TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter	Title	Page
No		No
	Synopsis	1
1	Introduction	3
	System Requirement and Specification	
2	2.1 Hardware Requirement	5
	2.2 Software Requirement	
3	Visual Basic 6.0	7
	SQL Server	4.0
4	4.1 SQL Server Management Studio	10
	System Design	10
	5.1 DataFlow Diagram	13
5	5.2 Entity Relationship Diagram	14
	5.3 DataBase Design	15
6	Screenshots	17
7	Testing	24
8	Conclusion	27
9	Bibliography	29
10	Coding	31

List of Figures

Figure	Title	Page
No.		No.
6.1	Splash Screen	17
6.2	Login Page	17
6.3	Main Form	18
6.4	Form to Change Password	18
6.5	Form to Add New User	18
6.6	Form to Delete User	19
6.7	Categories Form	19
6.8	Item Information Form	19
6.9	Table Information Form	19
6.10	Order Information Form	20
6.11	Bill Generation Form	20
6.12	Monthly Collection Form	20
6.13	Consumption Bill Report	21
6.14	Today's Collection Report	21
6.15	Monthly Collection Report	21
6.16	All Customer Order Report	21
6.17	Menu Report	22

SYNOPSIS

SYNOPSIS

Now a days we can see many restaurants are established which serves readymade-food. All the activities such as food item list, menus, tables with different rents, customers 'orders, daily collection reports., etc everything done in the manual system.

Then the biggest problem arises whenever many customer places the order at the same time with varieties of food items in different tables becomes difficult for the employees to handle the customers 'orders. Whenever they want to alter their menu, it is also a challenge for them to do. But with the computerized system all this problem can be resolved in seconds.

RESTAUARANT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM is a desktop application. This system is developed to automate the day-to-day activities of a restaurant. This system can be used by the employees to handle the customers and their orders. It makes the easier way to generate accurate reports.

Scope of project in building a computerized system for silk route to handle billing restaurant records was to include the employees who are involved in the process of billing of a customer to storage of restaurant records and enables to view the records as desired. The employees are given limited access in order to safe guard the privacy and security of the records. The database is maintained in the whole project

INTRODUCTION

<u>INTRODUCTION</u>

Restaurant Management system:

Restaurant management system is the system for managing the restaurant business. Restaurant management can vary across multiple management styles, however, there is always one common denominator when it comes to setting goals: maximizing a restaurant's profitability. In order to maximize a restaurant's profitability, one has to always examine and understand a restaurant's operational costs and how these relate to a restaurant's productivity and efficiency in delivering quality service to its customers. Management takes a very important role in controlling and manipulating the balance of costs and profitability.

An effective manager must always concern himself/herself with restaurant issues that pertain to including items, categories, pricing, order-taking, and much more. Oftentimes, a restaurant's profitability either rises or falls depending on how well it is being managed.

Managing a restaurant using a well-developed software minimizes the liabilities of mismanagement and productivity. The incorporation of a Restaurant Management Software in the managing of various business processes entails that your restaurant is competitive, innovative, well-managed, and up-to-date with the latest management and business trends.

This restaurant management system can be used by employees in a restaurant to handle the clients, their orders and can help them easily find tables.

The restaurant menu is organized by categories (south-Indian meal, soups, salads, Chinese dish, sides and drinks) of menu items. Each menu item has a name, price. It's easy to present the reports of the day- to- day activities.

SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

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SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

To be used efficiently, all computer software needs certain hardware components or the other software resources to be present on a computer. These prerequisites are known as(computer) system requirements and are often used as a guideline as opposed to an absolute rule.

2.1. HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: The most common set of requirements defined by any operating system or software application is the physical computer resources, also known as hardware. A hardware requirements list is often accompanied by a hardware compatibility list (HCL), especially in case of operating systems. An HCL lists tested, compatibility and sometimes incompatible hardware devices for a particular operating system or application. The following sub-sections discuss the various aspects of hardware requirements.

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENT PROJECT:

PROCESSOR : Intel Pentium 3 or above

RAM : 1GB or above

HARD DISK : 128 GB or above

MONITOR : Standard colour monitor

KEYBOARD : Standard keyboard

2.2. SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS: Software Requirements deal with defining software resource requirements and pre-requisites that need to be installed on a computer to provide optimal functioning of an application. These requirements or pre-requisites are generally not included in the software installation package and need to be installed separately before the software is installed

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR PRESENT PROJECT:

OPERATING SYSTEM : WINDOWS 10

FRONT END : VISUAL BASICS 6.0

BACK END : SQL SERVER

Visual Basics 6

VISUAL BASIC 6.0

Visual basic is an ideal program language, for developing sophisticated business application. It makes use of graphical interface for the creation of robust and powerful application. The GUI as the name suggests, uses illustrations for the text which enables its user to interact with the application. This feature makes it easier to comprehend the things in a quicker and easier way

Coding in a GUI environment is quite a transition to traditional – linear programming methods, where the user is guided through path of execution and is limited to a small set of operation. The number of options that are open to the user and developer features such as easier comprehension, user friendliness, faster access and many such other features make it an interesting tool to work with.

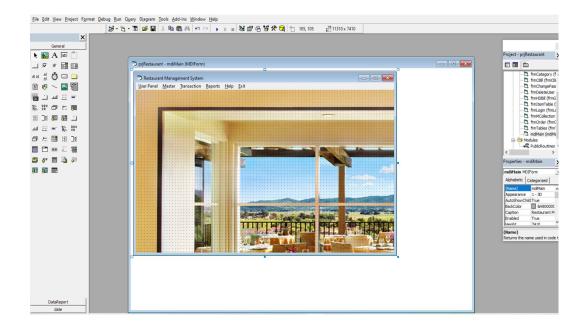
So what is Visual basic? The Visual path refers to the method used to create the Graphical User Interface (GUI). Rather than writing numerous lines of codes to describe the appearance and location of interface elements, you simply add pre-built objects into place on screen.

The "Basic" part refers to the BASIC (Beginners all-purpose symbolic instruction code) language a language used by more programmers rather than any other language in the history of computing. Visual basic has evolved from the original Basic language and now contains several hundred statements, functions and keywords many of which relate directly to the windows GUI. Whether your goal is to create a small utility for yourself or your work group, a large enterprise-wide system, or event distributed applications spanning the globe via Internet, Visual basic has the tools you need.

Data access features allow you to create databases, front-end applications and scalable sever side components for most popular database formats, including command prompt sever and other enterprise level database. ActiveX technologies allow you to use the functionally provided by the other applications, such as Microsoft word processor, Microsoft Excel spreadsheet, and other windows application. You can even automate application and objects created using the professional or Enterprise editions of visual basic.

This "Basic" part refers to the BASIC (Beginners All-purpose Symbolic Instruction code) language a language used by more programmers rather than any other language in the history of computing. Visual Basic has evolved from the original Basic language and now contains several hundred statements, functions and keywords many of which relate directly to the windows GUI. Whether your goal is to create a small utility for yourself or your work group, a large enterprise-wide system, or even distributed applications spanning the globe via Internet, Visual Basic has the tools you need. Data access features allow you to create database, front-end applications and scalable server-side components of most popular database formats, including Microsoft Access server side and other enterprise level database.

This chapter introduces the essential components of the visual basic language. After creating the interface to your application using forms and controls, you need to write the code that defines the application behavior. As with any programming language, Visual basic supports a number of common programming constructs and languages elements. Visual basic is an object oriented based programming language. The mere mention of objects may cause undue anxiety in many programmers. In this programming language you are dealing with objects and their handling. Once you understand a few basic concepts, object actually help to make programming easier than ever before.



SQL SERVER

<u>SQL SERVER</u>

SQL Server is a database server by Microsoft. The Microsoft relational database management system is a software product which primarily stores and retrieves data requested by other applications. These applications may run on the same or a different computer.

SQL is a specialized language for updating, deleting, and requesting information from databases. SQL is an ANSI and ISO standard, and is the de facto standard database query language.

SQLCMD is a command line application that comes with Microsoft SQL Server, and exposes the management features of SQL Server. It allows SQL queries to be written and executed from the command prompt. It can also act as a scripting language to create and run a set of SQL statements as a script. Such scripts are stored as a sqlfile, and are used either for management of databases or to create the database schema during the deployment of a database.

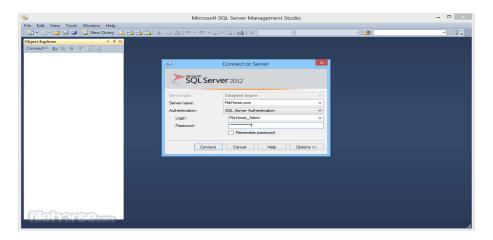
SQLCMD was introduced with SQL Server 2005 and has continued through SQL Server versions 2008, 2008 R2, 2012, 2014, 2016 and 2019. Its predecessor for earlier versions was OSQL and ISQL, which were functionally equivalent as it pertains to TSQL execution, and many of the command line parameters are identical, although SQLCMD adds extra versatility.

4.1 SQL Server Management Studio

SQL Server Management Studio is a GUI tool included with SQL Server 2005 and later for configuring, managing, and administering all components within Microsoft SQL Server. The tool includes both script editors and graphical tools that work with objects and features of the server. SQL Server Management Studio replaces Enterprise Manager as the primary management interface for Microsoft SQL Server since SQL Server 2005. A version of SQL Server Management Studio is also available for SQL Server Express Edition, for which it is known as *SQL Server Management Studio Express* (SSMSE).

A central feature of SQL Server Management Studio is the Object Explorer, which allows the user to browse, select, and act upon any of the objects within the server. It can be used to visually observe and analyse query plans and optimize the database performance, among others. SQL Server Management Studio can also be used to create a new database, alter any existing database schema by adding or modifying tables and indexes, or analyse, performance. It includes the query windows which provide a GUI based interface to write and execute queries.

Use it to deploy, monitor, and upgrade the data-tier components used by your applications, as well as build queries and scripts. Microsoft SQL Server belongs to "Databases" category of the tech stack, while Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio can be primarily classified under "Database Tools".



SQL Server Management Studio will help you to connect with four different Server Types

- 1. Database Engine: To work with relational databases. Here, we use the Transact SQL queries to communicate with the server.
- 2. Analysis Services: This is to work with SQL Server Analysis Services (SSAS).
- 3. Reporting Services: This Server type is to work with SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS).
- 4. Integration Services: This Server type is to work with SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS).

SYSTEM DESIGN

SYSTEM DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagram (DFD)

Data flow diagram is a graphical representation of data movement, process files used in support of an information system. Unlike detail flow charts, DFDs do not supply detailed description of modules but graphically describe a system's data and how the data interact with the system. A data flow diagram represents the information at each processing points in the system and the direction it takes from the source and destination. To construct a data flow diagram, we use

- > Arrows
- Circles
- Open-ended boxes
- Squares

An arrow identifies data flow or data in motion. Circle stands for a process that converts data into information. An open-ended box represents a data source or a temporary repository of data. A square defines a source or the destination of given data

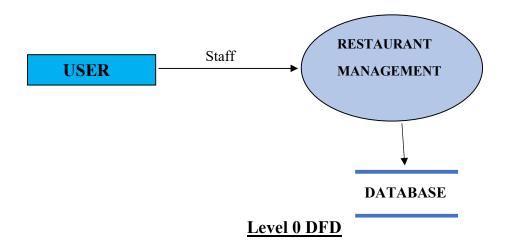
The following information rules govern construction of DFD

- Arrows should not cross each other
- Squares, circles, and files must bear names

DATA FLOW DIAGRAM

FOR

RESTAURANT MANAGEMENT SYSTE

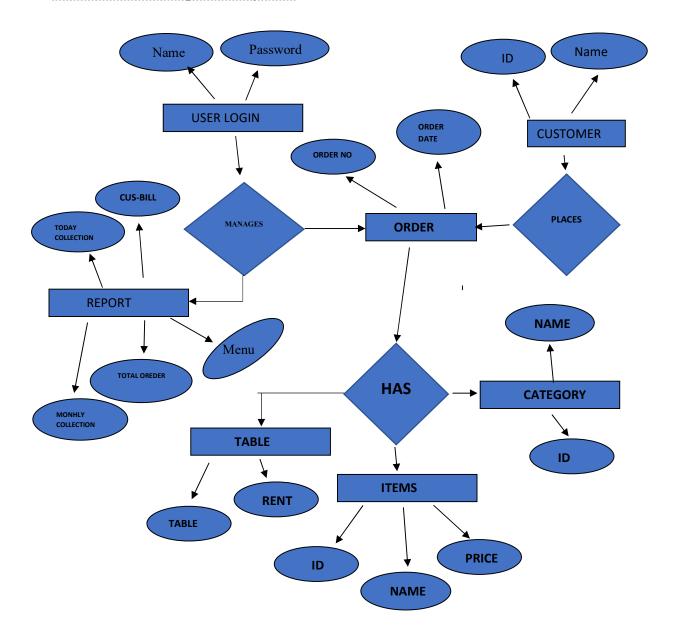


5.2 ER Diagram

ER Diagram

For

Restaurant Management System



5.3 DATABASE DESIGN

Login Table

Data Field	Data Types
User_name	nvarchar(50)
	nvarchar(50)
Password	

Category Table

Data Field	Data Types
Cat_Id	int
Cat_Name	nvarchar(30)

Item Table

Data Field	Data Types
Item_Name	nvarchar(50)
Rate	int
Cat_Id	int

Tables Table

Data Field	Data Types
Table_No	Int
Rent	Int

Customer Table

Data Field	Data Types
C_No	int
C_Name	nvarchar(50)

Order Table

Data	Data Types
Field	
O_NO	Int
O_Date	Date
C_Name	nvarchar(50
Amount	Int
Discount	Int
BAmount	Int

Order Item Table

Data Field	Data Types
O_NO	int
O_Date	Date
C_Name	nvarchar(50)
O_Table	int
Item_Name	nvarchar(50)
Qty	int
Rate	int
ItemAmount	int
Amount	int
Discount	int
BAmount	int

SCREENSHOTS

Screenshots



Fig 6.1: Splash Screen



Fig6.2: Login Page



Fig 6.3: Main Form



Fig 6.4: Form to Change Password



Fig 6.5: Form to Add New User



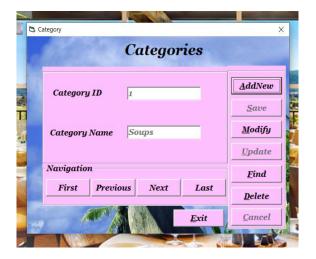


Fig 6.6: Form to Delete User

Fig 6.7:CategoriesForm





Fig 6.8: Item Information Form

Fig 6.9:Table Information Form

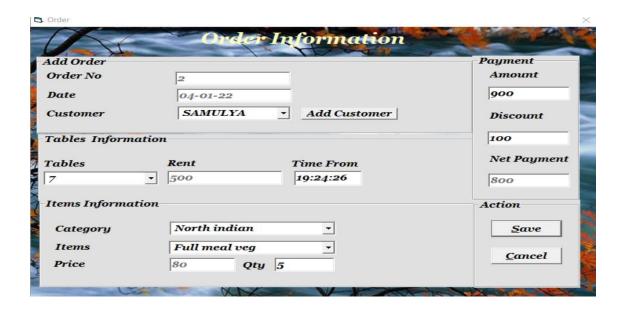


Fig 6.10: Order Information Form

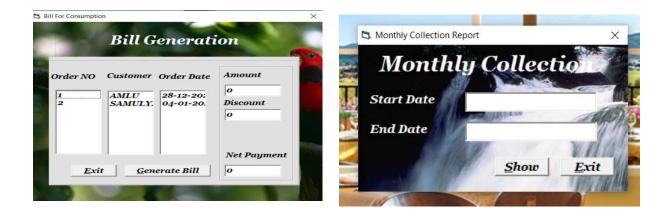
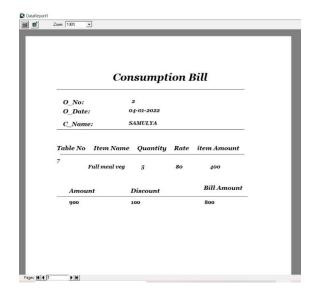


Fig 6.11: Bill Generation Form

Fig6.12:Monthly Collection Form



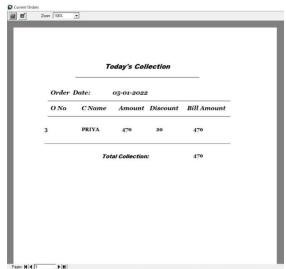


Fig 6.13:Consumption Bill Report

Fig6.14:Today'sCollectionReport



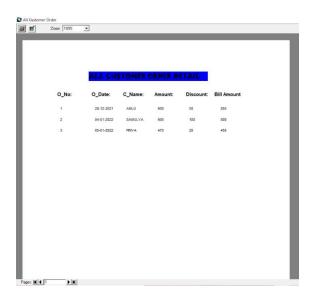


Fig6.15: Monthly Collection Report Fig6.16: All Customer OrderReport

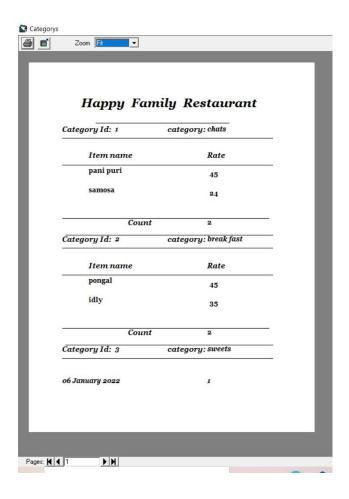


Fig 6.17 Menu Report

TESTING

TESTING

SYSTEM TESTING

TESTING

Testing goes through the various stages, during testing the program to be tested has to be executed with a set of test cases, and ha the output of the program for the test case is evaluated to determine if the program is performing as expected. Due to its approach dynamic testing only ascertains the presence of error in the program. The exact nature of error is not usually decided by testing. Testing form is the first in determining error in the program.

Once the programs are tested individually then the system as a whole needs to be tested. During testing, the system is used experimentally to ensure that the software does not fail t.e. it will run according to its specification. The programs executed to check for any syntax or logical error. The error is corrected and test is made to determine whether the program is doing what it is supposed to do.

Various types of testing

7.1 Unit testing

Each component of the system is tested individually. The programmer does the testing. Testing is restrictive in nature i.e. programmer should try to test all individual conditions and see if the program breaks under any circumstance.

7.2 System testing

This is an integrated form of testing, which focuses on functionality and interface between units and team in a controlled environment does it.

7.3 Acceptance Testing

This is system testing done by the user of the application the only emphasis is functionally testing as the user is not aware of the technical aspect of the system. The testing is also done in a controlled environment with logging o all error based on the error found in the system, the user has to accept or reject the system.

7.4 Module Testing

This is an optional form of testing, which is done only for large system, which has a large number of modules.

7.5 Security Testing

Security testing will be done as a specialized form of testing if there is a high risk exposure in that area. If the risk exposure is not very high, then it can be done as part of the system testing. Typically, security testing would involve trying to break in to the system, trying to execute. transactions not allowed to person; to access areas on disk were the user is not allowed.

Testing is vital the success of the system. If it on this done successfully, this shows that the parts of the system are working correctly and all the goals are achieved.

CONCLUSION

CONCLUSION

We were able to create a computerized system for Simple Route to maintain billing & Restaurant records. This system is able to store billing records securely and retrieve the records whenever needed easily. Data entering of customers, change of foods, menu etc are also included in this system along with the order and the billing process. Customers, restaurant records and employees are interconnected in order to maintain the accuracy of this system. This system can also be further improved adding many other features and including the other systems as well. Finally, we believe that we were able to launch an effective computerized system to the restaurant causing the restaurant to perform well in the future regarding the billing and restaurant records.

Each and every task of maintaining the restaurant activities are maintained very well and easily. All the activities are maintained efficiently

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BIBLIOGRAPHY

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specify provider and connection string in VB6\Connect Database - YouTube

One-to-One, One-to-Many Table Relationships in SQL Server (tech-recipes.com)

database - Generate table relationship diagram from existing schema (SQL Server) - Stack

Overflow

WinWorld: Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0 (winworldpc.com)

CODING

CODING

```
Coding for Login Form:
Option Explicit
Dim rec As ADODB.Recordset
Private Sub cmdExit Click()
End
End Sub
Private Sub cmdLogin Click()
  If txtInput(0).Text = "" And txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please Enter User Name and Password"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
    rec.MoveFirst
    rec.Find "User name=" & txtInput(0).Text & """
    If rec.EOF Then
        MsgBox "Incorrect username", vbOKOnly
       txtInput(0).Text = ""
       txtInput(1).Text = ""
       txtInput(0).SetFocus
       Exit Sub
    Else
      If rec.Fields("password"). Value \Leftrightarrow txtInput(1). Text Then
       MsgBox "Incorrect password", vbOKOnly
       txtInput(0).Text = ""
       txtInput(1).Text = ""
       txtInput(0).SetFocus
Exit Sub
      End If
    End If
  End If
  Timer1.Enabled = True
  ProgressBar1.Visible = True
  Shape 1.V is ible = T rue
  Shape2.Visible = True
  Shape3.Visible = True
  Label2.Visible = True
  Label3.Visible = True
End Sub
```

Private Sub Form Activate()

```
txtInput(0).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub Form Load()
  If Not OpenConnection Then
    MsgBox "Error while connecting with this database"
    End
  End If
  Set rec = New ADODB.Recordset
  rec.Open "Select * from Login", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
End Sub
Private Sub Timer1_Timer()
   If Shape1. Visible Then
     Shape 2. Visible = True
     Shape 1. Visible = False
     Shape 3. Visible = False
ElseIf Shape2. Visible Then
     Shape 3. Visible = True
     Shape 2. Visible = False
     Shape1. Visible = False
   ElseIf Shape3. Visible Then
     Shape1.Visible = True
     Shape2. Visible = False
     Shape3. Visible = False
   End If
  ProgressBar1.Value = ProgressBar1.Value + 5
  Label2.Caption = "Loading"
  Label3.Caption = ProgressBar1.Value & "%"
   If (ProgressBar1.Value = ProgressBar1.Max) Then
     Timer1.Enabled = False
     mdiMain.Show
     mdiMain.Label18.Caption = txtInput(0).Text
     Unload Me
   End If
End Sub
Coding For Add New User Form:
Private Sub cmdClose Click()
Unload frmAddNewUser
End Sub
Private Sub cmdSave Click()
  If txtUsername.Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Enter UserName and Password ...", vbExclamation
```

```
txtUsername.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If txtPassword.Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Enter Password ...", vbExclamation
    txtPassword.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If txtConfirmPassword.Text = "" Then
  MsgBox "Enter confirpassword ...", vbExclamation
  txtConfirmPassword.SetFocus
  Exit Sub
  End If
  If txtPassword.Text <> txtConfirmPassword.Text Then
    MsgBox "Confirm password dosenot match with new password ...",
vbExclamation
    txtConfirmPassword.Text = ""
    txtPassword.Text = ""
    txtPassword.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
Set rs = cn.Execute("select * from Login where User_name="" +
txtUsername.Text + " and Password=" + txtPassword.Text + "")
If (Not rs.EOF) Then
  MsgBox "Sorry!! User already exists. Try another username", vbCritical
  txtPassword.Text = ""
  txtConfirmPassword.Text = ""
  txtUsername.Text = ""
  txtUsername.SetFocus
Else
  cn.Execute ("insert into Login values("" + txtUsername.Text + "","" +
txtPassword.Text + "')")
  MsgBox "User added sucessfully", vbInformation
  txtPassword.Text = ""
  txtConfirmPassword.Text = ""
  txtUsername.Text = ""
  txtUsername.SetFocus
 frmAddNewUser.Hide
 mdiMain.Show
End If
End Sub
Private Sub Form Load()
OpenConnection
```

```
End Sub
Coding For Delete User Form
Private Sub cmdDeleteUser Click()
             ("delete
                        from
cn.Execute
                               Login
                                         where
                                                  User name=""
cmbUsername.Text + """)
MsgBox "User deleted sucessfully!!", vbInformation
cmbUsername.Text = ""
Unload frmDeleteUser
mdiMain.Show
End Sub
Private Sub cmdExit Click()
Unload frmDeleteUser
End Sub
Private Sub Form Load()
OpenConnection
Set rs = cn.Execute("select * from Login")
While (Not rs.EOF)
  cmbUsername.AddItem rs(0)
  rs.MoveNext
Wend
End Sub
Coding For Table Form:
Dim rec As ADODB.Recordset
Private Function clearControls()
  txtInput(0).Text = ""
  txtInput(1).Text = ""
End Function
Private Function EDControls(mode As Boolean)
  txtInput(1).Enabled = mode
  cmdAddNew.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdCancel.Enabled = mode
  cmdModify.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdFind.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdDelete.Enabled = Not mode
End Function
Private Function EDNavigate(mode As Boolean)
  fraNavigator.Enabled = mode
End Function
Private Function showData()
  txtInput(0).Text = rec.Fields("Table No").Value
  txtInput(1).Text = rec.Fields("Rent").Value
End Function
```

Private Sub cmdAddNew Click()

```
EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = True
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  cmdCancel.Enabled = True
  clearControls
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * From Tables", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
    t.MoveLast
    txtInput(0).Text = t.Fields(0).Value + 1
  Else
    txtInput(0).Text = 1
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
   txtInput(1).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub cmdCancel Click()
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  showData
End Sub
Private Sub cmdDelete Click()
  Dim choice As Integer
  choice = MsgBox("Do you want to Delete the Record", vbYesNo +
vbQuestion, "confirmation")
  If choice = vbYes Then
    If rec.EOF = False And rec.BOF = False Then
      rec.Delete
      rec.MoveNext
      If rec.EOF Then rec.MoveLast
      showData
    End If
    End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmdExit Click()
  Unload Me
End Sub
Private Sub cmdFind Click()
  Dim s As String
```

```
If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
    rec.MoveFirst
    s = InputBox("Enter The table no")
    If s <> "" Then
      rec.Find "Table No=" & s & """
      If Not rec.EOF Then
         MsgBox "Table Not Found"
         rec.MoveLast
      End If
    End If
    showData
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmdModify Click()
  EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = True
  txtInput(1).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub cmdNavigate click(Index As Integer)
  If Index = 0 Then
    rec.MovePrevious
    If (rec.BOF = True) Then
       MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
    End If
    rec.MoveFirst
  ElseIf Index = 1 Then
rec.MovePrevious
    If rec.BOF Then
        MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
        rec.MoveFirst
    End If
  ElseIf Index = 2 Then
    rec.MoveNext
    If rec.EOF Then
      MsgBox "you are already at the last record"
      rec.MoveLast
     End If
   Else
    rec.MoveNext
    If (rec.EOF = True) Then
```

```
MsgBox "You are already at the last Record"
    End If
    rec.MoveLast
   End If
    showData
End Sub
Private Sub cmdSave Click()
  If txtInput(0).Text = "" Or txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "please provide the data"
    txtInput(1).SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If Not IsNumeric(txtInput(1).Text) Then
    MsgBox "Price must be Numeric value"
    txtInput(1).Text = ""
    txtInput(1).SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  ElseIf txtInput(1). Text < 0 Then
     MsgBox "Price must be Positive value"
    txtInput(1).Text = ""
    txtInput(1).SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  rec.AddNew
  rec.Fields("Table No").Value = txtInput(0).Text
  rec.Fields("Rent").Value = txtInput(1).Text
  rec.Update
End Sub
Private Sub cmdUpdate Click()
   If txtInput(0).Text = "" Or txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please provide the data"
    Exit Sub
  End If
    If Not IsNumeric((txtInput(1).Text) Or (txtInput(1).Text)) Then
    MsgBox "Price must be Numeric value"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
```

```
rec.Fields("Table No").Value = txtInput(0).Text
  rec.Fields("Rent").Value = txtInput(1).Text
  rec.Update
End Sub
Private Sub Form Load()
  Set rec = New ADODB.Recordset
  EDControls False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
   txtInput(0).Enabled = False
End Sub
Private Sub Form Activate()
  CenterWindow Me
  rec.Open "Select * from Tables", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
     rec.MoveFirst
    showData
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub Form Unload(Cancel As Integer)
  rec.Close
  Set rec = Nothing
End Sub
Coding For Category Form:
Dim rec As ADODB.Recordset
Private Function clearControls()
  txtInput(0).Text = ""
  txtInput(1).Text = ""
End Function
Private Function EDControls(mode As Boolean)
  txtInput(1).Enabled = mode
  cmdAddNew.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdCancel.Enabled = mode
  cmdModify.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdFind.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdDelete.Enabled = Not mode
End Function
Private Function EDNavigate(mode As Boolean)
  fraNavigator.Enabled = mode
End Function
Private Sub cmdCancel Click()
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  showData
```

```
End Sub
Private Sub cmdDelete Click()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "Select * from Item_Table where Cat_ID=" & txtInput(0).Text, cn,
adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
      MsgBox "You Can not Delete the Record because Related Records Exists in
Item Table"
      Exit Sub
  End If
    Dim choice As Integer
    choice = MsgBox("Do you want to Delete the Record", vbYesNo + vbQuestion,
"confirmation")
    If choice = vbYes Then
      If rec.EOF = False And rec.BOF = False Then
         rec.Delete
         rec.MoveNext
         If rec.EOF Then rec.MoveLast
         showData
      End If
    End If
    Set t = Nothing
End Sub
Private Sub cmdExit Click()
  Unload Me
End Sub
Private Sub cmdFind Click()
Dim s As String
  If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
    rec.MoveFirst
    s = InputBox("Enter The Category name")
    If s <> "" Then
      rec.Find "Cat Name=" & s & """
      If Not rec.EOF Then
      Else
         MsgBox "Record Not Found"
         rec.MoveLast
      End If
    End If
    showData
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmdModify Click()
  EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = True
  txtInput(1).SetFocus
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub cmdNavigate click(Index As Integer)
  If Index = 0 Then
    rec.MovePrevious
    If (rec.BOF = True) Then
       MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
    End If
    rec.MoveFirst
  ElseIf Index = 1 Then
    rec.MovePrevious
    If rec.BOF Then
        MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
        rec.MoveFirst
    End If
  ElseIf Index = 2 Then
    rec.MoveNext
    If rec.EOF Then
       MsgBox "you are already at the last record"
       rec.MoveLast
    End If
  Else
    rec.MoveNext
    If (rec.EOF = True) Then
       MsgBox "You are already at the last Record"
    End If
    rec.MoveLast
  End If
    showData
End Sub
Private Sub cmdSave Click()
   If txtInput(0).Text = "" Or txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
     MsgBox "please provide the data"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If Not IsNumeric(txtInput(0).Text) Then
    MsgBox "Price must be Numeric value"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  rec.AddNew
  rec.Fields("cat id").Value = txtInput(0).Text
  rec.Fields("cat name").Value = txtInput(1).Text
  rec.Update
End Sub
Private Sub cmdUpdate Click()
   If txtInput(0).Text = "" Or txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please provide the data"
    Exit Sub
  End If
```

```
If Not IsNumeric(txtInput(0).Text) Then
    MsgBox "Price must be Numeric value"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  rec.Fields("cat id").Value = txtInput(0).Text
  rec.Fields("cat name").Value = txtInput(1).Text
  rec.Update
End Sub
Private Sub Form Load()
  Set rec = New ADODB.Recordset
  rec.Open "Select * from Category", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  EDControls False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  txtInput(0).Enabled = False
End Sub
Private Sub Form QueryUnload(Cancel As Integer, UnloadMode As Integer)
  Query
End Sub
Private Sub Form_Unload(Cancel As Integer)
  rec.Close
  Set rec = Nothing
End Sub
Private Function showData()
  txtInput(0).Text = rec.Fields("cat id").Value
  txtInput(1).Text = rec.Fields("cat name").Value
End Function
Private Sub cmdAddNew_Click()
  EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = True
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
  cmdCancel.Enabled = True
  clearControls
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * From Category", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
    t.MoveLast
    txtInput(0).Text = t.Fields(0).Value + 1
  Else
    txtInput(0).Text = 1
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
 txtInput(1).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Function loadCategory()
```

```
Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * from Category", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
    While Not t.EOF
       txtInput(0).Text = t.Fields("cat id").Value
       txtInput(1).Text = t.Fields("cat name").Value
       t.MoveNext
    Wend
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
End Function
Private Sub Form Activate()
  CenterWindow Me
  loadCategory
  If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
    rec.MoveFirst
    showData
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub txtInput KeyPress(Index As Integer, KeyAscii As Integer)
  If Index = 1 Then
    If Not ((KeyAscii >= 65 And KeyAscii <= 90) Or (KeyAscii >= 97 And KeyAscii
<= 122) Or KeyAscii = 8 Or KeyAscii = 32) Then
       KevAscii = 0
       MsgBox "Please Enter Proper Category Name"
  End If
End Sub
Coding for Item Table Form
Dim rec As ADODB.Recordset
Private Function clearControls()
  txtInput(0).Text = ""
  txtInput(1).Text = ""
  If cboCatID.ListCount > 0 Then
    cboCatID.ListIndex = 0
  End If
End Function
Private Function EDControls(mode As Boolean)
  txtInput(0).Enabled = mode
  txtInput(1).Enabled = mode
  cboCatID.Enabled = mode
  cmdAddNew.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdCancel.Enabled = mode
  cmdFind.Enabled = Not mode
  cmdDelete.Enabled = Not mode
End Function
Private Function EDNavigate(mode As Boolean)
  fraNavigator.Enabled = mode
End Function
```

```
Private Function showData()
  Dim i As Integer
  txtInput(0).Text = rec.Fields("Item_name").Value
  txtInput(1).Text = rec.Fields("rate").Value
  For i = 0 To cboCatID.ListCount - 1
    If rec.Fields("Cat id").Value = cboCatID.ItemData(i) Then
       cboCatID.ListIndex = i
       Exit For
    End If
  Next
End Function
Private Sub cmdAddNew Click()
  EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = True
  cmdCancel.Enabled = True
  clearControls
  txtInput(0).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub cmdCancel Click()
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  showData
End Sub
Private Sub cmdDelete Click()
  Dim choice As Integer
    choice = MsgBox("Do you want to Delete the Record", vbYesNo + vbQuestion,
"confirmation")
    If choice = vbYes Then
       If rec.EOF = False And rec.BOF = False Then
         rec.Delete
         rec.MoveNext
         If rec.EOF Then rec.MoveLast
         showData
       End If
    End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmdModify Click()
  EDControls True
  EDNavigate False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  cmdUpdate.Enabled = True
  txtInput(0).SetFocus
End Sub
Private Sub cmdNavigate click(Index As Integer)
   If Index = 0 Then
       rec.MovePrevious
       If (rec.BOF = True) Then
         MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
```

```
End If
       rec.MoveFirst
    ElseIf Index = 1 Then
       rec.MovePrevious
       If rec.BOF Then
         MsgBox "You are already at the First Record"
         rec.MoveFirst
       End If
    ElseIf Index = 2 Then
       rec.MoveNext
       If rec.EOF Then
       MsgBox "you are already at the last record"
       rec.MoveLast
       End If
    Else
       rec.MoveNext
    If (rec.EOF = True) Then
       MsgBox "You are already at the last Record"
    End If
       rec.MoveLast
    End If
       showData
End Sub
Private Sub cmdSave Click()
  If txtInput(0).Text = "" Or txtInput(1).Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "please provide the data"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If Not IsNumeric(txtInput(1).Text) Then
    MsgBox "Price must be Numeric value"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  EDControls False
  EDNavigate True
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
  rec.AddNew
  rec.Fields("Item name").Value = txtInput(0).Text
  rec.Fields("Rate").Value = txtInput(1).Text
  rec.Fields("Cat id").Value = cboCatID.ItemData(cboCatID.ListIndex)
  rec.Update
End Sub
Private Sub Form Activate()
  CenterWindow Me
  loadCategory
  If rec.RecordCount > 0 Then
    rec.MoveFirst
    showData
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub Form_Load()
```

```
Set rec = New ADODB.Recordset
  rec.Open "Select * from Item Table", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  EDControls False
  cmdSave.Enabled = False
End Sub
Private Sub Form Unload(Cancel As Integer)
  rec.Close
  Set rec = Nothing
End Sub
Private Function loadCategory()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * from Category", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  cboCatID.Clear
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
    While Not t.EOF
       cboCatID.AddItem t.Fields("cat name").Value
       cboCatID.ItemData(cboCatID.NewIndex) = t.Fields("cat id").Value
       t.MoveNext
    Wend
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
End Function
Private Sub txtInput KeyPress(Index As Integer, KeyAscii As Integer)
  If Index = 0 Then
    If Not ((KeyAscii >= 65 And KeyAscii <= 90) Or (KeyAscii >= 97 And KeyAscii
<= 122) Or KeyAscii = 8 Or KeyAscii = 32) Then
       KeyAscii = 0
       MsgBox "Please Enter Proper Item Name"
    End If
  ElseIf Index = 1 Then
     If Not ((KeyAscii >= 48 And KeyAscii <= 57) Or (KeyAscii = 8) Or (KeyAscii
=46)) Then
       KeyAscii = 0
       MsgBox "Please Enter Numeric Value"
    End If
  End If
End Sub
Coding For Order Form
Dim FirstTime As Boolean
Dim rec As ADODB.Recordset
Private Sub cboCategory_click()
  loadItems
  txtPrice.Text = ""
End Sub
Private Sub cbocustomer KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
Call capsonly(KeyAscii)
End Sub
Private Sub cboTables Click()
txtRent.Text = ""
```

```
Dim r As New Recordset
r.Open "select * from Tables where Table No=" & Val(Trim(cboTables.Text)) & " ",
cn, adOpenDynamic, adLockOptimistic
If r.EOF = True Then
MsgBox "There is no table "
Exit Sub
Else
txtRent.Text = r.Fields("Rent").Value
End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmdAddCustomer Click()
Dim cname As String, r As New Recordset, cid As Integer
cname = UCase(InputBox("Enter Customer name"))
cbocustomer.AddItem cname
r.Open "select * from Customer", cn, adOpenDynamic, adLockOptimistic
If r.EOF = True Then
cid = 1
cnn.Execute "insert into Customer(C No,Cname) values(" & cid & "," & cname &
Exit Sub
Else
r.MoveLast
cid = r.Fields("C No").Value + 1
If cname = "" Then Exit Sub
cn.Execute "insert into Customer(C No,C name) values(" & cid & " ," & cname &
"")"
End If
r.Close
End Sub
End Sub
Private Sub cmdSave Click()
   If Val(txtAmount.Text) <= Val(txtDiscount.Text) Then
       MsgBox "Please Enter Discount less than Amount"
       txtDiscount.SetFocus
       Exit Sub
    End If
  If cbocustomer.Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please Enter Customer Name"
    Exit Sub
  End If
  If txtDiscount.Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please Enter Discount"
    txtDiscount.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
  End If
  Dim rest As ADODB.Recordset
  Set rest = New ADODB.Recordset
  rest.Open "select * from morder", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  rest.AddNew
  rest.Fields("O No").Value = txtOrderNo.Text
```

```
rest.Fields("O Date").Value = txtOrderDate.Text
  rest.Fields("C Name").Value = cbocustomer.Text
  rest.Fields("Amount").Value = txtAmount.Text
  rest.Fields("Discount").Value = txtDiscount.Text
  'qty.Fields("O Table").Value = cboTables.Text
  rest.Fields("BAmount").Value = Val(txtAmount.Text) - Val(txtDiscount.Text)
 rest.Update
 Dim qty As ADODB.Recordset
  Set qty = New ADODB.Recordset
  qty.Open "select * from Order Items", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  qty.AddNew
  qty.Fields("O No").Value = txtOrderNo.Text
  qty.Fields("O Date").Value = txtOrderDate.Text
  qty.Fields("O Table").Value = cboTables.Text
  qty.Fields("Item name").Value = cboItems.Text
  qty.Fields("C Name").Value = cbocustomer.Text
  atv.Fields("Rate").Value = txtPrice.Text
  qty.Fields("Qty").Value = txtqty.Text
  qty.Fields("ItemAmount").Value = Val(txtqty.Text) * Val(txtPrice.Text)
  qty.Fields("Amount").Value = txtAmount.Text
  qty.Fields("Discount").Value = txtDiscount.Text
  qty.Fields("BAmount").Value = Val(txtAmount.Text) - Val(txtDiscount.Text)
 qty.Update
 MsgBox "Save successfuly"
End Sub
  If txtDiscount.Text = "" Then
    MsgBox "Please Enter Discount"
    txtDiscount.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
    End If
  If Val(txtAmount.Text) <= Val(txtDiscount.Text) Then
    MsgBox "Please Enter Discount less than Amount"
    txtDiscount.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
    End If
End Sub
Public Sub capsonly(KeyAscii As Integer)
  If KeyAscii >= 97 And KeyAscii <= 122 Then
    KeyAscii = KeyAscii - 32
  Else
    KeyAscii = KeyAscii
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub cmsave MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, y
As Single)
txtNetPayment.Text = Val(txtAmount.Text) - Val(txtDiscount.Text)
End Sub
Private Function loadTableNo()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Dim h As Integer
```

```
h = Hour(Time)
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * from Tables", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  cboTables.Clear
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
       While Not t.EOFm
         cboTables.AddItem t.Fields(0).Value
         cboTables.ItemData(cboTables.NewIndex) = t.Fields(1).Value
         t.MoveNext
       Wend
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
  cboTables.ListIndex = -1
  End Function
Private Function loadCategory()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * from Category", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  cbocategory.Clear
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
    While Not t.EOF
       cbocategory.AddItem t.Fields("cat name").Value
       cbocategory.ItemData(cbocategory.NewIndex) = t.Fields("cat id").Value
       t.MoveNext
    Wend
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
  cbocategory.ListIndex = 0
  End Function
Private Function loadItems()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  If cbocategory.ListIndex >= 0 Then
    t.Open
               "select
                               from
                                        Item Table
                                                       where
                                                                 Cat Id="
cbocategory.ItemData(cbocategory.ListIndex), cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
    cboItems.Clear
    If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
       While Not t.EOF
         cboItems.AddItem t.Fields(0).Value
         cboItems.ItemData(cboItems.NewIndex) = t.Fields(1).Value
         t.MoveNext
       Wend
    End If
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
  cboItems.ListIndex = -1
End Function
Private Sub cboItems_Click()
  If (cboItems.ListIndex \geq = 0) Then
    txtPrice.Text = Val(cboItems.ItemData(cboItems.ListIndex))
```

```
Else
     txtPrice.Text = ""
  End If
End Sub
Private Function loadCName()
  Dim t As ADODB.Recordset
  Set t = New ADODB.Recordset
  t.Open "select * from customer", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
  cbocustomer.Clear
  If t.RecordCount > 0 Then
     While Not t.EOF
       cbocustomer.AddItem t.Fields("C Name").Value
       cbocustomer.ItemData(cbocustomer.NewIndex) = t.Fields("C No").Value
       t.MoveNext
     Wend
  End If
  Set t = Nothing
  cbocustomer.ListIndex = 0
End Function
Private Sub txtDiscount KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
   If Not ((KeyAscii >= 48 And KeyAscii <= 57) Or KeyAscii = 8) Then
     KeyAscii = 0
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub txtDiscount LostFocus()
  txtNetPayment = Val(txtAmount.Text) - Val(txtDiscount.Text)
End Sub
Private Function clearControls()
   cbocustomer.ListIndex = -1
  optConsumed.Value = True
  LstTables.Clear
  lstStartTime.Clear
  lstItems.Clear
  lstquantity.Clear
  cboTables.ListIndex = -1
  cboTimeFrom.ListIndex = -1
  cbocategory.ListIndex = -1
  cboItems.ListIndex = -1
  txtRent.Text = ""
  txtHours.Text = ""
  txtPrice.Text = ""
  txtAmount.Text = ""
  txtDiscount.Text = ""
  txtNetPayment.Text = ""
End Function
Private Sub txtDiscount MouseUp(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, y
As Single)
txtNetPayment = Val(txtAmount.Text) - Val(txtDiscount.Text)
End Sub
Private Sub txtqty KeyPress(KeyAscii As Integer)
```

```
If Not ((KeyAscii >= 48 And KeyAscii <= 57) Or KeyAscii = 8) Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    MsgBox "Please Enter Numerc Value"
    Exit Sub
  End If
End Sub
Private Sub generateOID()
  Dim r As ADODB.Recordset
  Set r = New ADODB.Recordset
r.Open "select * from morder", cn, adOpenKeyset, adLockOptimistic
If r.EOF = True Then
txtOrderNo.Text = 1
Exit Sub
Else
r.MoveLast
txtOrderNo.Text = r.Fields("O No").Value + 1
End If
End Sub
Private Sub txtqty LostFocus()
txtAmount.Text = ""
If txtqty.Text = "" Then
txtAmount.Text = Val(txtPrice.Text) * 1
Else
txtAmount.Text = Val(txtPrice.Text) * Val(txtqty.Text) + Val(txtRent.Text)
End If
End Sub
Coding For MDI Form:
Private Sub Command1 Click()
If Picture 1. Visible = True Then
Picture1.Visible = False
mnuSideBar.Checked = False
End If
End Sub
Private Sub Image2 MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, y
As Single)
       lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = \&H80000006
       lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
End Sub
```

```
Private Sub imgUserAccount MouseMove(Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As
Single, y As Single)
       lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
       lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
       lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
End Sub
Private Sub lblShortcut Click(Index As Integer)
  Select Case (Index)
    Case 0:
    mdiMain.Hide
       frmLogin.Show
    Case 1:
        frmAddNewUser.Show, Me
        frmDeleteUser.Hide
        frmChangePassword.Hide
    Case 2:
        Shell "calc.exe", vbNormalFocus
    Case 3:
        cdlg.ShowHelp
    Case 4:
       frmChangePassword.Show, Me
       frmAddNewUser.Hide
       frmDeleteUser.Hide
    Case 5:
      iLogOutReply = MsgBox(UserName & ", Are You Sure You Wish To Log Out
Of Your Account?", vbYesNo + vbQuestion, "Log Out?")
       If iLogOutReply = vbYes Then
       End
       End If
    Case 6:
        frmDeleteUser.Show, Me
        frmAddNewUser.Hide
        frmChangePassword.Hide
       End Select
End Sub
Private Sub IblShortcut MouseMove(Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As
Integer, x As Single, y As Single)
  Select Case (Index)
```

```
Case 0:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H800000
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 1:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H800000
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 2:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = \&H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H800000
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = \&H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 3:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
```

lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H800000

```
lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 4:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H800000
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 5:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = \&H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = \&H800000
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = True
  lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = False
Case 6:
  lblShortcut(0).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(1).ForeColor = \&H80000006
  lblShortcut(2).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(3).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(4).ForeColor = \&H80000006
  lblShortcut(5).ForeColor = &H80000006
  lblShortcut(6).ForeColor = &H800000
  lblShortcut(0).FontUnderline = False
  lblShortcut(1).FontUnderline = False
```

```
lblShortcut(2).FontUnderline = False
      lblShortcut(3).FontUnderline = False
      lblShortcut(4).FontUnderline = False
      lblShortcut(5).FontUnderline = False
      lblShortcut(6).FontUnderline = True
End Select
End Sub
Private Sub MDIForm Load()
Label2.Caption = Format(Date, "long date")
frmLogin.Show vbModel
End Sub
Private Sub MDIForm QueryUnload(Cancel As Integer, UnloadMode As Integer)
Dim re As Variant
re = MsgBox("Do You Want Exit", vbYesNo)
If re = vbYes Then
End
Else
Cancel = 1
End If
End Sub
Private Sub mnuAbout Click()
frmAbout.Show, Me
End Sub
Private Sub mnuAllCustomerOrder Click()
rptAllCustomerOrder.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuCollection Click()
  If DataEnvironment1.rscmdTCollection Grouping.State Then
    DataEnvironment1.rscmdTCollection Grouping.Close
  End If
  DataEnvironment1.cmdTCollection Grouping Format(Date, "DD-MM-YY")
  DRTCollection.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuConsumption Click()
  frmCBill.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuExit Click()
If MsgBox("Are You Sure Exit System ?", vbYesNo + vbInformation, "Warning") =
vbYes Then
  End
  Unload frmSYSTRAYICON
End If
End Sub
Private Sub mnuHomeDelivery Click()
  frmHDBill.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMasterAdvanceBooking Click()
  frmAdvancedBooking.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMasterCategory Click()
```

```
frmCategory.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMasterItemTable Click()
  frmItemTable.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMasterOrder Click()
  frmOrder.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMasterTables Click()
  frmTables.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuMonthlyCollection Click()
  frmMCollection.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuReportMenu Click()
  DRPMenu.Show
End Sub
Private Sub mnuSideBar Click()
If Picture1. Visible = True Then
Picture 1. Visible = False
mnuSideBar.Checked = False
ElseIf Picture 1. Visible = False Then
Picture 1. Visible = True
mnuSideBar.Checked = True
End If
End Sub
Private Sub mnuViewHelp Click()
cdlg.ShowHelp
End Sub
Private Sub Timer1 Timer()
Label1.Caption = DateTime.Time
End Sub
Code For Module(Database Connection Module):
Global rs As ADODB.Recordset
Public cnn As New Connection
Global cn As ADODB.Connection
Public cno As Long
Public loadOno As Long
Public LoadTime As Boolean
Public Function CenterWindow(frm As Form)
 'frm.Left = (mdiMain.ScaleWidth - frm.Width) / 2
  'frm.Top = (mdiMain.ScaleHeight - frm.Height) / 2
End Function
Public Function OpenConnection() As Boolean
On Error GoTo HandleError
  Set cn = New ADODB.Connection
                    "SQLOLEDB.1;Integrated
                                              Security=SSPI;Persist
                                                                     Security
  cn.Provider =
Info=False;Initial
                          Catalog=RESTAURANT
                                                            DATABASE:Data
Source=DCRUZZ\SQLEXPRESS"
  cn.Open
```

```
OpenConnection = True
  Exit Function
HandleError:
  OpenConnection = False
End Function
Public Function CloseConnection()
  cn.Close
  Set cn = Nothing
End Function
Public Function Query()
  Select Case UnloadMode
      Case vbFormCode
      Case vbFormControlMenu
      Case vbFormMDIForm
         MsgBox "First close the form"
         Cancel = True
      Case vbAppTaskManager
         MsgBox "First close the application then shut Down"
         Cancel = True
      Case vbAppWindows
         MsgBox "First close the Application"
         Cancel = True
  End Select
End Function
```