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Comparing randomized search and grid search for hyperparameter estimation

Compare randomized search and grid search for optimizing hyperparameters of a random forest. All parameters that influence the learning are searched simultaneously (except for the number of estimators, which poses a time / quality tradeoff).

The randomized search and the grid search explore exactly the same space of parameters. The result in parameter settings is quite similar, while the run time for randomized search is drastically lower.

The performance is slightly worse for the randomized search, though this is most likely a noise effect and would not carry over to a held-out test set.

Note that in practice, one would not search over this many different parameters simultaneously using grid search, but pick only the ones deemed most important.

Python source code: randomized_search.py

```
print(__doc__)
import numpy as np

from time import time
from operator import itemgetter
from scipy.stats import randint as sp_randint

from sklearn.grid_search import GridSearchCV, RandomizedSearchCV
from sklearn.datasets import load digits
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier

# get some data
digits = load digits()
X, y = digits.data, digits.target
```

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# build a classifier
clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=20)
# Utility function to report best scores
def report(grid scores, n top=3):
    top scores = sorted(grid scores, key=itemgetter(1), reverse=True)[:n top]
    for i, score in enumerate(top scores):
        print("Model with rank: {0}".format(i + 1))
        print("Mean validation score: {0:.3f} (std: {1:.3f})".format(
              score.mean validation score,
              np.std(score.cv validation scores)))
        print("Parameters: {0}".format(score.parameters))
        print("")
# specify parameters and distributions to sample from
param_dist = {"max_depth": [3, None],
              "max features": sp randint(1, 11),
              "min_samples_split": sp randint(1, 11),
              "min samples_leaf": sp randint(1, 11),
              "bootstrap": [True, False],
              "criterion": ["gini", "entropy"]}
# run randomized search
n iter search = 20
random search = RandomizedSearchCV(clf, param distributions=param dist,
                                   n iter=n iter search)
start = time()
random search.fit(X, y)
print("RandomizedSearchCV took %.2f seconds for %d candidates"
      " parameter settings." % ((time() - start), n iter search))
report(random search.grid scores )
# use a full grid over all parameters
param grid = {"max depth": [3, None],
              "max_features": [1, 3, 10],
              "min samples split": [1, 3, 10],
              "min samples leaf": [1, 3, 10],
              "bootstrap": [True, False],
              "criterion": ["gini", "entropy"]}
# run grid search
grid search = GridSearchCV(clf, param grid=param grid)
start = time()
grid search.fit(X, y)
print("GridSearchCV took %.2f seconds for %d candidate parameter settings."
      % (time() - start, len(grid_search.grid_scores_)))
report(grid search.grid scores )
```

http://scikit-learn.org/stable/auto examples/model selection/randomized search.html#example-model-selection-randomized-search-py

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