

ColumbiaX: CSMM.102x Machine Learning

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Lecture 3 Least Squares Regression (cont'd), Ridge Regression

Lecture 4 Bias-Variance, Bayes Rule and MAP Inference

Week 2 Quiz

Quiz due Apr 11, 2017 05:00 IST

Week 2 Discussion Questions

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Week 2 Quiz

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Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

In Lecture 3 we saw how the least squares linear regression solution from Lecture 2 could be given a probabilistic interpretation by assuming the errors to be...

- o independent zero-mean Gaussian random variables with different noise variances.
- correlated zero-mean Gaussian random variables with different noise variances.
- 🏿 independent zero-mean Gaussian random variables with shared noise variance. 🗸
- correlated zero-mean Gaussian random variables with shared noise variance.

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

Correct (1/1 point)

Checkboxes

1/1 point (graded)

Using the probabilistic approach to linear regression from Lecture 3, as well as the notations we have been using for the linear regression problem thus far, click all equivalent ways for generating from p(y|X,w).

$$y_i = x_i^T w + \epsilon_i, \;\; \epsilon_i \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(0, \sigma^2), \;\; ext{for} \;\; i=1,\ldots,n$$

$$y_i \overset{ind}{\sim} N(x_i^T w, \sigma^2), \ \ ext{for} \ \ i=1,\dots,n$$

$$lacksquare y \sim N(Xw, \sigma^2 I)$$

$$y = Xw + \vec{\epsilon}, \ \vec{\epsilon} \sim N(0, \sigma^2 I)$$



Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Under the modeling assumption $y \sim N(Xw, \sigma^2 I)$, which of the following is true of the maximum likelihood solution for w?

- ullet $\mathbb{E}[w_{ML}]=w, \;\; Var[w_{ML}]=\sigma^2(X^TX)^{-1}$ \checkmark
- $ullet \ \mathbb{E}[w_{ML}] = (X^TX)^{-1}X^Ty, \ \ Var[w_{ML}] = \sigma^2(X^TX)^{-1}$
- ullet $\mathbb{E}[w_{ML}] = (X^TX)^{-1}X^Ty, \ \ Var[w_{ML}] = \sigma^2X^TX$
- $ullet \ \mathbb{E}[w_{ML}] = w, \ \ Var[w_{ML}] = \sigma^2 X^T X$

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Given the model $y \sim N(Xw, \sigma^2 I)$, which of the following is true about the maximum likelihood estimator w_{ML} ?

- $lacksquare w_{ML}$ always has a unique solution
- $igcup w_{ML}$ has the smallest variance among all estimators for w

- ullet $\mathbb{E}[w_{ML}] = (X^TX)^{-1}X^Ty$
- ullet w_{ML} is an unbiased estimator of w
 led

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Assume $w^* = \arg\min_{w} \|y - Xw\|_2^2 + \lambda g(w)$, which of the following is true?

- ullet When $g(w) = \|w\|^2$, the magnitude of values in w^* tend to increase
- lacktriangle The solution for w^* is analytical for arbitrary positive function g(w)
- ullet When $g(w) = \|w\|^2$, the values in w^* are more stable to variations in y and X
 ldot
- ullet The solution for w^* is always unique for arbitrary positive function g(w)

Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt ✓ Correct (1/1 point) **Multiple Choice** 1/1 point (graded) The solution to ridge regression is $w_{RR} = (\lambda I + X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$. As λ increases, the value of $\|w_{RR}\|_2$ increases decreases Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt Correct (1/1 point) **Text Input** 2/2 points (graded) We saw how for a model with parameters $m{ heta}$ that generates data $m{x}$, Bayes rule allows us to learn about heta using:

A) prior distribution
B) likelihood distribution
C) posterior distribution
Use the letters A, B or C to identify the names of each of the distributions below.
p(heta x)
C
p(heta)
A 🗸
p(x heta)
B
Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt
✓ Correct (2/2 points)

Checkboxes

2/2 points (graded)

We've discussed a few perspectives of the linear regression problem thus far. These different perspectives have led to equivalent solutions. Check all equivalent solutions below. (Please note that this problem does not have partial credit.)

$ extbf{ extit{ extbf{ extb}}}}}}}}} } } } } } } } } } } } } } } $
$lacksquare w_{RR} \Leftrightarrow w_{LS}$
$lacksquare w_{ML} \Leftrightarrow w_{MAP}$
extstyle ext
$lacksquare w_{ML} \Leftrightarrow w_{RR}$
$lacksquare w_{LS} \Leftrightarrow w_{MAP}$
Submit You have used 1 of 1 attempt
✓ Correct (2/2 points)

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