# MultiEmo: multi-task framework for emoji prediction

Knowledge-Based Systems (2022)
SangEun Lee, Dahye Jeong\*, Eunil Park\*

\*=corresponding author

# 1. Background (1)

- Emojis act as a new visual language.
  - enrich the meaning of social media content
- Emoji prediction is a task of predicting an upcoming emoji based on the given text.



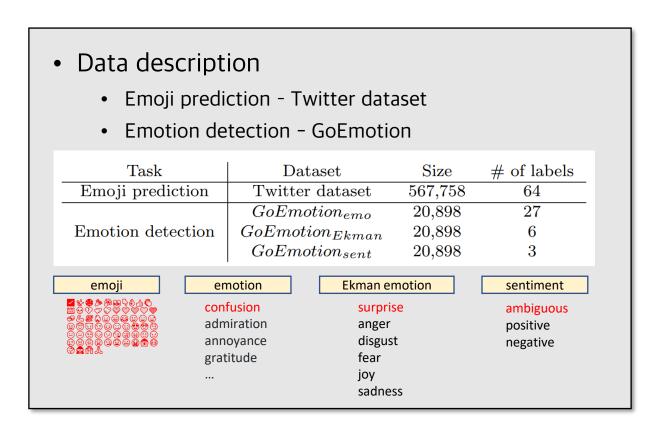
# 1. Background (2)

- Multi-task learning aims to learn multiple different tasks simultaneously.
  - improves overall performance of different tasks by sharing information
- In sentiment analysis...
  - Chauhan et al.: sarcasm detection + sentiment detection + emotion detection
  - Singh et al.: complaint identification + sentiment classification

→ To predict emojis, we assume that combining semantically similar tasks would improve prediction performance!

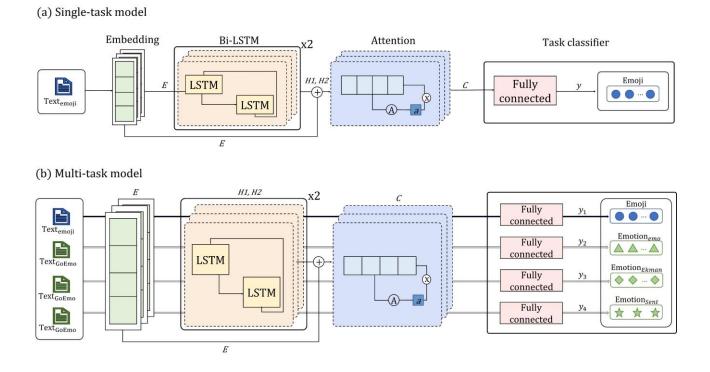
### 2. Method - dataset

- Multi-task framework for emoji prediction
  - Task 1. emoji prediction
  - Task 2. emotion detection



# 2. Method – proposed framework

- Multi-task framework for emoji prediction
  - Task 1. emoji prediction
  - Task 2. emotion detection



- Multi<sup>a</sup>: emoji prediction + 1 emotion detection task
- Multi<sup>b</sup>: emoji prediction + 2 emotion detection tasks
- Multi<sup>c</sup>: emoji prediction + 3 emotion detection tasks

# 3. Experiments – metrics

# 1) $ACC_{single}@K$

- If one of the top K predictions is the correct label, this prediction is regarded as accurate
  one.
- *ACC<sub>single</sub>*@1, *ACC<sub>single</sub>*@5

## 2) $ACC_{cate}$ @K

- If one of the top K predictions is included in the same category with the correct emoji, this prediction is regarded as accurate one.
- *ACC<sub>cate</sub>*@1, *ACC<sub>cate</sub>*@5

# 3) $ACC_{sent}@K$

- If one of the top K predictions represents same sentiment with the correct emoji, this prediction is regarded as accurate one.
- ACC<sub>sent</sub>@1

# 3. Experiments – results

 Table 3
 64 emoji labels
 20 emoji category labels
 2 emoji sentiment labels

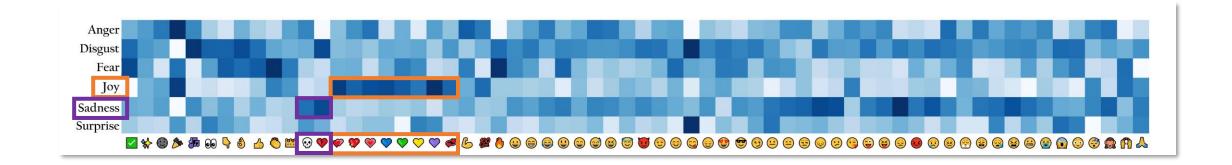
Emoji prediction results of MultiEmo and baseline models.

Models	Single		Category		Sentiment
	ACC <sub>single</sub> @1	ACC <sub>single</sub> @5	ACC <sub>cate</sub> @1	ACC <sub>cate</sub> @5	ACC <sub>sent</sub> @1
Bi-LSTM Bi-LSTM+Attention Seq2Emoji BERT	$22.40 \pm 4.68$ $27.46 \pm 0.19$ $22.88 \pm 4.07$ $20.83 \pm 0.03$	$49.05 \pm 7.63$ $57.49 \pm 0.16$ $50.49 \pm 5.06$ $48.74 \pm 0.04$	$42.60 \pm 1.29$ $44.08 \pm 0.19$ $42.66 \pm 0.50$ $41.97 \pm 0.00$	$62.23 \pm 12.11$ $72.22 \pm 0.07$ $66.09 \pm 4.53$ $65.78 \pm 0.19$	$55.93 \pm 15.03$ $69.99 \pm 0.15$ $66.39 \pm 2.29$ $56.79 \pm 0.49$
Single-task Multi <sup>a</sup> <sub>emo</sub>	$26.86 \pm 0.12$ $27.77 \pm 0.01$	$58.03 \pm 0.20$ $59.38 \pm 0.03$	$44.28 \pm 0.05$ $44.62 \pm 0.06$	$72.76 \pm 0.16$ $73.80 \pm 0.19$	$69.32 \pm 0.12$ $70.21 \pm 0.15$
Multi <sup>a</sup> Multi <sup>a</sup> Multi <sup>a</sup>	$27.73 \pm 0.04$ $27.78 \pm 0.02$	$59.42 \pm 0.10$ $59.41 \pm 0.08$	$44.60 \pm 0.05$ $44.69 \pm 0.11$	$73.78 \pm 0.09$ $73.97 \pm 0.31$	$70.24\pm0.10$ $70.40\pm0.36$
Multi <sup>b</sup> Multi <sup>b</sup> Multi <sup>b</sup> <sub>Ekman,sent</sub>	$27.76 \pm 0.03$ $27.82 \pm 0.04$	$59.35 \pm 0.01$ $59.40 \pm 0.05$	$44.64 \pm 0.03$ $44.69 \pm 0.08$	$73.85 \pm 0.09$ $73.83 \pm 0.14$	<b>70.46</b> $\pm$ <b>0.09</b> 70.42 $\pm$ 0.12
Multi <sup>b</sup> Multi <sup>c</sup> Multi <sup>c</sup> <sub>emo,Ekman,sent</sub>	$\begin{array}{c} 27.77 \pm 0.05 \\ 27.74 \pm 0.05 \end{array}$	$59.34 \pm 0.06$ $59.40 \pm 0.03$	$44.61 \pm 0.06  44.63 \pm 0.02$	$73.75 \pm 0.07$ $73.79 \pm 0.06$	$70.26 \pm 0.15$ $69.99 \pm 0.05$

- Multi-task models outperforms other baseline models!
- → Incorporating the emotion task assists in improving the performance of emoji prediction.

# 3. Experiments - correlation analysis

- Why does learning the emotion task simultaneously help the emoji prediction task?
  - For each emoji, we obtained the **softmax value** of the predicted **emotion outputs**.



- 'Q', 'V' have high correlation with emotion 'sadness'.

#### 4. Conclusion

#### Summary

- Proposed multi-task models (Multi<sup>a</sup>, Multi<sup>b</sup>, Multi<sup>c</sup>) that incorporate emotional information for emoji prediction.
- Three models achieved better performance than baseline models for emoji prediction.
- Found high relevance between each emoji and emotion by analyzing correlation between emojis and emotions.

#### **Future work**

- Extend our work to consider other contextual information (i.e., demographic information)
- Predict multiple emojis for a given text.

MultiEmo: multi-task framework for emoji prediction

