Geographic Data Science – guest lecture

Sándor Juhász



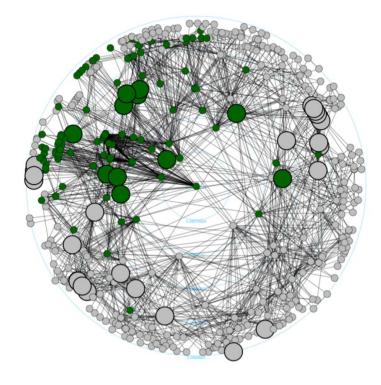




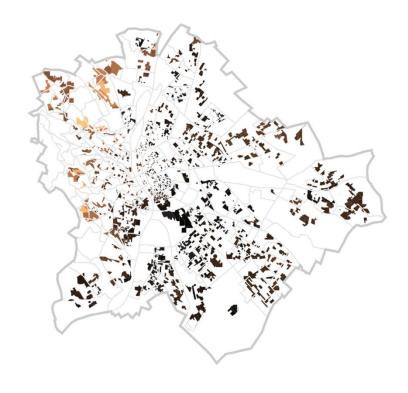
Complexity Science*Hub



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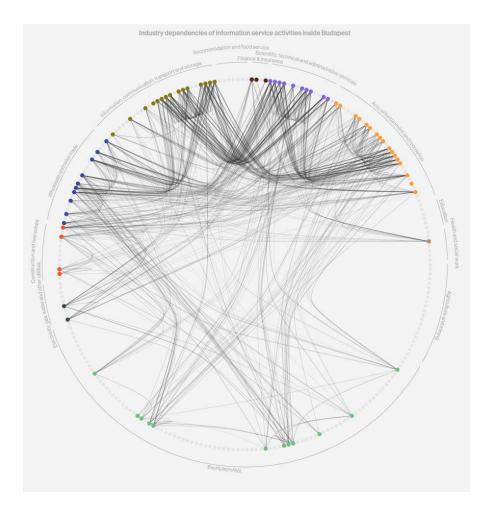


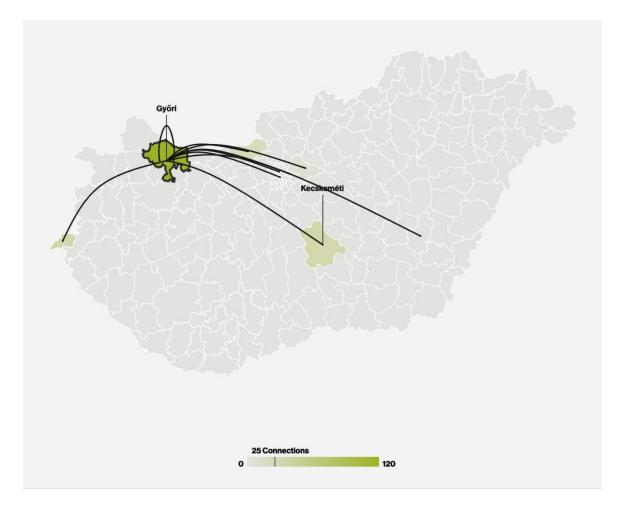
SOCIO-ECONOMIC NETWORKS



URBAN DATA SCIENCE

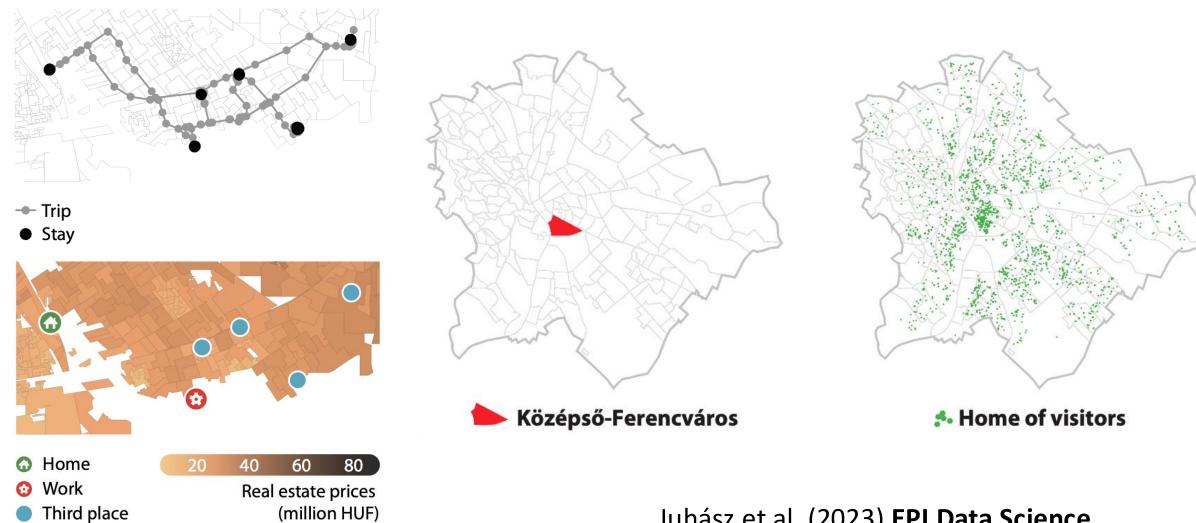
Current research – Supply networks and labor flows





https://vis.csh.ac.at/colocation-suppliers/

Current research – Cities through individual mobility data



Juhász et al. (2023) EPJ Data Science

Geographic Data Science

- Full course in Social Data Science 1-year MA program (spring semester)
- We follow giants with local twists http://darribas.org/gds18/
- Tutorials by the NERDS (https://nerds.itu.dk)



Michael Szell
Assoc Prof
ITU Copenhagen



Anastassia Vybornova
PhD Student
ITU Copenhagen



Dani Arribas-BelProfessor in Geographic Data Science, University of Liverpool (UK)

Geographic Data Science – today

- What is GDS (Geographic Data Science)?
- Why learn about it?
- Data and pyhon libraries
- Statistical tools and applications

Geographic Data Science is all the things that exist in 'regular' data science – but with a focus on **space** and **location**

Why is this relevant?

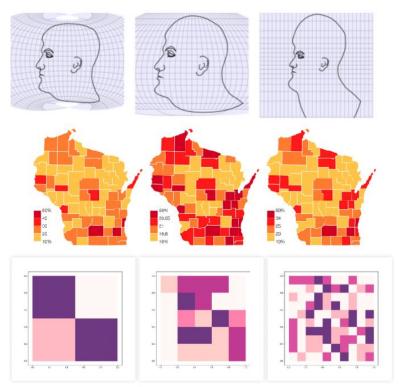
More and more social and economical data are spatial

Need for statistical tools to correctly handle space

$$\mathbf{y}_{\text{lag}} = \left(\sum_{j=1}^{n} w_{ij} y_{j}\right)_{i} = W\mathbf{y}$$

$$I = \frac{n}{\sum_{i} \sum_{j} w_{ij}} \frac{\sum_{i} \sum_{j} w_{ij} z_{i} z_{j}}{\sum_{i} z_{i}^{2}}$$

We need to be aware of pitfalls



What is geographic data?

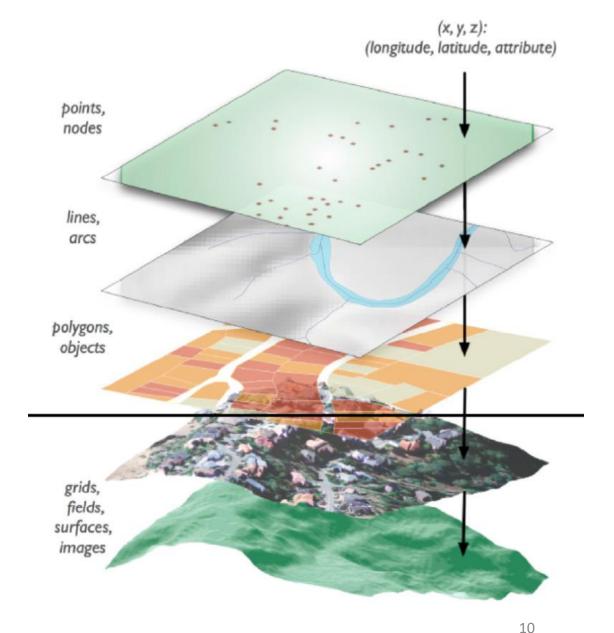
Geographic or geospatial data is information that describes objects, events or other features with a location on or near the surface of the earth

- Coordinates (latitutde, longitude)
- Attibutes (temperature, ...)
- Temporal infomration (time stamp, ...)

Standard data formats

Vector data: geometric objects .gpkg, .shp, .svg, .geojson

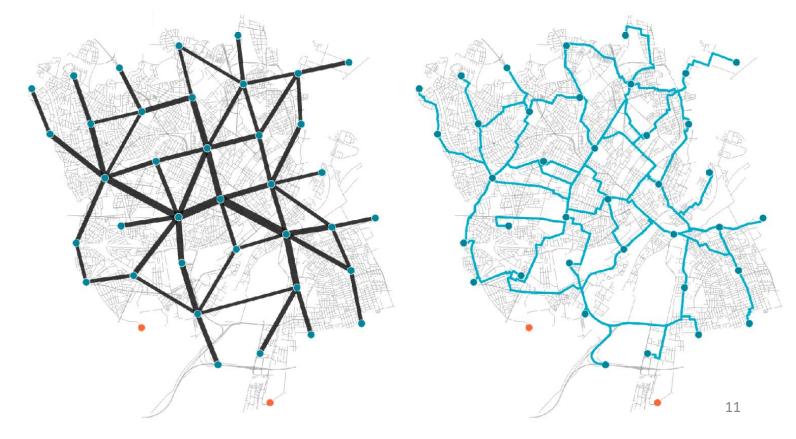
Raster data: grid of pixels .tif, .jpg, .png, .bmp



Source: Kelly, M. UC Berkeley

Network data

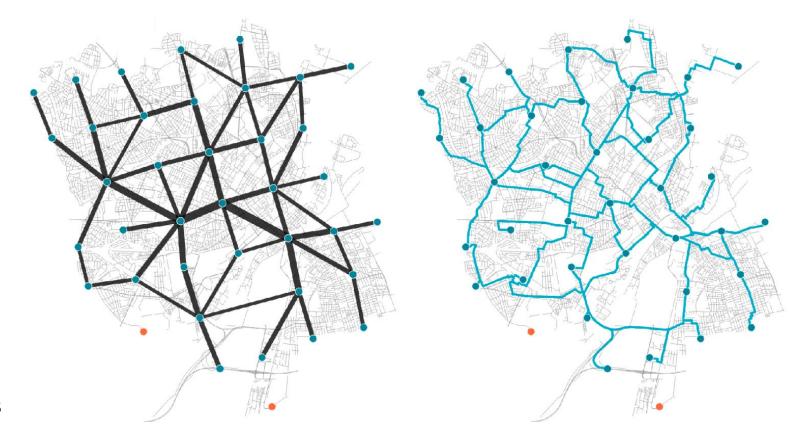
Structure (topology), embedded in space



Szell et al. (2022) Scientific Reports

Tobler's first law of geography

Everything is related to everything else, but near things are more related than distant things



Szell et al. (2022) **Scientific Reports**

How do things relate in space?

How to formalize, operationalize and visualize this question?

Practice sessions

Part1 – Introduction to geographic data

Part 2 – OSM and spatial networks

Part 3 – Spatial autocorrelation and gravity models

https://github.com/sandorjuhasz/geoDS-guest-lectures

Procedural part of Geographic Data Science

DB handling









Point and click GIS





Procedural part – geographic data basics

- Coordinate Reference Systems (CRS)
- Libraries and data handling

Coordinate Reference Systems (CRS)

Geographic RS

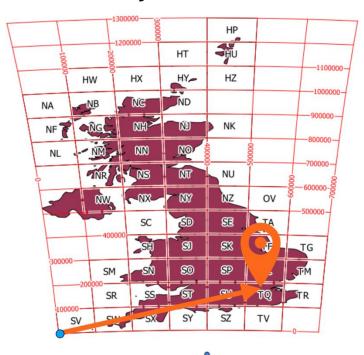


$$(\phi, \lambda) = (-0.1, 51.5)$$

Latitude

Longitude Degrees N/S from equator Degrees W/E from meridian

Projected RS

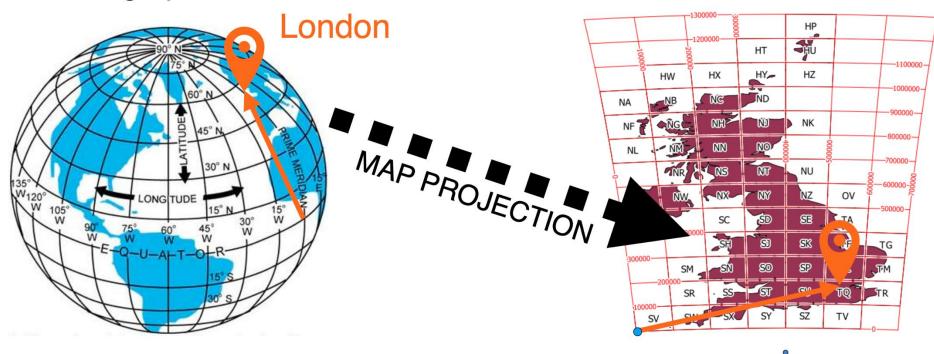


(x,y) = (530000,180000)

Easting Meters east from origin (bottom left) Meters north from origin (bottom left) Northing

Coordinate Reference Systems (CRS)





$$(\phi, \lambda) = (-0.1, 51.5)$$

Longitude Latitude Degrees N/S from equator Degrees W/E from meridian

(x,y) = (530000,180000)

Projected RS

Easting Meters east from origin (bottom left)
Northing Meters north from origin (bottom left)

Common world-spanning reference systems

WGS 84 (World Geodetic System 1984) / EPSG:4326



WGS 84 - Web/Pseudo-Mercator / EPSG:3857

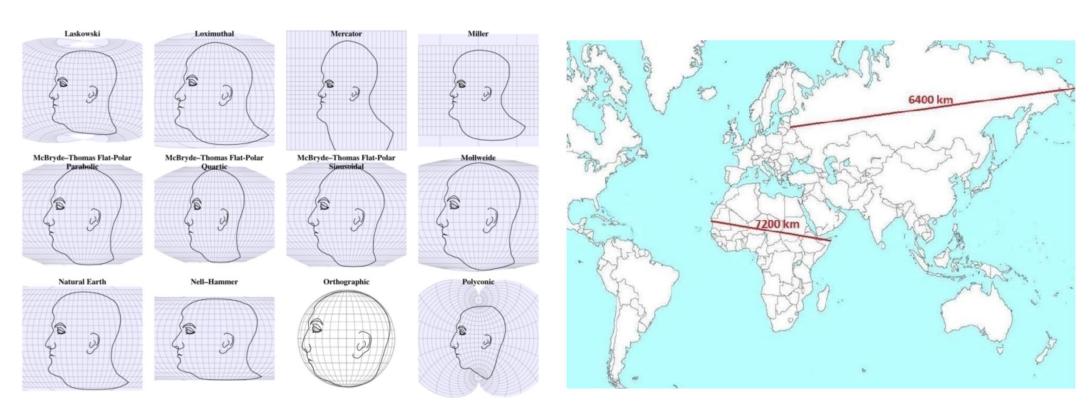




All map projections are wrong

... but some are useful

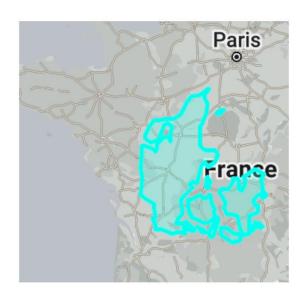
https://www.thetruesize.com/



Usual pitfalls

Nr. 1 – wrong or missing CRS!

Nr. 2 – (lat,lon) vs. (lon,lat)



| lon, lat | lat, lon |
|---|--|
| formats | formats |
| GeoJSON ref | GeoRSS ref |
| • KML <u>ref</u> | Encoded Polylines (Google) ref |
| Shapefile ref | • iCalendar <u>ref</u> |
| WKT ref | |
| • WKB <u>ref</u> | |
| • geobuf ^{ref} | |
| javascript apis | javascript apis |
| • OpenLayers ref | Leaflet ref |
| • d3 ^{ref} | Google Maps API ref |
| ArcGIS API for JavaScript ref | |
| Mapbox GL JS ref | |

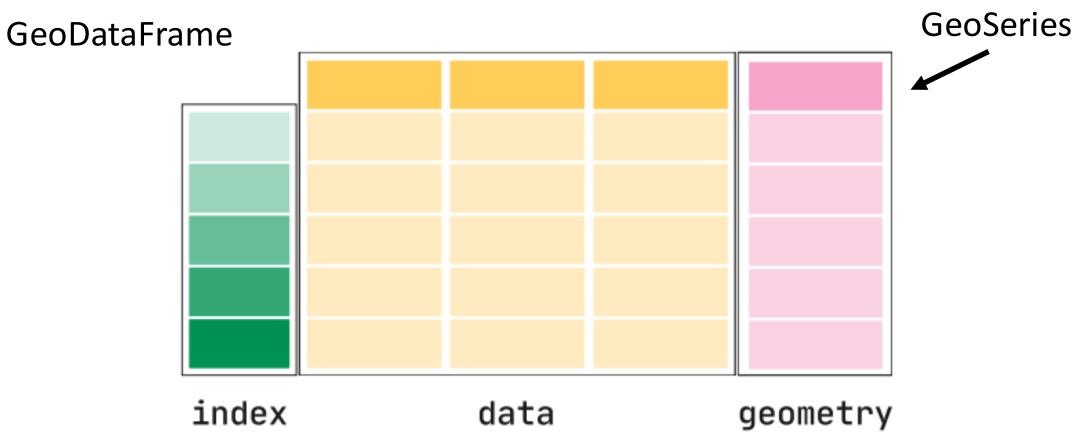
Data handling and libraries



The spatial extension for pandas

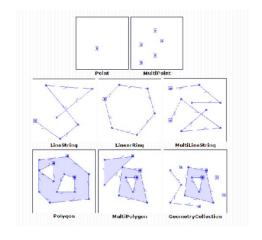
Data handling and libraries

https://geopandas.org/



Data handling and libraries

Uses Shapely for geometries

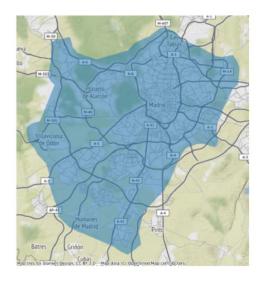


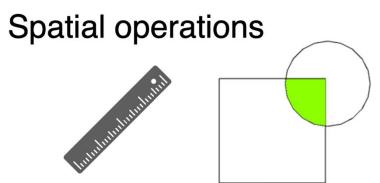
CRS support

Intersection



Static maps





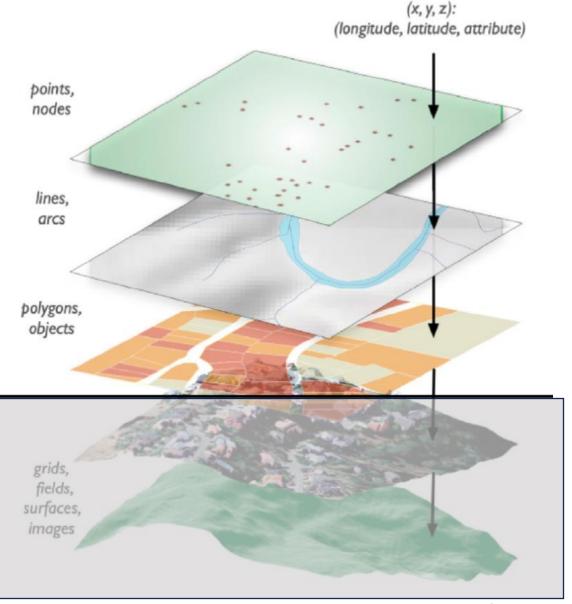
GeoPandas handles vector data

Vector data: geometric objects

.gpkg, .shp, .svg, .geojson

Raster data: grid of pixels

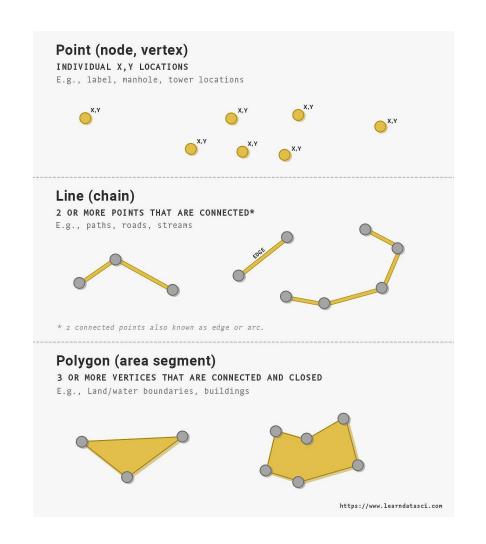
.tif, .jpg, .png, .bmp

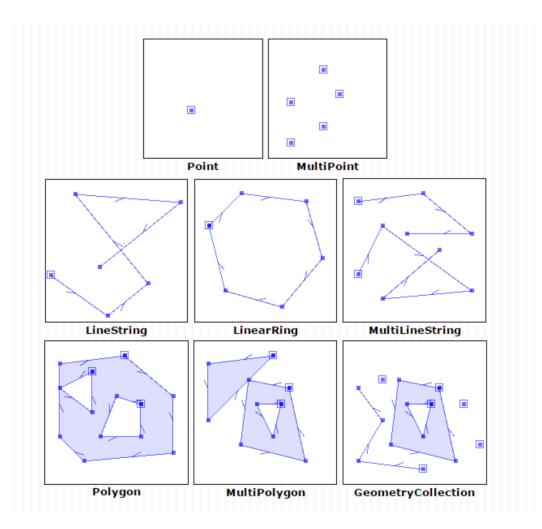


Data handling – file formats

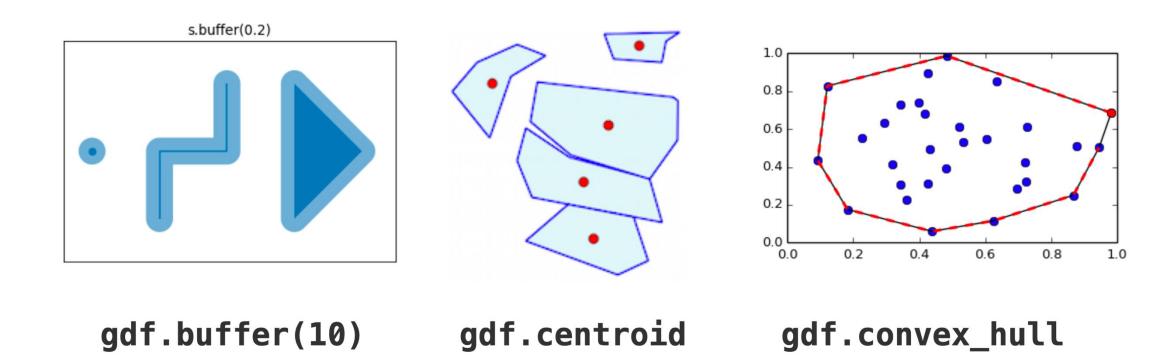
```
Geopackage – 'universal'
GeoJSON – web-optimized
CSV
Shapefiles – old school
....
```

Basic geometric objects are handled by shapely



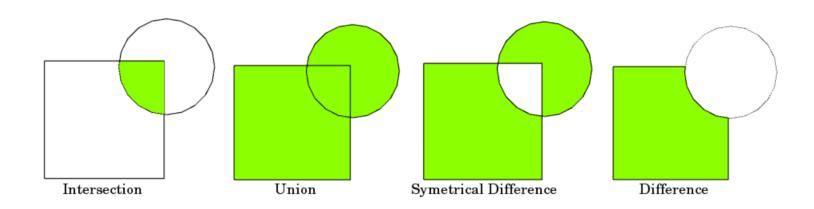


Spatial data operations in GeoPandas/Shapely



Spatial data operations in GeoPandas/Shapely

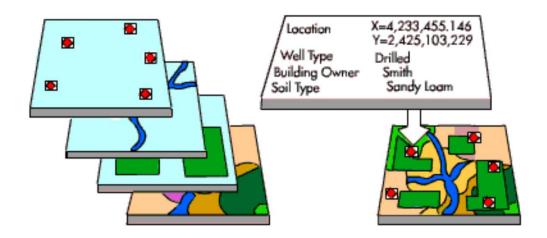
Set based operations



intersection = gdf1.overlay(gdf2, how='intersection')

Spatial data operations in GeoPandas

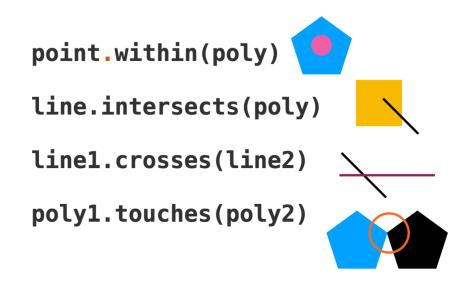
Spatial join



join = point_gdf.sjoin(poly_gdf)

Spatial data operations in GeoPandas/Shapely

Spatial queries



...and many more!

Thank you! Let's explore together!

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