

edX and its Members use cookies and other tracking technologies for performance, analytics, and marketing purposes. By using this website, you accept this use. Learn more about these technologies in the [Privacy Policy](#). ×



[Course](#) > [Midterm Exam \(1 week\)](#) > [Midterm Exam 1](#) > Problem 4

## Problem 4

For simplicity, suppose our rating matrix is a  $2 \times 2$  matrix and we are looking for a rank-1 solution  $UV^T$  so that user and movie features  $U$  and  $V$  are both  $2 \times 1$  matrices. The observed rating matrix has only a single entry:

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} ? & 1 \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix} \quad (6.4)$$

In order to learn user/movie features, we minimize

$$J(U, V) = \left( \frac{1}{2} \sum_{(a,i) \in D} (Y_{ai} - [UV^T]_{ai})^2 \right) + \lambda (U_1^2 + V_1^2) \quad (6.5)$$

where  $U_1$  and  $V_1$  are the first components of the vectors  $U$  and  $V$  respectively (if  $U = [u_1, u_2]$ , then  $U_1 = u_1$ ), the set  $D$  is just the observed entries of the matrix  $Y$ , in this case just  $(1, 2)$ .

**Note that the regularization we use applies only to the first coordinate of user/movie features**. We will see how things get a bit tricky with this type of partial regularization.

*Correction Note (July 30 21:00UTC):* An earlier version does not include the clarification "where  $U_1$  and  $V_1$  are the first components of the vectors  $U$  and  $V$  respectively."

*Correction Note (Aug 4 03:00UTC):* Added an example of what  $U_1$  means: if  $U = [u_1, u_2]$ , then  $U_1 = u_1$ ).

#### 4. (1)

1.0/1 point (graded)

If we initialize  $U = [u \quad 1]^T$ , for some  $u > 0$ , what is the solution to the vector  $V = [v_1 \quad v_2]^T$  as a function of  $\lambda$  and  $u$ ?

(Enter  $V$  as a vector, enclosed in square brackets, and components separated by commas, e.g. type `[u,lambda+1]` if

$V = [u \quad \lambda + 1]^T$ .)

$V =$

[0,1/u]

✓ Answer: [0,1/u]

STANDARD NOTATION

**Solution:**

Notice that  $J$  only regularizes on the first coordinate. Thus, we only want to minimize

$J(v_1, v_2) = \frac{1}{2}(1 - uv_2)^2 + \lambda(v_1^2 + u^2)$  given that  $V = [v_1, v_2]^T$ . We can see that  $J$  is minimized when  $v_1 = 0, v_2 = \frac{1}{u}$ . Therefore,

$$V = \left[0, \frac{1}{u}\right]^T. \quad (6.6)$$

Submit

You have used 1 of 3 attempts

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

4. (2)

0/1 point (graded)

What is the resulting value of  $J(U, V)$  as a function of  $\lambda$  and  $u$ ?

(Type `lambda` for  $\lambda$ ).

0

✖ Answer:  $(\lambda u^2)$

0

STANDARD NOTATION

**Solution:**

Notice that  $J$  only regularizes on the first coordinate. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} J(U, V) &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{(a,i) \in D} (Y_{ai} - [UV^T]_{ai})^2 + \lambda(U_1^2 + V_1^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (1 - u_1 v_2)^2 + \lambda(u_1^2 + v_1^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - u \cdot \frac{1}{u}\right)^2 + \lambda(u^2 + 0^2) \\ &= \lambda u^2 \end{aligned}$$

Submit

You have used 1 of 3 attempts

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

4. (3)

1/1 point (graded)

If we continue to iteratively solve for  $U$  and  $V$ , what would  $U$  and  $V$  converge to?

☒  $U$  goes to  $[0, 1]$ ,  $V$  goes to  $[0, \infty]$  ✓

☐  $U$  goes to  $[0, 0]$ ,  $V$  goes to  $[0, 0]$

☐  $U$  goes to  $[0, 1]$ ,  $V$  goes to  $[0, 0]$

☐  $U$  goes to  $[0, \infty]$ ,  $V$  goes to  $[1, 0]$

*Correction Note (July 29):* In an earlier version,  $V$  was missing in all choices.

### Solution:

The regularization error is minimized when  $u_1$  and  $v_1$  are 0. Over many iterations,  $u_1$  will eventually converge to zero. The squared error term is  $\frac{1}{2}(1 - u_1 v_2)^2$  is minized when  $u_1 v_2 = 1$ . Since  $u_1$  converges to 0,  $v_2$  diverges to  $\infty$ .

Submit

You have used 1 of 3 attempts

---

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

---

## 4. (4)

3/3 points (graded)

Not all rating matrices  $Y$  can be reproduced by  $UV^T$  when we restrict the dimensions of  $U$  and  $V$  to be  $2 \times 1$ .

For each matrix below, answer "Yes" or "No" according to whether it can be reproduced by such  $U$  and  $V$  of size  $2 \times 1$ .

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

☒ yes ✓

☐ no

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐ yes

☒ no ✓

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

☒ yes ✓

☐ no

**Solution:**

In order for matrix  $Y$  to be reproduced by  $UV^T$  we must have  $[u_1, u_2]^T \times [v_1, v_2] = Y$ . For the second matrix, this would require  $u_1 \times v_1 = 1, u_1 \times v_2 = 0, u_2 \times v_1 = 0, u_2 \times v_2 = 1$ , which has no solution.

The first matrix can be represented as  $[1 \ -1]^T \times [1 \ -1]$  and the third can be represented as  $[1 \ -1]^T \times [11]$ .

Submit

You have used 1 of 3 attempts

**i** Answers are displayed within the problem

## Error and Bug Reports/Technical Issues

Hide Discussion

**Topic:** Midterm Exam (1 week):Midterm Exam 1 / Problem 4

Add a Post

Show all posts ▼

by recent activity ▼

? [\[staff\] 4.\(2\)](#)

4

I think (you may check), that when i submitted my exam the clarification, that the 1/2 only affected the summation was not in place. My answer w...

? [For 4\(1\) - \(2\) one iteration](#)

2

💬 [\[Staff\] 4.1 typo in solution](#)

2

? [\[STAFF\] Question on 4.3](#)

7

💬 <a href="#">Midterm deadline passed, some of my answers "not submitted"?</a>	1
<a href="#">I'm a bit worried because some of the answers I submitted seem to have not been recorded. I submitted all my answers and then clicked "Submi...</a>	
💬 <a href="#">[STAFF]: the set D is just the observed entries of the matrix Y, in this case just (1,2): is this correct?</a>	9
<a href="#">Since the matrix has only 1 observed entry 1.</a>	
? <a href="#">Clarification needed about 4.1</a>	4
<a href="#">--- edited ---</a>	
? <a href="#">Clarification needed: --- edited ---</a>	2
<a href="#">--- edited ---</a>	
💬 <a href="#">Typo ("compoment") in clarification</a>	2
<a href="#">[Edited to remove exam content]</a>	
? <a href="#">[Edited to remove exam content]</a>	3
<a href="#">[Edited to remove exam content] Please email 686exam@mit.edu for further questions.</a>	
💬 <a href="#">Just wondering when this type of regularization is useful if it leads to a bad solution</a>	1
<a href="#">Just wondering when this type of regularization is useful (if at all), if it leads to a bad solution, any intuition (or it's just there for theoretical prope...</a>	
★ <a href="#">Following</a>	
✓ <a href="#">[STAFF].J Expression</a>	3
<a href="#">[Edited to remove exam content]A</a>	
✓ <a href="#">[staff] clarification of notation</a>	3
<a href="#">[Edited to remove exam content]</a>	

© All Rights Reserved