



# **SECURE CODE WARRIOR**

# **OS COMMAND INJECTIONS**

**We will explain**

What an OS Command Injection is, its causes and preventions,  
&  
some potential hazards.

# **WHAT ARE OS COMMAND INJECTIONS?**

An “OS Command Injection” is a vulnerability that allows arbitrary commands to be executed on the operating system of the application.

## WHAT ARE OS COMMAND INJECTIONS?



<http://site.com/action/delete?fileToDelete=aFile.txt>



## **WHAT CAUSES OS COMMAND INJECTIONS?**

This vulnerability can happen when user controlled input, through parameters, cookies, HTTP headers, etcetera

## WHAT CAUSES OS COMMAND INJECTIONS?



**USER INPUT**

```
webapp@server$ cp -r $FileToDelete /bad  
webapp@server$ rm -rf $FileToDelete
```

**are passed to the system shell without any prior validation.**

## To understand

OS Command Injections,  
let's look at an example  
of an application with this vulnerability

Here, a GET parameter 'fileToDelete' is passed to the system shell without prior validation.



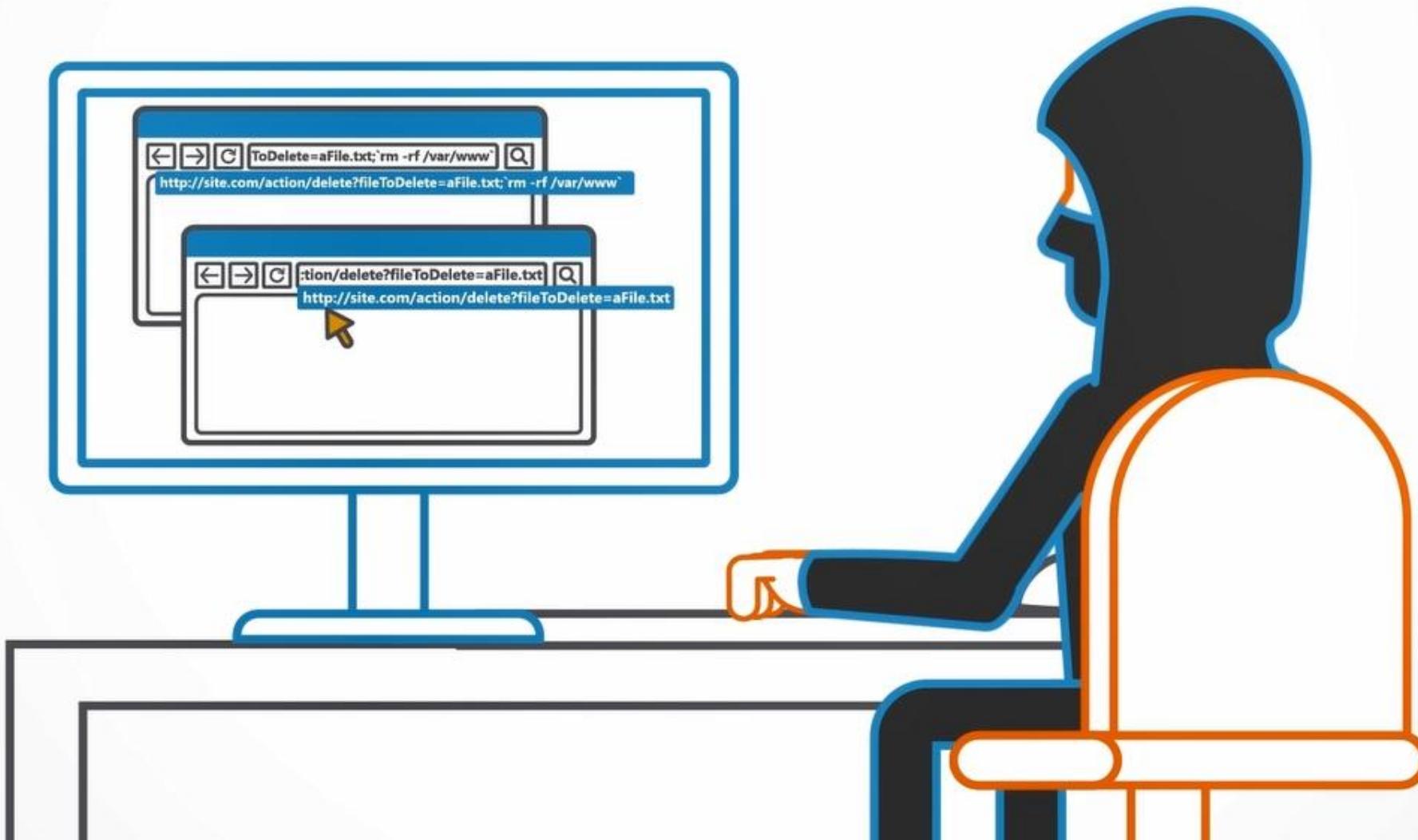
ToDelete=aFile.txt;`rm -rf /var/www`



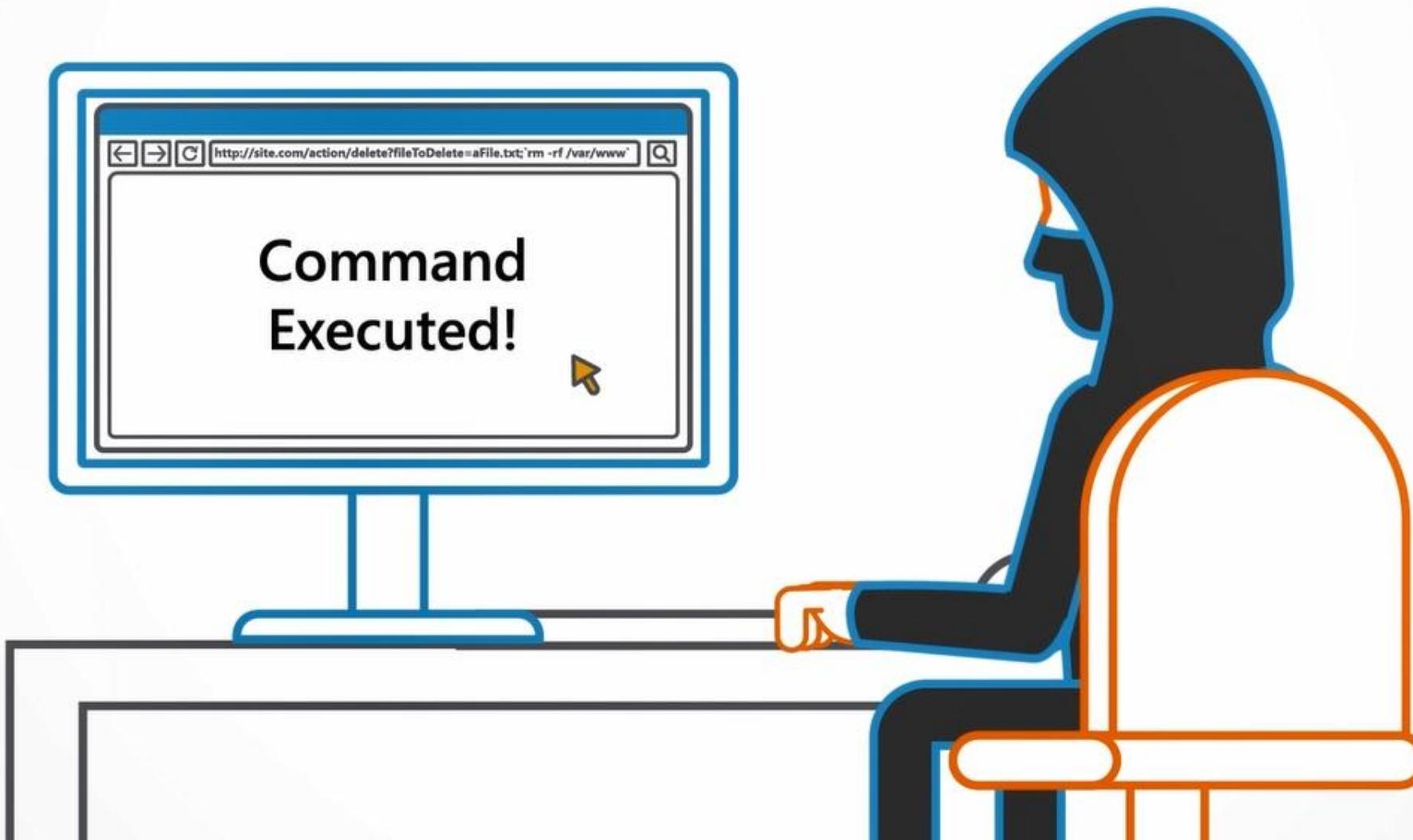
<http://site.com/action/delete?fileToDelete=aFile.txt;`rm -rf /var/www`>



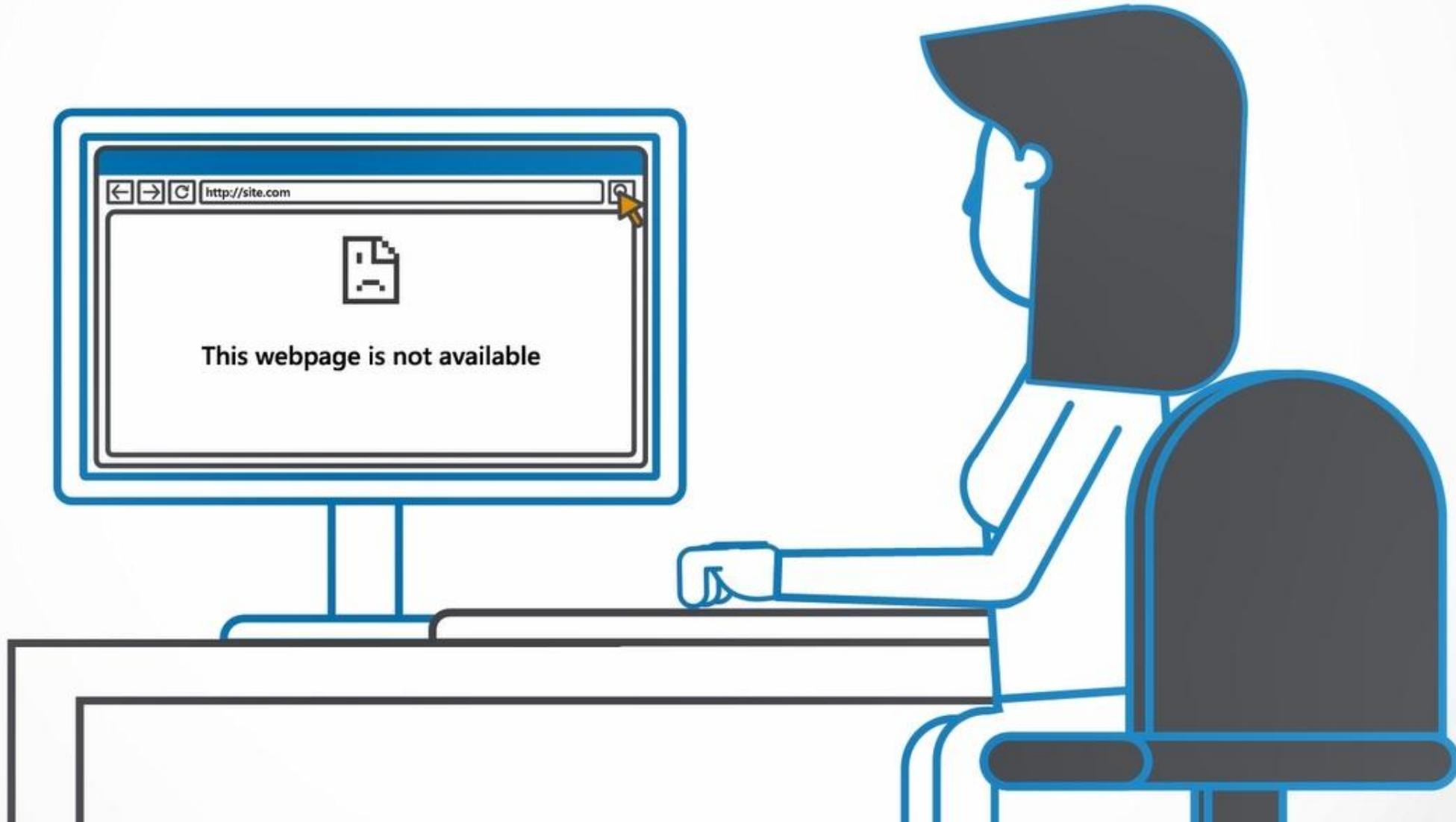
An attacker edits the URL to craft a new, malicious URL: he appends a shell command to the parameter value of a request, like so...



The application appends the GET parameter to the command string and the malicious command is executed.



**In this example, all the web application files are deleted. The web application becomes unavailable.**



**OS Command Injection could  
have major impacts.**

**Injected commands will run with the  
privileges of the vulnerable application.**

So, for example, user passwords or other sensitive data could be displayed on the application output.

First Name	Last Name	Email Id	Password
John	Doe	john.doe@xyzmail.com	e10adc3949ba72
David	Stuart	david.stuart@xyzmail.com	e10adc332oba59
Jenny	Helen	jenny.helen@xyzmail.com	e10adc3976ba8i
Robert	Brian	david.stuart@xyzmail.com	e10adc39iaba45
Linda	Smith	linda.smith@xyzmail.com	e10adc3649ab63
Mark	Jason	mark.jason@xyzmail.com	e10adc3i43ba22
Betty	Jones	betty.jones@xyzmail.com	e10adc395ab55

**Customer data could get exposed leading to privacy issues and a damaged reputation.**

First Name	Last Name	Email Id	Password
John	Doe	john.doe@xyzmail.com	j0#NdOe
David	Stuart	david.stuart@xyzmail.com	D4v!d\$tuart
Jenny	Helen	jenny.helen@xyzmail.com	J3nnny#eLen
Robert	Brian	david.stuart@xyzmail.com	R08ert8r4!n
Linda	Smith	linda.smith@xyzmail.com	!nd4\$m!t#
Mark	Jason	mark.jason@xyzmail.com	m4rkJ4\$0n
Betty	Jones	betty.jones@xyzmail.com	BettyJ0ne\$

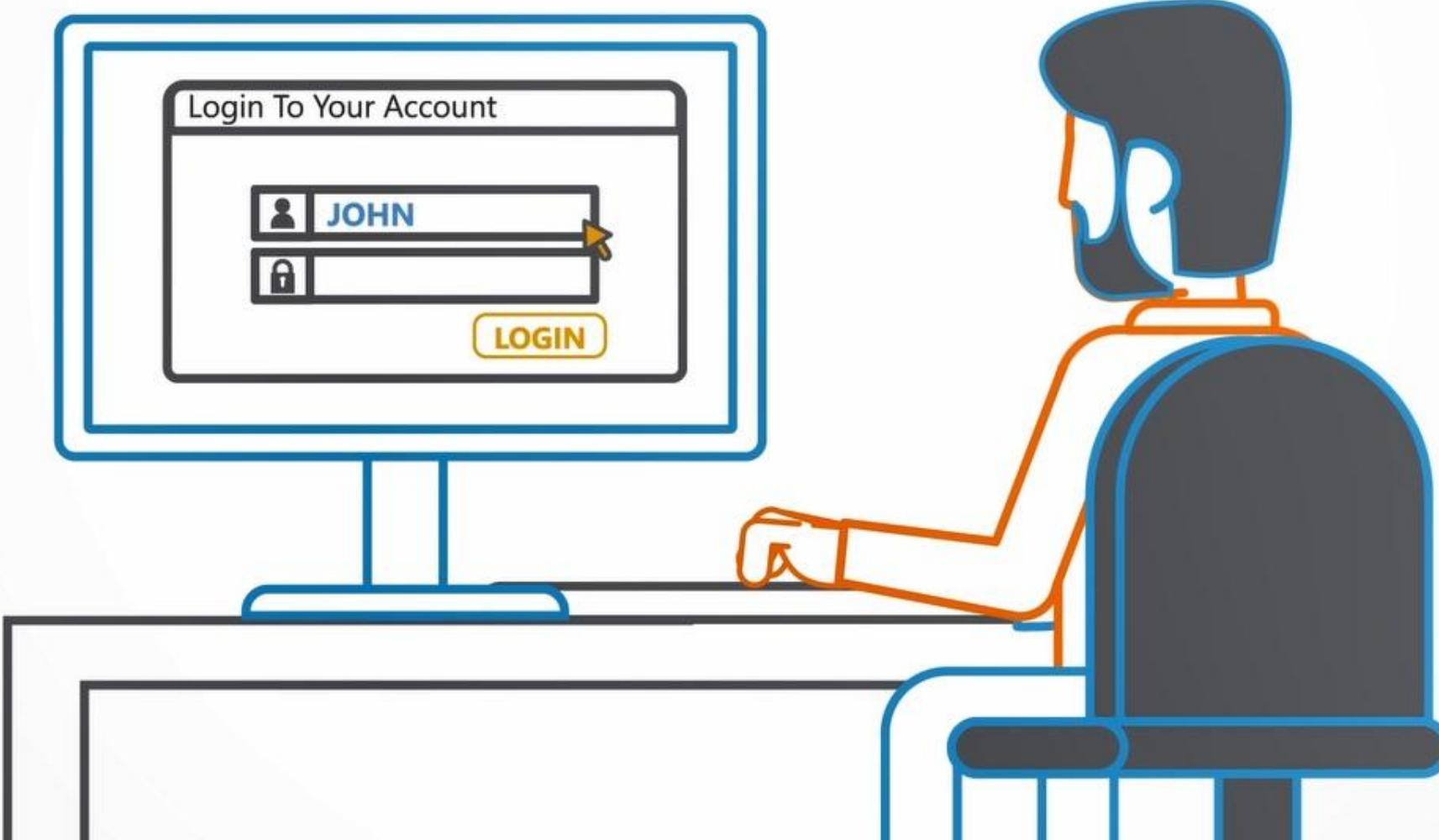


**Commands executed as the application owner could lead to repudiation issues.**

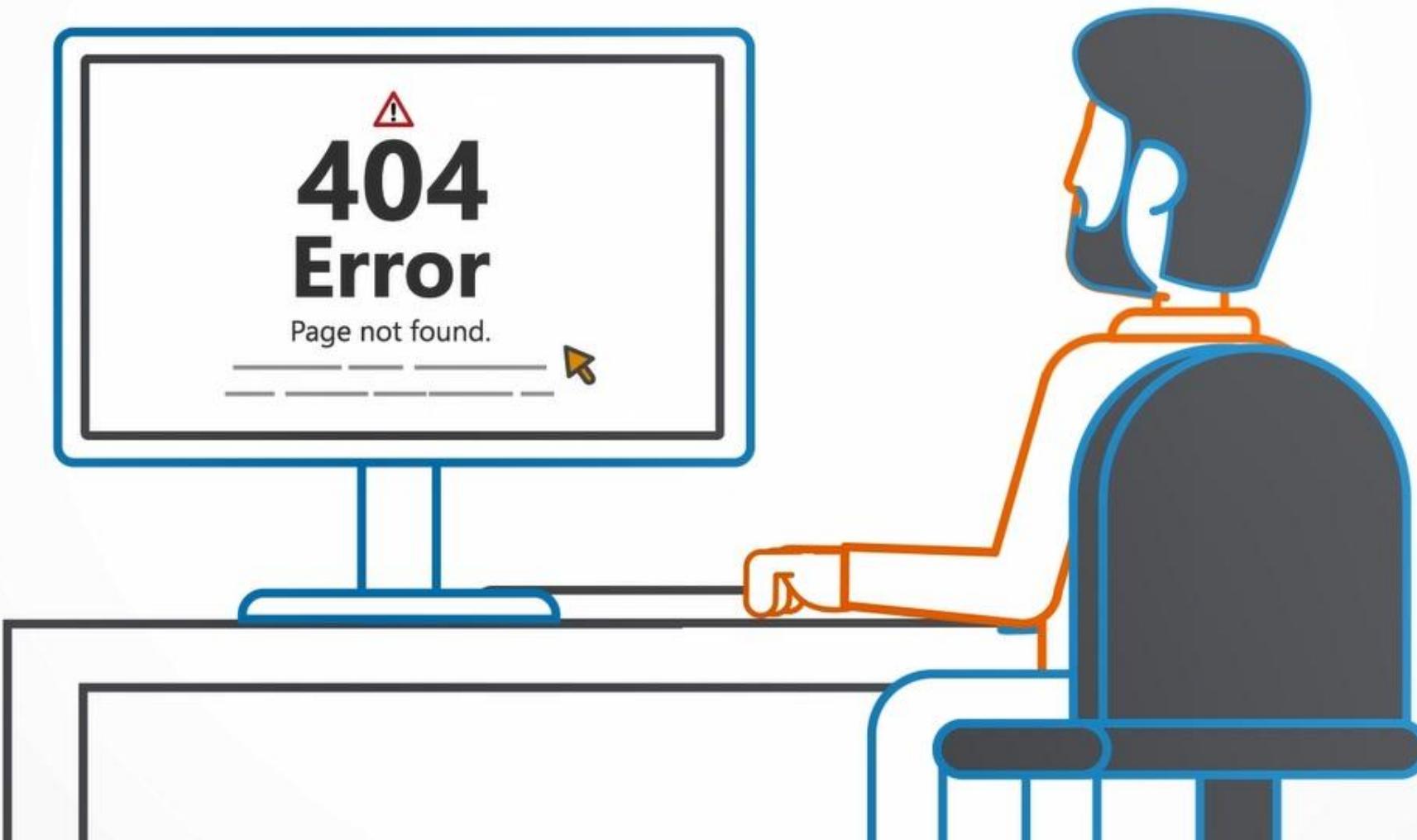
Files or database records could be manipulated or deleted. And services could even be started or stopped.



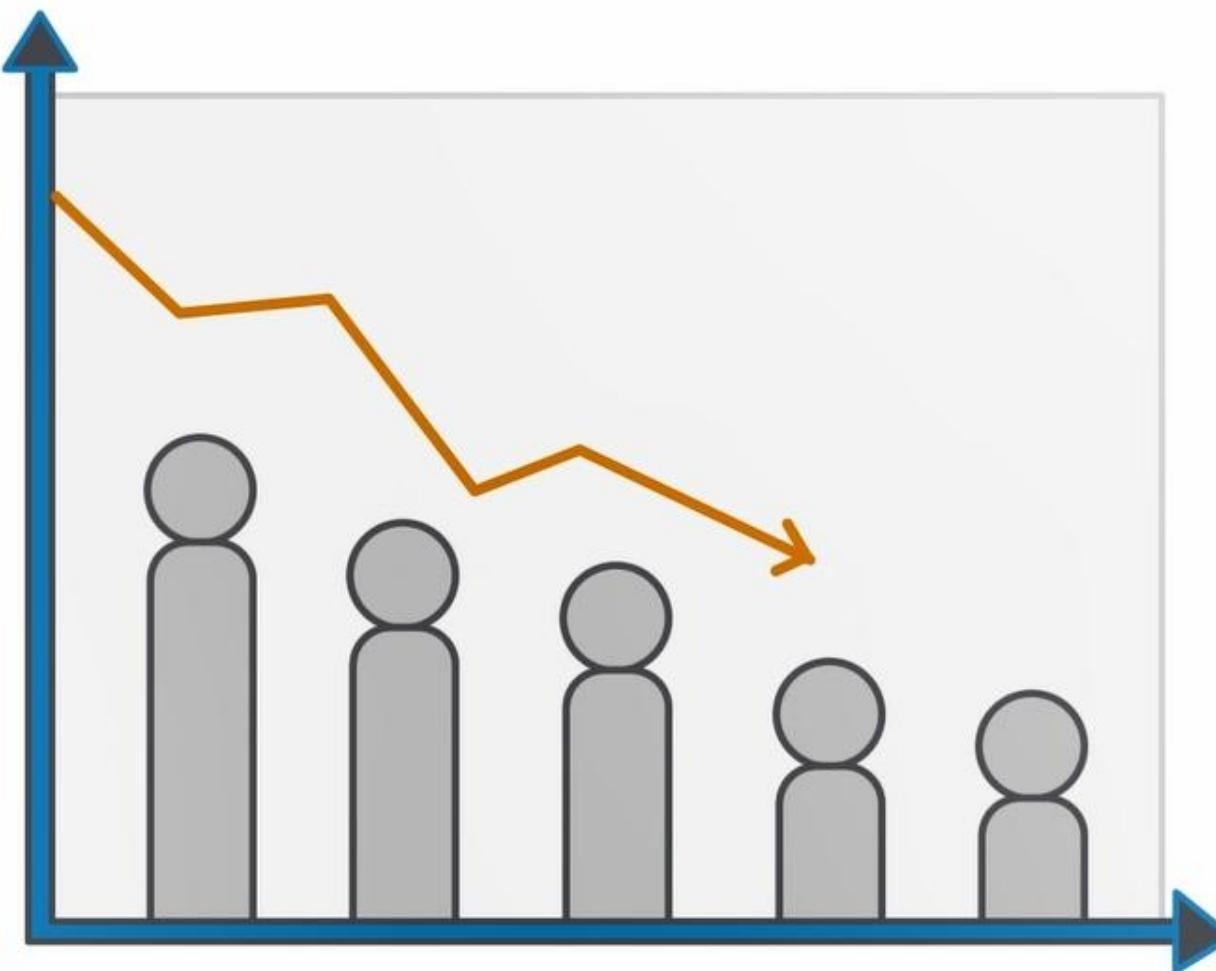
## In a worst case scenario



all the files of your application could be deleted



**denying service and causing reputation  
loss and financial damages**



# Preventing OS Command Injections

Use framework specific API calls instead of OS commands.

## **If this is not possible**

you should validate all user controlled output against an allowlist before passing it to the shell.

## **This validation should include**

- ④ POST and GET parameters
- ④ Cookies
- ④ HTTP headers

Always apply the principle  
of  
least privilege to the application.

**Congratulations,  
you have now completed this module, OS Command Injections!**



# SECURE CODE WARRIOR

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