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ourse > Unit 2 Four	Homework 2: Statistical Models,  1. Confidence Intervals for Curved  addition of Inference > Estimation, and Confidence Intervals > Gaussian Family
Currently er	nrolled in <b>Audit Track</b> (expires December 25, 2019) <u>Upgrade (\$300)</u>
<b>1. Confi</b> (a)	dence Intervals for Curved Gaussian Family
1/1 point (gra $X_1,\dots$	<sup>ded)</sup> $,X_n$ be i.i.d. random variables with distribution $\mathcal{N}( heta, heta)$ , for some unknown parameter $ heta>0$ .
True or Fals	e: The sample average $\overline{X}_n$ follows a normal distribution for any integer $n\geq 1.$
True	
False	
~	
Submit	
345.1110	You have used 1 of 1 attempt
	You have used 1 of 1 attempt  et (1/1 point)

(b)

2/2 points (graded)

What is the expectation and the variance of  $\overline{X}_n$  ?

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\overline{X}_n
ight] = egin{bmatrix} an & oldsymbol{\star} \ heta & oldsymbol{\theta} \end{bmatrix}$$

STANDARD NOTATION

Submit

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

✓ Correct (2/2 points)

(c)

2/2 points (graded)

Find an interval  $\, \mathcal{I}_{ heta} \,$  (that depends on  $\, heta \,$  ) centered about  $\, \overline{X}_{n} \,$  such that

$$\mathbf{P}\left(\mathcal{I}_{ heta} 
ightarrow heta
ight) = 0.9 \qquad ext{for all } n ext{(i.e, not only for large } n).$$

(Write <code>barx\_n</code> for  $\overline{X}_n$  . Use the estimate  $q_{0.05} pprox 1.6448$  for best results.)

$$\mathcal{I}_{ heta} = [A_{ heta}, B_{ heta}]$$
 for

Generating Speech Output

$$A_{ heta}=egin{array}{c} {\sf barX\_n-1.6448*sqrt(theta/n)} \end{array}$$

STANDARD NOTATION

Submit

You have used 2 of 2 attempts

✓ Correct (2/2 points)

(d)

2/2 points (graded)

Again, use the estimate  $q_{0.05} pprox 1.6448$  for best results.

Now, find a confidence interval  $\mathcal{I}_{ ext{plug-in}}$  with **asymptotic** confidence level 90% by plugging in  $\overline{X}_n$  for all occurrences of  $\theta$  in  $\mathcal{I}_{\theta}$ .

$$\mathcal{I}_{ ext{plug-in}} = [A_{ ext{plug-in}}, B_{ ext{plug-in}}]$$
 for

**STANDARD NOTATION** 

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You have used 1 of 2 attempts

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(e)

2/2 points (graded)

Finally, find a confidence interval  $\mathcal{I}_{solve}$  for heta with **nonasymptotic** level 90% solving the bounds in  $\mathcal{I}_{ heta}$  for heta .

$$\mathcal{I}_{ ext{solve}} = [A_{ ext{solve}}, B_{ ext{solve}}]$$
 for

$$A_{\rm solve} = \left| \text{ barX_n+2.7053/(2*n)-1.6448/(2*n)*sqrt(2.7053+4*n*bar} \right|$$

$$B_{
m solve} = igg| \ {
m barX\_n+2.7053/(2*n)+1.6448/(2*n)*sqrt(2.7053+4*n*bar)} igg| ullet$$

STANDARD NOTATION

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You have used 1 of 3 attempts

✓ Correct (2/2 points)

## Discussion

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**Topic:** Unit 2 Foundation of Inference:Homework 2: Statistical Models, Estimation, and Confidence Intervals / 1. Confidence Intervals for Curved Gaussian Family

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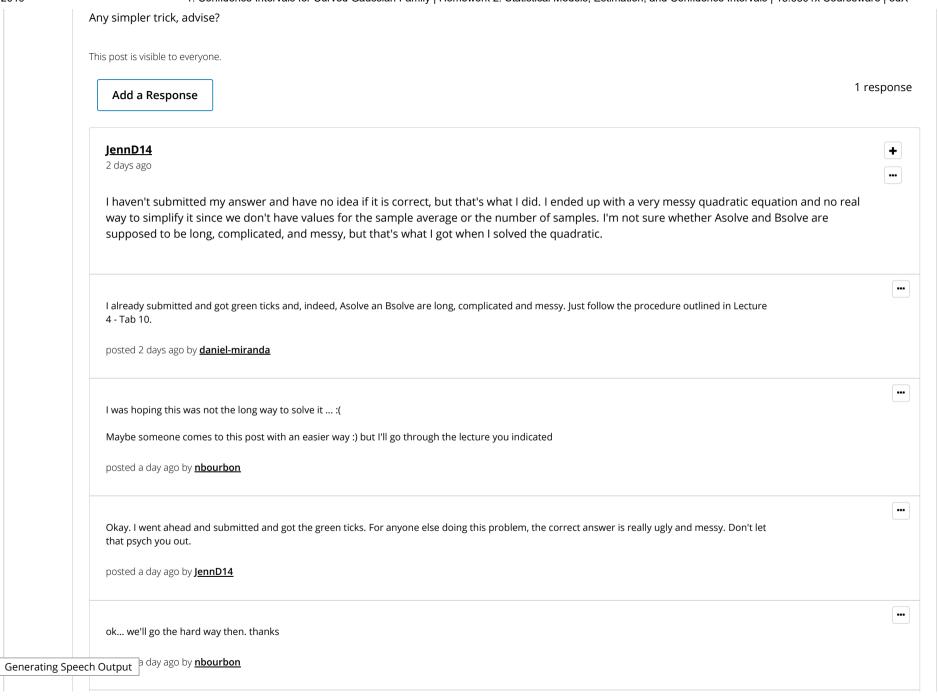
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## e) solving for theta

discussion posted 2 days ago by **nbourbon** 

I'm sure the problem must be easier than the way I'm trying to do so just checking... I'm assuming that I\_solve is where we expect to rearrange the numbers in the limit expression so as to have "theta" in the center. But it is just that we also have the sqrt(theta) in another term in the limit Generating Speech Output nipulation becomes harder.

...



1. Confidence Intervals for Curved Gaussian Family	Homework 2: Statistical Models, Estimation	, and Confidence Intervals	18.6501x Courseware	ed
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	Argh, that was ugly! Thank you for the post really helped re-assure I was on the right track.	•••
	posted about 19 hours ago by <b>corderfj</b>	
	@Daniel-miranda exactly, following that chapter I got the green ticks as well	•••
	posted about 19 hours ago by <b>nbourbon</b>	
	Just need to use the fact that the solution of the quadratic equation $a. x^2 + b. x + c = 0$ is $\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4.a.c}}{2.a}$ (Sridharacharya's formula, <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sridhara">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sridhara</a> )  posted less than a minute ago by <b>sandipan dey</b>	•••
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