MITx: 15.071x The Analytics Edge

Help

Courseware (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/courseware)

Course Info (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/info)

Discussion (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/discussion/forum)

Progress (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/progress)

/llabus (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/4264e68418f34d839cf0b33a5da644b2/)

chedule (/courses/MITx/15.071x/1T2014/2891f8bf120945b9aa12e6601739c3e6/)

SELECTING PROFITABLE HOTEL SITES

La Quinta Motor Inns is a mid-sized hotel chain headquartered in San Antonio, Texas. They are looking to expand to more locations, and know that selecting good sites is crucial to a hotel chain's success. Of the four major marketing considerations (price, product, promotion, and location), location has been shown to be one of the most important for multisite firms.

Hotel chain owners who can pick good sites quickly have a distinct competitive advantage, since they are competing against other chains for the same sites. La Quinta used data on 57 existing inn locations to build a linear regression model to predict "Profitability", computed as the operating margin, or earnings before interest and taxes divided by total revenue. They tried many independent variables, such as "Number of hotel rooms in the vicinity" and "Age of the Inn". All independent variables were normalized to have mean zero and standard deviation 1.

The final regression model is given by:

Profitability = 39.05 - 5.41*(State Population per Inn) + 5.86*(Price of the Inn) - 3.09*(Square Root of the Median Income of the Area) + 1.75*(College Students in the Area)

The \mathbb{R}^2 of the model is 0.51.

In this problem, we'll use this regression model together with integer optimization to select the most profitable sites for La Quinta.

PROBLEM 1.1 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

According to the regression equation given above, which variables positively affect Profitability?

- State Population per Inn
- Price of the Inn
- Square Root of the Median Income of the Area
- College Students in the Area

EXPLANATION

The variables with positive coefficients in the regression equation positively affect profitability: Price of the Inn, and College Students in the Area.

Hide Answer

You have used 2 of 2 submissions

PROBLEM 1.2 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

Using this regression equation, La Quinta created a spreadsheet model to predict profitability, and routinely uses it to screen potential real estate acquisitions. Suppose that La Quinta is looking to expand their locations in California, and has collected data for 16 different potential sites. This data is given in the spreadsheet SelectingHotels.ods (/c4x/MITx/15.071x/asset/SelectingHotels.ods) for LibreOffice or OpenOffice, and SelectingHotels.xlsx (/c4x/MITx/15.071x/asset/SelectingHotels.xlsx) for Microsoft Excel. For each hotel, it lists the location of the hotel, the price, and the value for each of the independent variables used in the regression equation (normalized to have mean zero and standard deviation one).

Using the regression equation, what is the predicted profitability of hotel 1?

44.2599		

44.2599

Answer: 44.24

EXPLANATION

By substituting the data for hotel 1 into the regression equation, we get that:

Profitability = 39.05 - 5.41*(-1.00) + 5.86*(-0.30) - 3.09*(-0.81) + 1.75*(-0.54) = 44.24

Check Save Hide Answer You have used 1 of 3 submissions

PROBLEM 1.3 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

In your spreadsheet, compute the predicted profitability for all hotels.

Which hotel has the highest predicted profitability?

- Hotel 2
- O Hotel 6
- Hotel 7
- Hotel 8
- O Hotel 12
- Hotel 13

EXPLANATION

Hotel 2 has the highest predicted profitability of 53.38. This can be computed in the spreadsheet with as:

39.05 - 5.41*(G5) + 5.86*(D5) - 3.09*(E5) + 1.75*(F5)

Hide Answer You have used 1 of 1 submissions

PROBLEM 1.4 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

Which hotel has the lowest predicted profitability?

- O Hotel 2
- Hotel 6
- O Hotel 7
- Hotel 8
- O Hotel 12
- Hotel 13

EXPLANATION

Hotel 8 has the lowest predicted profitability of 23.45.

This can be computed in the spreadsheet as:

39.05 - 5.41*(G11) + 5.86*(D11) - 3.09*(E11) + 1.75*(F11)

Hide Answer

You have used 1 of 1 submissions

PROBLEM 1.5 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

La Quinta has a budget of \$10,000,000 to spend on hotels. Suppose we just used a "greedy" approach where we selected the most profitable hotels until we ran out of budget. So we would start by buying the hotel we predict to be the most profitable, and then if we had enough budget left, we would buy the hotel we predict to be the second most profitable, etc.

How many hotels would we purchase with this approach?



EXPLANATION

5

We would start by buying hotel 2 (the most profitable hotel). This hotel costs \$10,000,000, which is our entire budget. Thus, we would buy one hotel.

Hide Answer

You have used 1 of 1 submissions

PROBLEM 1.6 - SELECTING THE MOST PROFITABLE HOTELS (1/1 point)

What would our total predicted profitability be? (This is the sum of the predicted profitability of all hotels we purchase.)

53.3641 53.3641

Answer: 53.38

EXPLANATION

Since we just bought one hotel (hotel 2), our total predicted profitability is just the profitability of hotel 2, which is 53.38.

You have used 1 of 3 submissions Check Save **Hide Answer**

PROBLEM 2.1 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point)

Now, build an optimization model in your spreadsheet to select hotels. The decision variables are whether or not a hotel is selected (binary variables). The objective is to maximize the total predicted profitability. We have two constraints: the decision variables should be binary, and the total cost should not exceed the budget of \$10,000,000. Formulate and solve this model in LibreOffice.

What is the objective value of the solution?

270.0497

270.0497

Answer: 269.925

EXPLANATION

Our formulation in LibreOffice has 16 decision variables (one for each hotel) and one contraint (the budget). The objective is the sumproduct of the decision variables with the profitability. If we formulate and solve this problem, the objective value of the solution is 269.925.

Suppose that you compute the predicted profitability in column H of your table (the profitability is in cells H4:H19) and you put the decision variables in column I of the table (the decision variables are located in cells I4:I19). Then the objective formula would be:

SUMPRODUCT(H4:H19;I4:I19) And the budget constraint would be: SUMPRODUCT(C4:C19;I4:I19) <= 10000000 Make sure to indicate that the decision variables should be binary, and that the objective should be maximized. This is more than five times that of the greedy approach! Check Save Hide Answer You have used 1 of 5 submissions PROBLEM 2.2 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) How many hotels are selected in the solution? 7 7 Answer: 7 **EXPLANATION** Seven hotels have decision variables equal to 1 in the solution. You have used 1 of 3 submissions Hide Answer Check Save PROBLEM 2.3 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) How many hotels located in South Lake Tahoe are selected in the solution? 6 6 Answer: 6 **EXPLANATION** Hotels 10-16 are located in South Lake Tahoe, and 6 of these have decision variables equal to 1 in the solution. You have used 1 of 3 submissions Check Save Hide Answer PROBLEM 2.4 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) La Quinta thinks that buying too many hotels in one city is probably not a good idea, and would prefer to diversify in other cities, even though it will decrease the sum of the predicted profitability. Add a constraint to limit the number of hotels selected in South Lake Tahoe to 2. What is the objective value of the solution now? 205.7168 205.7168**Answer: 205.7**

EXPLANATION

If we add a constraint to limit the number of hotels in South Lake Tahoe (SUM(I13:I19) less than or equal to 2) and resolve the problem, the objective value of the solution is 205.7. Check Hide Answer You have used 1 of 3 submissions Save PROBLEM 2.5 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) How many hotels (in total) are selected in the solution now? 6 6 Answer: 6 **EXPLANATION** Now, six decision variables have value 1 in the solution. You have used 1 of 3 submissions Check **Hide Answer** PROBLEM 2.6 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) In which cities do we buy at least one hotel? ✓ Eureka ✓ ✓ Fresno
✓ Long Beach Los Angeles South Lake Tahoe **EXPLANATION** The hotels with decision variables equal to 1 are located in Eureka, Fresno, Los Angeles, and South Lake Tahoe. The only city in which we do not buy a hotel is Long Beach. Final Check Save **Hide Answer** You have used 1 of 2 submissions PROBLEM 2.7 - AN OPTIMIZATION APPROACH (1/1 point) In this problem, we compared the greedy approach with an optimization approach, and saw that the optimization approach was much better. This is true in many situations, but not always. In which of the following situations would the greedy approach perform as well as the optimization approach? 🗹 Instead of maximizing the sum of the profitability of the hotels we select, we wanted to maximize the average profitability of the hotels we select. ✓ Instead of having a budget constraint, we had a constraint on the number of different hotels we can select. (for example, we want to maximize profitability given that we can only select 2 hotels). ■ Instead of having a budget of \$10,000,000, we had a budget of \$20,000,000. **EXPLANATION**

If we want to maximize the average profitability, then it is always optimal to select the hotel that is the most profitable. Additionally, if we don't have a budget constraint, it is optimal to just select the two most profitable hotels. So in the first two situations, the greedy approach would perform as well as the optimization approach. In the third situation, the optimization approach would still perform much better than the greedy approach.

Hide Answer

You have used 2 of 2 submissions

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This problem is based on the paper "Selecting Profitable Hotel Sites at La Quinta Motor Inns" (http://pubsonline.informs.org/doi/abs/10.1287/inte.20.2.12) by Sheryl E. Kimes and James A. Fitzsimmons, *Interfaces* 20(2), p.12-20, March-April 1990.

Please remember not to ask for or post complete answers to homework questions in this discussion forum.

Show Discussion



About (https://www.edx.org/about-us) Jobs (https://www.edx.org/jobs) Press (https://www.edx.org/press) FAQ (https://www.edx.org/student-faq) Contact (https://www.edx.org/contact)



EdX is a non-profit created by founding partners Harvard and MIT whose mission is to bring the best of higher education to students of all ages anywhere in the world, wherever there is Internet access. EdX's free online MOOCs are interactive and subjects include computer science, public health, and artificial intelligence.



(http://www.meetup.com/edX-Global-Community/)



(http://www.facebook.com/EdxOnline)



(https://twitter.com/edXOnline)



(https://plus.google.com/1082353830440950827



(http://youtube.com/user/edxonline) © 2014 edX, some rights reserved.

Terms of Service and Honor Code - Privacy Policy (https://www.edx.org/edx-privacy-policy)