

Methodology Document

Financial AI Agent

1 System Overview

This project implements an end-to-end **Financial AI Agent** designed to automate the extraction, validation, analysis, and interpretation of financial information from Latvian annual report PDFs. The system integrates:

- Large Language Models (LLMs)
- Schema-validated structured extraction
- Financial ratio computation
- Cross-company visualization
- LLM-generated peer review
- A user-friendly Gradio interface

The pipeline consists of:

1. Document ingestion and preprocessing
2. LLM-based structured extraction
3. Financial ratio computation
4. Aggregation and visualization
5. Peer review generation
6. Interface deployment

2 Data Ingestion and Preprocessing

2.1 PDF Loading

PDFs are processed using `PyPDFLoader`. For each uploaded document:

- The first eight pages are extracted (balance sheet and profit & loss).
- Pages are concatenated into a unified text corpus.

2.2 Unicode and Text Sanitization

To ensure cross-platform stability:

- Unicode characters above 0xFFFF (emojis, astral symbols) are removed.
- Latvian characters (ā, ē, č, ġ, ļ, ņ, š, ž) are preserved.

This prevents encoding errors while maintaining linguistic accuracy.

3 Structured Financial Information Extraction

3.1 Pydantic Schema Design

A custom `Pydantic` model (`LatvianFinancials`) enforces strict validation for:

- Company identifiers
- Profit & Loss variables
- Balance sheet variables
- Optional fields for missing data

3.2 LLM-Based Parsing with LangChain

Extraction uses:

- `PromptTemplate`
- `PydanticOutputParser`
- Selectable LLM backend (GPT-4o, Llama-3, Gemini)

The prompt enforces accounting rules:

- Remove thousand separators
- Convert bracketed values to negatives
- Prefer reporting-year values
- Use Latvian row codes (“Rindas kods”)

This produces validated, machine-readable financial data.

4 Financial Ratio Computation

Ratios are computed using extracted values.

4.1 Liquidity

Current Ratio

$$\text{Current Ratio} = \frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$$

4.2 Profitability

Net Profit Margin (%)

$$\text{Net Margin} = \frac{\text{Net Profit}}{\text{Net Turnover}} \times 100$$

4.3 Solvency

Debt-to-Equity Ratio

$$\text{Debt/Equity} = \frac{\text{Short-term Debt} + \text{Long-term Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$$

Fallback logic handles missing or zero values.

5 Aggregation and Visualization

5.1 Data Aggregation

Outputs from multiple companies are combined into a Pandas DataFrame for:

- Cross-company comparison
- Year-aligned analysis

5.2 Interactive Visualization

Using Plotly Express, the system generates:

- Grouped bar charts for liquidity, profitability, solvency
- Interactive hover and labels

6 LLM-Generated Peer Review Analysis

The system generates a qualitative analysis by:

- Passing the aggregated DataFrame as a markdown table
- Evaluating liquidity, profitability, leverage
- Producing a structured narrative and recommendation

Output language is selectable (English or Latvian).

7 User Interface and Deployment

Built using Gradio Blocks, the interface supports:

- API key input
- LLM provider selection
- Language selection
- Multi-PDF upload
- Display of:
 - Structured financial table
 - Interactive charts
 - Peer review text

8 Methodological Advantages

This methodology:

- Combines accounting logic with LLM reasoning
- Ensures schema-validated outputs
- Supports multi-model robustness
- Bridges quantitative metrics and qualitative interpretation

The Financial AI Agent provides a scalable, explainable solution for automated Baltic financial report analysis.