

5. Finding Fourier coefficients

<u>Course</u> > <u>Unit 1: Fourier Series</u> > <u>MATLAB Recitation 1</u> > exercise

5. Finding Fourier coefficients exercise
For loops and Fourier coefficients (External resource) (1.0 / 1.0 points)

Plotting the first 100 terms of the Fourier series (External resource) (1.0 points possible)

n someone point me to what I'm doing wrong with the expression for the jth Fourier term? FSterms(j,:) = (((2/(pi))* (1-(-been at it for few days now and I can't seem to get it right	7 St. 27 - NE 3 - 20
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24 days ago	
I think I figured it out!!!!	
Wonderful! That was fast. :)	•••
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```
1 % Create a vector of zeros to store our coefficients
 b = zeros(1,100);
 3
 4 %Determine the range of values you much let k range over
 5 for k= 1:100
      %For each index k define a function to integrate
      f = @(t) square(t).*sin(k*t);
 7
      %Set the kth entry of b equal to the value of the Fourier coefficient
      b(k) = (1/pi)*integral(f, -pi, pi);
      % If b(k) is small, set to 0 since we want to discount nonzero numbers due to numerical error
      if b(k)<10^-5
11
           b(k) = 0;
12
       end
13
14
15
   %Display bar graph of coefficients
   bar(b);
```

► Run Script

0

#### **Previous Assessment: All Tests Passed**

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Correct coefficients in b

## Output



```
7 %% COPY and PASTE the for loop you found from the problem above.
8 for k= 1:100
       %For each index k define a function to integrate
9
       f = @(t)  square(t).*sin(k*t);
10
      %Set the kth entry of b equal to the value of the Fourier coefficient
11
       b(k) = (1/pi)*integral(f, -pi, pi);
12
      % If b(k) is small, set to 0 since we want to discount nonzero numbers due to numerical error
13
       if b(k)<10^-5
14
           b(k) = 0;
15
       end
16
   end
17
18
   %Compute superposition of truncated Fourier series
19
   FSterms = zeros(100,N);
   %First, multiply each coefficient by the appropriate sin function
   for j=1:100
23
       if b(j) > 10^{-5}
24
           % Give an expression for the jth Fourier term
25
           FSterms(j,:) = b(j)*sin(j*t);
26
       end
27
   end
28
   %Take the sum of the first 100 terms
   SqFS = sum(FSterms);
31
   %Plot the Sq and the SqFS
   plot(t,SqFS,'b'); hold on;
   plot(t,Sq,'k');
```

► Run Script

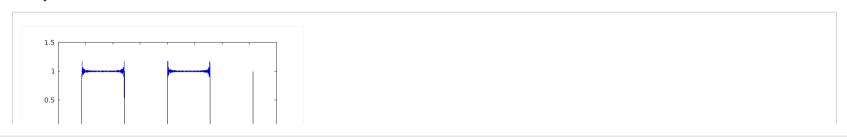
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## **Output**



## **Further exploration**

To continue to explore the terms of the Fourier series, consider going to MATLAB online. See what you get when you plot the first 200 terms. The first 500 terms!

Alternatively, watch to see how the square wave develops by plotting the first term, the sum of the first two terms, the sum of the first three terms etc.

# 5. Finding Fourier coefficients exercise

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Struggling to find the right FSterms(j,)





