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Bookmark

## Problem 1: Determining the type of a lightbulb

(3/3 points)

The lifetime of a type-A bulb is exponentially distributed with parameter  $\lambda$ . The lifetime of a type-B bulb is exponentially distributed with parameter  $\mu$ , where  $\mu > \lambda > 0$ . You have a box full of lightbulbs of the same type, and you would like to know whether they are of type A or B. Assume an *a priori* probability of  $1/3$  that the box contains type-B lightbulbs.

1. You observe the value  $t_1$  of the lifetime,  $T_1$ , of a lightbulb. A MAP decision rule implies that the lightbulb is of type A if and only if  $t_1 \geq \alpha$ .

Assuming that  $\mu \geq 2\lambda$ , find  $\alpha$ . Express your answer in terms of  $\mu$  and  $\lambda$ . Use 'mu', 'lambda' and 'ln' to denote  $\mu$ ,  $\lambda$ , and the natural logarithm function, respectively. For example,  $\ln \frac{2\mu}{\lambda}$  should be entered as 'ln((2\*mu)/lambda)'.

$$\alpha = \ln(\mu/(2*\lambda))/(\mu) \quad \checkmark$$

2. Assuming that  $\mu \geq 2\lambda$ , what is the probability of error of the MAP estimator?

☒  $\frac{1}{3}e^{-\mu\alpha} + \frac{2}{3}(1 - e^{-\lambda\alpha}) \quad \checkmark$

☐  $\frac{2}{3}e^{-\mu\alpha} + \frac{1}{3}(1 - e^{-\lambda\alpha})$

☐  $\frac{1}{3}(1 - e^{-\mu\alpha}) + \frac{2}{3}e^{-\lambda\alpha}$

☐  $\frac{2}{3}(1 - e^{-\mu\alpha}) + \frac{1}{3}e^{-\lambda\alpha}$

3.

## Unit overview

**Lec. 14:**  
**Introduction to**  
**Bayesian inference**

 Exercises 14 due Apr  
 06, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

**Lec. 15: Linear**  
**models with**  
**normal noise**

 Exercises 15 due Apr  
 06, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

**Problem Set 7a**

 Problem Set 7a due  
 Apr 06, 2016 at 23:59  
 UTC

**Lec. 16: Least**  
**mean squares**  
**(LMS) estimation**

 Exercises 16 due Apr  
 13, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

**Lec. 17: Linear**  
**least mean**  
**squares (LLMS)**  
**estimation**

 Exercises 17 due Apr  
 13, 2016 at 23:59 UTC

**Problem Set 7b**

 Problem Set 7b due  
 Apr 13, 2016 at 23:59  
 UTC

## Solved problems

 Additional  
 theoretical  
 material

## Unit summary

- Unit 8: Limit theorems and classical statistics

Assume that  $\lambda = 2$  and  $\mu = 3$ . Find the LMS estimate of  $T_2$ , the lifetime of another lightbulb from the same box, based on observing  $T_1 = 2$ . Assume that conditioned on the bulb type, bulb lifetimes are independent. (For this part, you will need a calculator. Provide an answer with an accuracy of two decimal places.)

 LMS estimate of  $T_2 =$ 

0.48


*You have used 2 of 2 submissions*

Printable problem set available here .

## DISCUSSION

Click "Show Discussion" below to see discussions on this problem.

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