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sandipan_dey ~

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Recitation due Sep 15, 2021 20:30 IST



Practice

Using the 2×2 determinant

3/3 points (graded)

Let's use the determinant to answer a question about linear systems.

Consider the system:

$$-4x + cy = 4$$
$$cx - y = 1$$

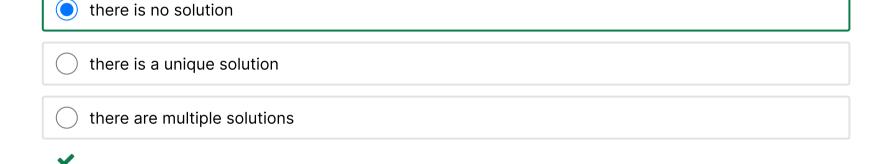
1. Suppose c=1. Which of the following applies?

	there is no solution
	there is a unique solution
	there are multiple solutions
~	

2. Find the largest possible value of c such that the corresponding matrix is not invertible.



3. For that value of c, which of the following applies?



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You have used 1 of 3 attempts

Determinant for 3×3

In lecture, we saw how to compute the determinant of a 2×2 matrix. In this section, we will compute the determinant of a 3×3 matrix. Recall that **the determinant is important because it has to be nonzero in order for the matrix to be invertible.** Computing the full inverse of a 3×3 matrix is a little complicated, so we will just focus on the determinant for now.

We use absolute value bars for the determinant of a matrix:

$$|A| = \det(M). \tag{5.85}$$

■ Calculator

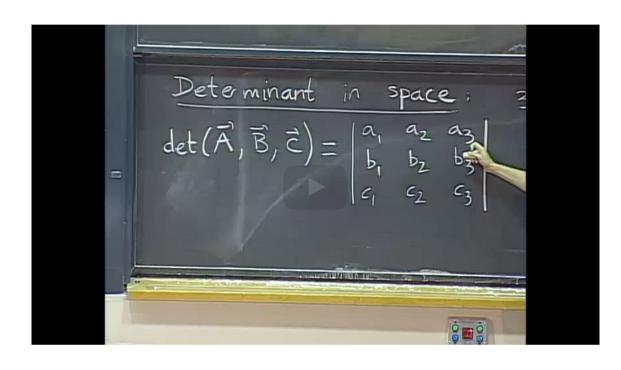


$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix} = ad - bc. \tag{5.86}$$

What should be the determinant of a 3×3 matrix?

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = ? \tag{5.87}$$

Determinant in 3×3



0:00 / 0:00 ▶ 2.0x X CC 66 Start of transcript. Skip to the end.

PROFESSOR: And of course I have to give a meaning to this, so this will be a number. And what is that number? Well, the definition I will take is that this is a1 times the determinant of what I get by looking in this lower right corner. So the 2 by 2 determinant--

b2, b3, c2, c3.

Video

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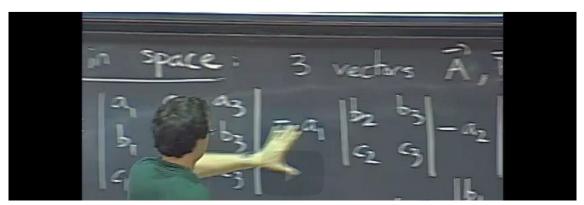
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To find the determinant of a 3×3 matrix, we have the following formula.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ b_1 & b_2 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} = a_1 \begin{vmatrix} b_2 & b_3 \\ c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} - a_2 \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_3 \\ c_1 & c_3 \end{vmatrix} + a_3 \begin{vmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \\ c_1 & c_2 \end{vmatrix}.$$
 (5.88)

Determinant Formula Structure



Start of transcript. Skip to the end.





0:00 / 0:00 ▶ 2.0x X CC 66 PROFESSOR: So, how to remember the structure of this formula.

Well, it's called-- this is called an expansion according

to the first row.

So we're going to take the entries in the first row-- a 1,

a 2, a 3--

and for each of them we get a term. Namely, we multiply it by a 2 by 2

Video

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How to Remember

The formula is easier to remember if you can see where each term comes from. In the first term, $a_1 \begin{vmatrix} b_2 & b_3 \\ c_2 & c_3 \end{vmatrix}$,

we see the determinant of the submatrix obtained by deleting the row and column containing a_1 . The same pattern is true for the terms with a_2 and a_3 , except for the (easily forgotten!) minus sign in front of a_2 . By remembering this pattern, you can remember the entire formula.

Determinant Practice

1/1 point (graded)

Compute the following determinant.

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$
 \checkmark Answer: 3

Solution:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2 \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} - 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} + 3 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$
 (5.89)

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Answers are displayed within the problem

1. More Determinants

Topic: Unit 4: Matrices and Linearization / 1. More Determinants

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