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15. Worked example: odd periodic

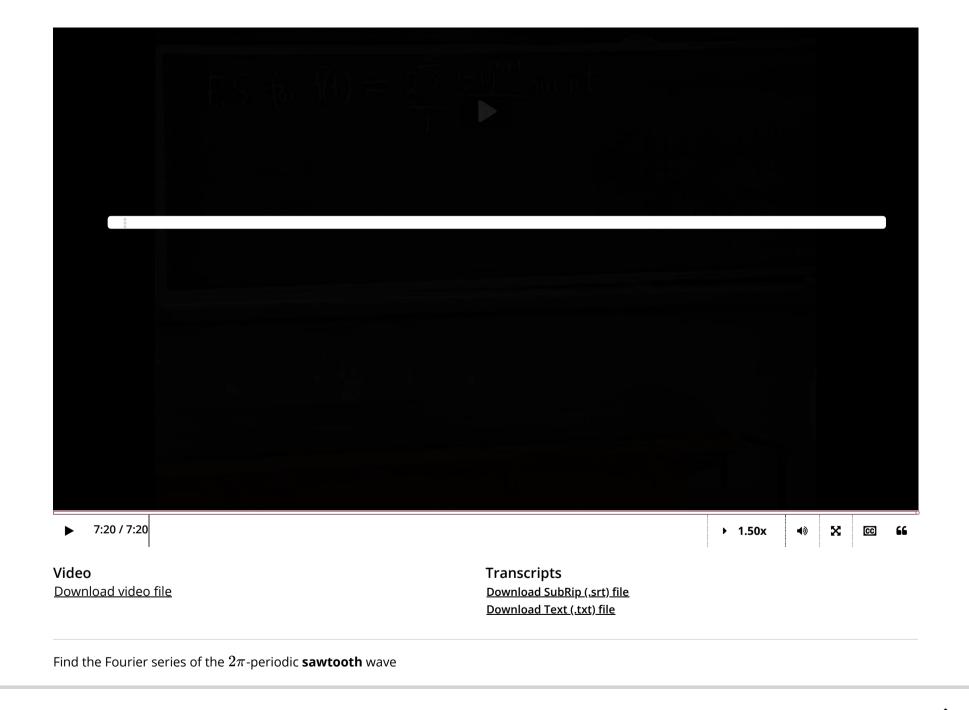
<u>Course</u> > <u>Unit 1: Fourier Series</u> > <u>1. Introduction to Fourier Series</u> > function

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# 15. Worked example: odd periodic function An odd, periodic example



$$f(t) = t, -\pi < t < \pi.$$

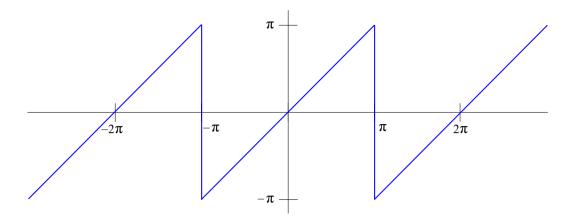


Figure 5: The sawtooth wave.

**Solution:** The function is odd, therefore  $a_n=0$ .

Using our simplified formula for  $b_n$ , we find

$$b_{n} = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{0}^{\pi} t \sin(nt) dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \frac{-t \cos(nt)}{n} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} - \int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{-\cos(nt)}{n} dt \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\pi(-1)^{n}}{n} + \frac{\sin(nt)}{n^{2}} \Big|_{0}^{\pi} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n}.$$

Therefore the Fourier series for the sawtooth wave is

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin\left(nt\right).$$

## **Graphical intuition**



## Practice problem

3/3 points (graded)

Find the Fourier series of the  $2\pi$ -periodic **triangle wave** , which is defined by

$$T(t) := \left\{ egin{array}{ll} t, & ext{if } 0 < t < \pi, \ -t & ext{if } -\pi < t < 0. \end{array} 
ight.$$

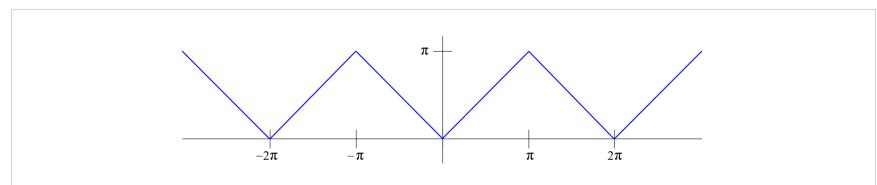


Figure 6: The triangle wave.

Note that this function is even, therefore  $b_n=0$ .

$$\frac{a_0}{2} =$$
 pi/2 Answer: pi/2

#### **Solution:**

FORMULA INPUT HELP

The triangle wave is an even function, therefore the  $b_n=0$ .

We use the fact that  $a_0/2$  is the average value of the function on the interval  $-\pi < t < \pi$ , which is  $\pi/2$ .

To compute the rest of the terms, we do so directly from the simplified formulas:

$$a_n = rac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi t \cos{(nt)} \; dt = rac{2}{\pi} igg( rac{(-1)^n - 1}{n^2} igg) = egin{cases} rac{-4}{\pi n^2} & n ext{ odd}, \ 0 & n ext{ even}. \end{cases}$$

Therefore the Fourier series is given by

$$rac{\pi}{2} - rac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n \, ext{odd}} rac{\cos{(nt)}}{n^2}.$$

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You have used 2 of 5 attempts

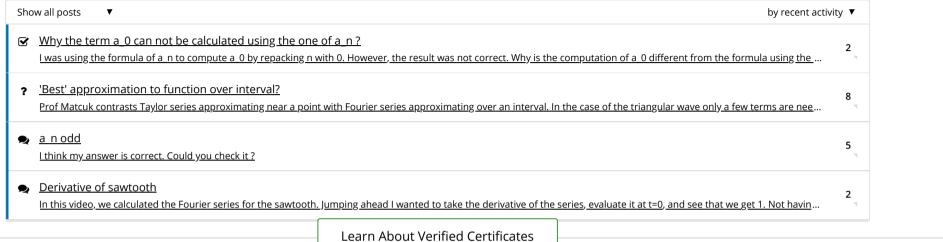
• Answers are displayed within the problem

## 15. Worked example: odd periodic function

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