

## MITx: 6.041x Introduction to Probability - The Science of Uncertainty

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Unit 0: Overview

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Unit overview

Lec. 11: Derived distributions

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■ Bookmark

# Problem 1: The PDF of exp(X)

(6/6 points)

Let X be a random variable with PDF  $f_X$ . Find the PDF of the random variable  $Y=e^X$  for each of the following cases:

1. For general  $f_X$ , when y>0,  $f_Y(y)=$ 

$$f_X\left(rac{e^y}{y}
ight)$$

$$\qquad f_X\left(\frac{\ln y}{y}\right)$$

$$\bullet$$
  $\frac{f_X(\ln y)}{y}$   $\checkmark$ 

none of the above

<sup>2.</sup> When 
$$f_X(x) = \left\{ egin{array}{ll} 1/3, & ext{if } -2 < x \leq 1, \\ 0, & ext{otherwise}, \end{array} 
ight.$$

we have 
$$f_Y(y) \ = \ egin{cases} g(y), & ext{if } a < y \leq b, \ 0, & ext{otherwise}. \end{cases}$$

Give a formula for g(y) and the values of a and b using standard notation . (In your answers, you may use the symbol 'e' to denote the base of the natural logarithm.)

$$g(y) = \boxed{1/(3*y)}$$
 $a = \boxed{e^{(-2)}}$ 
 $b = \boxed{e}$ 

Lec. 12: Sums of independent r.v.'s; Covariance and correlation

Exercises 12 due Mar 30, 2016 at 23:59 UT

Lec. 13:
Conditional
expectation and
variance revisited;
Sum of a random
number of
independent r.v.'s
Exercises 13 due Mar
30, 2016 at 23:59 UT

### Solved problems

Additional theoretical material

#### **Problem Set 6**

Problem Set 6 due Mar 30, 2016 at 23:59 UT

## **Unit summary**

3. When 
$$f_X(x) = egin{cases} 2e^{-2x}, & ext{if } x>0, \ 0, & ext{otherwise}, \end{cases}$$

we have 
$$f_Y(y) \ = \ egin{cases} g(y), & ext{if } a < y, \ 0, & ext{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Give a formula for g(y) and the value of a using the standard notation .

$$g(y) = 2/y^3$$
 $a = 1$ 

4. When X is a standard normal random variable, we have, for y>0,  $f_Y(y)=$ 

$$\odot \qquad rac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-rac{(\ln y)^2}{2}}$$

$$\qquad \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{(\ln y)^2}{2y}}$$

$$\qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}\frac{e^{-\frac{\ln y}{2}}}{y}$$

one of the above

You have used 2 of 2 submissions

Printable problem set available here.

## DISCUSSION

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