

<u>elp</u>





<u>Course</u> > <u>Module 4 - Clustering</u> > <u>Graded Review Questions</u> > Graded Review Questions

## **Graded Review Questions**

## Instructions for Graded Review Questions

- 1. Time allowed: **Unlimited**
- We encourage you to go back and review the materials to find the right answer
- Please remember that the Review Questions are worth 50% of your final mark.
- 2. Attempts per question:
- One attempt For True/False questions
- Two attempts For any question other than True/False
- 3. Clicking the "**Final Check**" button when it appears, means your submission is **FINAL**. You will **NOT** be able to resubmit your answer for that question ever again
- 4. Check your grades in the course at any time by clicking on the "Progress" tab

## **Review Question 1**

1/1 point (graded)

Which one is NOT TRUE about k-means clustering??

- k-means divides the data into non-overlapping clusters without any cluster-internal structure.
- The objective of k-means, is to form clusters in such a way that similar samples go into a cluster, and dissimilar samples fall into different clusters.
- As k-means is an iterative algorithm, it guarantees that it will always converge to the global optimum.

	Graded Review Questions   Graded Review Questions   ML0101EN Courseware   edX	
Submit You have	used 1 of 2 attempts	
Review Question	2	
1/1 point (graded) Customer Segmentatio	n is a supervised way of clustering data, based on the similarity of customers to each other.	
O True		
● False ✔		
Submit You have	used 1 of 1 attempt	
✓ Correct (1/1 point		
Review Question	3	
1/1 point (graded) How is a center point (d	centroid) picked for each cluster in k-means?	
We can randomly	choose some observations out of the data set and use these observations as the initial means. ✓	
We can select the	centroid through correlation analysis.	

Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

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