

PROJECT REPORT: HOUSE PRICE PREDICTION

1. Introduction

Predicting house prices is a classic regression problem where various features such as the number of bedrooms, bathrooms, square footage, and more influence the selling price of a house. This project focuses on creating an optimized machine learning model that accurately predicts house prices.

We implemented several models and compared their performances, ultimately selecting LightGBM for its superior speed and accuracy.

2. Objective

To build a regression model that:

- 1. Accurately predicts house prices based on given features.
- 2. Provides real-time predictions through an interactive web application.

3. Dataset

The dataset contains the following key features:

- **Numerical Features**: sqft_living, sqft_lot, sqft_above, sqft_basement, etc.
- Categorical Features: city, statezip, waterfront, etc.
- **Target Variable**: price (house selling price).

4. Why LightGBM?

We tested multiple machine learning models, including Linear Regression, Random Forest, and XGBoost, before selecting LightGBM as our final model.

Reasons for Choosing LightGBM

- 1. **Handles Large Datasets**: LightGBM efficiently handles datasets with many rows and features.
- 2. **Speed**: It is faster than Random Forest and XGBoost due to its histogram-based approach.
- 3. **Accuracy**: It achieves high accuracy, especially on structured data.

- 4. Supports Feature Importance: Provides insights into which features most influence predictions.
- 5. **Robustness**: Handles missing values and categorical data effectively.

5. Model Comparison

Model Performance Metrics

We evaluated models based on Mean Absolute Error (MAE), Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE), and R^2 Score.

Model	MAE (↓)	RMSE (↓)	R ² Score	Observations
Linear Regression	\$207,555.79	\$992,929.75	0.033	Poor fit, assumes linear relationships that don't exist in the data.
Random Forest	\$165,051.21	\$988,778.64	0.041	Better than Linear Regression but prone to overfitting with outliers.
XGBoost	\$154,132.43	\$980,645.02	0.057	Strong performance but slower training compared to LightGBM.
LightGBM	\$98,754.94	\$163,268.78	0.6846	Fastest and most accurate model, robust to outliers and efficient with memory.

6. Feature Importance

LightGBM provides a ranking of feature importance, which helps us understand the factors driving house prices. Below are the most influential features:

- 1. **sqft_living**: Total living area in square feet.
- 2. **statezip**: Location of the property.
- 3. **house_age**: Age of the house in years.
- 4. **city**: The city in which the property is located.
- 5. **sqft_above**: Above-ground square footage.

These insights can help prioritize features in future iterations of the model.

7. Conclusion

- 1. **LightGBM is the best model** for this project due to its superior performance across all metrics.
- 2. It provides the best balance of **speed, accuracy, and robustness** for the given dataset.
- 3. The **Streamlit app** makes predictions accessible in real-time for users with an intuitive interface.

8. Future Work

- 1. **Hyperparameter Tuning**: Further fine-tune the LightGBM model to improve R² score.
- 2. Geospatial Features: Incorporate geographic coordinates for better location-based predictions.
- 3. **Outlier Detection**: Automatically detect and handle extreme outliers for better generalization.
- 4. **Enhanced UI**: Add interactive visualizations to the web app for better insights.

9. Acknowledgments

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