Generating Functions
$$g(t) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{C_j}{j!} t^j = \underbrace{C_j}_{0!} t^0 + \underbrace{C_j}_{1!} t^j + \underbrace{C_j}_{2!} t^2 + \underbrace{C_j}_{3!} t^3 + \dots$$

This is the generating function for the series of numbers Co, C, C2, C2, C3,

Notice, if we differentiate j times, we can get c; back:

$$C_j = g^{(j)}(0) = \frac{\partial^j}{\partial t^j} g(t) \Big|_{t=0}$$

In probability, we are particularly interested in moment generating functions

The moment generating function of a random variable X is:

$$M_{\chi}(t) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{E(\chi^{j})}{j!} t^{j} = E\left(\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\xi \chi)^{j}}{j!}\right) = E\left(e^{\chi \chi}\right)$$
this an input to the function, and χ is a random variable

$$E(X^{j}) = expected value of X^{j}
= jth moment of X e.g. 1st moment is $E(X)$
2nd moment is $E(X^{2})$$$

dea is that we wrap up all moments $E(X^j)$ as the coefficients of $\frac{t^J}{j!}$.