

Hamid MOHAMMADI

PERSONAL INFORMATION

BIRTH: Iran | 23 July 1996
RESIDENCE: Tehran, Iran
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WORK EXPERIENCE

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| OCT 2021 - PRESENT | Computer Vision Engineer: FarazPardazan My focus here was to develop web and mobile friendly computer vision solutions for automated identity evaluation and optical information extraction. I am involved in projects Face Detection and Recognition, Liveness Detection, Visual Brand Identification, Credit and ID card OCR Website: Farazpardazan.com |
| JULY 2019 - SEP 2021 | Computer Vision Engineer: Sensifai Building intelligent surveillance services, I was involved in several projects including face detection and recognition, fire detection, violence detection, object detection, motion localization, and so forth. Moreover, I participated in designing and implementing efficient real-time hardware-accelerated multi-stream video analysis tools. Website: Sensifai.com Sentiligence.com |
| NOV 2016 - SEP 2017 | Junior Big-Data and Artificial Intelligence Engineer: Yooz Search Engine My task as an artificial intelligence Engineer in this company was to help the web search team attain its goals by designing and implementing artificial intelligence solutions mainly related to Natural Language Processing and Machine learning. Some of these projects are Duplicate and near-duplicate document detection in big data applications, which mainly was about dimensionality reduction, and Persian text difficulty assessment and Persian transliteration, which were implemented in Big-Data environments. Website: Yooz.ir |
| SEP 2016 - NOV 2016 | Summer Internship: Yooz Search Engine In this summer internship, I worked on projects such as Persian sentiment analysis, Persian text similarity measurement, and offensive words filtering. Website: Yooz.ir |
| SEP 2015 - AUG 2016 | Android Developer: Noghteh Web Services My primary goal in this company was to design and implement the "ClassPlus" android application, an educational management, and a self-assessment assistant. Linkedin: Noghteh Web Services |

EDUCATION

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| SEP 2019 - PRESENT | AMIRKABIR UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY Master of Science, Artificial Intelligence Thesis: semi-supervised video violence recognition and localization |
| SEP 2014 - DEC 2018 | K. N. TOOSI UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY Bachelor of Science, Computer Engineering Thesis: text readability assessment using deep reinforcement learning |

COMPUTER SKILLS

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| FLUENT PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES | Python |
| MACHINE LEARNING CONCEPTS | Deep Architectures (Classification, Regression, Transformers, Recurrent) Computer Vision (Classification, Detection, Vectorization) Natural Language Understanding (Classification, Vectorization) Reinforcement Learning (Q-Learning, DRL) Classical Models (SVM, Random Forest, ...) |
| FRAMEWORKS AND TOOLS | Tensorflow + Keras (CPU-GPU) Scikit-learn OpenCV Python NumPy, SciPy, Matplotlib PyTest (tox) Docker DeepStream framework and tools GStreamer framework and tools FFmpeg TensorRT Setuptools Git/GitLab Latex CVAT |
| ALSO FAMILAR WITH | TensorflowLite ONNX TensorflowJS AWS Elastic Computing Celery Redis |
| FAMILIAR PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES | Java C/C++ Assembly 8086 C Embedded Matlab Javascript |
| OPERATING SYSTEMS | Linux (Ubuntu) |

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Hamid Mohammadi, Ehsan Nazerfard, "SSHA: Video Violence Recognition and Localization using a Semi-Supervised Hard-Attention Model"

Master Thesis, Submitted to Expert Systems with Applications Journal, | [arXiv:2202.02212](https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.02212)

Current human-based surveillance systems are prone to inadequate availability and reliability. Artificial intelligence-based solutions are compelling, considering their reliability and precision in the face of an increasing adaption of surveillance systems. The proposed model uses an I3D backbone pre-trained on the Kinetics dataset and has achieved state-of-the-art accuracy of 90.4% and 98.7% on RWF and Hockey datasets, respectively. The semi-supervised hard attention mechanism has enabled the proposed method to fully capture the available information in a high-resolution video by processing the necessary video regions in great detail.

Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, "Text as Environment: A Deep Reinforcement Learning Text Readability Assessment Model"

Preprint | [arXiv:1912.05957](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.05957)

Deep reinforcement learning models are demonstrated to be helpful in further improvement of state-of-the-art text readability assessment models. The main contributions of the proposed approach are the automation of feature extraction, loosening the tight language dependency of text readability assessment task, and efficient use of text by finding the minimum portion of a text required to assess its readability. The experiments on Weebit, Cambridge Exams, and Persian readability datasets display the model's state-of-the-art precision, efficiency, and the capability to be applied to other languages.

Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, Amin Nikoukaran, "A Machine Learning Approach to Persian Text Readability Assessment Using a Crowdsourced Dataset"

Accepted at 2020 28th Iranian Conference on Electrical Engineering (ICEE) | [arXiv:1810.06639](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.06639)

In the present research, the first Persian dataset for text readability assessment was gathered and the first model for Persian text readability assessment using machine learning was introduced. The experiments showed that this model was accurate and could assess the readability of Persian texts with a high degree of confidence.

Hamid Mohammadi, Seyed Hossein Khasteh, "A Fast Text Similarity Measure for Large Document Collections Using Multi-reference Cosine and Genetic Algorithm"

Published at Turkish Journal of Electrical Engineering Computer Sciences | [TJEECS](https://www.tjecs.org/)

In this paper, a new signature-based approach to text similarity detection is introduced which is fast, scalable, reliable and needs less storage space. The proposed method is examined on popular text document data-sets such as CiteseerX, Enron, Gold Set of Near-duplicate News Articles and etc. The results are promising and comparable with the best cutting-edge algorithms, considering the accuracy and performance.

Hamid Mohammadi, Amin Nikoukaran, "Multi-reference Cosine: A New Approach to Text Similarity Measurement in Large Collections"

Preprint | [arXiv:1810.03099](https://arxiv.org/abs/1810.03099)

In this paper, a new approach to batch text similarity detection is proposed by combining some ideas from dimensionality reduction techniques and information gain theory. The new approach is focused on search engines need to detect duplicated and near-duplicated web pages.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

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| TEACHING ASSISTANT | Theory of Formal Languages and Automata Oct 2017 - Feb 2018, Sep 2018 - Feb 2019 |
| | Computer Structure and Language Oct 2017 - Feb 2018, Feb 2018 - Jun 2018, Sep 2018 - Feb 2019 |
| | Principles of Compiler Design Feb 2018 - Jun 2018 |
| | Computer Networks Feb 2018 - Jun 2018 |
| | Computer Architecture Oct 2017 - Feb 2018 |

LANGUAGES

PERSIAN: Native
ENGLISH: Full professional proficiency
TOEFL-iBT: 106/120 (Sep 2018)
Reading: 29, Listening: 30, Speaking: 23, Writing: 24