# Design a Notification System

# **Problem Statement:**

You are tasked with designing a Notification System that supports sending notifications to users across multiple channels. The system should be scalable, extensible, and able to handle a large volume of notifications.

### Core Features:

### 1. User and Notification Management:

- Users can register to receive notifications.
- Notifications can be sent via multiple channels, such as **Email**, **SMS**, and **Push Notifications**.
- Notifications can be personalized for individual users.

### 2. Notification Scheduling:

- Notifications can be sent **immediately** or **scheduled** to be sent at a specific time in the future.
- Support recurring notifications (e.g., reminders).

### 3. Prioritization and Batching:

- Notifications should support **priority levels** (e.g., high, medium, low).
- Batch notifications for efficiency, especially for large-scale campaigns.

### 4. Channel Extensibility:

 New notification channels (e.g., WhatsApp, Slack) should be easily integrated without significant changes to the existing system.

#### 5. Failure Handling and Retries:

- If sending a notification fails (e.g., network issues, invalid contact details), the system should retry with exponential backoff.
- Provide mechanisms to log and monitor failed notifications.

# Constraints and Non-Functional Requirements:

- Scalability: The system must handle millions of notifications, potentially across different regions.
- Real-Time vs. Scheduled: Real-time notifications should have low latency, while scheduled notifications should handle large backlogs efficiently.
- Fault Tolerance: The system should gracefully handle failures and ensure eventual delivery.
- Extensibility: Adding new notification channels or formats should require minimal effort

# Deliverables:

### 1. Class/Component Design:

- Clear separation of concerns between notification generation, channel delivery, scheduling, and retry logic.
- o Interfaces or abstractions for channels to ensure easy extensibility.

### 2. Notification Delivery Logic:

- o Implementation of prioritization and scheduling.
- Retry mechanisms for handling transient failures.

### 3. **APIs**:

- RESTful APIs or equivalents for sending, scheduling, and tracking notifications.
- Support for bulk notification APIs (if applicable).

## 4. Database Design:

• Schema to store user preferences, notification history, and scheduling information.

### 5. Unit Tests:

• Cover priority handling, channel selection, and retry logic.