■ Techno MR Round – Technical Q&A; (Python & FastAPI)

- 1. **What are Python's key features that make it suitable for backend development?**
- Easy syntax, large ecosystem, strong libraries (FastAPI, Flask, Django), async support, and excellent community.
- 2. **Difference between List, Tuple, and Set in Python?**
- List: ordered, mutable. Tuple: ordered, immutable. Set: unordered, unique elements.
- 3. **What are Python decorators? Give an example.**
- A function that modifies another function without changing its code. Example: @app.get("/") in FastAPI.
- 4. **Explain Generators in Python.**
- Functions that use yield to produce items lazily instead of all at once → memory efficient.
- 5. **Difference between @classmethod and @staticmethod?**
- classmethod: takes cls (class reference). staticmethod: no self or cls; just a normal function in a class.
- 6. **What are Iterators in Python?**
- Objects that can be looped with __iter__() and __next__().
- 7. **What is FastAPI? Why is it popular?**
- A modern async Python web framework with auto validation (Pydantic), async support, and Swagger docs.
- 8. **How do you validate data in FastAPI?**
- Using Pydantic models → enforce types, email format, regex, etc.
- 9. **What is Dependency Injection in FastAPI?**
- A way to share common logic (DB session, auth, configs) across routes using Depends.
- 10. **Explain JWT Authentication in FastAPI.**
- Client sends credentials \rightarrow server returns JWT \rightarrow client uses token in Authorization header \rightarrow server verifies token.
- 11. **How do you connect FastAPI with a database?**
- Use SQLAlchemy + SessionLocal + dependency get_db().
- 12. **What is Middleware in FastAPI? Give an example.**
- Functions that run before/after every request (e.g., logging, CORS).
- 13. **Explain async vs sync in FastAPI.**
- Sync blocks thread (CPU tasks), async is non-blocking (I/O tasks).

- 14. **How do you handle errors in FastAPI?**
- Using HTTPException(status_code=..., detail=...) or custom handlers.
- 15. **How do you test FastAPI applications?**
- Using TestClient with pytest.
- 16. **What are common status codes in APIs?**
- 200 OK, 201 Created, 400 Bad Request, 401 Unauthorized, 403 Forbidden, 404 Not Found, 500 Server Error.
- 17. **What is ORM and why use it?**
- \blacksquare Object Relational Mapper \rightarrow maps Python classes to DB tables \rightarrow avoids raw SQL.
- 18. **Difference between PUT and PATCH in APIs?**
- PUT replaces whole resource, PATCH does partial update.
- 19. **What are advantages of FastAPI over Flask?**
- Async support, faster, Pydantic validation, auto docs.
- 20. **How do you secure passwords in FastAPI?**
- Use hashing libraries like passlib[bcrypt], never store plain text.