

Homework 2.2.2.6 Let $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$ and $f(0)=0$. Then f is a linear transformation.
Always / Sometimes / Never

$$2.2.2.3 \quad f \left(\begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ x_0 + x_1 \\ x_0 + x_1 + x_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2.2.2.1 \quad f \left(\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} x \cdot y \\ x \end{pmatrix}$$

Not a linear transformation.