

Double-click (or enter) to edit

written material

going to grab this data from gh:

https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stefanbund/py3100/main/ProductList_118.csv

✓ The Ulta Beauty Problem

our work entails designing and delivering a business intelligence application that serves a major retail enterprise. The system

first, install the plotly visualization library.

```
!pip install plotly-geo
```

```
Collecting plotly-geo
```

```
  Downloading plotly_geo-1.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (23.7 MB)
```

```
23.7/23.7 MB 45.8 MB/s eta 0:00:01
```

```
Installing collected packages: plotly-geo
```

```
Successfully installed plotly-geo-1.0.0
```

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our system depends on the use of the pandas and numpy libraries.

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
url = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stefanbund/py3100/main/ProductList_118.csv'
url_m = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/stefanbund/py3100/main/matrix.csv'
```

```
df_m = pd.read_csv(url_m) #make a pandas dataframe
```

'pd' is referring to pandas and uses that library to get data from a CSV file which is known by the URL. df is referring to dataframe in which you can get data from CSV file

df_m

| | City | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ... | 32 | 33 |
|----|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|
| 0 | Birmingham | 8285 | 5343 | 6738 | 6635 | 5658 | 8118 | 4311 | 8535 | 3436 | ... | 1340 | 6923 |
| 1 | Montgomery | 1287 | 6585 | 8300 | 8874 | 8208 | 5363 | 3552 | 3387 | 2765 | ... | 4424 | 8813 |
| 2 | Mobile | 8035 | 5569 | 9492 | 5905 | 5024 | 1107 | 6937 | 5580 | 8044 | ... | 5430 | 1601 |
| 3 | Huntsville | 6280 | 2841 | 3399 | 5448 | 6173 | 5451 | 7488 | 9981 | 5236 | ... | 9169 | 7829 |
| 4 | Tuscaloosa | 4079 | 1066 | 3923 | 4177 | 4277 | 4219 | 9436 | 8160 | 4302 | ... | 1556 | 5533 |
| 5 | Hoover | 9741 | 7377 | 9410 | 9790 | 8864 | 2522 | 5347 | 9145 | 8402 | ... | 6031 | 7673 |
| 6 | Dothan | 7646 | 2060 | 4911 | 4976 | 7851 | 4277 | 7423 | 6183 | 6641 | ... | 8253 | 1565 |
| 7 | Auburn | 4326 | 2659 | 6928 | 4656 | 1828 | 5199 | 5331 | 6294 | 3076 | ... | 6128 | 3737 |
| 8 | Decatur | 3786 | 2891 | 8124 | 2469 | 3704 | 3623 | 2409 | 8287 | 2032 | ... | 6622 | 9742 |
| 9 | Madison | 1934 | 3628 | 9190 | 3275 | 9344 | 5778 | 1256 | 3523 | 1781 | ... | 6619 | 6128 |
| 10 | Florence | 8017 | 3187 | 1128 | 4706 | 9962 | 7547 | 4440 | 4530 | 9569 | ... | 8306 | 1392 |
| 11 | Gadsden | 2290 | 6402 | 8598 | 7547 | 5158 | 9731 | 8038 | 4435 | 7357 | ... | 4488 | 3591 |
| 12 | Vestavia Hills | 9471 | 9142 | 4419 | 3846 | 2016 | 5069 | 4853 | 6336 | 9062 | ... | 4613 | 2942 |
| 13 | Prattville | 6039 | 8003 | 6180 | 4610 | 3548 | 7115 | 6720 | 8512 | 9954 | ... | 8225 | 7278 |
| 14 | Phenix City | 8788 | 8269 | 6838 | 2863 | 6753 | 6608 | 4048 | 8774 | 4513 | ... | 5704 | 8720 |
| 15 | Alabaster | 1733 | 9767 | 3274 | 7125 | 7437 | 5748 | 5399 | 6513 | 3038 | ... | 7351 | 9503 |
| 16 | Bessemer | 6559 | 2453 | 1578 | 5158 | 3058 | 8075 | 7066 | 8530 | 8346 | ... | 8921 | 3517 |
| 17 | Enterprise | 8436 | 7800 | 7234 | 5063 | 4274 | 1948 | 7887 | 6647 | 1320 | ... | 4840 | 6309 |
| 18 | Opelika | 9998 | 8953 | 7923 | 6176 | 4369 | 9503 | 2126 | 1816 | 9224 | ... | 3217 | 1170 |
| 19 | Homewood | 2373 | 7188 | 9880 | 9236 | 5969 | 9998 | 8703 | 8440 | 4643 | ... | 8144 | 8091 |
| 20 | Northport | 3536 | 9231 | 8651 | 6374 | 4842 | 5704 | 8484 | 6322 | 2012 | ... | 2154 | 8484 |
| 21 | Pelham | 6830 | 3736 | 2734 | 6443 | 8494 | 6206 | 7290 | 8518 | 6176 | ... | 9219 | 4891 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|
| 22 | Trussville | 2794 | 8273 | 9174 | 2850 | 8351 | 3978 | 5995 | 4632 | 7693 | ... | 2582 | 9365 |
| 23 | Mountain Brook | 8433 | 9368 | 2141 | 2357 | 6566 | 1482 | 4787 | 3900 | 6615 | ... | 4666 | 9227 |
| 24 | Fairhope | 8114 | 1464 | 2811 | 3090 | 4686 | 7995 | 7676 | 1304 | 7332 | ... | 4911 | 3255 |

25 rows x 42 columns

`df_m.columns` #dimensionality of the matrix

```
Index(['City', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', '11', '12',
      '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20', '21', '22', '23',
      '24',
      '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31', '32', '33', '34', '35',
      '36',
      '37', '38', '39', '40', '41'],
      dtype='object')
```

list all cities in the matrix dataframe

```
df_m['City'] #explore a Series inside the dataframe
```

```
0      Birmingham
1    Montgomery
2        Mobile
3    Huntsville
4    Tuscaloosa
5        Hoover
6        Dothan
7        Auburn
8        Decatur
9        Madison
10       Florence
11       Gadsden
12  Vestavia Hills
13    Prattville
14    Phenix City
15    Alabaster
16    Bessemer
17    Enterprise
18    Opelika
19    Homewood
20    Northport
21    Pelham
22    Trussville
23  Mountain Brook
24    Fairhope
Name: City, dtype: object
```

investigate quartile as an analytic tool

with this, you are able to find the city or series in the dataframe.

```
df_m.dtypes
# df_m.columns
```

```
City    object
1      int64
2      int64
3      int64
4      int64
5      int64
6      int64
7      int64
8      int64
9      int64
10     int64
11     int64
12     int64
13     int64
14     int64
15     int64
16     int64
17     int64
18     int64
19     int64
20     int64
21     int64
22     int64
23     int64
24     int64
25     int64
26     int64
27     int64
28     int64
29     int64
30     int64
31     int64
32     int64
33     int64
34     int64
35     int64
36     int64
37     int64
38     int64
39     int64
40     int64
41     int64
dtype: object
```

Quantiles for each display, all stores

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```
df_3 = df_m.quantile([0.25, 0.5, 0.75], numeric_only=True, axis=1)
df_3
```

| | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ... |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----|
| 0.25 | 3082.0 | 3633.0 | 2236.0 | 3473.0 | 3657.0 | 4628.0 | 4254.0 | 3588.0 | 3704.0 | 3451.0 | ... |
| 0.50 | 5343.0 | 5431.0 | 5311.0 | 5771.0 | 5131.0 | 7588.0 | 5156.0 | 5331.0 | 6589.0 | 5875.0 | ... |
| 0.75 | 7242.0 | 8074.0 | 7508.0 | 7935.0 | 7490.0 | 9145.0 | 6840.0 | 7606.0 | 8221.0 | 7783.0 | ... |

3 rows × 25 columns

per store, the quartile values

columns of the dataframe and numeric values are used. This is what is needed and calculated for final numbers and percentiles.

```
l = df_3.T.columns #transpose, T
l
```

```
Float64Index([0.25, 0.5, 0.75], dtype='float64')
```

```
df_3.T.mean()
```

```
0.25    3535.24
0.50    5826.36
0.75    7953.00
dtype: float64
```

define the global quartile boundary, per q

```
df_3.T[0.25].mean()
```

```
3535.24
```

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The mean is calculated for 0.25 or 25th percentile and the rows and columns are often switched for understandable ways to calculate

```
df_3.T[0.5].mean()
```

```
5826.36
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

The mean is calculated for 0.5 or 50th percentile and the rows and columns are often switched for understandable ways to calculate

```
df_3.T[0.75].mean()
```

```
7953.0
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

The mean is calculated for 0.75 or 75th percentile and the rows and columns are often switched for understandable ways to calculate

```
kk = df_3.T.mean()
```

```
kk #series
```

```
0.25    3535.24
```

```
0.50    5826.36
```

```
0.75    7953.00
```

```
dtype: float64
```

what percentage of displays are at or below the 25th quartile, per store? exercise

3.2 for this is also calculated within the dataframe and possibly switch rows and columns may make it more understandable to calculate

```
# n =
((df_m.iloc[:, 1:] <= kk[0.25]).sum(axis=1) / df_m.shape[1]) * 100
# print(round(n))
```

```
0    28.571429
1    21.428571
2    38.095238
3    26.190476
4    21.428571
5    16.666667
6    19.047619
7    23.809524
8    21.428571
9    28.571429
10   26.190476
11   19.047619
12   26.190476
13   23.809524
14   28.571429
15   28.571429
16   14.285714
17   19.047619
18   28.571429
19   19.047619
20   28.571429
21   23.809524
22   33.333333
23   19.047619
24   33.333333
dtype: float64
```

The calculations being done are of certain values under 0.25 within the data frame and also includes the numbers under the specific value of 0.25 within each row.

```
la = df_m['25qt'] = round(((df_m.iloc[:, 1:] <= kk[0.25]).sum(axis=1) / df_m.shape[1]) * 100)
ll = df_m['50qt'] = round(((df_m.iloc[:, 1:] <= kk[0.50]).sum(axis=1) / df_m.shape[1]) * 100)
lll = df_m['75qt'] = round(((df_m.iloc[:, 1:] <= kk[0.75]).sum(axis=1) / df_m.shape[1]) * 100)
```



```
print(la, ll, lll)
```

```
0      28.6
1      21.4
2      38.1
3      26.2
4      21.4
5      16.7
6      19.0
7      23.8
8      21.4
9      28.6
10     26.2
11     19.0
12     26.2
13     23.8
14     28.6
15     28.6
16     14.3
17     19.0
18     28.6
19     19.0
20     28.6
21     23.8
22     33.3
23     19.0
24     33.3
dtype: float64 0      55.8
1      55.8
2      60.5
3      51.2
4      60.5
5      34.9
6      55.8
7      51.2
8      46.5
9      48.8
10     48.8
11     41.9
12     53.5
13     44.2
14     48.8
15     41.9
16     46.5
17     41.9
18     55.8
19     41.9
20     53.5
21     51.2
```

```

22    48.8
23    53.5
24    67.4
dtype: float64 0    77.3
1    70.5
2    79.5
3    77.3
4    79.5
5    59.1
6    90.9
7    79.5
8    70.5
n    75 n

```

When calculating, they include values under 0.25, 0.50, and 0.75. The way to express this within the data frame is by calculating the lower values of the added columns

```
# df_m
```

```
end_set = ['City', '25qt', '50qt', '75qt']
df_m[end_set]
```

| | City | 25qt | 50qt | 75qt |
|----|----------------|------|------|------|
| 0 | Birmingham | 28.6 | 55.8 | 77.3 |
| 1 | Montgomery | 21.4 | 55.8 | 70.5 |
| 2 | Mobile | 38.1 | 60.5 | 79.5 |
| 3 | Huntsville | 26.2 | 51.2 | 77.3 |
| 4 | Tuscaloosa | 21.4 | 60.5 | 79.5 |
| 5 | Hoover | 16.7 | 34.9 | 59.1 |
| 6 | Dothan | 19.0 | 55.8 | 90.9 |
| 7 | Auburn | 23.8 | 51.2 | 79.5 |
| 8 | Decatur | 21.4 | 46.5 | 70.5 |
| 9 | Madison | 28.6 | 48.8 | 75.0 |
| 10 | Florence | 26.2 | 48.8 | 63.6 |
| 11 | Gadsden | 19.0 | 41.9 | 68.2 |
| 12 | Vestavia Hills | 26.2 | 53.5 | 70.5 |
| 13 | Prattville | 23.8 | 44.2 | 75.0 |
| 14 | Phenix City | 28.6 | 48.8 | 75.0 |
| 15 | Alabaster | 28.6 | 41.9 | 84.1 |
| 16 | Bessemer | 14.3 | 46.5 | 70.5 |
| 17 | Enterprise | 19.0 | 41.9 | 72.7 |
| 18 | Opelika | 28.6 | 55.8 | 72.7 |
| 19 | Homewood | 19.0 | 41.9 | 68.2 |
| 20 | Northport | 28.6 | 53.5 | 75.0 |
| 21 | Pelham | 23.8 | 51.2 | 72.7 |
| 22 | Trussville | 33.3 | 48.8 | 75.0 |
| 23 | Mountain Brook | 19.0 | 53.5 | 70.5 |
| 24 | Fairhope | 33.3 | 67.4 | 86.4 |

The set is now ending by what is being said 'end set' and this is known by the selection of certain columns of the values 0.25,0.50, and 0.75 from the dataframe

create a choropleth for each store

```
#choropleth:
import pandas as pd

# Create a sample dataframe
data = {'City': ['Birmingham', 'Montgomery', 'Mobile', 'Huntsville', 'Tuscaloosa',
                'Zip Code': ['35201', '36101', '36601', '35801', '35401', '35216', '36301', '36801', '35209', '35473', '35124', '35173', '35213', '36532']

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

# Create a list of zip codes
zip_codes = ['35201', '36101', '36601', '35801', '35401', '35216',
             '36301', '36830', '35601', '35756', '35630', '35901',
             '35216', '36066', '36867', '35007', '35020',
             '36330', 36801, 35209, 35473, 35124, 35173, 35213, 36532]

# Add the list of zip codes as a new column to the dataframe
# df = df.assign(Zip_Codes=zip_codes)
df_m = df_m.assign(zip=zip_codes)

print(df_m)
```

| | City | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ... |
|----|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| 0 | Birmingham | 8285 | 5343 | 6738 | 6635 | 5658 | 8118 | 4311 | 8535 | 3436 | ... |
| 1 | Montgomery | 1287 | 6585 | 8300 | 8874 | 8208 | 5363 | 3552 | 3387 | 2765 | ... |
| 2 | Mobile | 8035 | 5569 | 9492 | 5905 | 5024 | 1107 | 6937 | 5580 | 8044 | ... |
| 3 | Huntsville | 6280 | 2841 | 3399 | 5448 | 6173 | 5451 | 7488 | 9981 | 5236 | ... |
| 4 | Tuscaloosa | 4079 | 1066 | 3923 | 4177 | 4277 | 4219 | 9436 | 8160 | 4302 | ... |
| 5 | Hoover | 9741 | 7377 | 9410 | 9790 | 8864 | 2522 | 5347 | 9145 | 8402 | ... |
| 6 | Dothan | 7646 | 2060 | 4911 | 4976 | 7851 | 4277 | 7423 | 6183 | 6641 | ... |
| 7 | Auburn | 4326 | 2659 | 6928 | 4656 | 1828 | 5199 | 5331 | 6294 | 3076 | ... |
| 8 | Decatur | 3786 | 2891 | 8124 | 2469 | 3704 | 3623 | 2409 | 8287 | 2032 | ... |
| 9 | Madison | 1934 | 3628 | 9190 | 3275 | 9344 | 5778 | 1256 | 3523 | 1781 | ... |
| 10 | Florence | 8017 | 3187 | 1128 | 4706 | 9962 | 7547 | 4440 | 4530 | 9569 | ... |
| 11 | Gadsden | 2290 | 6402 | 8598 | 7547 | 5158 | 9731 | 8038 | 4435 | 7357 | ... |
| 12 | Vestavia Hills | 9471 | 9142 | 4419 | 3846 | 2016 | 5069 | 4853 | 6336 | 9062 | ... |
| 13 | Prattville | 6039 | 8003 | 6180 | 4610 | 3548 | 7115 | 6720 | 8512 | 9954 | ... |
| 14 | Phenix City | 8788 | 8269 | 6838 | 2863 | 6753 | 6608 | 4048 | 8774 | 4513 | ... |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| 15 | Alabaster | 1733 | 9767 | 3274 | 7125 | 7437 | 5748 | 5399 | 6513 | 3038 | ... |
| 16 | Bessemer | 6559 | 2453 | 1578 | 5158 | 3058 | 8075 | 7066 | 8530 | 8346 | ... |
| 17 | Enterprise | 8436 | 7800 | 7234 | 5063 | 4274 | 1948 | 7887 | 6647 | 1320 | ... |
| 18 | Opelika | 9998 | 8953 | 7923 | 6176 | 4369 | 9503 | 2126 | 1816 | 9224 | ... |
| 19 | Homewood | 2373 | 7188 | 9880 | 9236 | 5969 | 9998 | 8703 | 8440 | 4643 | ... |
| 20 | Northport | 3536 | 9231 | 8651 | 6374 | 4842 | 5704 | 8484 | 6322 | 2012 | ... |
| 21 | Pelham | 6830 | 3736 | 2734 | 6443 | 8494 | 6206 | 7290 | 8518 | 6176 | ... |
| 22 | Trussville | 2794 | 8273 | 9174 | 2850 | 8351 | 3978 | 5995 | 4632 | 7693 | ... |
| 23 | Mountain Brook | 8433 | 9368 | 2141 | 2357 | 6566 | 1482 | 4787 | 3900 | 6615 | ... |
| 24 | Fairhope | 8114 | 1464 | 2811 | 3090 | 4686 | 7995 | 7676 | 1304 | 7332 | ... |

| | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 25qt | 50qt | 75qt | zip |
|----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 0 | 3555 | 1341 | 1756 | 7598 | 1509 | 1861 | 28.6 | 55.8 | 77.3 | 35201 |
| 1 | 2805 | 4601 | 4449 | 5727 | 2315 | 8822 | 21.4 | 55.8 | 70.5 | 36101 |
| 2 | 9807 | 2652 | 9296 | 2815 | 4886 | 7458 | 38.1 | 60.5 | 79.5 | 36601 |
| 3 | 7935 | 2605 | 9982 | 3338 | 9116 | 3875 | 26.2 | 51.2 | 77.3 | 35801 |
| 4 | 3657 | 2158 | 4469 | 2513 | 8135 | 6963 | 21.4 | 60.5 | 79.5 | 35401 |
| 5 | 9748 | 7224 | 4628 | 8107 | 6143 | 1671 | 16.7 | 34.9 | 59.1 | 35216 |
| 6 | 5650 | 4400 | 7842 | 4006 | 9335 | 3571 | 19.0 | 55.8 | 90.9 | 36301 |
| 7 | 4387 | 6890 | 2833 | 5083 | 9707 | 2116 | 23.8 | 51.2 | 79.5 | 36830 |
| 8 | 9305 | 6509 | 6848 | 5408 | 3707 | 8744 | 21.4 | 46.5 | 70.5 | 35601 |
| 9 | 1746 | 4470 | 7054 | 6573 | 3556 | 1374 | 28.6 | 48.8 | 75.0 | 35756 |
| 10 | 5929 | 1123 | 7306 | 8746 | 4000 | 6943 | 26.2 | 48.8 | 63.6 | 35630 |
| 11 | 2549 | 5175 | 5997 | 9608 | 7230 | 9731 | 19.0 | 41.9 | 68.2 | 35901 |
| 12 | 5142 | 9619 | 9601 | 8099 | 1391 | 6276 | 26.2 | 53.5 | 70.5 | 35216 |
| 13 | 1591 | 4401 | 3457 | 4245 | 4341 | 2573 | 23.8 | 44.2 | 75.0 | 36066 |
| 14 | 3520 | 7654 | 6845 | 7738 | 3828 | 1202 | 28.6 | 48.8 | 75.0 | 36867 |
| 15 | 2479 | 9673 | 7478 | 7207 | 7006 | 3523 | 28.6 | 41.9 | 84.1 | 35007 |
| 16 | 4810 | 7641 | 5365 | 3545 | 6812 | 9483 | 14.3 | 46.5 | 70.5 | 35020 |
| 17 | 3461 | 2640 | 4375 | 8634 | 4917 | 2830 | 19.0 | 41.9 | 72.7 | 36330 |
| 18 | 5191 | 9304 | 2720 | 3100 | 3912 | 1548 | 28.6 | 55.8 | 72.7 | 36801 |
| 19 | 8787 | 5459 | 8389 | 5242 | 2224 | 6025 | 19.0 | 41.9 | 68.2 | 35209 |
| 20 | 6947 | 5401 | 6681 | 9018 | 1668 | 8307 | 28.6 | 53.5 | 75.0 | 35473 |
| 21 | 2777 | 4045 | 7309 | 4745 | 4284 | 2640 | 23.8 | 51.2 | 72.7 | 35124 |
| 22 | 1650 | 9470 | 6356 | 4700 | 3344 | 8743 | 33.3 | 48.8 | 75.0 | 35173 |
| 23 | 5765 | 3653 | 5198 | 9266 | 4945 | 3935 | 19.0 | 53.5 | 70.5 | 35213 |
| 24 | 3457 | 4808 | 7227 | 5482 | 6355 | 4553 | 33.3 | 67.4 | 86.4 | 36532 |

[25 rows x 46 columns]

experiment with chloropleths

We are able to see data of all store, locations (zipcodes), and cities based off of specific colors per item.

df_m.columns

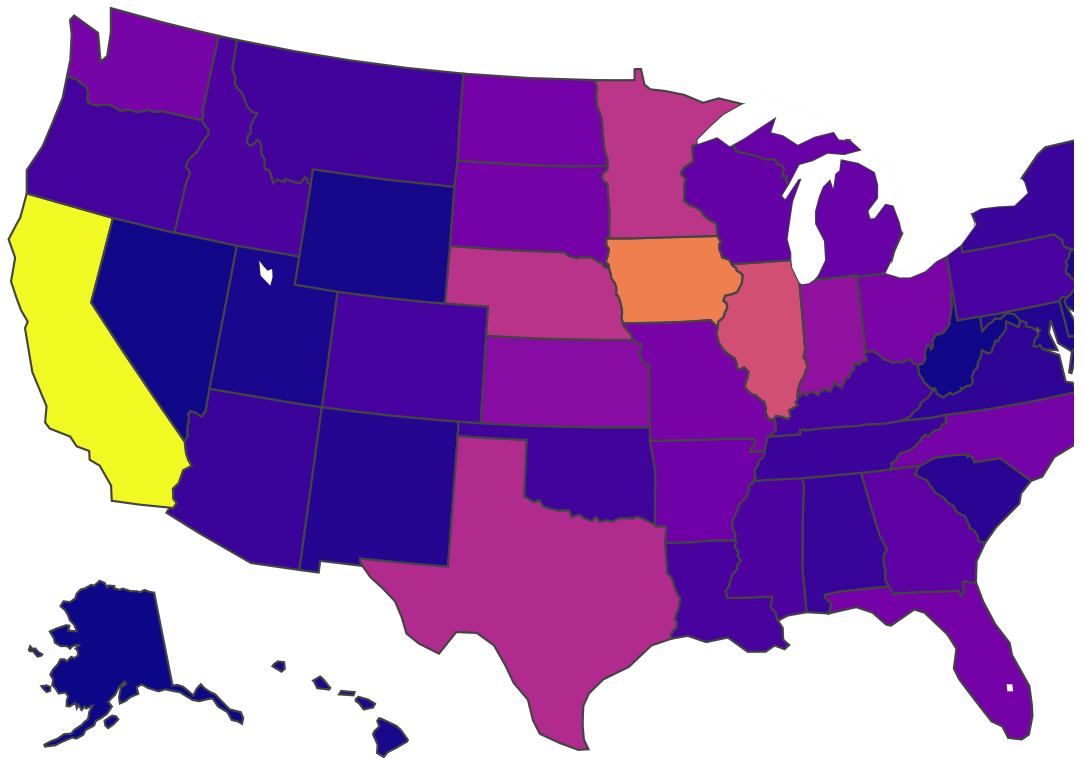
```
Index(['City', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', '11', '12',  
      '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20', '21', '22', '23',  
      '24',  
      '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31', '32', '33', '34', '35',  
      '36',  
      '37', '38', '39', '40', '41', '25qt', '50qt', '75qt', 'zip'],  
      dtype='object')
```

```
import plotly.express as px
import pandas as pd

# Load data
df_demo = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/2014_us_ag_production.csv')

# Create choropleth map
fig = px.choropleth(df_demo, locations='code', locationmode='USA-states', color='total', scope='usa')

# Show map
fig.show()
```



df_demo

| code | state | category | total | beef | pork | poultry | dairy | fruits | f |
|------|-------|----------|-------|------|------|---------|-------|--------|---|
|------|-------|----------|-------|------|------|---------|-------|--------|---|

| | code | state | category | exports | beer | poor | poverty | unemp | fresh |
|----|------|---------------|----------|----------|-------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| 0 | AL | Alabama | state | 1390.63 | 34.4 | 10.6 | 481.0 | 4.06 | 8.0 |
| 1 | AK | Alaska | state | 13.31 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.19 | 0.0 |
| 2 | AZ | Arizona | state | 1463.17 | 71.3 | 17.9 | 0.0 | 105.48 | 19.3 |
| 3 | AR | Arkansas | state | 3586.02 | 53.2 | 29.4 | 562.9 | 3.53 | 2.2 |
| 4 | CA | California | state | 16472.88 | 228.7 | 11.1 | 225.4 | 929.95 | 2791.8 |
| 5 | CO | Colorado | state | 1851.33 | 261.4 | 66.0 | 14.0 | 71.94 | 5.7 |
| 6 | CT | Connecticut | state | 259.62 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 6.9 | 9.49 | 4.2 |
| 7 | DE | Delaware | state | 282.19 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 114.7 | 2.30 | 0.5 |
| 8 | FL | Florida | state | 3764.09 | 42.6 | 0.9 | 56.9 | 66.31 | 438.2 |
| 9 | GA | Georgia | state | 2860.84 | 31.0 | 18.9 | 630.4 | 38.38 | 74.6 |
| 10 | HI | Hawaii | state | 401.84 | 4.0 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 1.16 | 17.7 |
| 11 | ID | Idaho | state | 2078.89 | 119.8 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 294.60 | 6.9 |
| 12 | IL | Illinois | state | 8709.48 | 53.7 | 394.0 | 14.0 | 45.82 | 4.0 |
| 13 | IN | Indiana | state | 5050.23 | 21.9 | 341.9 | 165.6 | 89.70 | 4.1 |
| 14 | IA | Iowa | state | 11273.76 | 289.8 | 1895.6 | 155.6 | 107.00 | 1.0 |
| 15 | KS | Kansas | state | 4589.01 | 659.3 | 179.4 | 6.4 | 65.45 | 1.0 |
| 16 | KY | Kentucky | state | 1889.15 | 54.8 | 34.2 | 151.3 | 28.27 | 2.1 |
| 17 | LA | Louisiana | state | 1914.23 | 19.8 | 0.8 | 77.2 | 6.02 | 5.7 |
| 18 | ME | Maine | state | 278.37 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 10.4 | 16.18 | 16.6 |
| 19 | MD | Maryland | state | 692.75 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 127.0 | 24.81 | 4.1 |
| 20 | MA | Massachusetts | state | 248.65 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 5.81 | 25.8 |
| 21 | MI | Michigan | state | 3164.16 | 37.7 | 118.1 | 32.6 | 214.82 | 82.3 |
| 22 | MN | Minnesota | state | 7192.33 | 112.3 | 740.4 | 189.2 | 218.05 | 2.5 |
| 23 | MS | Mississippi | state | 2170.80 | 12.8 | 30.4 | 370.8 | 5.45 | 5.4 |
| 24 | MO | Missouri | state | 3933.42 | 137.2 | 277.3 | 196.1 | 34.26 | 4.2 |
| 25 | MT | Montana | state | 1718.00 | 105.0 | 16.7 | 1.7 | 6.82 | 1.1 |
| 26 | NE | Nebraska | state | 7114.13 | 762.2 | 262.5 | 31.4 | 30.07 | 0.7 |

| | | | | | | | | | |
|----|----|---------------|-------|--------|------|-----|-----|-------|------|
| 27 | NV | Nevada | state | 139.89 | 21.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 16.57 | 0.4 |
| 28 | NH | New Hampshire | state | 73.06 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 7.46 | 2.6 |
| 29 | NJ | New Jersey | state | 500.40 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 4.6 | 3.37 | 35.0 |

Through python we were able to see the total amount of products such as beef, pork, fresh fruits, dairy, etc have been exported. The specific code of 'pd.read_csv' is used as it is what is loading the data through the CSV file with all the provided info.

```
33 ND North Dakota state 3761.96 78.5 16.1 0.5 8.14 0.1
df_demo.columns
```

```
Index(['code', 'state', 'category', 'total exports', 'beef', 'pork',
      'poultry',
      'dairy', 'fruits fresh', 'fruits proc', 'total fruits', 'veggies
fresh',
      'veggies proc', 'total veggies', 'corn', 'wheat', 'cotton'],
      dtype='object')
```

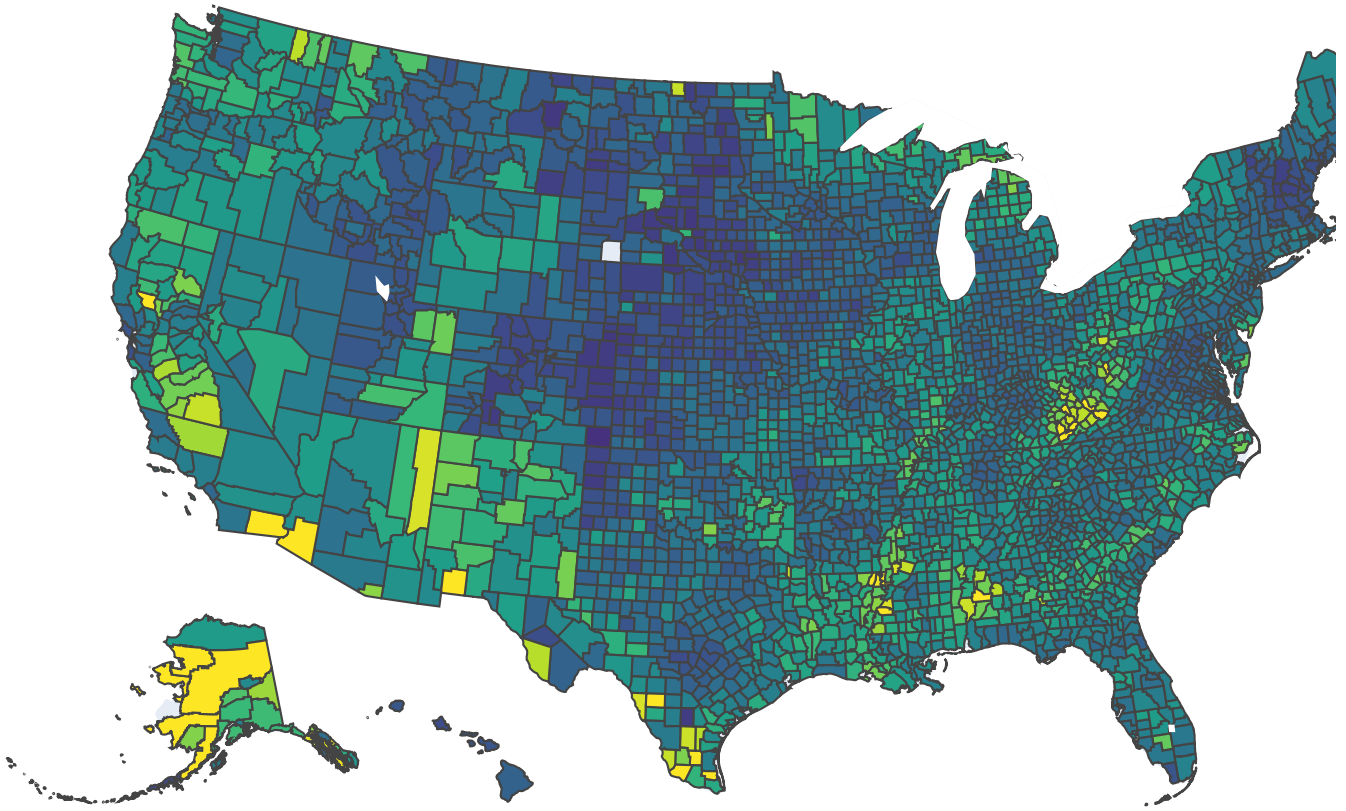
map demo #2: state of AL

```
34 SC South Carolina state 5776.15 100.0 100.0 20.0 10.7 0.0
from urllib.request import urlopen
import json
with urlopen('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/geojson-counties') as response:
    counties = json.load(response)

import pandas as pd
df_us = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/fip_us_counties.csv',
                    dtype={"fips": str})

import plotly.express as px

fig = px.choropleth(df_us, geojson=counties, locations='fips', color='unemp',
                    color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
                    range_color=(0, 12),
                    scope="usa",
                    labels={'unemp': 'unemployment rate'})
fig.update_layout(margin={"r":0,"t":0,"l":0,"b":0})
fig.show()
```



```
df_us.columns
```

```
Index(['fips', 'unemp'], dtype='object')
```

df_us

| | fips | unemp |
|------|-------|-------|
| 0 | 01001 | 5.3 |
| 1 | 01003 | 5.4 |
| 2 | 01005 | 8.6 |
| 3 | 01007 | 6.6 |
| 4 | 01009 | 5.5 |
| ... | ... | ... |
| 3214 | 72145 | 13.9 |
| 3215 | 72147 | 10.6 |
| 3216 | 72149 | 20.2 |
| 3217 | 72151 | 16.9 |
| 3218 | 72153 | 18.8 |

3219 rows × 2 columns

documentation [here](#), with more discussion [here](#), and specifically to do [counties, here](#)

county **list** for ultra stores in Alabama, by FIPS code

As we can see from the information provided that this shows the amount of people that are unemployed and we can also tell by the color coding that it is much higher in some states compared to others. This is how we differentiate which states are economically doing better or worse by looking at the map and code.

```
al_fips = [
    {'County': 'Autauga', 'FIPS Code': '01001'},
    {'County': 'Baldwin', 'FIPS Code': '01003'},
    {'County': 'Barbour', 'FIPS Code': '01005'},
    {'County': 'Bibb', 'FIPS Code': '01007'},
    {'County': 'Blount', 'FIPS Code': '01009'},
    {'County': 'Bullock', 'FIPS Code': '01011'},
    {'County': 'Butler', 'FIPS Code': '01013'},
    {'County': 'Calhoun', 'FIPS Code': '01015'},
    {'County': 'Chambers', 'FIPS Code': '01017'},
    {'County': 'Cherokee', 'FIPS Code': '01019'},
    {'County': 'Chilton', 'FIPS Code': '01021'},
    {'County': 'Choctaw', 'FIPS Code': '01023'},
    {'County': 'Clarke', 'FIPS Code': '01025'},
    {'County': 'Clay', 'FIPS Code': '01027'},
    {'County': 'Cleburne', 'FIPS Code': '01029'},
    {'County': 'Coffee', 'FIPS Code': '01031'},
    {'County': 'Colbert', 'FIPS Code': '01033'},
    {'County': 'Conecuh', 'FIPS Code': '01035'},
    {'County': 'Greene', 'FIPS Code' : '28073'},
    {'County': 'Hale', 'FIPS Code' : '28065'},
    {'County': 'Henry', 'FIPS Code' : '28067'},
    {'County': 'Houston', 'FIPS Code' : '28069'},
    {'County': 'Jackson', 'FIPS Code' : '28071'},
    {'County': 'Jefferson', 'FIPS Code' : '28073'},
    {'County': 'Lamar', 'FIPS Code' : '28073'}]
len(al_fips)
```

25

‘al_fips’ means that we are shown information regarding the counties within Alabama with the specific FIPS (federal) codes and further information.

```
df_m.columns
```

```
Index(['City', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', '11', '12',
      '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20', '21', '22', '23',
      '24',
      '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31', '32', '33', '34', '35',
      '36',
      '37', '38', '39', '40', '41', '25qt', '50qt', '75qt', 'zip'],
      dtype='object')
```

df_m

| | City | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ... | 36 | 37 |
|----|----------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|
| 0 | Birmingham | 8285 | 5343 | 6738 | 6635 | 5658 | 8118 | 4311 | 8535 | 3436 | ... | 3555 | 1341 |
| 1 | Montgomery | 1287 | 6585 | 8300 | 8874 | 8208 | 5363 | 3552 | 3387 | 2765 | ... | 2805 | 4601 |
| 2 | Mobile | 8035 | 5569 | 9492 | 5905 | 5024 | 1107 | 6937 | 5580 | 8044 | ... | 9807 | 2652 |
| 3 | Huntsville | 6280 | 2841 | 3399 | 5448 | 6173 | 5451 | 7488 | 9981 | 5236 | ... | 7935 | 2605 |
| 4 | Tuscaloosa | 4079 | 1066 | 3923 | 4177 | 4277 | 4219 | 9436 | 8160 | 4302 | ... | 3657 | 2158 |
| 5 | Hoover | 9741 | 7377 | 9410 | 9790 | 8864 | 2522 | 5347 | 9145 | 8402 | ... | 9748 | 7224 |
| 6 | Dothan | 7646 | 2060 | 4911 | 4976 | 7851 | 4277 | 7423 | 6183 | 6641 | ... | 5650 | 4400 |
| 7 | Auburn | 4326 | 2659 | 6928 | 4656 | 1828 | 5199 | 5331 | 6294 | 3076 | ... | 4387 | 6890 |
| 8 | Decatur | 3786 | 2891 | 8124 | 2469 | 3704 | 3623 | 2409 | 8287 | 2032 | ... | 9305 | 6509 |
| 9 | Madison | 1934 | 3628 | 9190 | 3275 | 9344 | 5778 | 1256 | 3523 | 1781 | ... | 1746 | 4470 |
| 10 | Florence | 8017 | 3187 | 1128 | 4706 | 9962 | 7547 | 4440 | 4530 | 9569 | ... | 5929 | 1123 |
| 11 | Gadsden | 2290 | 6402 | 8598 | 7547 | 5158 | 9731 | 8038 | 4435 | 7357 | ... | 2549 | 5175 |
| 12 | Vestavia Hills | 9471 | 9142 | 4419 | 3846 | 2016 | 5069 | 4853 | 6336 | 9062 | ... | 5142 | 9619 |
| 13 | Prattville | 6039 | 8003 | 6180 | 4610 | 3548 | 7115 | 6720 | 8512 | 9954 | ... | 1591 | 4401 |
| 14 | Phenix City | 8788 | 8269 | 6838 | 2863 | 6753 | 6608 | 4048 | 8774 | 4513 | ... | 3520 | 7654 |
| 15 | Alabaster | 1733 | 9767 | 3274 | 7125 | 7437 | 5748 | 5399 | 6513 | 3038 | ... | 2479 | 9673 |
| 16 | Bessemer | 6559 | 2453 | 1578 | 5158 | 3058 | 8075 | 7066 | 8530 | 8346 | ... | 4810 | 7641 |
| 17 | Enterprise | 8436 | 7800 | 7234 | 5063 | 4274 | 1948 | 7887 | 6647 | 1320 | ... | 3461 | 2640 |
| 18 | Opelika | 9998 | 8953 | 7923 | 6176 | 4369 | 9503 | 2126 | 1816 | 9224 | ... | 5191 | 9304 |
| 19 | Homewood | 2373 | 7188 | 9880 | 9236 | 5969 | 9998 | 8703 | 8440 | 4643 | ... | 8787 | 5459 |
| 20 | Northport | 3536 | 9231 | 8651 | 6374 | 4842 | 5704 | 8484 | 6322 | 2012 | ... | 6947 | 5401 |
| 21 | Pelham | 6830 | 3736 | 2734 | 6443 | 8494 | 6206 | 7290 | 8518 | 6176 | ... | 2777 | 4045 |
| 22 | Trussville | 2794 | 8273 | 9174 | 2850 | 8351 | 3978 | 5995 | 4632 | 7693 | ... | 1650 | 9470 |
| 23 | Mountain Brook | 8433 | 9368 | 2141 | 2357 | 6566 | 1482 | 4787 | 3900 | 6615 | ... | 5765 | 3653 |

```
24 Fairhope 8114 1464 2811 3090 4686 7995 7676 1304 7332 ... 3457 4808
```

```
25 rows x 46 columns
```

```
df_m.shape[0]
```

```
25
```

transform `al_fips`, the list of county fips codes, into a pandas dataframe

As previously mentioned with pandas and data that is retrieved, this now involves the FIPS codes within Alabama and the several counties

```
print(len(al_fips))
df_counties = pd.DataFrame(al_fips)
df_counties.size
```

```
25
```

```
50
```

This is what we see that creates the data for the fips as it is all involved within the dataframe.

```
print(df_counties.columns)
```

```
Index(['County', 'FIPS Code'], dtype='object')
```

displayed data involving and including counties which is provided within the columns from the dataframe.

`df_m`: all display data, per store

```
df_m.shape[0]
```

```
25
```

includes the codes for each county

fips codes per county

```
df_counties.shape[0]
```

25

dataframe provides and shows codes per county at the percentile of 25

```
df_counties.columns
```

```
Index(['County', 'FIPS Code'], dtype='object')
```

merge the county fips codes with the stores sales results (df_m)

```
merged_df = pd.concat([df_m, df_counties], axis=1)
merged_df.head()
```

| | City | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ... | 38 | 39 |
|---|------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|
| 0 | Birmingham | 8285 | 5343 | 6738 | 6635 | 5658 | 8118 | 4311 | 8535 | 3436 | ... | 1756 | 7598 |
| 1 | Montgomery | 1287 | 6585 | 8300 | 8874 | 8208 | 5363 | 3552 | 3387 | 2765 | ... | 4449 | 5727 |
| 2 | Mobile | 8035 | 5569 | 9492 | 5905 | 5024 | 1107 | 6937 | 5580 | 8044 | ... | 9296 | 2815 |
| 3 | Huntsville | 6280 | 2841 | 3399 | 5448 | 6173 | 5451 | 7488 | 9981 | 5236 | ... | 9982 | 3338 |
| 4 | Tuscaloosa | 4079 | 1066 | 3923 | 4177 | 4277 | 4219 | 9436 | 8160 | 4302 | ... | 4469 | 2513 |

5 rows × 48 columns

There is now two dataframes from the two provided, 'df_m' adn 'df_counties' and tis is what is merged and pulls/provides data

use the merged_df as data source for the choropleth

merged_df.columns

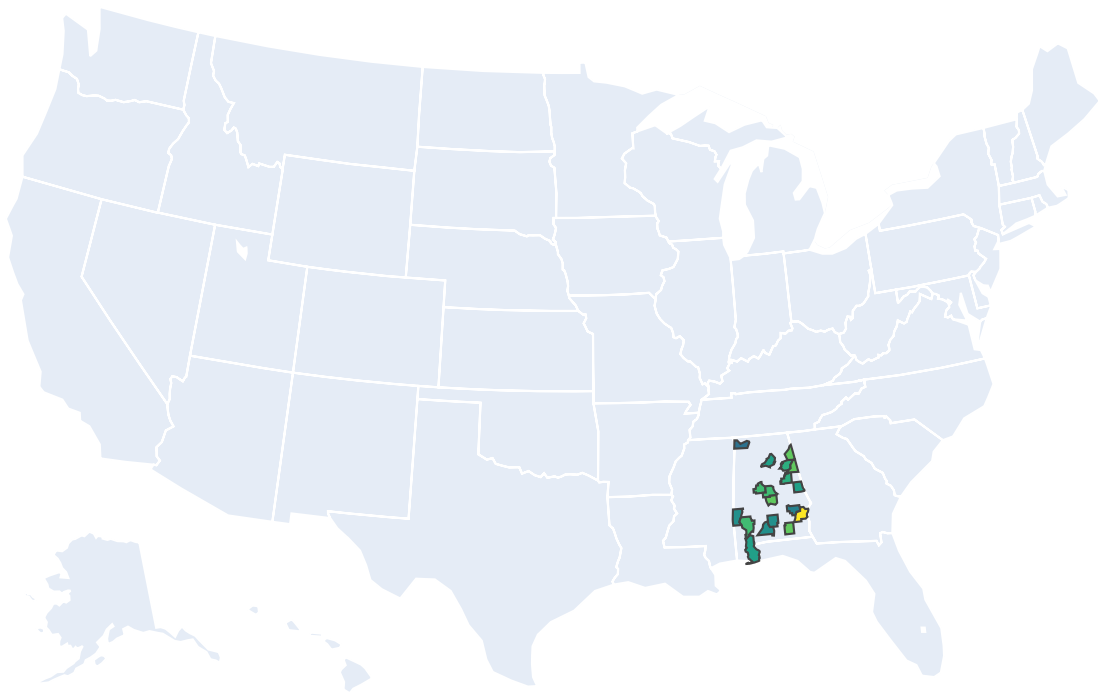
```
Index(['City', '1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10', '11', '12',  
      '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20', '21', '22', '23',  
      '24',  
      '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31', '32', '33', '34', '35',  
      '36',  
      '37', '38', '39', '40', '41', '25qt', '50qt', '75qt', 'zip', 'County',  
      'FIPS Code'],  
      dtype='object')
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

use the plotly api, feed it the merged_df information to do a map, with encoded quantile values


```
import plotly.express as px

fig = px.choropleth(merged_df, geojson=counties, locations='FIPS Code', color='25th
                    color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
                    range_color=(0, 38),
                    scope="usa",
                    hover_name="City",
                    hover_data=["City"],
                    labels={'25qt':'percentage displays under 25th qt'} #
                    )
fig.update_layout(margin={"r":0,"t":0,"l":0,"b":0})
fig.show()
```



The map below is showing certain data values that are under the 25th quartile and they are all merged within the dataframe.

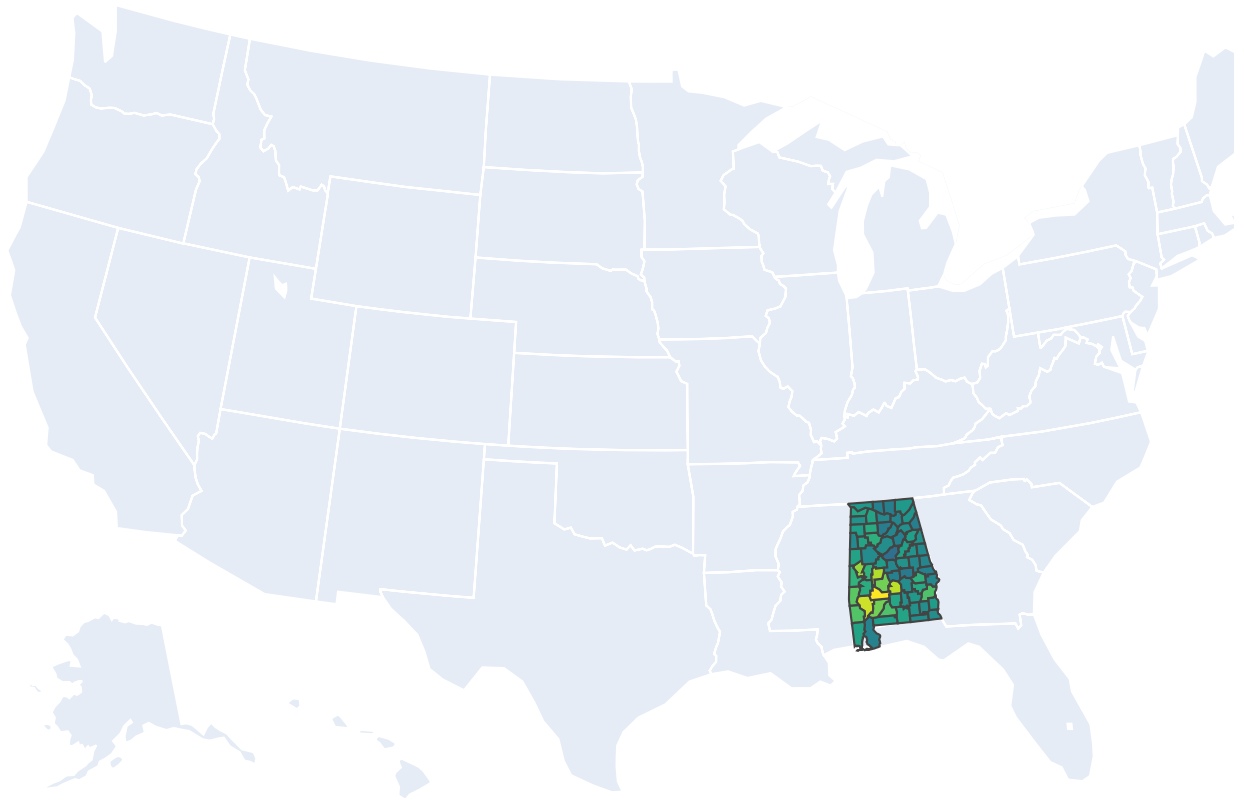
```
import plotly.express as px
import requests
import json
import pandas as pd

# Load the geojson data for Alabama's counties
r = requests.get('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/geojson-counties')
counties = json.loads(r.text)

# Filter the geojson data to only include Alabama's counties
target_states = ['01']
counties['features'] = [f for f in counties['features'] if f['properties']['STATE'] == '01']

# Load the sample data for Alabama's counties
df = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/master/fips-unemp-1992.csv')

# Create the choropleth map
fig = px.choropleth(df, geojson=counties, locations='fips', color='unemp',
                    color_continuous_scale='Viridis', range_color=(0, 12),
                    scope='usa', labels={'unemp': 'unemployment rate'})
fig.update_layout(margin={'r': 0, 't': 0, 'l': 0, 'b': 0})
fig.show()
```



This shows we are uploading github content and with the specific codes it included the counties in Alabama along with the specific features. Whatever request are put through the github link will be read and outputted.

