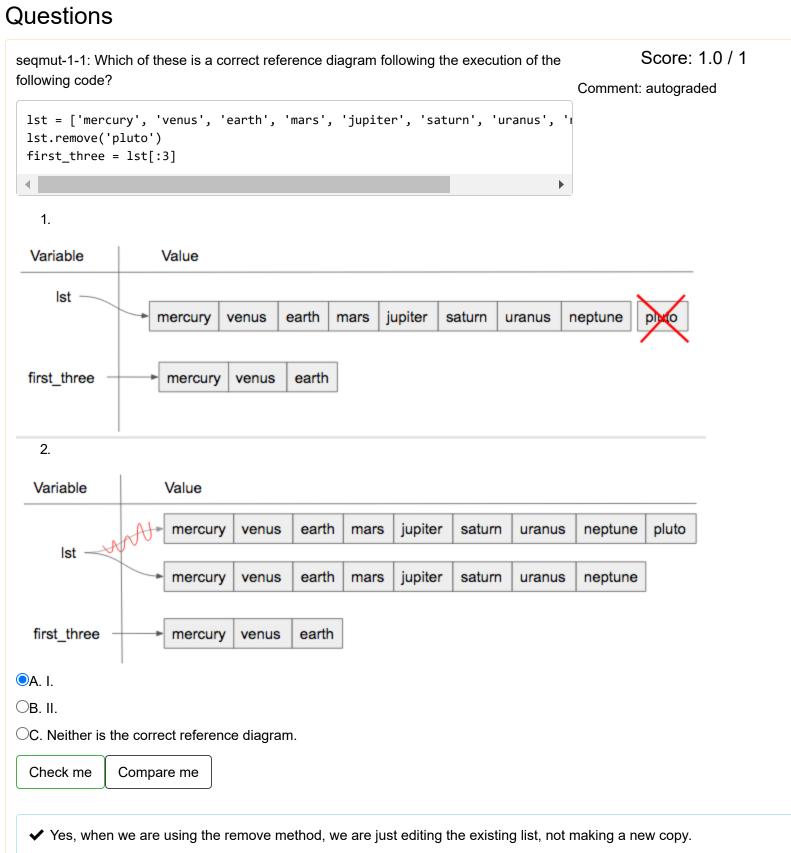
course_1_assessment_11

Score: 11.0 of 11 = 100.0%

Due: 2018-11-25 01:25:00

Description: Assessment for Way of Programmer Week four.



```
Score: 1.0 / 1
seqmut-1-4: What will be the value of a after the following code has executed?
                                                                                     Comment: autograded
 a = ["holiday", "celebrate!"]
 quiet = a
 quiet.append("company")
The value of a will be
  ["holiday", "celebrate!", "con
  Check me
               Compare me
 Good work!
                                       Fill in the Blank (assess_question3_3_1_1)
                                                                                               Score: 1.0 / 1
seqmut-1-5: Could aliasing cause potential confusion in this problem?
                                                                                     Comment: autograded
 b = ['q', 'u', 'i']
 z = b
 b[1] = 'i'
 z.remove('i')
 print(z)
OA. yes
OB. no
  Check me
               Compare me

✓ Yes, b and z reference the same list and changes are made using both aliases.

                                       Multiple Choice (assess_question3_3_1_2)
                                                                                               Score: 1.0 / 1
segmut-1-13: Given that we want to accumulate the total sum of a list of numbers, which
of the following accumulator patterns would be appropriate?
                                                                                     Comment: autograded
   1.
 nums = [4, 5, 2, 93, 3, 5]
 s = 0
 for n in nums:
     s = s + 1
```

2.

```
nums = [4, 5, 2, 93, 3, 5]
 s = 0
 for n in nums:
     s = n + n
   3.
 nums = [4, 5, 2, 93, 3, 5]
 s = 0
 for n in nums:
     s = s + n
OA. I.
○B. II.
●C. III.
OD. none of the above would be appropriate for the problem.
  Check me
               Compare me

✓ Yes, this will solve the problem.

                                       Multiple Choice (assess_question5_2_1_1)
                                                                                              Score: 1.0 / 1
segmut-1-14: Given that we want to accumulate the total number of strings in the list,
which of the following accumulator patterns would be appropriate?
                                                                                    Comment: autograded
   1.
 lst = ['plan', 'answer', 5, 9.29, 'order, items', [4]]
 for n in 1st:
     s = s + n
   2.
 lst = ['plan', 'answer', 5, 9.29, 'order, items', [4]]
 for item in 1st:
     s = 0
     if type(item) == type("string"):
          s = s + 1
   3.
 lst = ['plan', 'answer', 5, 9.29, 'order, items', [4]]
 s = ""
 for n in 1st:
```

s = s + n

4.

```
lst = ['plan', 'answer', 5, 9.29, 'order, items', [4]]
 s = 0
 for item in 1st:
      if type(item) == type("string"):
          s = s + 1
OA. 1.
○B. 2.
OC. 3.
OD. 4.
OE. none of the above would be appropriate for the problem.
  Check me
               Compare me

✓ Yes, this will solve the problem.

                                       Multiple Choice (assess_question5_2_1_2)
                                                                                              Score: 1.0 / 1
segmut-1-15: Which of these are good names for an accumulator variable? Select as
many as apply.
                                                                                     Comment: autograded
□A. sum
□В. х

✓C. total

✓D. accum
☐E. none of the above
  Check me
               Compare me
  ✓ Correct.
     C. Yes, total is a good name for accumulating numbers.
     D. Yes, accum is a good name. It's both short and easy to remember.
                                       Multiple Choice (assess_question5_2_1_3)
                                                                                              Score: 1.0 / 1
seqmut-1-16: Which of these are good names for an iterator (loop) variable? Select as
many as apply.
                                                                                     Comment: autograded
✓A. item
□В. у
```

✓C. elem

✓D. char

Check me	Compare me		
 ✓ Correct. A. Yes, item can be a good name to use as an iterator variable. C. Yes, elem can be a good name to use as an iterator variable, especially when iterating over lists. D. Yes, char can be a good name to use when iterating over a string, because the iterator variable would be assigned a character each time. 			
		Multiple Choice (assess_question5_2_1_4)	
seqmut-1-17: \	Which of these are	e good names for a sequence variable? Select as many	Score: 1.0 / 1
as apply.			Comment: autograded
✓A. num_lst			
□В. р			
✓C. sentence			
☑D. names			
□E. none of the above			
Check me	Compare me		
 ✔ Correct. A. Yes, num_lst is good for a sequence variable if the value is actually a list of numbers. C. Yes, this is good to use if the for loop is iterating through a string. D. Yes, names is good, assuming that the for loop is iterating through actual names and not something unrelated to names. 			
		Multiple Choice (assess_question5_2_1_5)	
variable, iterato	or variable, and s	g scenario, what are good names for the accumulator equence variable? You are writing code that uses a list c total number of sentences that have the word 'happy' in	Comment, autograded
OA. accumula	tor variable: x ite	rator variable: s sequence variable: lst	
OB. accumulator variable: total iterator variable: s sequence variable: lst			
OC. accumulator variable: x iterator variable: sentences sequence variable: sentence_lst			
OD. accumula	tor variable: total	iterator variable: sentence sequence variable: sentenc	e_lst

 $\square \mathsf{E}.$ none of the above

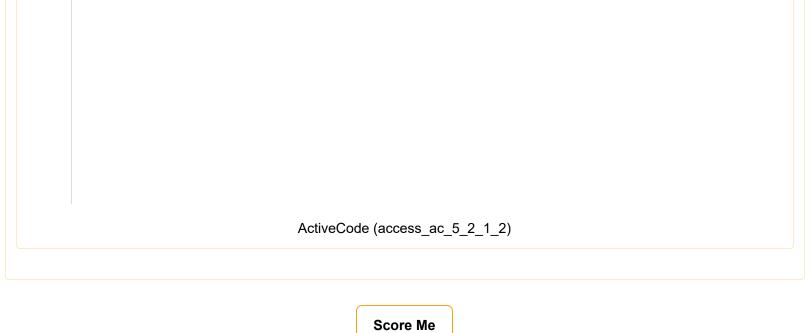
Check me Compare me ✓ Yes, this combination of variable names is the clearest. Multiple Choice (assess question5 2 1 6) Score: 1.0 / 1 Comment: autograded For each character in the string saved in ael, append that character to a list that should be saved in a variable app. Save & Run Show CodeLens Load History 1 ael = "python!" 3 ActiveCode (access_ac_5_2_1_1) Score: 1.0 / 1 Comment: autograded For each string in wrds, add 'ed' to the end of the word (to make the word past tense). Save these past

OE. none of the above

Save & Run Load History Show CodeLens

1 wrds = ["end", 'work', "play", "start", "walk", "look", "open", "rain", "learn", "clean"]
2

tense words to a list called past_wrds.



© Copyright 2018 Runestone Interactive LLC

username: sandipan.dey@gmail.com | Back to top