

MITx: 6.041x Introduction to Probability - The Science of Uncertainty



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Unit overview

Lec. 5: Probability mass functions and expectations

Exercises 5 due Mar 02, 2016 at 23:59 UT

Lec. 6: Variance; Conditioning on an event; Multiple

r.v.'s

Exercises 6 due Mar 02, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Lec. 7: Conditioning on a random variable; Independence of r.v.'s

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Exercise: Random variables versus numbers (2/2 points)

Let X be a random variable that takes integer values, with PMF $p_X(x)$. Let $m{Y}$ be another integer-valued random variable and let $m{y}$ be a number.

a) Is $p_X(y)$ a random variable or a number?

Number **Answer:** Number

b) Is $p_X(Y)$ a random variable or a number?

Random variable • ✓ Answer: Random variable

Answer:

- a) Recall that $p_X(\cdot)$ is a function that maps real numbers to real numbers. So, when we give it a numerical argument, y, we obtain a number.
- b) In this case, we are dealing with a function, the function being $p_X(\cdot)$, of a random variable Y. And a function of a random variable is a random variable. Intuitively, the "random" value of $p_X(Y)$ is generated as follows: we observe the realized value $m{y}$ of the random variable Y, and then look up the numerical value $p_X(y)$.

You have used 1 of 1 submissions

Exercises 7 due Mar 02, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Solved problems

Additional theoretical material

Problem Set 4

Problem Set 4 due Mar 02, 2016 at 23:59 UT 🗗

Unit summary

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