graphviz Documentation

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Sebastian Bank

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This package facilitates the creation of graph descriptions in the DOT language of the Graphviz graph drawing software from Python.

Create a graph object, assemble the graph by adding nodes and edges, and retrieve its DOT source code string. Save the source code to a file and render it with the Graphviz installation of your system.

Use the view option/method to directly inspect the resulting (PDF, PNG, SVG, etc.) file with its default application. Graphs can also be rendered and displayed within IPython notebooks.

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CHAPTER 1

Links

- GitHub: http://github.com/xflr6/graphviz
- PyPI: http://pypi.python.org/pypi/graphviz
- Documentation: http://graphviz.readthedocs.org
- Changelog: http://graphviz.readthedocs.org/en/latest/changelog.html
- Issue Tracker: http://github.com/xflr6/graphviz/issues
- Download: http://pypi.python.org/pypi/graphviz#downloads

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Installation

This package runs under Python 2.6, 2.7, and 3.3+, use pip to install:

\$ pip install graphviz

To render the generated DOT source code, you also need to install Graphviz (download page).

Make sure that the dot executable is on your systems' path.

Quickstart

Create a graph object:

```
>>> from graphviz import Digraph
>>> dot = Digraph(comment='The Round Table')
>>> dot
<graphviz.dot.Digraph object at 0x...>
```

Add nodes and edges:

```
>>> dot.node('A', 'King Arthur')
>>> dot.node('B', 'Sir Bedevere the Wise')
>>> dot.node('L', 'Sir Lancelot the Brave')
>>> dot.edges(['AB', 'AL'])
>>> dot.edge('B', 'L', constraint='false')
```

Check the generated source code:

```
>>> print (dot.source)
// The Round Table
digraph {
    A [label="King Arthur"]
    B [label="Sir Bedevere the Wise"]
    L [label="Sir Lancelot the Brave"]
        A -> B
        A -> L
        B -> L [constraint=false]
}
```

Save and render the source code, optionally view the result:

```
>>> dot.render('test-output/round-table.gv', view=True)
'test-output/round-table.gv.pdf'
```

CHAPTER 4

See also

- pygraphviz full-blown interface wrapping the Graphviz C library with SWIG
- graphviz-python official Python bindings (documentation)
- pydot stable pure-Python approach, requires pyparsing

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License

This package is distributed under the MIT license.

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User Guide

6.1 User Guide

6.1.1 Installation

graphviz provides a simple pure-python interface for the Graphviz graph-drawing software. It runs under both Python 2.7 and 3.3+. To install it with pip run the following:

```
$ pip install graphviz
```

For a system-wide install, this typically requires administrator access. For an isolated install, you can run the same inside a virtualeny.

The only dependency is a working installation of Graphviz (download page).

After installing Graphiz, make sure that its bin/ subdirectory containing the layout commands for rendering graph descriptions (dot, circo, neato, etc.) is on your systems' path: On the command-line, dot -V should print the version of your Graphiz installation.

6.1.2 Basic usage

The graphviz module provides two classes: *Graph* and *Digraph*. They create graph descriptions in the DOT language for undirected and directed graphs respectively. They have the same API.

Create a graph by instantiating a new Graph or Digraph object:

```
>>> from graphviz import Digraph
>>> dot = Digraph(comment='The Round Table')
>>> dot
<graphviz.dot.Digraph object at 0x...>
```

Their constructors allow to set the graph's name, the filename for the DOT source and the rendered graph, a comment for the first source code line, etc.

Add nodes and edges using the node and edge or edges methods:

```
>>> dot.node('A', 'King Arthur')
>>> dot.node('B', 'Sir Bedevere the Wise')
>>> dot.node('L', 'Sir Lancelot the Brave')
```

```
>>> dot.edges(['AB', 'AL'])
>>> dot.edge('B', 'L', constraint='false')
```

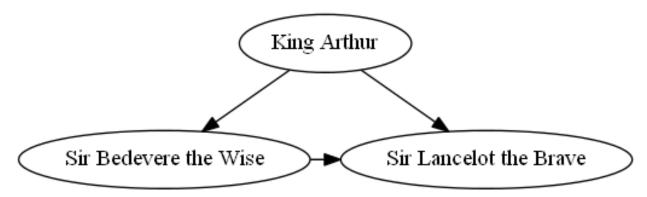
The node-method take a name identifier as first argument and an optional label. The edge-method takes the names of start- and end-node, while edges takes iterable of name-pairs. Keyword arguments are turned into (node and edge) attributes (see Graphviz docs).

Check the generated source code:

```
>>> print(dot.source)
// The Round Table
digraph {
    A [label="King Arthur"]
    B [label="Sir Bedevere the Wise"]
    L [label="Sir Lancelot the Brave"]
        A -> B
        A -> L
        B -> L [constraint=false]
}
```

Use the render-method to save the source code and render it with the default layout program.

```
>>> dot.render('test-output/round-table.gv', view=True)
'test-output/round-table.gv.pdf'
```



Passing view=True will automatically open the resulting (PDF, PNG, SVG, etc.) file with your system's default viewer application for the file type.

6.1.3 Formats

To use a different output file format than the default PDF, set the format argument when creating your *Graph* or *Digraph* object:

```
>>> from graphviz import Graph
>>> g = Graph(format='png')
```

You can also change the format attribute on an existing graph object:

```
>>> dot.format = 'svg'
>>> dot.render()
'test-output/round-table.gv.svg'
```

6.1.4 Piped output

To directly access the results from the Graphviz rendering command (e.g. dot) as binary data string from within Python instead of writing to a file, use the pipe ()-method of your *Graph* or *Digraph* object:

```
>>> h = Graph('hello', format='svg')
>>> h.edge('Hello', 'World')
>>> print(h.pipe().decode('utf-8'))
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
<!DOCTYPE svg
...
</svg>
```

Note that pipe () returns the raw stdout from the rendering command (str on Python 2, bytes on Python 3): When piping into plain-text formats like svg or plain, you usually want to decode the return value as shown above.

Note: The output for pipe () is buffered in memory, so do not use this method if the data size is large.

6.1.5 IPython notebooks

Graph and Digraph objects have a _repr_svg_method so they can be rendered and displayed directly inside an IPython notebook. For an example, see the examples/notebook.ipynb in the source repository/distribution.

6.1.6 Styling

Use the graph_attr, node_attr, and edge_attr arguments to change the default appearance of your graph, nodes, and edges.

```
>>> dot = Digraph(name='pet-shop', node_attr={'shape': 'plaintext'})
>>> dot.node('parrot')
>>> dot.node('dead')
>>> dot.edge('parrot', 'dead')
```

After creation, they can be edited on the graph object:

parrot -> dead

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6.1.7 Engines

To use a different layout command than the default dot when rendering your graph, set the engine argument on graph creation.

```
>>> g = Graph(engine='neato')
```

You can also change the engine attribute of an existing instance:

```
>>> dot.engine = 'circo'
```

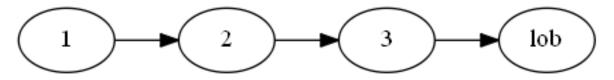
6.1.8 Using raw DOT

To render a ready-made DOT source code string (instead of assembling one with the higher-level interface of *Graph* or *Digraph*), create a *Source* object holding your DOT string:

```
>>> from graphviz import Source
>>> src = Source('digraph "the holy hand grenade" { rankdir=LR; 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> lob }')
>>> src
<graphviz.files.Source object at 0x...>
```

Use the render-method to save and render it:

```
>>> src.render('test-output/holy-grenade.gv', view=True)
'test-output/holy-grenade.gv.pdf'
```



Apart from the missing editing methods, <code>Source</code> objects are the same as the higher-level graph objects (pipe () - method, formats, engines, IPython notebook repr, etc.), see above.

Examples

7.1 Examples

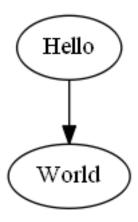
7.1.1 hello.py

```
# hello.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/hello
from graphviz import Digraph

g = Digraph('G', filename='hello.gv')

g.edge('Hello', 'World')

g.view()
```



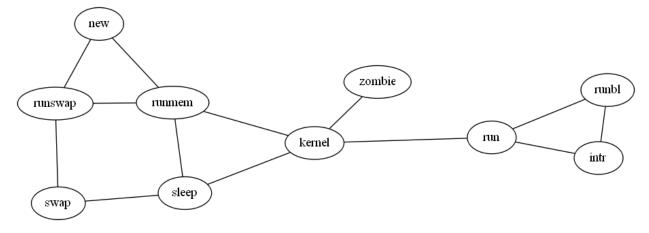
7.1.2 process.py

```
# process.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/process
from graphviz import Graph

g = Graph('G', filename='process.gv', engine='sfdp')

g.edge('run', 'intr')
g.edge('intr', 'runbl')
```

```
g.edge('runbl', 'run')
g.edge('run', 'kernel')
g.edge('kernel', 'zombie')
g.edge('kernel', 'sleep')
g.edge('kernel', 'runmem')
g.edge('sleep', 'swap')
g.edge('swap', 'runswap')
g.edge('runswap', 'new')
g.edge('runswap', 'runmem')
g.edge('new', 'runmem')
g.edge('sleep', 'runmem')
```

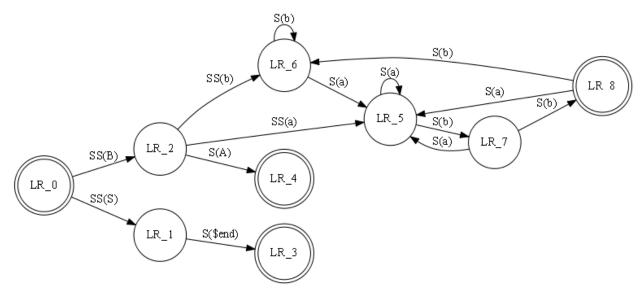


7.1.3 fsm.py

```
# fsm.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/fsm
from graphviz import Digraph
f = Digraph('finite_state_machine', filename='fsm.gv')
f.body.extend(['rankdir=LR', 'size="8,5"'])
f.attr('node', shape='doublecircle')
f.node('LR_0')
f.node('LR 3')
f.node('LR 4')
f.node('LR_8')
f.attr('node', shape='circle')
f.edge('LR_0', 'LR_2', label='SS(B)')
f.edge('LR_0', 'LR_1', label='SS(S)')
f.edge('LR_1', 'LR_3', label='S($end)')
f.edge('LR_2', 'LR_6', label='SS(b)')
f.edge('LR_2', 'LR_5', label='SS(a)')
f.edge('LR_2', 'LR_4', label='S(A)')
f.edge('LR_5', 'LR_7', label='S(b)')
f.edge('LR_5', 'LR_5', label='S(a)')
f.edge('LR_6', 'LR_6', label='S(b)')
f.edge('LR_6', 'LR_5', label='S(a)')
f.edge('LR_7', 'LR_8', label='S(b)')
```

```
f.edge('LR_7', 'LR_5', label='S(a)')
f.edge('LR_8', 'LR_6', label='S(b)')
f.edge('LR_8', 'LR_5', label='S(a)')

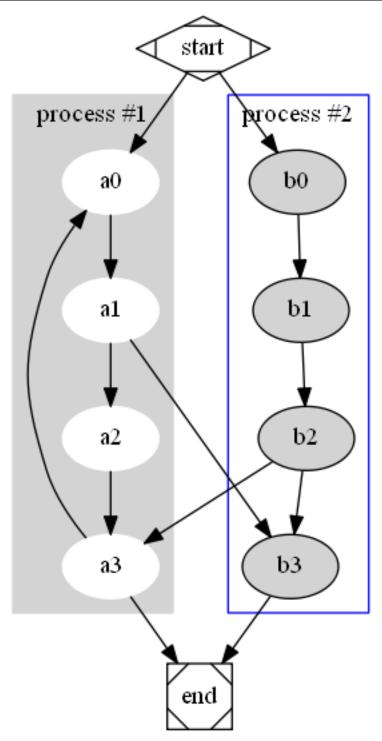
f.view()
```



7.1.4 cluster.py

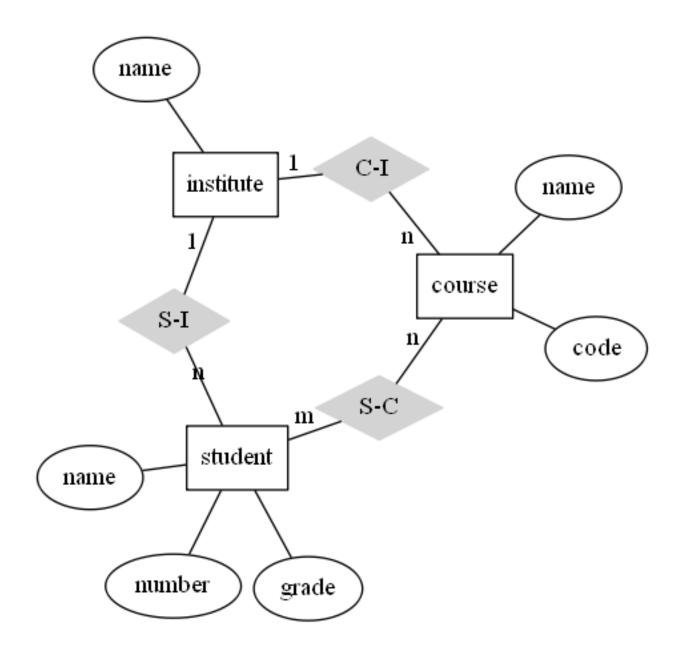
```
# cluster.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/cluster
from graphviz import Digraph
g = Digraph('G', filename='cluster.gv')
c0 = Digraph('cluster_0')
c0.body.append('style=filled')
c0.body.append('color=lightgrey')
c0.node_attr.update(style='filled', color='white')
c0.edges([('a0', 'a1'), ('a1', 'a2'), ('a2', 'a3')])
c0.body.append('label = "process #1"')
c1 = Digraph('cluster_1')
c1.node_attr.update(style='filled')
c1.edges([('b0', 'b1'), ('b1', 'b2'), ('b2', 'b3')])
c1.body.append('label = "process #2"')
c1.body.append('color=blue')
g.subgraph(c0)
g.subgraph(c1)
g.edge('start', 'a0')
g.edge('start', 'b0')
g.edge('a1', 'b3')
g.edge('b2', 'a3')
g.edge('a3', 'a0')
g.edge('a3', 'end')
g.edge('b3', 'end')
```

```
g.node('start', shape='Mdiamond')
g.node('end', shape='Msquare')
g.view()
```



7.1.5 er.py

```
# er.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/ER
from graphviz import Graph
e = Graph('ER', filename='er.gv', engine='neato')
e.attr('node', shape='box')
e.node('course')
e.node('institute')
e.node('student')
e.attr('node', shape='ellipse')
e.node('name0', label='name')
e.node('name1', label='name')
e.node('name2', label='name')
e.node('code')
e.node('grade')
e.node('number')
e.attr('node', shape='diamond', style='filled', color='lightgrey')
e.node('C-I')
e.node('S-C')
e.node('S-I')
e.edge('name0', 'course')
e.edge('code', 'course')
e.edge('course', 'C-I', label='n', len='1.00')
e.edge('C-I', 'institute', label='1', len='1.00')
e.edge('institute', 'name1')
e.edge('institute', 'S-I', label='1', len='1.00')
e.edge('S-I', 'student', label='n', len='1.00')
e.edge('student', 'grade')
e.edge('student', 'name2')
e.edge('student', 'number')
e.edge('student', 'S-C', label='m', len='1.00')
e.edge('S-C', 'course', label='n', len='1.00')
e.body.append(r'label = "\n\nEntity Relation Diagram\ndrawn by NEATO"')
e.body.append('fontsize=20')
e.view()
```

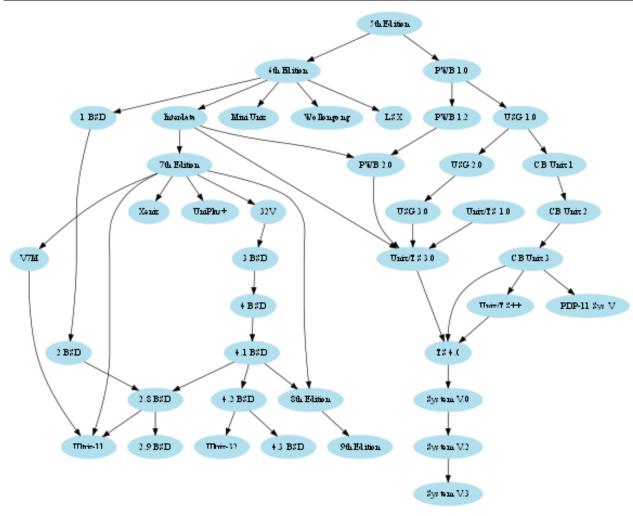


Entity Relation Diagram drawn by NEATO

7.1.6 unix.py

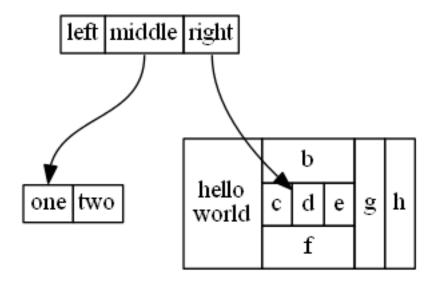
```
# unix.py - http://www.graphviz.org/content/unix
from graphviz import Digraph
u = Digraph('unix', filename='unix.gv')
u.body.append('size="6,6"')
u.node_attr.update(color='lightblue2', style='filled')
u.edge('5th Edition', '6th Edition')
u.edge('5th Edition', 'PWB 1.0')
u.edge('6th Edition', 'LSX')
u.edge('6th Edition', '1 BSD')
u.edge('6th Edition', 'Mini Unix')
u.edge('6th Edition', 'Wollongong')
u.edge('6th Edition', 'Interdata')
u.edge('Interdata', 'Unix/TS 3.0')
u.edge('Interdata', 'PWB 2.0')
u.edge('Interdata', '7th Edition')
u.edge('7th Edition', '8th Edition')
u.edge('7th Edition', '32V')
u.edge('7th Edition', 'V7M')
u.edge('7th Edition', 'Ultrix-11')
u.edge('7th Edition', 'Xenix')
u.edge('7th Edition', 'UniPlus+')
u.edge('V7M', 'Ultrix-11')
u.edge('8th Edition', '9th Edition')
u.edge('1 BSD', '2 BSD')
u.edge('2 BSD', '2.8 BSD')
u.edge('2.8 BSD', 'Ultrix-11')
u.edge('2.8 BSD', '2.9 BSD')
u.edge('32V', '3 BSD')
u.edge('3 BSD', '4 BSD')
u.edge('4 BSD', '4.1 BSD')
u.edge('4.1 BSD', '4.2 BSD')
u.edge('4.1 BSD', '2.8 BSD')
u.edge('4.1 BSD', '8th Edition')
u.edge('4.2 BSD', '4.3 BSD')
u.edge('4.2 BSD', 'Ultrix-32')
u.edge('PWB 1.0', 'PWB 1.2')
u.edge('PWB 1.0', 'USG 1.0')
u.edge('PWB 1.2', 'PWB 2.0')
u.edge('USG 1.0', 'CB Unix 1')
u.edge('USG 1.0', 'USG 2.0')
u.edge('CB Unix 1', 'CB Unix 2')
u.edge('CB Unix 2', 'CB Unix 3')
u.edge('CB Unix 3', 'Unix/TS++')
u.edge('CB Unix 3', 'PDP-11 Sys V')
u.edge('USG 2.0', 'USG 3.0')
u.edge('USG 3.0', 'Unix/TS 3.0')
u.edge('PWB 2.0', 'Unix/TS 3.0')
u.edge('Unix/TS 1.0', 'Unix/TS 3.0')
u.edge('Unix/TS 3.0', 'TS 4.0')
u.edge('Unix/TS++', 'TS 4.0')
u.edge('CB Unix 3', 'TS 4.0')
u.edge('TS 4.0', 'System V.0')
u.edge('System V.0', 'System V.2')
```

```
u.edge('System V.2', 'System V.3')
u.view()
```



7.1.7 structs.py

```
<TR>
   <TD PORT="f0">one</TD>
   <TD>two</TD>
 </TR>
</TABLE>>''')
s.node('struct3', '''
<TABLE BORDER="0" CELLBORDER="1" CELLSPACING="0" CELLPADDING="4">
   <TD ROWSPAN="3">hello<BR/>world</TD>
   <TD COLSPAN="3">b</TD>
   <TD ROWSPAN="3">g</TD>
   <TD ROWSPAN="3">h</TD>
 </TR>
 <TR>
   <TD>c</TD>
   <TD PORT="here">d</TD>
   <TD>e</TD>
 </TR>
   <TD COLSPAN="3">f</TD>
 </TR>
</TABLE>>''')
s.edges([('struct1:f1', 'struct2:f0'), ('struct1:f2', 'struct3:here')])
s.view()
```



API Reference

8.1 API Reference

Note: The two main classes Graph and Digraph (for creating *undirected* vs. *directed* graphs) have exactly the same API. Their division reflects the fact that both graph types cannot be mixed.

8.1.1 Graph

Parameters

- name Graph name used in the source code.
- **comment** Comment added to the first line of the source.
- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv').
- directory (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **format** Rendering output format ('pdf', 'png', ...).
- engine Layout command used ('dot', 'neato', ...).
- **encoding** Encoding for saving the source.
- graph_attr Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs for the graph.
- node_attr Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs set for all nodes.
- edge_attr Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs set for all edges.
- **body** Iterable of lines to add to the graph body.

Note: All parameters are optional and can be changed under their corresponding attribute name after instance creation.

```
attr (kw, _attributes=None, **attrs)
Add a graph/node/edge attribute statement.
```

Parameters

- kw Attributes target ('graph', 'node', or 'edge')
- attrs Attributes to be set (must be strings, may be empty).

edge (tail_name, head_name, label=None, _attributes=None, **attrs)

Create an edge between two nodes.

Parameters

- tail name Start node identifier.
- head_name End node identifier.
- label Caption to be displayed near the edge.
- attrs Any additional edge attributes (must be strings).

edges (tail_head_iter)

Create a bunch of edges.

Parameters tail_head_iter - Iterable of (tail_name, head_name) pairs.

engine

The layout command used for rendering ('dot', 'neato', ...)

format

The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

node (name, label=None, _attributes=None, **attrs)

Create a node.

Parameters

- name Unique identifier for the node inside the source.
- label Caption to be displayed (defaults to the node name).
- attrs Any additional node attributes (must be strings).

pipe (format=None)

Return the source piped through the Graphviz layout command.

Parameters format – The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

Returns Stdout of the layout command.

render (filename=None, directory=None, view=False, cleanup=False)

Save the source to file and render with the Graphviz engine.

Parameters

- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **view** Open the rendered result with the default application.
- **cleanup** Delete the source file after rendering.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

save (filename=None, directory=None)

Save the DOT source to file.

Parameters

- filename Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the saved source file.

source

The DOT source code as string.

subgraph (graph)

Add the current content of the given graph as subgraph.

Parameters graph – An instance of the same kind (Graph, Digraph) as the current graph.

view()

Save the source to file, open the rendered result in a viewer.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

8.1.2 Digraph

Parameters

- name Graph name used in the source code.
- **comment** Comment added to the first line of the source.
- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv').
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **format** Rendering output format ('pdf', 'png', ...).
- engine Layout command used ('dot', 'neato', ...).
- **encoding** Encoding for saving the source.
- **graph_attr** Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs for the graph.
- node_attr Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs set for all nodes.
- edge_attr Mapping of (attribute, value) pairs set for all edges.
- **body** Iterable of lines to add to the graph body.

Note: All parameters are optional and can be changed under their corresponding attribute name after instance creation.

```
attr (kw, _attributes=None, **attrs)
Add a graph/node/edge attribute statement.
```

a graphinodereage authorite states

Parameters

Parameters

- **kw** Attributes target ('graph', 'node', or 'edge')
- attrs Attributes to be set (must be strings, may be empty).

edge (*tail_name*, *head_name*, *label=None*, *_attributes=None*, **attrs) Create an edge between two nodes.

reate an eage between two nod

• tail name - Start node identifier.

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- head name End node identifier.
- label Caption to be displayed near the edge.
- attrs Any additional edge attributes (must be strings).

edges (tail_head_iter)

Create a bunch of edges.

Parameters tail_head_iter - Iterable of (tail_name, head_name) pairs.

engine

The layout command used for rendering ('dot', 'neato', ...)

format

The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

node (name, label=None, _attributes=None, **attrs)

Create a node.

Parameters

- name Unique identifier for the node inside the source.
- label Caption to be displayed (defaults to the node name).
- attrs Any additional node attributes (must be strings).

pipe (format=None)

Return the source piped through the Graphviz layout command.

Parameters format – The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

Returns Stdout of the layout command.

render (filename=None, directory=None, view=False, cleanup=False)

Save the source to file and render with the Graphviz engine.

Parameters

- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **view** Open the rendered result with the default application.
- cleanup Delete the source file after rendering.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

save (filename=None, directory=None)

Save the DOT source to file.

Parameters

- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- directory (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the saved source file.

source

The DOT source code as string.

subgraph (graph)

Add the current content of the given graph as subgraph.

Parameters graph – An instance of the same kind (Graph, Digraph) as the current graph.

```
view()
```

Save the source to file, open the rendered result in a viewer.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

8.1.3 Source

```
class graphviz.Source (source, filename=None, directory=None, format=None, engine=None, encod-
ing=None)
```

Verbatim DOT source code string to be rendered by Graphviz.

Parameters

- **source** The verbatim DOT source code string.
- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv').
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **format** Rendering output format ('pdf', 'png', ...).
- engine Layout command used ('dot', 'neato', ...).
- encoding Encoding for saving the source.

Note: All parameters except source are optional and can be changed under their corresponding attribute name after instance creation.

engine

The layout command used for rendering ('dot', 'neato', ...)

format

The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

```
pipe (format=None)
```

Return the source piped through the Graphviz layout command.

Parameters format – The output format used for rendering ('pdf', 'png', etc.).

Returns Stdout of the layout command.

render (filename=None, directory=None, view=False, cleanup=False)

Save the source to file and render with the Graphviz engine.

Parameters

- filename Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- directory (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.
- **view** Open the rendered result with the default application.
- **cleanup** Delete the source file after rendering.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

save (*filename=None*, *directory=None*)
Save the DOT source to file.

Parameters

- **filename** Filename for saving the source (defaults to name + '.gv')
- **directory** (Sub)directory for source saving and rendering.

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Returns The (possibly relative) path of the saved source file.

view()

Save the source to file, open the rendered result in a viewer.

Returns The (possibly relative) path of the rendered file.

Project Info

9.1 Changelog

9.1.1 Version 0.4.8 (in development)

9.1.2 Version 0.4.7

Fixed view()-method on Linux under Python 3 (pull request Antony Lee).

9.1.3 Version 0.4.6

Fixed view()-method on Linux and Darwin (pull request Eric L. Frederich).

9.1.4 Version 0.4.5

Added example for HTML-like labels (structs.py).

Added Source class for rendering verbatim DOT source code.

Added Python 2.6 support (pull request Jim Crist).

9.1.5 Version 0.4.4

Added the pipe()-method directly returning the stdout of the rendering.

Added _repr_svg_ for inline rendering in IPython notebooks.

9.1.6 Version 0.4.3

Added examples generating some of the graphs from the Graphviz Gallery.

Added sphinx-based API documentation.

9.1.7 Version 0.4.2

Added support for HTML-like labels.

9.1.8 Version 0.4.1

Added support for less common output formats. Removed dropped formats (dia, pcl).

Added osage layout engine.

Documented format and engine options in the README.

The view() convenience method now returns the result file name (like render()).

9.1.9 Version 0.4

Added attr() method for inline switching of node/edge attributes.

Added subgraph() method (obsoletes separate Subgraph class).

Add cleanup option to render().

Replaced dry option on render() with separate save() method.

Removed undocumented append() and extend() methods (if needed, the body attribute can be edited directly).

9.1.10 Version 0.3.5

Skip empty comment when creating DOT source.

Document graph_attr, node_attr, and edge_attr in the README.

More informative exception when Graphviz excutables cannot be called.

9.1.11 Version 0.3.4

Fixed missing identifier quoting for DOT keywords (thanks to Paulo Urio).

9.1.12 Version 0.3.3

Made format and engine case-insensitive.

9.1.13 Version 0.3.2

Indent graph_attr, node_attr, and edge_attr lines, adapt nodes and edges.

9.1.14 Version 0.3.1

Fixed view() failing on paths with forward slashes on Windows.

9.1.15 Version 0.3

Added Python 3.3+ support.

Made attributes order stable (sorting plain dicts).

Fixed edgeop in undirected graphs.

9.1.16 Version 0.2.2

Support pdf opening on Linux.

Fixed rendering filenames w/spaces.

9.1.17 Version 0.2.1

Fixed rendering on Mac OS X.

9.1.18 Version 0.2

Added format selection, use PDF as default. Added engines selection, use dot as default. Added source encoding, use UTF-8 as default.

Changed constructor arguments order, removed compile and save method, reimplemented compilation in render method, make interface more similar to gv.3python (backwards incompatible change).

Double-quote-sign escaping, attribute list quoting.

mkdirs now correctly supports current directory filenames.

9.1.19 Version 0.1.1

Removed automatic '-' to '−' replacement from labels.

Fixed documentation typos.

9.1.20 Version 0.1

First public release.

9.2 License

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