

## MITx: 6.041x Introduction to Probability - The Science of Uncertainty

Bookmarks

Unit 2: Conditioning and independence > Lec. 3: Independence > Lec 3 Independence

■ Bookmark

Unit 0:

Overview

- ▶ Entrance Survey
- ▶ Unit 1: **Probability** models and axioms
- **▼** Unit 2: Conditioning and independence

Unit overview

Lec. 2: Conditioning and Bayes' rule

Exercises 2 due Feb 17, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Lec. 3: Independence Exercises 3 due Feb

Solved problems

17, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Problem Set 2

Problem Set 2 due Feb 17, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗 Exercise: Independence of two events - II (1/1 point)

Let A be an event, a subset of the sample space  $\Omega$ . Are A and  $\Omega$ independent?

Yes, they are independent •

**Answer:** Yes, they are independent

Answer:

Yes, because  $\mathbf{P}(A \cap \Omega) = \mathbf{P}(A) = \mathbf{P}(A) \cdot 1 = \mathbf{P}(A) \cdot \mathbf{P}(\Omega)$ 

Intuitively,  $\mathbf{P}(A)$  represents our beliefs about the likelihood that Awill occur. If we are told that  $\Omega$  occurred, this does not give us any new information; we already knew that  $\Omega$  is certain to occur. For this reason,  $\mathbf{P}(A \mid \Omega) = \mathbf{P}(A)$ .

You have used 1 of 1 submissions

© All Rights Reserved



© edX Inc. All rights reserved except where noted. EdX, Open edX and the edX and Open EdX logos are registered trademarks or trademarks of edX Inc.

















