

Unit 2: Boundary value problems

Course > and PDEs

> 4. Boundary Value Problems > 2. Review

2. Review

Initial value problem

1/1 point (graded)

Find a solution to the following homogeneous, second order initial value problem:

$$rac{d^2}{dt^2}x + 4x = 0, \qquad x\left(0
ight) = 0, \; rac{dx}{dt}(0) = 1.$$

(This system models a simple harmonic oscillator which starts at position x=0 (m), with a velocity 1 (m/s) to the right.)

FORMULA INPUT HELP

Solution:

The characteristic equation $r^2+4=0$ of this differential equation has complex roots $\pm 2i$. The general solution to this second order, homogeneous differential equation with complex roots is

$$x(t) = A\cos(2t) + B\sin(2t).$$

We solve for the constants A and B using the initial conditions.

$$egin{array}{lll} x\left(0
ight) &=& A\cos\left(0
ight) + B\sin\left(0
ight) = 0 &\longrightarrow A = 0 \ x'\left(0
ight) &=& -2A\sin\left(0
ight) + 2B\cos\left(0
ight) = 1 &\longrightarrow B = 1/2 \end{array}$$

Therefore the solution to this initial value problem is

$$x\left(t
ight) =rac{1}{2}\mathrm{sin}\left(2t
ight) .$$

Submit

You have used 1 of 5 attempts

1 Answers are displayed within the problem

2. Review

Show all posts

Hide Discussion

by recent activity 🗸

Topic: Unit 2: Boundary value problems and PDEs / 2. Review

Add a Post

There are no posts in this topic yet.