

MITx: 6.041x Introduction to Probability - The Science of Uncertainty

■ Bookmarks

Unit 0: Overview

- EntranceSurvey
- Unit 1: Probability models and axioms
- Unit 2: Conditioning and independence
- Unit 3: Counting
- Unit 4: Discrete random variables
- ▶ Exam 1
- Unit 5: Continuous random variables
- Unit 6: Further topics on random variables
- ▼ Unit 7: Bayesian inference

Unit 7: Bayesian inference > Lec. 15: Linear models with normal noise > Lec 15 Linear models with normal noise vertical

■ Bookmark

Exercise: Recognizing normal PDFs

(2/2 points)

The random variable $oldsymbol{X}$ has a PDF of the form

$$f_X(x) = ce^{-4x^2-24x+30},$$

where c is a normalizing constant. Then,

a)
$$\mathbf{E}[X] = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Answer: -3

Answer:

- a) We recognize this as a normal PDF. The mean is at the peak of the PDF, which is found by setting the derivative of the exponent to zero: -8x-24=0, or x=-3.
- b) The variance is $1/(2\alpha)$, where α is the positive coefficient associated with the term x^2 . Thus, the variance is 1/8.

You have used 2 of 2 submissions

Unit overview

Lec. 14: Introduction to **Bayesian inference** Exercises 14 due Apr 06, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Lec. 15: Linear models with normal noise

Exercises 15 due Apr 06, 2016 at 23:59 UT 4

Problem Set 7a

Problem Set 7a due Apr 06, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

Lec. 16: Least mean squares (LMS) estimation Exercises 16 due Apr 13, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Lec. 17: Linear least mean squares (LLMS) estimation

Exercises 17 due Apr 13, 2016 at 23:59 UT (2)

Problem Set 7b

Problem Set 7b due Apr 13, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

Solved problems

Additional theoretical material

Unit summary

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