

Course > Week 4 > Prime ... > Proble...

Problem (3-4)

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Problem 3

1/1 point (graded)

Find integers A, B, C, and D satisfying the following:

$$3^4 \equiv A \pmod{31}$$
 $0 \le A \le 30$

$$3^8 \equiv B \pmod{31}$$
 $0 \le B \le 30$

$$3^{16} \equiv C \pmod{31}$$
 $0 \leq C \leq 30$

$$3^{20} \equiv D \pmod{31}$$
 $0 \le D \le 30$

Find A, B, C and D.

$$A =$$
 $B =$
 $C =$
 $D =$
 19

Answer: 19
 20

Answer: 20
 28

Answer: 28
 5

Answer: 5
 5

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You have used 2 of 2 attempts

1 Answers are displayed within the problem

Problem 4

1/1 point (graded)

Choose the incorrect statement.

- Many modern public key cryptosystems are constructed using prime numbers.
- Fermat's Little Theorem is very useful to construct and analyze modern cryptosystems.
- ullet Given A,B, and N, it is a computationally hard problem to calculate K satisfying $AK \equiv B \pmod{N}$ if K and N are large. It is called the Discrete Logarithm Problem.
- The exponentiation \pmod{N} is a complicated operation. Given A, K, N, it is a computationally hard problem to calculate $AK\pmod{N}$ if K and N are large. It is called the Exponentiation Problem. <

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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

1 Answers are displayed within the problem

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