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Machine Learning with Python-From Linear Models to Deep Learning

<u>Help</u>



<u>sandipan_dey</u>

<u>Unit 2 Nonlinear Classification,</u> <u>Linear regression, Collaborative</u> <u>Course > Filtering (2 weeks)</u>

> Project 2: Digit recognition (Part 1) > 3. Support Vector Machine

3. Support Vector Machine

Bob thinks it is clearly not a regression problem, but a classification problem. He thinks that we can change it into a binary classification and use the support vector machine we learned in Lecture 4 to solve the problem. In order to do so, he suggests that we can build an one vs. rest model for every digits. For example, classifying the digits into two classes: 0 and not 0.

Bob wrote a function run_svm_one_vs_rest_on_MNIST where he changed the labels of digit 1-9 to 1 and keeps the label 0 for digit 0. He also found that sklearn package contains a SVM model where you can use directly. He gave you the link to that model and hope you can tell him how to use that.

You will be working in the file part1/svm.py in this problem

Important: For this problem, you will need to use the <u>scikit-learn</u> library. If you don't have it, install it using pip install sklearn

One vs. Rest SVM

5/5 points (graded)

Use the sklearn package and build the SVM model on your local machine. Use random_state = 0, C=0.1 and default values for other parameters.

Available Functions: You have access to the sklearn's implementation of the linear SVM as LinearSVC; No need to import anything.

```
def one_vs_rest_svm(train_x, train_y, test_x):
    """
    Trains a linear SVM for binary classifciation

4

Args:
    train_x - (n, d) NumPy array (n datapoints each with d features)
    train_y - (n, ) NumPy array containing the labels (0 or 1) for each training data point
    test_x - (m, d) NumPy array (m datapoints each with d features)
```

```
Returns:
pred_test_y - (m,) NumPy array containing the labels (0 or 1) for each test data point
"""

clf = LinearSVC(random_state = 0, C=0.1)

clf.fit(train_x, train_y)
return clf.predict(test_x)
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Test results

		<u>Hide output</u>
CORRECT		
	est: output1	
	tput:	

```
train_x: [[0.74021551 0.43195563]
 [0.40684059 0.44127392]
 [0.99915919 0.52231402]
 [0.29457754 0.45500002]
 [0.25464916 0.50020259]
 [0.54634547 0.96572388]
 [0.27012457 0.04665474]
 [0.76504382 0.82860708]
 [0.68958708 0.77897273]
 [0.38031509 0.81979835]
 [0.84065229 0.79751435]
 [0.95114222 0.29275591]
 [0.06657971 0.70887626]
 [0.37758739 0.57958282]
 [0.59278639 0.24966864]
 [0.46846513 0.82311161]]
train_y: [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 0]
test_x: [[0.08559828 0.35649492]
 [0.58029473 0.48915356]
 [0.95243623 0.31967552]
 [0.3185904 0.50873137]
 [0.48851915 0.9699501 ]
 [0.2590593 0.80253755]
 [0.73428524 0.88636573]
 [0.54701302 0.1022148 ]
 [0.10810793 0.8151251 ]
 [0.97802428 0.58690018]
 [0.46722661 0.55904237]]
Submission output: [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
```

```
train x: [[0.65447353 0.20028434 0.48239213]
[0.64171897 0.56762668 0.88175238]
 [0.8447331 0.4998508 0.90182049]
 [0.63844322 0.55868315 0.5755569 ]
 [0.24214408 0.51659304 0.76089543]
 [0.54918455 0.26628602 0.22222436]
 [0.2604621 0.47727055 0.97995404]
 [0.63602578 0.42497548 0.32957748]
 [0.72721527 0.3376802 0.32333993]
 [0.5883944 0.72746542 0.62569041]
[0.72004228 0.52763629 0.71935559]]
train_y: [0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1]
test_x: [[0.77964731 0.81920037 0.25430089]
 [0.66557967 0.78041885 0.28126548]
[0.0423602 0.02576799 0.57016067]
 [0.13564713 0.7721141 0.34966991]
 [0.15671801 0.3125784 0.30351681]
 [0.33528671 0.38876823 0.19711744]
 [0.28158124 0.20749997 0.24147398]
 [0.2879429 0.07601778 0.26567582]
 [0.28807974 0.57639994 0.42400284]
 [0.53160431 0.03197762 0.89518054]
 [0.23845549 0.73092687 0.44063511]
 [0.74996488 0.64791171 0.08330063]
 [0.30355642 0.72450119 0.75979937]
 [0.55121859 0.60209421 0.06778405]
[0.65039024 0.35902444 0.78136871]]
Submission output: [0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0]
```

```
train x: [[8.11279050e-01 4.52141831e-01]
 [2.10601269e-01 4.60914351e-01]
 [7.56697823e-01 1.80289453e-01]
 [7.06835399e-01 3.74637157e-01]
 [8.38588837e-01 6.44637236e-01]
 [4.74836638e-01 7.96392933e-04]
 [8.62446759e-01 8.94038847e-01]
 [3.79948573e-01 3.09683287e-02]
 [6.67359468e-03 9.36768967e-01]
 [8.78075213e-01 1.76902314e-01]
 [4.77391055e-01 4.33192373e-01]
 [4.43228794e-01 1.01555361e-02]
 [5.76255389e-01 7.91439018e-01]
 [9.68005407e-01 5.91789850e-01]
 [5.14374622e-01 4.40404097e-01]
 [6.03612168e-01 6.45366923e-02]
 [2.19506810e-01 9.68929440e-01]
[8.73675061e-01 7.23780916e-02]
[2.21873555e-01 8.56756712e-02]]
train_y: [0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0]
test_x: [[0.81382256 0.15376929]
[0.23824971 0.33176453]
 [0.02746353 0.83300153]
 [0.17765254 0.40144322]
 [0.32422425 0.18189357]
 [0.87095893 0.57074161]
 [0.67063566 0.14012018]
 [0.11496733 0.14235777]
 [0.96174966 0.90831115]
 [0.83568426 0.16983058]
 [0.42290956 0.21958185]
 [0.12218531 0.46372719]
 [0.60522441 0.29051125]
 [0.07373684 0.62676753]
 [0.20730928 0.7869615 ]
 [0.35580997 0.46428361]
 [0.78131668 0.69473551]
 [0.87077188 0.91518852]]
Submission output: [0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1]
```

```
train x: [[0.40818312 0.38159886 0.24241605 0.38366628]
      [0.27033749 0.00799247 0.68875155 0.90568713]
      [0.7260674  0.45649055  0.18981836  0.21927554]
      [0.86720485 0.37834952 0.12136992 0.04190428]
      [0.76908809 0.13222895 0.75322116 0.57165623]
      [0.2783364 0.08799754 0.44468719 0.14840139]
      [0.6340726  0.84103611  0.87859193  0.58786321]
      [0.75026416 0.28905957 0.85672734 0.26242404]
      [0.51058753 0.874677 0.64296309 0.74521429]
      [0.21944755 0.75669826 0.65450055 0.07229256]
      [0.00590142 0.57580201 0.04343592 0.64508964]
      [0.55628962 0.60103265 0.32649291 0.44102935]]
     train_y: [1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0]
     test x: [[0.37860324 0.13043979 0.81896389 0.26955548]
      [0.71999832 0.0391397 0.0892016 0.00906736]
      [0.80751849 0.84190127 0.63861565 0.20653685]
      [0.44203692 0.51044744 0.11300264 0.96149892]
      [0.55899333 0.30114035 0.65591599 0.02560668]
      [0.43083021 0.6259706 0.56773372 0.2968281 ]
      [0.16241506 0.59334928 0.35972919 0.55718829]
      [0.93006913 0.88344789 0.23734165 0.15495788]
      [0.67133825 0.23542507 0.25029202 0.22982249]
      [0.6335627  0.66607768  0.62857216  0.64588296]
      [0.67391828 0.13442488 0.51791969 0.62855356]
      [0.83447665 0.33478579 0.7688467 0.82935934]
      [0.2353971  0.62110565  0.55023205  0.09117792]
      [0.61131201 0.80061459 0.54041534 0.86326114]
      [0.0276005  0.62259065  0.59953523  0.31203471]]
     Test: size
Output:
     Output size: (19,)
                                                                                                               Hide output
```

Submit

You have used 2 of 20 attempts

✓ Correct (5/5 points)

Binary classification error

5/5 points (graded)

Report the test error by running <code>run_svm_one_vs_rest_on_MNIST</code> .

Error = 0.00749999999999951

Submit

You have used 1 of 20 attempts

✓ Correct (5/5 points)

Implement C-SVM

5/5 points (graded)

Play with the C parameter of SVM, what statement is true about the C parameter?

(Choose all that apply.)

- Larger C gives larger tolerance of violation.
- ✓ Larger C gives smaller tolerance of violation.
- Larger C gives a larger-margin separating hyperplane.
- ✓ Larger C gives a smaller-margin separating hyperplane.



Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

✓ Correct (5/5 points)

Multiclass SVM

5/5 points (graded)

In fact, sklearn already implements a multiclass SVM with a one-vs-rest strategy. Use LinearSVC to build a multiclass SVM model

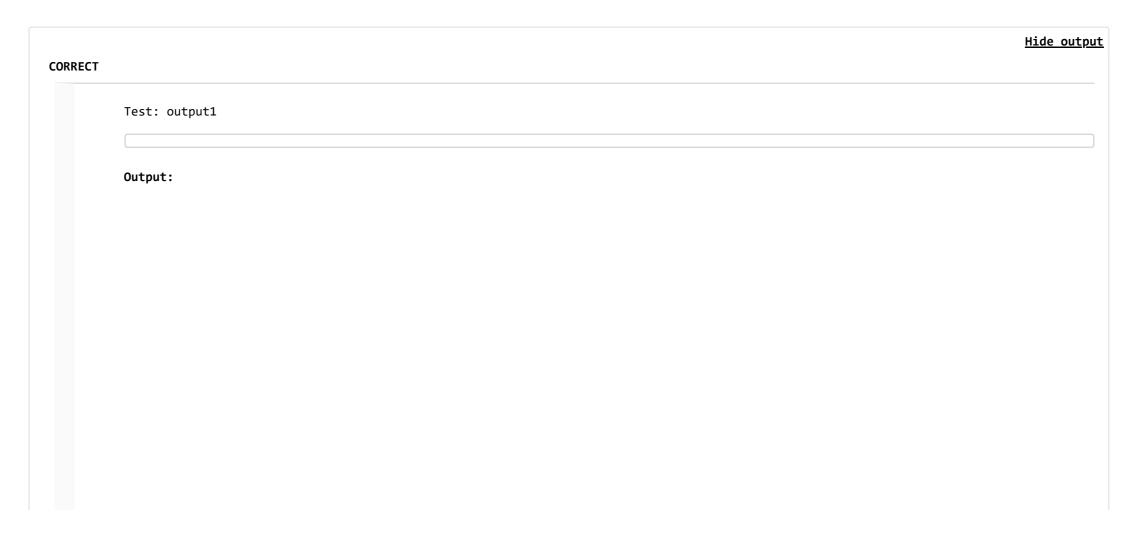
Available Functions: You have access to the sklearn's implementation of the linear SVM as LinearSVC; No need to import anything.

```
1 def multi_class_svm(train_x, train_y, test_x):
2
3
      Trains a linear SVM for multiclass classification using a one-vs-rest strategy
4
5
      Args:
6
          train_x - (n, d) NumPy array (n datapoints each with d features)
7
          train_y - (n, ) NumPy array containing the labels (int) for each training data point
8
          test_x - (m, d) NumPy array (m datapoints each with d features)
9
      Returns:
10
          pred_test_y - (m,) NumPy array containing the labels (int) for each test data point
11
12
      clf = LinearSVC(random_state = 0, C=0.1)
13
      clf.fit(train_x, train_y)
14
      return clf.predict(test_x)
15
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correct

Test results



```
train_x: [[6.99578995e-01 5.53887478e-01]
[6.85779158e-01 6.31515219e-01]
 [7.34893186e-01 3.85731936e-01]
 [8.10086613e-01 6.77818801e-01]
 [4.61409485e-01 8.28452598e-01]
 [4.42838547e-01 9.63062400e-01]
 [2.18127805e-01 2.58773532e-01]
 [5.99256262e-04 9.77156129e-02]
 [9.08444152e-01 2.19172952e-01]
 [6.81866122e-01 4.31294184e-01]
 [5.82768423e-01 2.83390240e-01]
[7.43304318e-01 2.04510477e-01]
[8.39572330e-01 1.92496580e-01]]
train_y: [0 1 2 3 3 0 2 3 3 0 2 3 3]
test_x: [[0.54078115 0.90424663]
[0.30404909 0.72121012]
[0.9573102 0.54364279]
 [0.78040913 0.4710401 ]
 [0.4121865 0.85725592]
 [0.38522828 0.47252131]
 [0.8350261 0.98659789]
 [0.12303874 0.56828995]
 [0.8581817 0.11108622]
 [0.53666229 0.7750237 ]
 [0.498776 0.30302112]
 [0.0691167 0.80248447]
 [0.81882352 0.71891433]
 [0.11216922 0.30237022]
 [0.95167904 0.58994716]]
```

```
train x: [[0.89067904 0.10903467 0.85626622]
[0.05025322 0.63078981 0.24687799]
[0.19626511 0.37969011 0.89536792]
 [0.65222839 0.0262676 0.06054459]
[0.561349  0.22484606  0.09531271]
[0.27482608 0.63519925 0.08724291]
 [0.61660784 0.25366854 0.14584416]
[0.02046448 0.12280837 0.66150661]
[0.04786739 0.30779211 0.88858349]
[0.34419749 0.80909343 0.13903339]]
train_y: [3 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 1 2]
test_x: [[0.96478668 0.65586213 0.57584791]
[0.73845802 0.45179801 0.98143644]
[0.65385843 0.34829907 0.94578283]
[0.19782722 0.04934819 0.9415929 ]
[0.24559923 0.66968244 0.99222757]
[0.05170463 0.39427076 0.06792789]
[0.55638174 0.74970882 0.51336906]
 [0.00490819 0.84121466 0.34129819]
 [0.06985683 0.0293824 0.17444237]
[0.92886513 0.90440363 0.16560619]
 [0.17015272 0.05538263 0.36379799]
 [0.49996439 0.95682557 0.5311442 ]
[0.00390922 0.71012281 0.83096032]
[0.32613772 0.18519645 0.73048977]
 [0.00377797 0.67512294 0.26130904]
[0.93387774 0.02629033 0.08979667]
[0.87688284 0.71547598 0.82567368]
[0.46420684 0.99850153 0.22575559]
[0.96575274 0.31854653 0.62150942]]
```

```
train_x: [[0.75002148 0.63795031 0.02730299]
 [0.06007064 0.92071922 0.95779576]
 [0.32853301 0.87291641 0.86004731]
 [0.24639947 0.2632307 0.47235945]
 [0.05084266 0.76128843 0.94864315]
 [0.47737458 0.88383301 0.50558399]
 [0.04090603 0.78157897 0.09865894]
 [0.75605868 0.75261111 0.4173839 ]
 [0.20532656 0.09058549 0.4575146 ]
 [0.99151513 0.8016871 0.31725206]
 [0.63073877 0.19078004 0.42412705]]
train_y: [1 2 0 3 2 3 4 3 3 3 5]
test_x: [[0.6167434  0.37653891  0.32302156]
 [0.52221961 0.09780199 0.8823878 ]
 [0.61515609 0.18121164 0.14613885]
 [0.59838007 0.50415017 0.54354423]
 [0.07601381 0.39909316 0.41933142]
 [0.69729208 0.18875622 0.73619069]
 [0.09658408 0.68687144 0.54239389]
 [0.12313501 0.80736059 0.72992841]
 [0.04087764 0.13969736 0.85577583]
 [0.36916368 0.25326968 0.46333089]]
Submission output: [3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3]
```

```
3. Support Vector Machine | Project 2: Digit recognition (Part 1) | 6.86x Courseware | edX
     train_x: [[0.15113639 0.83737355]
       [0.46977631 0.61996902]
       [0.49968899 0.11361127]
       [0.8626747 0.8358077 ]
       [0.66348748 0.36102256]
       [0.85746564 0.95724941]
       [0.27952378 0.95736125]
       [0.22205355 0.63287309]
       [0.67004944 0.61885252]
       [0.79073745 0.07174858]
      [0.27565991 0.08344264]]
     train_y: [0 1 0 2 1 0 3 3 2 0 2]
     test_x: [[0.44307091 0.37645626]
       [0.25656735 0.98210213]
       [0.54969574 0.77414383]
       [0.95812598 0.70050533]
       [0.18251712 0.1872745 ]
       [0.95824287 0.98384452]
       [0.78242729 0.06993624]
       [0.96004066 0.62649782]
       [0.48468815 0.79527531]
       [0.14305605 0.55477047]
       [0.93962422 0.16525797]
       [0.14296584 0.46005 ]
      [0.30824337 0.49591007]]
     Submission output: [0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0]
Test: size
Output:
     Output size: (12,)
                                                                                                                         <u>Hide output</u>
```

Submit

You have used 1 of 20 attempts

✓ Correct (5/5 points)

Multiclass SVM error

5/5 points (graded)

Report the overall test error by running run_multiclass_svm_on_MNIST.

Error = 0.08189999999999999999

Submit

You have used 1 of 20 attempts

✓ Correct (5/5 points)

Discussion

Hide Discussion

Topic: Unit 2 Nonlinear Classification, Linear regression, Collaborative Filtering (2 weeks):Project 2: Digit recognition (Part 1) / 3. Support Vector Machine

Add a Post

Sho	w all posts ▼ by recent activ	ity ▼
Q	How to view the misclassified images along with their labels To get an idea of what the digit images that were classified incorrectly actually look like, I added a bit of function to display just the misclassified images and put a label above	3
∀	[STAFF] Problem with "Binary classification error"?	8
Q	Implement C-SVM	6
2	[Staff] Multiclass SVM Grader erroneously asks to implement `one vs rest svm` twice instead of `multi class svm`. A Community TA	11
2	Error in Answer: Implement C-SVM	7
∀	Multiclass SVM error Multiclass SVM works fine and passes the grader, but the error which is lower than for one vs. rest SVM is marked as wrong.	6

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